THE BEE.

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"THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED."

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB. 27, 1833.

FOR GOVERNOR:
J. B. DAWSON.

☞ The sale of Mossy's plantation, situated on the right bank of the Mississippi, and laid out into town lots, takes place this day at Hewlett's Exchange, at 12 o'clock.

No regular mail was received yesterday. New York papers are of the 9th, and Charleston of the 16th of February. No papers from either Baltimore or Washington.

The doctrine of nullification—the peaceful remedy—that was to have proved a catholicon for all political evils, has brought the inhabitants of South Carolina to such a situation as Satan himself might view with a smile of satisfaction. Many of the citizens of that state, although theoretic nullifiers, will not, it seems, abide the practice of their doctrine, and are fast migrating into neighbring states, to avoid its consequences. Is this not an enviable situation? Could the veriest enemy of Carolina have wished her a greater curse, than the one entailed upon her by her most favored sons? Indeed Carolinians should sing pæans of praise, and erect monuments of gratitude, to the patriotic triumvirate, whose *noble* ambition has bestowed on them so many elements of peace and prosperity!

Important to Importers of Linen Goods.—The Secretary of the Treasury has decided, on inquiry as to what will be the rates of duty which will be payable, under the act of the 14th July last, after the 3d March next, on table diapers, damask napkins, table cloths, sheetings, brown drillings, long lawns, Russia sheetings, black linens, Russia diapers, and worsted shawls, that the whole of the above articles will be liable to the existing rate of duty of 25 per cent. ad valorem.

A letter from Chester District, dated 18th inst. states that the cause of Union was never stronger in that quarter than at the present moment. "We can muster (says the letter,) in the Union cause, in this District, at least *nine hundred effective men*, who are ready and willing to take the field in defence of their liberties at a moment's notice. I have had many conversations recently with Nullifiers, and I find that they are, *almost* to a man, opposed to *secession*, on any terms—and I feel satisfied that the *People* of the State will never support their leaders in that move."—*Charleston Courier.*

From the Philadelphia Gazette.

The Brazils.—We received, a few days ago, some new regulations of the Porte in Brazil, which are of interest to our merchants. The following translation, made by a friend, ought to have been published before this time, but the arrival of important intelligence from Europe, and the necessary publication of the very interesting proceedings of congress, prevented it.

The regency, in the name of the Emperor, taking into consideration some inconveniences which appear to prevent the entire execution of the Decree of December 20th, 1831—

DECREE.

Art. 1st Every vessel bound to the ports of this empire, shall bring two manifests—descriptive:

1st. Of her name, denomination and tonnage.

2d. The master's name, and at foot the signature and date of the same.

3d. The port of her landing.

4th. The port or ports of her being bound to.

5th. The marks and numbers of the packages and their contents, to wit, bales, boxes, pipes, half pipes, barrels, chest, &c.

6th. Declaration of the quality and quantity of the merchandize of each package, and of the variety of each mark, or in bulk.

7th. The names of consignees, or if to order, all to be written in full, except the numbers of packages.

Art. 2d. When any vessel loads at more than one port, she must bring seperate manifests from each.

Art. 3d. Those manifests must be authenticated by the Brazilian consuls or their deputies, at the ports where the above forms may be deficient. If there be no consul or deputy consul, their certificate may be supplied by two merchants, [Brazilians if to be had] to be authenticated by any competent local authority.

Art. 4th. One copy of the manifest to be delivered on demand, to the look-out [or revenue boat, either outside or within the harbor, or to a custom-house officer,] the other copy to be delivered at the custom-house, or on making entry of the vessel, which must be done within twenty-four hours after coming to anchor, excluding custom-house holydays.

If the captain should not make his entry at the custom-house [when open for business] within the time specified, he shall be fined [300]000 rs.

Should any vessel not bring a manifest, her cargo may be admitted, but it will be subject to ten per cent. additional duty on the value of the goods.

Art. 5th. On presenting the manifest at the custom-house it must be accompanied by the oath of the captain, to contain a list, with the names of the crew and passengers, and of their personal baggage; and also, when practicable, an account of the deficiency or increase, [if any,] of the packages, with the reason for such difference, and which, if not done immediately, will not afterwards be permitted—and, moreover, an additional declaration under oath, by the captain, that the manifest or manifests, and the declarations made by him are true, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

Any falsification of this oath shall subject him to the penalties of the criminal court of law.

Art. 6th. Goods not comprehended in the manifest shall be seized and condemned as missing, and in such case they shall be estimated either superior or inferior in quality, as they may be declared in the manifest.

All deficient Goods shall be paid for by the captain, under a condemnation—and in this case as well as in the preceding, he shall in addition be subject to a fine not exceeding [illegible]

Art. 7th.—The vessel and the goods which may belong to her owner, shall be bound for all condemnations and fines to which the captain may be subject under this Decree.

