THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY
JEROME BAYON,
STATE AND CITY PRINTER.
OFFICE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 8, 1835.

☞ The Printing Office of the Bee is now removed to No. 110 Chartres Street, next door to Tricou, Domingon & Canonge's auction store, between St Louis and Conti streets

Appointments by the governor, approved by the senate.
March 27th.

Joseph Reynes, register of conveyances, N. O.
George Pollock, harbor master, N. O.
James Nicholson, warden N. O.
John Philips, justice of the peace for Point Coupee.
Sam H. Anderson, do Rapides.
March 28th.

P. A. Walker, coroner for E. Baton Rouge.
March 31st.

Williamson Jones, coroner for Claiborne.
Williamson Jones, surveyor do.
William Keller, coroner for Carroll.
John D. Green, notary public for Concordia.
Charles Derbigny, James Dinsmore—directors of Bayou and Lafourche canal, and of Terrebonne Navigation Co. now united in one.
Philip Fisbarne, justice of the peace, East Feliciana.
St Marc Darby, successor, St Martin.
John Reid, Achille Sharborne, commissioners of the state penitentiary.
April 1st.

George W. Keaton, notary public, Vidalia, Concordia.
L. Bringhurst do Alexandria, Rapides.
Wm L. Jones do Bayou Jean de Jean do.
Thos Dunham do Ca casa do.
April 2d.

Evariste Blanc, John D. Greeves, commissioners of Orleans draining company.
William McCauly, Jos. Lallande, Nich. Sianott, appraisers of do.
Eli Harris, notary public, Providence, Carroll.
Josias E. Kerr, attending physician, jail, N. O.
Coulon Jumonville, senr, Coulon Jumonville, jr, weighers of cotton, N. O.
Gilbert Leonard, Philip Geresos, commissioners to purchase negroes.
Jos R. Tremble, Jas A. Young, gaugers, N. O.
George W. Boyd, marshal, Lafayette.
Manuel Crusat, coroner, N. O.
B. C. Elliott, judge of city court of Lafayette.
Jesse R. Jones, judge 8th judicial district.
Edmund Forstall, senr, Peter Duplessis, James Robinson, Maurice Barette, Barth. Bouny—auctioneers, N. O.
Saml Patch, justice of the peace for Livingston.

The following certificate will sufficiently explain itself; and afford a full answer to the imputation cast on the proprietor of this paper by a contemporary of yesterday. We trust that our readers will pardon the intrusion of personal concerns, as the accusation was publicly made; and think that we shall not soon offend by a similar contest.

Having read an article in the Louisiana Advertiser of yesterday, concerning a cartel which Mr Gibson had sent to Mr Bayon, and having been the bearer of that cartel, I may be permitted to state that Mr Bayon received the challenge which the said Gibson sent him. I may state also that the affair was amicably arranged to the satisfaction of both parties. It is also within my personal knowledge that some days after, when the said Gibson in an article in his gazette stated that Bayon had refused the cartel which had been sent him,—Mr Bayon sent two of his friends to him, Messrs A Dimitry and Charles Monrose, to assure him that he never had refused his cartel; that so far from having refused, he considered the cartel as accepted; and wished the matter to be settled. To this Mr Gibson replied that the original affair giving rise to this second having been already adjusted, he should refuse the proposition of the said Bayon.

CHARLES DE ARMAS.
New Orleans, 7th April, 1835.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

Having now discontinued our reports of the legislature, and being soon enabled to dispose of the journals and laws remaining yet unpublished, we shall devote our columns to multifarious matter generally entertaining or instructive. We shall of course as heretofore strenuously support the administration of the general government, when our efforts can be of assist; but we shall also endeavor to diversify the contents of our journal, so that all our readers may as often as possible be pleased or profited.

We are never solicitous to engage in disputes, altho when occasion demads, we cannot forfeit the opportunity: and hence alone did we contend for naturalized citizens and the freedom of the press. But we now hope that we may be permitted quietly to cater for the public; and merit the esteem of our readers, by our industry at least.

Before the fall, the proprietor expects to enlarge the size of this paper; to present it in a new appearance to his readers; and to afford more room to advertising customers.

The conduct of Governor White in his appointments has been assailed—not on the eligibility of the candidates nominated, but because they were not native Americans. 'Spirits are not finely touched, but to fine issues.' Had any other ground been assumed, we might not have been able to advocate the course pursued by the governor. Had he been censured for removing from office persons whose chief crime was that of being opposed to him in politics, we might have been in the van to denounce such proscription, as we now are to denounce proscription on account of other circumstances. Every American citizen is entitled to freedom of opinion in religion and politics; and all naturalized citizens are entitled to the common rights and immunities of native citizens.

We have therefore not the same feasible grounds for censuring the governor in choosing between candidates equally eligible for an office, as we have for his removing from office persons whose fault is opposition to his political party. On this we would cheerfully join issue with his adherents—as it violates the broad principles of republican justice. But as the subject has excited unpleasant feelings which were better not aroused, it is preferable to let the disputes subside.

