The New-Orleans Bee.

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VOL. XIX.—WHOLE No. 5155.

LEGAL ADVERTISING PAPER.—NEW-ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 10, 1846.

MAGNE & W[illegible] PROPRIETORS, [illegible] Chartres street.

TERMS OF THE BEE:

DAILY PAPER (one year in advance)........$12 00
COUNTRY PAPER. Semi-weekly, (one year in advance)........................5 00

In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing, before he can be allowed to discontinue.

ADVERTISING—One dollar for every TEN lines for each language, in the first insertion, and HALF that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than one dollar for each language.

Advertisements not specified as to time will be published one month, and charged accordingly.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines, for each language and for each insertion.

The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their business.

MAGNE & WEISSE.

OFFICIAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that a contract has been entered into between the undersigned and Messrs. MAGNE & WEISSE, Proprietors of the BEE Newspaper for the publication, during the ensuing calendar year (1846) of all the advertisements required by the act of March 16th, 1843, for the price of *ONE DOLLAR* for every hundred words for each publication and in each language.

WM. DEBUYS, State Treasurer.
ROB'T C. NICHOLAS, Sec'y of State.
New Orleans, 27th Dec. 1845.

F. F. BOURNOS, SURGEON DENTIST, 95 Conti st. Office open from 8 o'clock, A. M. until 6 P. M. m17

E. J. CLAGUE, *Importer of Havana Produce*, No. 28 Gravier street. m7

WILLIAM DAVIDSON & Co., COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 81 Canal. n22

J. B. STEEL, No. 14 Camp Street, Importer and Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Stationery. Account Books for sale, or made to order. a21

WM. MURE, BRITISH CONSUL, 10 Musson's Buildings, cor Royal and Canal sts.

TALBOT BROTHERS—*Importers of Fancy Goods, French, English and German*, corner Chartres and [illegible] streets. [illegible]

J. F. MERCIER. FRANCISCO TIO.
J. F. MERCIER & Co., COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND GROCERS, 45 [illegible] Levee, have constantly on hand fresh Groceries, Wines, Liquors, &c. at moderate prices. n10

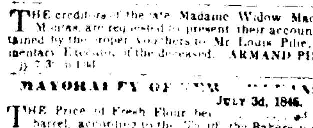
THE creditors of the late Madame Widow Madeleine M[illegible], are requested to present their accounts sustained by the proper vouchers to Mr Louis Pilie, testamentary Executor of the deceased. ARMAND PILIE. [illegible]

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS. JULY 3d, 1846.

THE Price of Fresh Flour being [illegible] per barrel, according to the [illegible] Bakers will give 49½ ounces of Bread for Ten Cents during next week from MONDAY, 6th instant, 1846.

Bread of the Second quality [illegible] Ten Cents, must weigh 25 per cent more, viz: [illegible] ounces.

jy4 Signed, A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.



LEECHES!—LEECHES!

JUST received per St. Mary, from New York, a [illegible] Hungarian Leeches which are offered at the usual low prices.

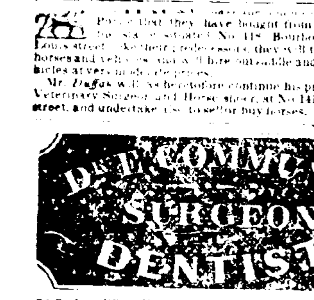
J B RUSCONI, Gen. Depot, 156 Chartres st.

JOHN McCARTY, PLUMBER, No. 134 Camp street,

HAS just received a [illegible] assortment of Force Water Closets, [illegible] Pumps, [illegible] Bathing Tubs and Shower Baths, [illegible] Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, [illegible] Work [illegible] promptly [illegible] on moderate [illegible]. f13

[illegible] have bought from Mr Brean [illegible] No 118 Bourbon, near St Louis street [illegible] horses and vehicles [illegible] bicycles at very low prices.

Mr *Duffas* will as heretofore continue his profession of Veterinary Surgeon and Horse-shoer, at No 141 Burgundy street, and undertake [illegible] to sell or buy horses. [illegible]



DR. DUVERRON [illegible] the citizens of New Orleans [illegible] Dr Commyas [illegible]

[illegible]

LEECHES! LEECHES!

RECEIVED [illegible] Havana, and [illegible] from New York a lot of splendid Leeches [illegible] Depot at Barrack street, near the [illegible] REYNAUD PELTIER.

[illegible] 1844 [illegible] found at the above [illegible] 13

LEECHES.

TWELVE [illegible] Swedish and Hungary Leeches [illegible]

[illegible] J P SOUBRIAN.

OFFICE OF RECORDER OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS, Exchange Passage, [illegible] street.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING been appointed Recorder of Births and Deaths for the Parish and City of Orleans, I request the citizens of the above said parish and city to conform themselves to the dispositions of the following act—

Act approved March 6, 1819.

SEC. 1. [illegible] birth of every free person in the parish and city of Orleans, shall be declared [illegible] this declaration shall be made [illegible] third section of the act to which [illegible] person offending against the [illegible] shall pay a fine not exceeding ten dollars and not less than five dollars, half of which shall be for the benefit of the State and the other half for the benefit of the informer.