Art. 8th.—The condemnations alluded to in the 6th Art. shall be absolute, and to take effect by the simple fact of being found to be more or less, or in the difference of quality, without being subject to judicial disputes, having regard to mercantile usage, subject only to the mere plain description of quantity and quality.

Art. 9th.—When any doubt shall happen to rise the foregoing dispositions contain a hypothesis, it shall belong to the tribunal of the treasury at the court, or in the Provinces, that the parties be heard in council, the same as in the extraordinary circumstances may be declared, should these be regarded as sufficient to suspend the execution of any of the aforesaid dispositions.

Art. 10th.—The Decree of Dec. 20th, 1831, and its dispositions, are entirely substituted by the present Decree.

(Signed)
NICOLAU PERREIRA DE CAMPOS VERGUERO,
Minister, Secretary of State of the interior affairs of the Empire, charged with the Presidency of the National Council.

The North American Gazette, published at Augusta, Geo. gives a fearful account of the emigration from the State to the West, due in a great measure to the disastrous doctrine of Nullification. It is scarcely credible that the progress of depopulation is as rapid as represented in the following paragraph; but there can be no doubt that it has already reached an alarming extent.

"Since the passage of the Nullification Ordinance in November last," (says the N. A. Gazette) "some intelligent individuals in South Carolina estimated, some time ago, that between thirty and forty thousand persons have left the State, and have gone to settle in places where the "value of the Union" is understood—where its blessings are appreciated, and its protection peaceably enjoyed. A gentleman from the Westward observed a day or two since, that three hundred families from South Carolina had crossed one ferry on Flint river in ten days. How certain leading men in Carolina to its present condition, will ever make atonement to their fellow citizens, for the mischief they have already done, is what we pretend not to calculate—how they can ever make amends for the still greater mischief they may yet accomplish, must be left to time to determine. But that the people have no cause to be grateful for their services is too evident we believe to be questioned. Our best wishes are sincerely and ardently indulged that the State may be rescued from its present difficulties, in some way by which its best interests may be preserved, its prosperity promoted, and the energy and dignity of the National Government be sustained, in a way that shall secure it the affectionate support, and the increased confidence, both of South Carolina and all the other States."

CONFLICTING DECISIONS.

Admiralty Cases.—Judge Crawford has lately given a decision, accompanied by a written opinion of considerable length, in a case before him, in the District Court of the United States for the southern district of Alabama, which decision conflicts with one given by Judge Thompson in a previously similar case. It may be of some importance to merchants and ship owners, and we note the main points of the case, and the difference of opinion.

The brig Hope had been regularly brought over the outer bar of Mobile by the pilots, who left her at the usual place. The wind subsequently shifted, the brig was blown on shore outside of the point, and so damaged that she was abandoned by the crew and master. The pilots boarded her, succeeded in saving her, and brought vessel and cargo into port. They libelled her for salvage and were opposed on two grounds.

1. That the District Court had no jurisdiction. Judge Thompson had decided in the case of the Wave, above mentioned, that the act of Congress referred the regulation of all pilots in "the bays, inlets, rivers and harbors and Ports of the United States," to the laws of the States respectively, deprives the District Courts of all suits for pilotage except upon the "high seas." Judge Crawford dissents, and questions the constitutionality of the law. It is further contended that the wreck did in fact take place upon the "high seas." The Court decided that the coast, at one and half miles outside of Mobile Point, beyond the *fauces terræ*—comes under the legal definition of "high seas." The opinion of the Judge therefore on this point, that the United States District Court had jurisdiction, not only because the services were rendered upon the high seas, but also, because it had jurisdiction of all suits "for pilotage due for services performed on, from and to the sea."

2. The claim was also resisted upon the ground that "pilots cannot become salvors," in an event, which is fully borne out by the decision of Judge Thompson in the same case. Judge Crawford, after argument, and quoting the authorities, ruled the contrary, and decided peremptorily *that "there is no principle of law, which, under all circumstances, precludes pilots from becoming salvors." He* accordingly awarded to the claimants one third of the vessel and cargo.

It will thus be seen, that the decision of two judges of the U. S. Courts are directly in collision, on two important points of Admiralty law.—*Balt. Amer.*

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

ELEVENTH LEGISLATURE—FIRST SESSION

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, February 19, 1833.

The house met agreeably to adjournment.

On motion of Mr. Morgan, ordered, that leave of absence be granted to Mr. Chinn for a few days.

Mr. Walker, chairman of the committee on militia, presented the bill, entitled "An act for the organization and discipline of the militia of the state of Louisiana;" which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

On motion, ordered, that said bill be printed.