STENOGRAPHIC SKETCHES OF THE SENATE.

The gentlemen who now compose the senate of this state would (generally speaking) dignify the legislature of any state in the union. Few of them are indeed practical men as regards the commercial interests of the country; but most of them have sufficient experience of life, as to be aware of the wants and wishes of the community, and to be capable of ascertaining the best mode of administering to them.

Among them Messrs Browason, Thomas, Tenney, Hoa, Labauve, Derbigny and Johnson are members of the legal profession;—Messrs Dupré, Bossier, Labranche, Nicholas, Moore, Reid, Porche, Tete and Maddox are planters or country merchants. We propose to sketch briefly what each and every member performed for his constituents or the public welfare during the past session of the legislature; and will commence with the senator from the Orleans district—as our readers are more or less interested in the efforts of his efforts for their benefit.

ALBERT HOA.

This gentleman is an honor to his constituents, whether we consider his intelligence or industry. During the session he occupied a prominent place in the debates on every material subject that was mooted, whether in the amelioration of general laws, internal improvements, or public education.

His career commenced with the bill to incorporate the New Orleans Draining company; and the lucid developments which he then made of the benefits likely to accrue to the state and the city, by draining the swamp in the rear of the city, awakened attention to his legal and other knowledge. The bill as drafted by him was indeed modified in many respects—not to compromise its object; but to mitigate opposition. The particulars of the bill were suggested to him by the late governor—"the noblest Roman of them all;" and he was assisted by the experience of Colonel Nicholas, when in special committee.

His course on the first bill proposed to augment the sources of revenue, so as simultaneously to extend the right of suffrage, we might as democrate censure, did we approve of that bill; yet the principles he advocated then were of a salutary nature. He opposed extending the privileges of the state to those who did not contribute to its weal and welfare. He wished that electors should possess property and interest in the state; before they could exercise any political influence. He did not endeavor to preclude persons of intelligence and wealth from becoming citizens of the state under certain restrictions; but he did not desire that mere citizens of yesterday should exclude by outnumbering the natives of the state; from that grade in affecting the general interests to which they are entitled.

We need not indicate the course which he pursued in procuring charters for the Louisiana state marine and fire insurance company; the Ocean insurance company; the firemen's charitable association; the two medical colleges; the different fire companies of the city; in procuring the extension of the port of New Orleans; the amelioration of the city court; the increase of election precincts in the parish and city, all most of which were introduced & profitably advocated by him. He also assisted in the passage of the bill to incorporate the N O and Nashville railroad company, and the N. O. and Carrollton railroad company; to amend the charter of the Pontchartrain railroad company; to endow the colleges of Louisiana and Jefferson; to assist in various internal improvements; to procure the validity of the emancipation of married women of their peculiarly vested rights, to third persons; to prevent the kidnapping of slaves; to amend or prevent being altered the civil code and the code of practice;—in short were we to detail what this gentleman did in the senate, we should enumerate most of the bills that were passed or suppressed.

He introduced more bills in the senate than any other member of that body; and not one of them was there defeated. A bill or two from the other house which he called up, were not similarly successful,—such for instance as the purchase of a certain number of copies of Benjamin and Sidell's Digest. But generally speaking, his opinion on every subject was respected—the members appearing to appreciate his candor and the accuracy of his researches on the particular subject. He was never dogmatic on any point that admitted of disputes; and would then offer his objections as if to court investigation. If convinced, he generally submitted; but if not, he persisted. His courteous demeanor towards the senior members of the senate or of the legal profession, procured him respect as well as attention; and tho he was often foiled by Messrs Brownson and Thomas, he nearly as often exposed the fallacy of their views. In an argument on conventional and legal interest, he was firmly opposed to the former; in a debate on partners in commendam, he opposed the latter; and in a discussion on service of writs of execution, he was opposed to Mr Tenney. But in such discussions he invariably triumphed over Labauve; and in debating the act enlarging the jurisdiction of the court of Jefferson, he strenuously contended inch by inch with Mr Derbigny. He was once or twice roughly treated by Mr Moore—not so much from design as carelessness; but he spurned with disdain the imputation, and cast himself on the resources of a mens conscia recti.

In most matters affecting the interests of New Orleans he has borne a conspicuous part, in introducing improvements. He has endeavored to effect improvements in banking and insurance companies; he has introduced amendments in the courts and administration of justice in the city; he has aided education in supporting the colleges and primary schools; and must have endeared himself to his constituents by the manner in which he received their communications, formally presented their requests, and invariably supported what he conceived to be really their interests.

He was not absent for more at an aggregate than perhaps 6 or 7 days during the session. He was a member of a standing committee, and of various special committees. He is now one of the joint committee to devise a plan or system of public education; to be general in the state.

He may be said to be the only member of the senate who attempted oratorical declamation during the session, and his essays were generally successful: for he received them for most important occasions.