SEC. 2. The death of every free person within the parish of Orleans, shall be declared therein within thirty days [illegible] shall be made by the nearest relations of the deceased, if they are present, and in case of absence by the testamentary executor, if there is one, if none, by the owner or tenant of the house in which the individual will have died, and every person offending against the provisions of this section, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding ten dollars, not less than five dollars.

The undersigned will be under the painful necessity of prosecuting all persons neglecting or refusing to conform themselves to the causes of the above act.

a10—1y F M CROZAT.

Ice Cream and Sherbets.

COURVOISIER respectfully informs the public that on to-morrow, the 12th instant, they will open their GARDEN on ST ANTOINE PLACE, where, during the whole season, they will neglect nothing to deserve a continuance of that patronage which was so liberally bestowed upon them those several years past. Their new arrangements will undoubtedly be a great attraction for Ladies, who will always find in this splendid Garden, a complete collection of the handsomest Flowers and Plants, besides Ice Creams and Sherbets of every description.

The Public may be sure that nothing will be deficient in the service of [illegible] which taken all together is the only one of the kind in New Orleans. a13

[illegible]

French Shirts—No 100 [illegible] street, opposite the Louisiana State Bank.

MRS. T. HENRY has the honor of informing the Gentlemen of New Orleans that she has removed from No 77 St Louis to No 100 R[illegible] street, her establishment for the manufacture of shirts to order or by the measure. Mrs H. returns her thanks to the Gentry of New Orleans for their patronage, and hopes by her attention and workmanship to merit a continuation of their favors. She also undertakes embroideries.

Good Seamstresses will always find employment at Mrs H's, who will also take apprentices. a30

Fashionable Goods from Paris.

Corner Royal and Conti streets.

Madame [illegible], being about to leave for France to make her purchases, has the honor to inform the ladies of New Orleans and environs, that she will sell the following goods at very moderate prices:

Ladies' and childrens' Tuscan, Rutland and 8 jour straw hats, newest styles.
Dolfus, Mug & Co's printed bareges and organdy;
Barege shawls and scarfs;
Pelerines and embroidered neck kerchiefs;
Ribbons and flowers, white and black filet gloves and mittens; [illegible] dresses and embroidered cambric handkerchiefs, thread lace, fil D'Ecosse and cotton do.
Fans, umbrellas, parasols and corsets;
Brides scarfs, silk and fil D'Ecosse stockings;
Plain, open work and embroidered do;
Also—Mantillas, lace scarfs and shawls, a new article. m4

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.—We are selling at very reduced prices our remaining stock of dress goods—Bareges, Balzorines, Organdy, Muzlin[illegible] and Taglioni dress goods, Jaconets at 25, 30 and 31 cts. Ginghams at 25 cts, light French Calicoes, latest styles, at 30 cts, &c. Also, white Muslin Curtain Goods; Swiss Muslins; Jaconet do; Plaid do; Lace do; Parasols; Barege Scarfs; Lace Scarfs; white Muslin do embroidered, Rich Silk Scarfs; Silk and Cotton Hosiery; Crinoline skirts; Grass do; Ribbons with fringe; Linens, a large assortment; Birds Eye Diaper; Linen Lawns; Linen Cambric Hdkfs with borders; Embroidered Cambric Hdkfs; Silk pocket do; Damask Table Cloths and Towels; Russia Diapers; Russia Sheeting, white and brown Domestics; Drillings, Cottonades, Linen Checks, Thread and Cotton Laces, Ladies Fine Gloves, do black and white Silk Gloves; Gents do; Blue and white Crepes; Hat Crepes; Linen Threads, Spool do; Cotton Cord, Buttons; Combs, &c.

Also—a few pieces of very fine Drap d'ete; for sale by DAVID & CHAPUS,

m19 93 and [illegible] Chartres & cor. Conti.

IN STORE and for sale by the undersigned—150 casks Red Wine, different brands; 30 bbls old White Wine; Sauterne, 250 bbls old Wine; 1 pipe imitation Holland Gin, 50 baskets Champagne, different qualities; 500 cases Red Wine, St. Estephe, 75 do old Red Wine, Gruau Larose, 150 do do Lafitte, 85 do do Margaux; 35 do do Latour and Haut Brion; 3000 boxes and halves Sardines in oil; 2500 do do Green Peas; 500 do do Cepe in oil, and Mushrooms natural; 200 do do pure Perigord Truffles; 200 do do Truffled Pies; 100 cases Red Wine Chambertin; 200 do White Wine, Hermitage; 20 casks Guignolet; 20 cases Cherries in Brandy; 20 baskets Olive Oil, Plagniol brand; 50,000 fine Corks, 10,000 demijohn Corks.

m9 CHARLES DUFOUR, 11 Conti st.