On motion of Mr. Lessassier, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules and that leave be granted to him, without previous notice, to introduce the bill, entitled "An act to amend the third section of an act, entitled an act to provide for the preservation of the works at the entrance of the Bayou Plaquemine, and more effectually to secure the free navigation of that channel," which was read for the first time.

On motion, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules and proceed to the second reading of said Bill, and ordered for a third reading on to-morrow.

The Speaker laid before the house the annual report of the Orleans Navigation Company.

On motion, ordered, that said report be referred to the committee on internal improvements.

Mr. Barrow moved to take up the resolution from the senate relative to the adjournment of both houses of the legislature sine die on the 20th instant.

On the adoption of said motion, the yeas and nays were called for by Mr. Barrow, when it appeared that Messrs. Barrow, Brown, Bullard, Dyer, Garland, Horton, Johnson, Legendre, Maddox, Morgan, Mulhollan, Nicholls, Ory, Thibodeaux and Walker, had voted in the affirmative—15 yeas.

And that Messrs. Bouligny, Breau, Canon, Charpantier, Chauvin, Dunnoy, Ducros, Duplessis, Guillet, Hoa, Jones, Lagarde, Leonard, Lessassier, M'Rae, Robin and Voorhies, of Avoyelles, had voted in the negative—17 nays.

Said motion was consequently rejected.

On motion of Mr. Ducros, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and that leave be granted to him, without previous notice, to introduce the bill, entitled "An act to amend the act entitled an act to establish the office of clerk in the parishes of St. Bernard and Plaquemine, and for other purposes; approved, March 1st, 1829;" which was read for the first time.

On motion of Mr. Ducros, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and proceed to the second reading of said bill.

On motion of the same member, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules and proceed to the third reading of said bill, and to take the same into consideration.

On motion, ordered, that said bill do pass and retain its former title.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in the above mentioned bill.

A message from the senate by Mr. Davis, their secretary, requesting the concurrence of the house in the bills, entitled "An act to incorporate the Monroe academy, and to make an appropriation for the said academy and the college of Alexandria."

"An act for the relief of the parish of Point Coupee."

"An act to amend an act, entitled an act concerning foreign criminals;" And,

An act to incorporate the Roman Catholic Church of St. Patrick.

By the same message, the house was informed, that the senate have concurred in the bill entitled "An act appropriating a certain sum of money to the parish of West Baton Rouge, for the purposes therein mentioned."

By the same message, the house was informed that the senate have concurred with amendments in the bills entitled "An act relative to jurors serving in the criminal court of the first district;" and "An act to amend an act authorizing the erection of a penitentiary house and for other purposes;" approved, March 16, 1832, in which amendments the concurrence of the house is requested.

By the same message, the house was informed that the committee of enrollment of the senate, having reported as duly enrolled, the following bills, the signature of the speaker is requested to the same, viz:

An act to authorize the removal out of the state of Louisiana, the property of Alexis W. Houssell, a minor. And

An act relative to gar lignes.

Mr. Voorhies, chairman of the committee of enrollment of the house of representatives, reported the above bills as duly enrolled.

On motion, Ordered, that said report be adopted.

The speaker having signed said bills, the clerk was directed to request the signature of the president of the senate to the same.

On motion of Mr. Canon, chairman of the joint committee, appointed to celebrate Washington's birth-day, Ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and that leave be granted to him to present the following report:

The joint committee appointed for the purpose of devising the necessary measures in order to celebrate the anniversary of Washington's birth day, have the honor to report, that

1. That the clergy in the city of New Orleans shall be respectfully invited to join in a *Te Deum*, in the cathedral church of St. Louis, on the 22d instant, at 11 o'clock, A.M. to which both houses of the legislature, the governor of the state, the city council of New Orleans, the civil and military authorities of the United States, the civil and military authorities of the state and city, the clergy, the foreign consuls, the several corporate bodies or associations of the city, the ship and steamboat captains, and the citizens in general, are respectfully invited to attend in a procession which shall be formed at 10 o'clock precisely, at the state house in Canal street, under the superintendence of George W. Morgan, esq. grand marshal of the day, and J. H. Holland, esq. deputy grand marshal.

2. That the commanding officer of the United States' troops in this city, be invited to order a parade of the troops under his command, and that the commanding officer of the legion be requested to furnish a detachment to escort the procession.

3. That the captains of the ships and steamboats in this port, be respectfully invited to hoist their flags.

4. That the commanding officer of the artillery be respectfully invited to have a national salute fired at the break of day, and one hundred guns at 1 o'clock, P. M.

5. That the Rev. Mr. Theodore Clapp, and Donatien Augustin, esq. are appointed to deliver orations in English and in French, in the cathedral after the Te Deum.

6. That the judges of the several courts in the city are respectfully invited to adjourn their courts.

7. That the directors of banks and other monied institutions and the merchants in general, be invited to close their offices and company houses, on the aforementioned day.