At the meeting of the friends of Dr McFarlane convened last evening at the Planters' hotel, it was unanimously agreed to support him as representative for the assembly, to succeed the late Mr Antonio Ducros. The contest will therefore be between Dr McFarlane and Mr Marigny; otherwise there is no doubt of the success of the latter gentleman.

In the report of the proceedings of the city council of the 4th inst. Mr Culbertson is made to say, upon interrupting Mr Macready, that he ought not to make any sectional distinctions. Mr C used no such words, and Mr M was not interrupted for speaking abo t the "interests of the upper part of the city," but for attacking or arraigning the motives of other members of the council, who differed in opinion with Mr M. Mr C informed Mr Macready that he had a right to reprobate the measure or its consequences, but to arraign the motives of others was a personality and against order

For the Bee.

Louisiana State Marine Fire Insurance Company.

At the hour of nine o'clock, which was that fixed by advertisement for opening the books of subscription, a number of citizens desirous of subscribing were present, amongst whom may be mentioned Charles Derbigny, Esq., A. Murphy, T. Mossy, Senr, A Grathe, Jos. Lallande, and A Grant, several of these gentlemen had arrived before the hour and were seated in the office waiting until it should be announced that the books were open for subscription; at 9 o'clock, John K. Wee, the president of the Louisiana State Insurance Company, and H. C. Cammack and N. B Lebreton, directors of the same Company were the only persons present out of the whole board of directors, who by the charter were appointed to superintend the opening of the book; at that hour Mr. West entered the room where were seated the gentlemen above named with others, having a closed book under his arm Without giving the slightest notice that the books were opened, that gentleman, who was directed by the Legislature to receive the subscriptions of the public, commenced by writing his own name as a subscriber for 650 shares of the stock, (the whole number being only 3000,) and continued writing subscriptions as agent for others until he had taken up about four-fifths of the whole stock; all this occurred without the book having once left the hands of Mr. West, and without the possibility of a chance being offered for subscribing to any other individual present This gentleman having thus taken four-fifths of the stock of the Company, did then and not till then allow any other person in the room to write their names. But by an arrangement evidently preconcerted, the next persons who obtained a chance for subscription were Messrs. H. C. Cammack, J. Kuhn and N. B. Lebreton, who either for themselves or as agents for others subscribed for more than the quantity of stock which remained to be taken: The books were almost immediately afterwards declared to be closed, not having remained open more than from 5 to 8 minutes in all.

But perhaps one of the most striking circumstances in this novel scene of stock-jobing was this—the charter requires $20 per share to be paid down in subscribing—the individuals who were present at the hour of opening the books and whose subscriptions were refused were all prepared with the amount of the cash payment which was repeatedly tendered, but in vain—No person would receive it—at the same time the favored few who succeeded in subscribing did not pay one cent; at least those present could perceive no one occupied in receiving money nor did they see any money paid—No persons appeared to superintend the subscriptions as required by the charter; and immediately upon Mr. West's retiring from the book after having taken four-fifths of the stock, a scene of violence and disorder ensued that has hitherto been without example in our city, and the few that had possession of the book, could barely retain it by main force during the time necessary for writing their names. Immediately upon the closing of the book which took place at about 10 minutes after 9 o'clock, all those who were present and who were prevented from subscribing by this infamous trickery preconcerted and arranged by a set of interested stock-jobbers, united in a protest against the proceedings which, we are informed, will be submitted to the examination of a court of justice where these shameless violators of public decency are good faith will be compelled to yield up their ill-gotten advantage and placed upon the same footing in relation to their right of subscription as all others who were present when the books were opened.

NEW ORLEANS, 7th April, 1835.

Mr Bayon—Dear sir: Permit me to occupy a corner of your paper to correct an error into which your reporter has fallen in reporting the discussion on the law relative to the regulation of the harbor on last Saturday night.—I did not say that "the constitution of the United States and even that of the state of Louisiana, enacts that 60 feet on the banks of all navigable rivers shall be allotted to the landing of goods from the shipping." But I said that the council could not pass an act prohibiting steamboats or other vessels from landing above Gravier street. The council it was true, could regulate the port, and say one kind of vessels shall land here and another there, but it was not in its power to render one part of the port a waste and to prohibit vessels from approaching it. I said any such law was unconstitutional by the act of congress of 1812 for the admission of Louisiana into the union and which forms part of the constitution of the state of Louisiana, made it a fundamental condition of that admission that the Mississippi and the navigable rivers and waters leading into the same and into the gulf of Mexico should be common highways, and forever free as well to the inhabitants of this state as to the inhabitants of the other states. Now any ordinance which like that proposed tended to prevent vessels from landing on the shores of the Mississippi as this would do (there not being sufficient space for all the steamboats within the limits assigned) was clearly unconstitutional. The state laws in pursuance of the act of congress had appropriated a space of 60 feet on the bank of all navigable rivers for the accommodation of all vessels trading therein and consequently it was clearly illegal."