8. That the report be immediately printed in both languages in all the public papers printed in this city, with a programme of the procession, which shall be distributed among the citizens on the morning of the 22d inst.

CASIMIR LACOSTE.
Chairman of committee of the senate,
E. A. CANON,
Chairman of committee of the house.

Mr. Canon moved to amend said report, by adding the following: "That the members of the senate and of the house of representatives and all persons invited, be requested to attend the ball and supper to be given on the 22d, at Davis' ball room."

Mr. Canonge moved to amend the same, by adding the following: "that said committee be authorized to subscribe for fifty tickets more."

On the adoption of said motion, the yeas and nays were called for, when it appeared that Messrs. Bouligny, Canon, Canonge, Charpantier, Chauvin, Dunnoy, Ducros, Duplessis, Foloe, Hoa, Horton, Lagarde, Lessassier, Maddox, M'Rae, Morgan, Mulhollen, Sibley and Walker, had voted in the affirmative—19 yeas.

And that Messrs. Barrow, Breau, Brown, Bullard, Dyer, Garland, Guillet, Holstein, Johnson, Jones, Legendre, Leonard, Nicholls, Ory, Robin and Thibodeaux, had voted in the negative—16 nays.

Said amendment was consequently adopted.

On motion of Mr. Canon, Ordered, that he have leave to withdraw his amendment.

On motion, Ordered, that said report be adopted.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The resolution requesting our senators and representatives in congress, to use their influence to have a general law passed relative to the militia of the several states, was read for the second time, and taken into consideration.

On motion, Ordered, that said resolution be adopted.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in the same.

The bills entitled—

"An act to amend the act relative to public education."

"An act to establish the seat of justice in the parish of Avoyelles."

"An act exempting cashiers and clerks of banks, from serving as jurors in the different courts of this state."

"An act supplementary to the several acts relative to police juries."

"An act fixing the rate of conventional interest and for other purposes."

"An act granting compensation to Patrick Urick, for a negro slave, condemned to imprisonment for life." And,

"An act to repeal the law which impowers clerks of court to grant orders of injunction, were read for the second time, and ordered for a third reading on to-morrow.

The house took up the bill, entitled "An act to incorporate a board of public works and to create a fund for internal improvements;" which was under consideration yesterday, when the house adjourned.

Mr. Nicholls moved to strike out the 11th section which is as follows:

And be it further enacted, &c., That the president and directors of the board of public works, shall be, and they are hereby authorized to subscribe in behalf of the state, to such public works, as the legislature may, from time to time, agree to patronize, such portions of the fund for internal improvement, as may be directed by law, but that no part of the said fund shall be subscribed towards the stock of any company, until three-fifths at least of the whole stock necessary to complete the contemplated work of such company, shall have been otherwise subscribed; nor shall any payment be made on stock so subscribed for, in behalf of the state, until an equal amount shall have been first paid on the part of the individual stockholders.

On the adoption of said motion, the yeas and nays were called for by Mr. Garland, when it appeared that Messrs. Bouligny, Canon, Chauvin, Johnson, Marigny, Nicholls, and Ory, had voted in the affirmative—7 yeas.

And that Messrs. Barrow, Breau, Brown, Bullard, Charpentier, Chinn, Duplessis, Dupre, Dyer, Foloe, Garland, Guillet, Holstein, Horton, Jones, Lagarde, Legendre, Leonard, Lessassier, McRae, Morgan, Mulhollan, Robin, Thibodeaux, Voorhies, and Walker, had voted in the negative—26 nays.

Said motion was consequently rejected.

The several sections of said bill being adopted;

On motion, ordered, that said bill do pass as amended, and retain its former title.

The clerk was directed to inform the senate thereof, and request their concurrence in the amendments made by the house to the same.

On motion of Mr. Lessassier, the bill entitled "An act to grant to James Brown the privilege of keeping a ferry across the Mississippi, opposite the town of Plaquemine," was read for the third time, and taken into consideration section by section.

On motion, ordered, that said bill do pass, and retain its title.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in said bill.

On motion of Mr. Garland, ordered, that he be excused from serving as a member of the committee appointed for the celebration of the 22d of February inst. and that another member be appointed in his place.

Whereupon, the speaker appointed Mr. Nicholls in his place.

On motion of Mr. Nicholls, ordered that he be excused from serving as a member of the committee appointed for the celebration of the 22d February inst. and that another member be appointed in his place.

Whereupon, the speaker appointed Mr. Watkins in his place.

On motion of Mr. Canonge, the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the mechanics and traders bank of New Orleans," which was read for the third time, and taken into consideration section by section.

Mr. Nicholls moved to reject the enacting clause of said bill.

On the adoption of said motion, the yeas and nays were called for by Mr. Canonge, when it appeared that Messrs. Barrow, Chinn, Dyer, Nicholls, and Robin, had voted in the affirmative—5 yeas.

And that Messrs. Bouligny, Breau, Brown, Bullard, Canon, Canonge, Charpentier, Dunnoy, Duplessis, Dupre, Foloe, Garland, Grymes, Guillet, Hoa, Holstein, Horton, Johnson, Jones, Lagarde, Leonard, Lessassier, McRae, Morgan, Mulhollan, Walker, and Watkins, had voted in the negative—27 nays.

Said motion was consequently rejected.

During the discussion of said bill,

On motion, the house adjourned until to-morrow morning.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 20th 1833.

The house met agreeably to adjournment.

The speaker laid before the house the following letter from Mr. A. Pitot, clerk of this house, viz:

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 20, 1833.

Mr. ALCEE LABRANCH,
Speaker of the house of representatives:

SIR—Having been unwell during the whole night, I feel yet too much so to be able to leave home. However reluctant I am to be absent from my duty, yet I see myself obliged to do so for the first time. I hope the house, with their ordinary indulgence, will excuse me.

I have the honor to be, with great respect, your humble servant, Signed ARMAND PITOT.

On motion of Mr. Nicholls, ordered, that Mr. Pitot be excused on account of sickness.

Mr. Garland moved that a clerk pro tempore be appointed.

On motion of the same member, ordered, that Mr. Octave S. Roussean, be appointed clerk pro tempore, during the indisposition of Mr. A. Pitot.

On motion of Mr. Johnson, ordered, that leave of absence be granted to Mr. Horton for a few days.

On motion of Mr. Hoa, ordered, that leave of absence be granted to Mr. Roussell for a few days.

Mr. Dupre presented to the house the report of the administrators of the public schools of the parish of St. Landry.

On motion, ordered, that said report be referred to the committee on public education.

Mr. Chinn, chairman of the committee to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act relative to the introduction of slaves in this state," presented said bill with amendments which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

Mr. Charpentier, chairman of the committee to whom was referred the petition of certain inhabitants of the parish of St. Mary, presented the following report:

The special committee, to whom was referred two petitions of several inhabitants of the parish of St. Mary, respecting the mode of working at the public roads in said parish; one of which petitions prayed that the law concerning the making of those roads, which was passed at the last session of 1832, should remain in force.

After a careful and thorough examination of the premises and all circumstances relative to the same, your said committee have come to the conclusion, that the said law of 1832, ought to be repealed, and that the law of 1830, should be again put in full force.

Your committee, therefore, do submit to the consideration of this honorable house, the preceding report, and ask leave to present here, the following.

On motion, ordered, that said report be adopted.

The bill accompanying said report, and entitled "An act concerning roads and levees in the parish of St. Mary," was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

Mr. Mulhollan moved that the house dispense with their rules, and that leave be granted to him to introduce, without previous notice, the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the bayou Bœuff and Red river navigation company," which was read for the first time.

On motion of the same member, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and proceed to the second reading of said bill, and that the third reading be fixed for to-morrow.

Mr. Garland, agreeably to previous notice, introduced the bill, entitled "An act supplementary to the several acts prescribing the formalities to be observed in order to obtain the right to practice physic, or the profession of apothecary in this state, and for other purposes," which was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on to-morrow.

On motion, Ordered, that said bill be printed.

On motion, of Mr. Nicholls, Ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and proceed to the third reading of the bill, entitled "An act granting compensation to Patrick Urick, for a slave condemned to imprisonment for life," and to take the same into consideration.

On motion of Mr. Nicholls, the house resolved itself into a committee of the whole for the consideration of said bill, Mr. Garland being called to the chair.

After some time, on motion of Mr. Duplessis, the committee of the whole rose, and Mr. Garland, the chairman, reported that said committee had had the above mentioned bill under consideration, and had adopted the same with several additional sections.

The house took up said bill.

On motion of Mr. Garland, Ordered, that said bill be laid on the table, subject to the call of the house.

On motion of Mr. Barrow, Ordered, that the house dispense with their rules and proceed to the third reading of the bill entitled "An act to abolish one of the electoral precints in the parish of West Feliciana, and for other purposes," and to take the same into consideration.

On motion, Ordered, that said bill be taken into consideration section by section.

On motion, Ordered, that said bill do pass, and retain its former title.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in the same.

On motion of Mr. Duplessis, Ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and that leave be granted to him, to present the following resolution:

Resolved, That the committee of enrollment of the house of representatives, be authorized to examine the alterations made in the French translation of two bills and a resolution, by the committee of enrollment of the senate, and which have been approved of by the senate, and to report whether the same ought to be adopted by the house of representatives.