I further remarked sir, that in my opinion the act of the legislature did not as some gentlemen seemed to think make it incumbent on the council to pass an ordinance such as was presented by the member from the 4th ward. That act merely stated that it was the duty of the council so to regulate the port that steamboats should be admitted between Gravier and St Louis sts. Now there is certainly no prohibition against steamboats landing above Gravier street. The legislature does not say you shall not admit steamboats above Gravier street nor do they say any thing which could induce us to believe they meant that.

By inserting the above you will much oblige your obedient servant, JOHN MACREADY.

The Jackson members of the Massachusetts legislature have nominated Mr Van Buren for president, and Mr Rives for vice president.

The legislature of Kentucky has, at its session just terminated, passed an act for the internal improvement of that state. It constitutes a board of internal improvement, vested with powers to carry out the important objects contemplated in the act. The sum of one million of dollars is placed at the disposal of the board, for which a state 5 per cent stock is to be issued.

The Convent.—We understand that those concerned have abandoned the idea of rebuilding the convent in this city or in New England, and that the Ursulines will go either to Canada or to Florida, at which latter place it is contemplated to purchase a large tract of land to be connected with a nunnery.—Baton Whig.

Louis Frederico dos Figanieres is appointed, and recognized by the President, Vice Consul of Portugal for the port of New York, and other ports in the state of New York, east of New Jersey, and Jos Vaughan for the port of Philadelphia, and the other of Pennsylvania and West Jersey.

Hard to Beat.—We are informed that a female in the lower part of Virginia, has given birth to seven children within ten months—four at one birth, and three at another.—[Richmond Compiler.

Western Wit.—The acerbity of a western editor is thus accounted for by one of his neighboring journalists: "He drinks so much beer, that he turns sour every time it thunders."

Banks.—The Massachusetts House have settled an important question, in a wise and judicious manner, after a long debate of several days. The question was on adopting the report of the committee on banks, recommending that no more banks be granted, and that the present bank capital be not enlarged. An attempt to recommit the report, with a view to reverse it, failed, and the House, by a decided expression, rejected all the applications for banks, with the exception of one for Lee, in Berkshire, and one for Chelsea, which were recommitted to the committee, and will come up on their individual merits.

The House, therefore, have resolved to stop increasing banking monopolies, a most gratifying evidence of the prevailing determination to check this species of indiscriminate granting of corporations. There were applications for four new banks in Boston, capital $1,400,000, and six banks in other places, capital $700,000. Also for an increase of capital of banks in Boston, one million, and increase in other places, $950,000. Total bank capital asked for, $3,700,000. All these applications, except two, have been rejected.—Boston Advocate.

Scribe, the Parisian Play-maker.—The literary life of Scribe has been as much a trade as a pleasurable avocation, and he has accumulated great wealth. He had a cabinet d'affaires, to which resorted all the pennyless young men who desired to write for the stage. They submitted the rough draughts to the sovereign king of the Vaudeville. He read them, and whenever he discovered any sparkle of talent, any trace of interest, character, or incident, he remodelled the whole, and allowed the unfledged author to share the profit. Sometimes he had but to throw the light of half-sardozen epigrams upon the canvas, or to season the dialogue with a little of his peculiar sauce piquante. This Scribe & Co. business went on very successfully. There is an immense quantity of small wit wandering about the superfices of French society; Scribe's machinery pumped it all up into a reservoir, and the chief engineer being a clever, ingenious and honorable man, has realized half a million.

The Convent.—On the 17th inst. the House of Representatives of Massachusetts rejected a resolution to give $10,000 to the Trustees of the late Ursuline Convent, for the destruction on the night of 11th August last, by a vote of 401 to 65.

AMERICAN THEATRE
CAMP STREET

MR FINN'S 3d NIGHT.

THIS EVENING, APRIL 8,
Will be presented, Mr Finn's new drama called
KASPER HAUSER!
Dr Lott Whittle, Mr FINN,
Kasper Hauser, Miss Nelson.
After which the interlude of
IS HE JEALOUS?
Hariet, Miss Rae.
The whole to conclude with the farce of
GRETNA GREEN!
Jenkins, Mr Thorne,
Betty Finnikin, Miss Rae.
On Thursday, Mr FINN'S 4th night.