On motion, Ordered, that said resolution be laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Ronssell, Ordered, that the house dispense with their rules, and proceed to the third reading of the bill entitled "An act supplementary to the several acts relative to police jury," and to take the same into consideration.

Mr. Voorhies of Avoyelles, presented two additional sections.

Mr. Bullard moved to refer the bill to a judiciary committee with instructions to report on the expediency of abolishing the police jury system, and of substituting in its place another system more simple in its operations: or, to revise all the laws on the subject, and report a general law plainly defining the powers and duties of police juries, which was adopted.

Mr. Chinn moved that the house dispense with their rules and that leave be granted to him to introduce the following resolution:

Resolved, That a special committee be appointed whose duty it shall be to inquire into the cause which produces the great delay in the printing of the rules of this house, bills, and other public documents.

Mr. Walker moved, that the words "a special committee be appointed, whose duty it shall be to" and substitute the words, "the clerk shall," which was adopted.

On motion, ordered, that said resolution be adopted as amended.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The bill entitled "An act for the organization and discipline of the militia of the state of Louisiana" was read for the second time and ordered for a third reading on to-morrow.

Mr. Voorhies of Avoyelles, chairman of the committee of enrollment, reported as duly enrolled the bills entitled "An act appropriating a certain sum of money to the parish of West Baton Rouge for the purposes therein mentioned."

And "an act to incorporate the first congregational church in the parish and city of New Orleans.

On motion, ordered, that said report be adopted.

The speaker having signed said bills.

The clerk was directed to request the signature of the president of the senate, to the same.

Mr. Canon, chairman of the committee, who was charged with examining two acts and a resolution which have originated in the senate, presented the following report.

To the Honorable the House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana.

The committee, to whom you imposed the duty to examine three acts which have originated in the senate, viz:

1st A resolution to create a library.

2d An act to authorize the Lafouche and Terrebonne navigation company, to unite its capital and powers with those of the Barataria and Lafouche canal company.

3d An act to incorporate the first congregational church in the parish and city of New Orleans.

Have the honor to report; that they have examined said acts, and that they are of opinion:

1st That the French part of the resolution must be translated again, and that no partial correction can render it intelligible and French.

2d As to the two other acts the house can adopt the corrections made by the committee of enrollment; therefore they presented the following resolutions.

Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the state of Louisiana in general assembly convened: That the resolution creating a library to the use of both branches of the legislature, shall again be translated under the inspection of the committee of enrollment.

Resolved, &c. That the act authorizing the Lafourche and Terrebonne navigation company, to unite its capital and powers with those of the Barataria and Lafourche canal company, shall be enrolled anew.

Resolved, &c. That the correction made by the committee of enrollment, to the above mentioned act, and to the act entitled, "An act to incorporate the first congregational church in the parish and city of New Orleans, be, and are hereby, approved.

(Signed) E. A. CANON, Chairman.
JOSEPH MARCEL DUCROS.

On motion of Mr. Ducros, ordered, that the house dispense with their rules and proceed to the second reading of said resolutions, and to take the same into consideration.

On motion, ordered, that said resolutions be adopted.

The clerk was directed to request the concurrence of the senate in the same.

The house took up the bill, entitled "An act to incorporate the mechanic and traders bank of Louisiana," which was under consideration yesterday when the house adjourned.

During the discussion of the 3rd section.

Mr. Canon moved to amend said section by striking out the words "3 days," and substitute in lieu thereof the words "twenty days," which was adopted.

Mr. Walker moved to fill the blank in said section by the words "fifteenth of April next," which was adopted.

Mr. Garland presented the following section.

Sec. 4. *Be it enacted, &c.* That subscriptions for three hundred thousand dollars of the capital of said company shall be opened at Opelousas in the parish of St. Landry on the last day of the month of April in the year 1833, under the superintendance of Guy H. B. B. Aiguesmortes, Demazes, Martin Harris, J. L. L. Gueret and Adolphe Arnaud Flauraud or a major part of them, and shall be open every day from the time of opening the same, Sundays excepted, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and two o'clock P. M. for the term of 20 days, the said commissioners or a majority of them shall immediately thereafter proceed to take an account of the subscription, and if any more than the amount of three hundred thousand dollars shall have been subscribed, said commissioners shall deduct the amount of such excess from the largest subscriptions, to such a manner, as that no subscription shall be reduced in amount, while any one remains larger, and in case of such deduction, the said commissioners shall cause lists of such approved subscriptions to be made out, that the persons named in the number of the respective lists to their respectively, the time where, and the place where the subscription book is to be opened, shall be advertised by said commissioners in English and French, in the Abeille or Gazette, the Opelousas Courier, and Teche Courier, for twenty days previous to opening the same.

Mr. Marigny moved to amend said section, by striking out the words "Opelousas in the parish of St. Landry," and substitute in lieu thereof, the words "St. Martinsville, in the parish of St. Martin," which was adopted.

The same member moved to reject said section.

On the adoption of said motion, the yeas and nays were called for by Mr. Dupre, when it appeared that Messrs. Barrow, Charpentier, Dunnoy, Ducros, Foloe, Legendre, and Marigny, had voted in the affirmative—7 yeas.

And that Messrs. Bouligny, Breau, Brown, Bullard, Canon, Canonge, Dupre, Duplessis, Dupré, Garland, Grymes, Guillet, Hoa, Holstein, Jones, Leonard, Lessassier, McRae, Mulhollan, Nicholls, Ory, Sibley and Walker, had voted in the negative—23 nays.

Consequently, said motion was rejected.

Mr. Garland presented the following additional section, which was adopted.

Sec. 5. *Be it further enacted, &c.* That in case the whole of said sum of three hundred thousand dollars is not subscribed for on the books at Opelousas, that then at the expiration of the said twenty days, the books shall by the commissioners aforesaid, be transmitted to the directors in New Orleans, and the remainder of the said sum shall be placed on the books in the city, to be subscribed for under the superintendence of the directors.

During the discussion of the 7th section, Mr. Garland moved to amend said section, by inserting after the words "in the city of New Orleans," the following: "In one of the newspapers published in Alexandria, Natchitoches, Opelousas, Monroe, St. Martinsville, and Franklin, if any be there published," which amendment was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Walker, ordered, that the blank in the 9th section, be filled up with the following names, viz: Jedediah Leeds, James McKenna, John Wilcox, Maurice Canonge, Nicholas Sinnott, James B. Hallen, Jesse Coward, John D. Bien, Manuel White, Evariste Blanc, James Hopkins, John G. Greeves, and George W. White.

During the discussion of said bill,

On motion, the house adjourned until to-morrow morning.

Marine Journal.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED,

Ship Superb, Watts, Liverpool, Gordon, Forstall & co.
Ship Shaw, Davis, Liverpool, R G L de Peyster
Brig Hanford, Wooster, New York, Lincoln & Green
Schr Pearl, Choate, Rio Grande, Currier & Borduzat
Schr Rising States, Monroe, Savannah, L H Gale
Schr Zembuca, Cunningham, Tampico, J W Zacharie & co
Schr Lackawana, Paine, Sisal, J Armington

ARRIVED,

Steamboat Natchez, Morrison, having towed to sea ship John Hale; lighted and bro't up from sea barque Cavatier, and brig Triton, and to the turn schr Eclipse.

Steamboat Post Boy, from sea, brought schr Orient and Bien Aparacida; and from the turn, schr Eclipse—passed below the turn schr Hope and Ester; at the turn ship Chancellor, brigs Soule, Orbit, Panama and Carroll.—The Post Boy returned to the English turn at 8 p. m. last evening, to bring up some of the above named vessels.

Barque Cavatier, Bowditch, from Marseilles, to G P and W C Bowers—cargo of wine, pickles, preserves, bottles, jars, garlic, ear ware, &c &c, to J Mager; B Cudillan; T Segond; P E & O Sorbe; F Pacquet; H Bannabel and brother; J Lesarpentier & co; A Quartier & Boutin; G P and W C Bowers; and order.—*Memoranda*, Dec. 9th, spoke brig Independence, of Philadelphia, 8 days from Cadiz, for Malion, to perform quarantine, wished to be reported; Jan. 12, in the night was fired into by his B. M. sloop of war Tweed; detained about an hour and used in a very ungentlemanly manner.

Brig Triton, Ebbeson, from Hamburg, to J A Merle &co; cargo assorted to Herman & co; J Cucullu; W & J Montgomery; Merle & co; W G Hewes; 5 passengers.

Schr Magnolia, Treadwell, from Port-au-Prince.

Schr Eclipse, Mattison, 8 days from Nassau, (N P) to Harrison, Brown & co. Cargo—mackerel, hardware, shellware, &c, to Harrison, Brown & co. Memoranda—the brig Chilo, Cobb, from New York for this port, brig Olive from New York for Mobile; and schr Ceres, Greene, from New Orleans for Port-au-Prince, werd all lost in January last on the Banks; crews and cargoes saved.

Schr Bien Aparacida, Nellafueda, from Matanzas; cargo—160 bags coffee to Estevanell & Courvall; 18 do to order—5 passengers.

Schr Orient, Ashby, 7 days from Havanna, with about 100 bags of coffee, segars, &c—3 passengers.

Steamer Niagara, Walker, from St Martinsville, cargo—sugar and molesses to sundry consignees—20 passengers.

Steamboat Black Hawk, Hartshorn, from Cincinnati—cargo rum, cotton, flour, &c to Wilcox & Fearn; M White; J Crehore; and others—29 pass.