A CARD—Mr Thorne begs to inform his friends and the public of New Orleans, that his
BENEFIT
is appointed for Friday next 10th April, on which occasion Miss Placide has most kindly consented to perform her unrivalled character of Julia, in Sheridan Knowles' beautiful play of the
HUNCHBACK,
With other entertainments, as will be expressed in the bills of the day. Mr Thorne respectfully solicits a portion of that patronage so liberally bestowed on all who have a claim to it, by the citizens of New Orleans. april 8

Last Day!
THE TWO GRAND MORAL PICTURES,
THE TEMPTATION OF
ADAM & EVE.
AND THE
EXPULSION FROM PARADISE,
PAINTED BY DUBUFE.
SIZE OF EACH PICTURE—10 FEET 6, BY 11 FEET 6
Open from 9 A. M. 'till 10 P. M. and brilliantly illuminated at night.
AT THE
Corner of Conti and Chartres Streets.
Admittance, 50 cents. april 8

MR CATLIN'S exhibition of INDIAN PORTRAITS, &c. though closed, will be reopened for a few evenings more in this week. Open THIS EVENING and exhibition commences at half past 7 o'clock, at 78 Chartres st. See advertisement on 1st page. april 6—tf

WANTED—Super-royal paper. Apply at this office. april 8

THE undersigned, having from this day contracted a partnership with Mr Charles Boudousquie will continue to carry on commission transactions for the city of New Orleans under the firm of Gallwey and Boudousquie. P H GALLWEY,
no 31 Common st.
april 8—1m

COFFEE—300 bags Havana coffee. For sale by LAMBETH & THOMPSON,
april 8 no 18 St Charles st.

20 BALES French blankets 3 points, from the manufacture of T Bortier of Montpellier. Now landing from ship Dorothea, and for sale by THEODORE NICOLET & Co.
april 8—6t 26 Bienville st.

A CONSTANT supply of fire wood, pine wood, charcoal, sand, pitch, tar and bricks for sale by
april 8—15t W E & R MURPHY, 132 Basin.

EXCHANGE—Bill on London, for £2498, for sale. LAMBETH & THOMPSON,
april 8 18 St Charles st.

☞ COAST BOAT—The packet steamer MARION, leaves as usual Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. april 8—2

SAND—A cargo of about 300 barrels received and for sale by W E & R MURPHY,
TO UNDERTAKERS, MASONS, &c.
Those who would want 15 or 1000 barrels of the above can have it delivered on the basin, 5 days after their orders are left with the undersigned.
W E & R MURPHY,
132 Basin, between St Louis and Toulouse sts.
april 8—15

NOTICE—Detained in the jail of the parish of Jefferson, the two following runaway slaves:
Susan, belonging to Mr Jerome of New Orleans.
Angela, belonging to M Ben. Loquette of do.
JAQUES CHARBONNET, Jr.
april 8 sheriff.

FOR SALE—A lot of ground with a building numbered 113 Dauphine street, between Conti and St Louis sts, measuring 30 feet front on Dauphine st. by 120 feet depth. Said building contains 4 apartments, two closets, a galery, a kitchen, &c. Apply to
M FLEURY GENERELLY,
april 8 Bourbon and St Peter sts.

OFFICE N. ORLEANS & CARROLLTON RAIL Road Company—Proposals will be received at the office of this company until the 15th April, for the construction of a House in Carrollton. Separate proposals for the construction alone, and for furnishing materials and building, will be required.
A plan and specification can be seen at the office of the Company, Bayou st. By order of the board.
april 8—8t L F GENERES, Secretary.

AT PRIVATE SALE—A good opportunity for captains and owners of steamboats—A fine negress about 33 years old, called RACHEL, and her son Robert, three years old, American born. The woman is well suited for a cook or a housemaid, having been hired as cook on board a ship at a dollar a day. She is sold on account of departure; if not disposed of privately before Saturday, she will be sold at public auction. Apply to M Depaux, 22 Toulouse st.
Terms, cash. april 8—3t

LEMON SYRUP—250 dozen lemon syrup, just received and for sale by WILLIAM BRYAN,
april 8 10 Common st.

RICE—50 barrels Troadfoot patent Carolina Parishmont, from Savannah, for sale by W G HEWES & Co
april 8 No. 47 camp street

(By Authority.)

AN ACT

To change the time of holding the sessions of the district courts of the third and eight judicial districts and in the parish of Iberville in the state of Louisiana.

Sect 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in general assembly convened, That the sessions of the district court for the parish of St Helena shall be commenced on the first Monday of April and October and the sessions of the said court for the parish of Washington shall be held on the third Monday of April and October, and the sessions of the said courts for the parish of St Tammany, shall be held on the first Monday of May and November, and that the sessions of the said court for the parish of Livingston shall be held on the third Mondays of May and November.

Sect 2. Be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act the sessions of the district court in the parish of East Feliciana shall be holden on the first Monday of October and the first Monday of November. In the parish of West Feliciana on the first Monday of November in lieu of the first Monday of December, and in the parish of East Baton Rouge on the first Monday of December in lieu of the first Monday of January.

Sect 3. Be it further enacted, &c., That the district court shall be hereafter held in the parish of Iberville, on the second Monday of April of each year, instead of the fourth Monday of March.

Sect 4. And be it further enacted that all laws in contradiction to the present act are hereby repealed.

ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
C. DERBIGNY,
President of the Senate.
Approved March 16th, 1835.
E D. WHITE,
Governor of the State of Louisiana

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Robert Morris, Wescott, Liverpool, L H Gale
Ship North Star, Benedict, Liverpool A S Page
Brig Cicero, Watts, Baltimore Harrison, Brown & co
Brig Mary, Baron, Martinique Harrod & Quarles
Brig Erasbete, Woods, Baltimore G Bedford
Brig Flora, Carmick, Petersburg, Va A Barker
Brig Citizen, Nickles, Baltimore D Marsden
Schr Orleans, Case, Mobile Tourne & Beckwith
Schr Magellan, Cutt, Pensacola Tourne & Beckwith

ARRIVED

Steamer Porpoise, Martin, from S W Pass; towed to sea brig San Roman, and to the bar barque John Walker. Brot up ship Florence, brig Harriet, schrs Pennsylvania and Neptune. Left S W Bar at noon on Monday—the Whale had sighted and towed over the bar ship Orleans, from N York. On the bar, bound out, ships Crowe, Jas Grant, Manchester, Ann Mary Ann, and Missouri; inside the bar, bound out, ships Russel, Bazaar, John Walker, and others. 12 ft water on the bar.

Steamer Pilot, from the Passes, brought up ship Orient, and schr Shenandoah—Left the bar at noon on Monday—reports 2 sail standing in for the bar: brig Othello, from New York at anchor inside the bar—10 sail in the bar bound out, several sail at anchor bound out.

Steamer Lion, Hutchis, from the Passes—brought up ship St Lawrence, brig Atlas and schrs Passaic and Orient.

Ship Florence, Russell, from Havre, to the master, 12th Feb—cargo assorted to J Dufilho, Jr; W Barry; Resseu, Portet & Gailly; T Paquier & co; N Lambeth; T Abat; L Barjack; J Bellechi; A Morel; A Quartier & Boutin; J S Lindner; J Chalaron; E John & co; F Pechier; F P Canonge; R Gerrans; J W Zacharie & co. 6 passengers.

Brig Harriet, Collins, from Providence, to the master—cargo assorted to Stetson and Avery; J Mauran; G P Bowers; Waterman and Burgess; Bridge and Vose; G Buckhin; I Armington; W H Sumner; W Collins; C D Williams.

Ship Orient, Ekenhead, from Belfast, to Hagan, Niven & co; cargo, dry goods, etc.

Ship St Lawrence, Chace, fm Boston; in ballast.

Brig Atlas, Thompson, from Charleston to S Chapman, cargo, rice, etc.

Schr Pennsylvania, Ashby, from Matamoras, to David Marston, with specie.

Schr Neptune, from the coast—cargo, sugar and molasses.

Schr Shenandoah, Moore, from the Last Island; cargo, goods from the wreck of barque Lark.

Schr Passaic, fm the coast with 91 hhds suger.

Schr Orient, fm the coast with sugar and molasses.

Steamer Marion, Insley, from Field's mills; cargo 35 hhds sugar, L S Waters; 24 hhds 6 bbls do H E Lawrence; 54 hhds sugar, Willard & co; 4 bales cotton Peyroux, Rivarde & co; do Forsyth, Goodwin & co; 120 bbls molasses 7 hhds do Hampsmmer & Girard; 37 bales moss 1 bbl corn meal owner on board—26 cabin and 18 deck passengers.

Steamer Revenue, Hardwick, from Lafourche Interior—cargo 280 hhds 3 bbls sugar 82 bbls molasses 24 bales moss to Lambeth & Thompson; Gray, Durrive & co; Harris & Wright; and owners on board; Passengers P Lalaber, lady and servant; R Talebere, lady and servant; D A Randall and servant; Tagent; F Gaudet; Lefleur; Wallace; Eastman.

Steamer Louisiana, Birch, from Cincinnati, with the hull of steam boat Cincinnati in tow; cargo 115 bbls bacon, 85 bbls beef 34 hf do do 6 kegs butter, 1157 bbls pork, 82 hhds hams; 40 bbls oil, 31 packages pettries, 401 bbls whiskey, 79056 lbs baron, 1478 kegs 102 bl bbls lard, 49 molasses bbls, 15 bbls 25 bl bbls eggs, 233 head cattle, 160 hogs, 300 sheep, 3 horses; 50 doz chickens, 344 turkies, 10 tons hay, &c. to Martineau, Crugier & co; Forsyth, Goodwin & co; Bridge & Vose; Stetson & Avery; Oram & Bignon; G Yorke; & Murray; Carriere & Bordisal; and owners on board. Passengers, Mrs and Miss King; Mrs Fellows; Mrs Halderman; Messrs J H Wilson; J Holdermeer & Randolph Townsley; Hollensworth; Dean; Snider; E Hogan; W Bertet; S H McDui; J J Ward; A H Funnell; S Buckner; Settmare; S G Mutlen; C H Fish; J M Price. S C Faulkner, and 3 ladies; Grigen and lady. J F Gibsons; Abbey and lady; S Bond; P Danels; S Gilmenal; R H Carter; C Fowler; W C St coats; Garland and lady; Lighten; B Williams; Capt Brett; Slaughterr Winthrop; Greathney.

NOTICE—Whereas Evariste Lauve and Pierre Raimond Gaillard, testamentary executors of the late Edward Lauve, of the city of New Orleans, have applied unto me for the cancelling of a bond with mortgage, of two thousand five hundred dollars, signed by the said Edward Lauve, as harbor master of the port of New Orleans, on the 2d day of March, 1833, jointly with Thomas Copping as security.

These are to give notice to all persons interested therein to show cause in writing, at the office of the Secretary of State, within ninety days after the last publication hereof, why the said bond and mortgage should not be cancelled and annulled.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State at N Orleans this 6th day of April, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and in the year of the Independence of the United States the fifty ninth. By the Governor, E. D. WHITE,
[L S.] MARTIN BLACHE, Secretary of State.

NOTICE—The Gas Light Company having received numerous intimations from persons in various parts of the city, who wish their premises lighted with gas, give notice that they will shortly receive 15 miles of pipes, part of which will be laid from the Upper Cotton Press along the Levee to the Rail Road, Royal street, the streets intersecting the same, etc. All those wishing for gas light, will please call at the Company's Office as soon as possible, so that they may be regularly supplied according to their respective orders, as such streets requiring the most gas, will be first laid. By order of the President.
GEO. HOLLAND,
Secretary of gas works.
Gas Light Office, Camp st. april 8

PARISH OF ORLEANS—Court of Probates The State of Louisiana—To all whom these presents may come, greeting: Know ye that whereas Jean Jaques Jandot, a resident of the city of New Orleans, has applied to me, W F C Duplessis, register of wills in and for the parish and city of New Orleans, and ex-officio clerk of the court of probates, in and for the parish and city of New Orleans aforesaid, for a monition or advertisement, in conformity to the act of the legislature of the State, entitled "an act for the further assurance of titles to purchasers at judicial sales," approved on the 10th March, 1834, notice is therefore given to all whom it may concern, that by virtue of an order or decree, rendered by the Hon Charles Maurian, judge of the court of probates, in and for the city and parish of New Orleans, state of Louisiana, in the succession of Joseph Duguy, said order bearing date the 13th day of January, 1835, the property hereinafter described was offered for sale at public auction, by Joseph Lecarpentier, an auctioneer of the city and parish of New Orleans, and that the aforesaid Jean Jacques Jandot became the purchaser thereof, being the last and highest bidder thereof.

Description of the property as given in the Judicial Transfer.

A lot of ground situated at the corner of Bourbon & Hospital streets, measuring 51 feet 7 inches on Bourbon st, and 98 feet 9 inches on Hospital st, American measure, with the buildings thereon, adjudicated to said Jean Jacques Jandot, for the price of $6,285.

Conditions of the sale: $500 dolls payable on the 18th day May next, and the balance at 6, 12 and 18 months credit, for approved endorsed notes secured by mortgage until final payment.

Wherefore all persons who can set up any right, title or claim in and to the lot of ground and buildings herein described, in consequence of informality in the order, decree or judgment before recited and under which the sale was made, or any impropriety or illegality in the appraisements or advertisements, in time or manner of sale, or for any other cause or defect whatsoever are hereby cited and admonished to show cause within thirty days from the day this monition is first inserted in the public papers, why the sale so made as aforesaid should not be confirmed and homologated in accordance with the application of said purchaser. Witness my hand and the seal of the court of probates, this 3d day of April, A. D. 1835.
W F C DUPLESSIS,
april 8 register of wills.

FOR LIVERPOOL. (Passage only.)
The fast sailing, A 1 ship MATTAKEESET, Capt Snow, will be despatched immediately. For passage, having fine accommodations for 8 or 10 passengers, apply on board, or to
april 7 F FERRET & GALLY.

FOR MARSEILLES.
The A 1 fast sailing ship MARGARET SCOTT, Capt Lunt, will meet with quick despatch for the above port. For freight of 1 or 200 bales cotton apply to T NICOLET & Co,
april 7 26 Bienville st

FOR HAVANA.
The fast sailing goletta mistico SAN GABRIEL, Capt Pages, will sail for the above port positively on Thursday next, 9th inst. For passage only having good accommodations, apply to
M S CUCULLU, LAPEYRE & co,
april 7 27 Toulouse street

FOR ST JAGO DE CUBA. (Passage only)
The remarkably fast sailing copper fastened and coppered schr CREOLE, R S Gird, master, will have immediate despatch. For passage, having extensive handsome accommodations, apply on board opposite post 24, or to HARRISON, BROWN & co,
april 7 117 Royal street.

SALES AT AUCTION.

BY J. B. BLACHE.