DRAWN NUMBERS in the 6th class for 1833 of the French Evangelical Church Lottery,
55—44—B—54—30—29—46—9—61.
Classes No. 15 and 18. 30 number lotteries, 4 drawn ballots; "something better" than 60,000 chances against one. On Thursday and Saturday evening next. Highest prizes $10,000, $3,000, and tickets $4.
feb 27 D. MALCOLM, Manager.

Amusements.

AMERICAN THEATRE.
SEVENTH NIGHT OF CINDERELLA.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 27,
Will be presented the magnificent opera of
CINDERELLA
Or the Little Glass Slipper.
With entire new scenery, Decorations, Dresses, Machinery, &c. with all the original music.
The extensive arrangements and engagements which have been made for this magnificent Opera, will oblige the managers to play it every evening till further notice.
Felix, Mr Field
Baron Pompolino, Thorne
Dandini, Caldwell
Pedro, Russell
Cinderella, Miss Placide
Clorinda, Mrs Russell
Thisbe, Mrs Rowe.
Previous to which the laughable farce
BLUE DEVILS
James Megrim, Mr Russell

ORLEANS THEATRE.
On Thursday, 28th February, 1833,
Will be presented for the first time,
A FAULT,
A comic vaudeville, is 2 acts. After which
RABELAIS,
Or, the Presbytery of Meudon.
A comedy in one act, with songs. The representation will commence with
THE HUSBANDS BACHELORS.
comic opera in one act.

BALL ROOM.
Corner of Bourbon and Orleans streets
WEDNESDAY, FEB. 27,
GRAND DRESS AND MASQUERADE
BALL.
Admittance—Gentlemen, ONE DOLLAR.

FOR LOUISVILLE.
(Ohio and Mississippi Mail Line.)

The steam boat HOMER, Gay, master, having part of her cargo engaged will have despatch. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply on board, or to
TOURNE & BECKWITH.
feb 22 15 New Levee.

FOR HAVRE.

The fast sailing ship BOREAS, Balbagny, master, can yet accommodate 4 or 5 passengers if application is made immediately to the captain on board, or to [feb 27] THEOD. McOLLT & Co.

FOR NEW YORK.—Packet for Louisiana and New York line. The ship Louisville, captain Prince, is now ready to take in, and will sail as above. For freight or passage, apply on board opposite the public square, or to
feb25 FOSTER & DETTON.

FOR MARSEILLES.—The very fast sailing ship EDWARD, Gardi, master, having her cargo engaged, will sail in a few days. For freight or passage apply to JULES GELANC,
feb22 Royal street, No 103.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber, on the 8th February, a negro boy name TOTO, aged about 16 years, tanner, glazier and white washer; very clever boy, speaks French and English; he is slender and of a reddish skin. Captains of vessels and steamboats are warned not to give him a berth, under the penalties provided by law. A liberal reward will be given to any person who will bring him back to the subscriber, 75, Ursuline street.
feb 27 A POCHET.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.—For sale, two very large corner lots, situated on the corner of Conti and Marais streets, being near the canal. This property is most soon become very valuable, as improvements are daily being made in the vicinity of it. A plan of the lots may be seen, and terms made known, on application to Harry Hill Estate Office, No. 10 St Louis street. Terms will be liberal. feb 27—6t

COURT OF PROBATES.—Sale by the Register of Wills.—Will be exposed for sale on Tuesday next, the 5th day of March, at Hewlett's Public House, at the request of the succession of the late Auguste Franchemant, the schooner called "NEREIDE of New Orleans," her tackel, apparel and furniture. Terms of sale one half cash and the balance at 4 and 8 months credit in approved endorsed notes, with special mortgage. By order of the court.
feb 27 W. F. C. DU PLESSIS, Reg. of wills.

COMMITTED to the jail of the parish of Jefferson the reputed slave. She says she belongs to Mr Cousin. The owner is requested to come to ward and take her, paying all expenses as provided by law.
feb 27 J. CHARBONNET, Ja jor.

TRANSLATIONS.—A gentleman, attached to the Bee, who attention is more particularly devoted to French and English translations, offers to translate in other language, with the correctness of expression the subject may require, bills, charters, reports and generally all legal, political, commercial and miscellaneous matter. Apply at the office of the Bee. feb 20

FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.
WM. C. NORRIS, No. 38 Chartres street, has just received at Louisville, Ohio and Mississippi further supply of fashionable clothing, and respectfully invites the attention of purchasers to the same. feb 26

FOR SALE.—W. C. K. BY, Bourbon st, No 41, between Customhouse and Bienville sts, offers for sale his household furniture, consisting of 24 beds and bedding, and furniture suitable for three apartments. In the house at present occupied by him, the situation is eligible for a mechanic