BY virtue of an order from the Honorable the Parish Court for the city and parish of New Orleans, bearing date the 4th April, 1835, will be sold on Tuesday, the 12th of May next, at 12 o'clock, at Hewlett's Coffee House, the following slaves, surrendered by Ratti & Pipon to their creditors—
Negress BETSY, aged about 21 years, washer and cook.
Mulatress SILVIE, aged about 20 years, cook, washer and ironer.
Terms, cash. april 8

BY J. B. BLACHE.

WILL be sold (by virtue of an order from the Honorable the Parish Court for the city and parish of New Orleans, bearing date the 4th of April) on Friday, the 16th inst. at half past 9 o'clock, a. m. precisely, at 93 Chartres street, near the corner of Conti street—
The stock in trade surrendered by Ratti & Pipon to their creditors, consisting of an extensive assortment of dry goods, shelves, counters, &c.
Terms: cash. april 8

BY TRICOU, DOMINGON & CANONGE.

WILL be sold on Saturday, April 18th, 1835, at 12 o'clock, at Hewlett's Exchange, corner of Chartres and St Louis streets, a mulatress slave named CHARLOTTE, aged about 20 years, a good American cook, washer and ironer, and general house servant, faithful subject, and sold for no other cause than the owner having no use for her; she has been 5 years in this city, and is fully guaranteed against the vices and maladies prescribed by law. Terms, cash.
Acts of sale before Wm Boswell, at the expense of the purchaser. april 8

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.

THIS day, Wednesday, the 8th instant, will be sold in Baronne street, between Canal and Common sts, at 4 o'clock, p. m.—
The furniture of a private house, consisting of carpets, sideboard, sofas, book cases, bedsteads, beds and bedding, chairs, tables, and a variety of other articles; also, the kitchen furniture. april 8

BY FERNANDEZ & WHITING.

SATURDAY next, 11th instant, will be sold, at four o'clock, p. m. at the corner of Orleans and Dauphine streets, a Grocery Store, well assorted.
Terms, cash.
P. S. The purchaser will have the privilege of keeping the house. april 8

BY J. B. BLACHE.

ON Monday, 13th inst at 4 o'clock, p. m. at the upper cotton press, will be sold, for account of whom it may concern, 67 bales damaged cotton april 8

Estate of M Valsin Fortier, de ceased.
BY HEWLETT & BRIGHT.

WILL be sold (by virtue of an order of the Hon the Court of Probates in and for the parish of St John the Baptiste, dated 28th March, 1835,) on Wednesday, 13th May, 1835, at 12 o'clock, at Hewlett's Exchange, corner of Chartres and St Louis sts, the following described property belonging to the estate of M V Fortier, deceased, viz:
A third interest in two lots of ground situated in Circus st between Girod and Hevia sts in the immediate vicinity of the new canal, measuring each 32 feet one line in front, by 98 feet ten inches and 3 lines in depth, in conformity with a plan drawn by J Pilie, city surveyor, on the 4th May, 1833.
Terms: 6, 12 and 18 months credit for notes endorsed satisfactorily, and with mortgage on the property until paid.
Also, at the same time and place, by consent of parties, the remaining two third interest in the above lots. Conditions the same. The acts of sale at the expense of the purchaser. april 8

SUPER BILLIARD CLOTHS.

ONE Case super Billiard Cloths—landed from ship Archer, and for sale by
ANDREWS & BROTHERS,
april 7 19 Chartres street.

EXCHANGE on London for sale by
HARRISON, BROWN & co,
april 7 117 Royal street.

SPERM CANDLES & SOAP—100 boxes sperm candles, 1 do soap, landing from ship Frances, from New York, and for sale by LEGENDRE & SAMORY
april 7—4t 54 Toulouse street.

NOTICE—Mr John Macarty Delahanty and Mrs Maria Meredee Delahanty are requested to call on Messrs M S Cucullu, Lapeyre & co, Toulouse street, No. 27, where they will hear of something to their advantage.
april 7—3t

$5 REWARD,

WILL be paid to the person who will bring to the subscriber, Royal street, No. 111, a negro called Paris, a Congo by birth, and speaking only French.
april 7 EDMUND W. WILTZ

RUSSIA DUCK—100 pieces heavy Russia duck for sale by Wm G HEWES & Co,
april 7 47 Camp st

NOTICE—The steamboat HENRY CLAY will depart for Louisville this morning at 10 o'clock, a. m. as previously advertised; passengers are requested to be on board at that hour.
april 7 FORSYTH, GOODWYN & co.

PARASOLS & UMBRELLAS.

TEN Cases Fancy Parasols 5 Cases Plain Umbrellas—landed from ships Archer and Chandler Price, and for sale by ANDREWS & BROTHERS,
april 7 19 Chartres st.

NOTICE—All those indebted to the estate of H M Hubbard, are requested to call in the shortest possible delay, on the undersigned, at 137 Chartres street, to settle their accounts; and those who have claims, are likewise requested to present them duly authenticated.
GARDNER JOHNSON,
april 7 Testamentary Executor.

LOST—Was lost, yesterday, a small yellow pocket book, containing sundry pap