[illegible] BLANKETS [illegible]

THE subscribers, (successors to the late J Rieger,) sole Agents of ZOE GRANIER, of Montpelier, take pleasure in announcing to the Planters, Commission merchants and dealers in general, that their Depot, No. 21 Magazine-st. will always be well supplied by fresh arrivals of those super. or FRENCH BLANKETS.

Landing this day ex bark Globe, from Marseilles, 5000 pairs GRANIER BLANKETS.

N B—Planters and Commission Merchants are informed that their orders for Lindseys, Kerseys and other Plantation Dry Goods, will be promptly attended to, and a liberal credit given. H. de GOER & RIFFLARD, Agents for ZOE GRANIER, and Importers of Dry Goods. f7 21 Magazine-st.

Galvanised [illegible]—Persons going to the country will please take notice that the undersigned are the only agents here of Messrs Chiasseile & Co, Paris, for the sale of the new process of Galvanised Table SPOONS and FORKS of Messrs Ruolz & Elkington, which they have just received by the Sea Lion, from Havre. Said articles are warranted to be of the best sort ever imported in this country.

j[illegible] LOISON & SYLVESTRE, 25 Chartres st.

Friday morning, July 10, 1846.

We referred yesterday to the significant speech of Mr. BRINKERHOFF and the whining article of the Washington *Union* as indications that upon the Tariff question, a profound schism existed in the usually serried ranks of the Locofoco party. Nor indeed, is it to be wondered at, for putting out of view the dissentions between the West and other sections, in consequence of Mr. POLK'S abandonment of the claim to the whole of Oregon, it is indubitable that in Pennsylvania and other portions of the confederacy vitally interested in the protective system, the utmost aversion is manifested to Mr. WALKER'S project for the repeal of the present tariff law. One of the most ardent locofoco papers in the country—the Lancaster *Democrat*—openly charges upon the President and his advisers an intention to dupe the people of Pennsylvania, by violating the pledges every where made by his friends during the canvass of 1844. That journal notices the financial schemes of the Administration in the following very explicit and candid style:

"We regret—deeply regret—the false position assumed by the Administration in relation to the existing revenue laws. Before the present Administration came into power, from the representations of prominent prints and politicians, we were induced to believe that no change was contemplated by Col. Polk and his immediate supporters in the tariff of 1842.—Nay, more: in common with our brethren of the Democratic press of this State, we endeavored to make others entertain the same belief, and with what success is now a part of the political history of the country. At nearly every gathering of the Democracy during the memorable campaign of 1844, 'the tariff of 1842' was recognized among the orthodox rallying cries—was inscribed upon the banners; and peripatetic orators insisted, and insisted with truth, that the country was indebted for this great measure to Democratic votes. *It was as well known then as it is at the present time* that the electoral vote of Pennsylvania would *have been lost to Col. Polk had he appeared before the People as the opponent of the existing revenue laws.* Others may change their views on this subject from fear or from interested motives; but we intend to stand where we have always stood; to insist upon the fulfilment of solemn pledges; and to resist, with becoming energy, every attempt to thwart the wishes or sacrifice the interests of the people of this great State. We speak within bounds when we say that nine-tenths of the citizens of this Commonwealth are opposed to any alteration or modification in the tariff of 1842."

The writer acknowledges his simplicity in swallowing the absurd fabrications of Locofocoism respecting Mr POLK'S attachment to the Protective system, with a degree of frankness that would lead to the belief that he was one of the verdant democrats who relied upon these statements, rather than one of the cunning intriguers who invented and propagated them. Ignorance may be pardoned, when knowledge is unattainable. If the people of Pennsylvania and the Democratic-Tariff press of that State had possessed no means of ascertaining the truth of the artfully devised scheme of the "party," to represent Mr. POLK as a Pro-tariff champion, some sympathy would be felt for their sufferings and complaints now. But no such apology can be offered for the excessive and contumacious credulity of the Key Stone State. Her democratic voters were blind and would not see, deaf and would not hear. In vain was the history of Mr. POLK'S whole political career narrated to them—in vain did the Whigs demonstrate all that Mr. CLAY had accomplished *for* protection and all his competitor had attempted *against* it. The speeches of Mr. POLK read at the hustings were pronounced slanders—Roorbacks—Whig lies, and the duped democracy rushed to the polls and sustained the very man who had consistently exhibited a deadly hostility to the most cherished of their principles. That they should murmur at the discovery of the deception practised upon them is natural enough, but they should rather accuse their own wilful obstinacy and Beotian ignorance.

We have, however, digressed from our object, which was to prove that other states, besides Pennsylvania were opposed to a change in the Tariff.—The following article from the Cleveland (Ohio) *Plaindealer*—a locofoco paper of deep die—shows that Mr. BRINKERHOFF, in objecting to a reduction of the Tariff at the present time, is probably supported by the sentiments of the democratic portion of his constituency:

"LET THE TARIFF STAND.—It may seem strange to see such an exhortation in a Free Trade Journal, nevertheless, we mean what we say. The South have got their President, cabinet and foreign ministers. They have got three or four Major Generals of the Army, with 50,000 men at their command; they have got all of Texas and *some more*, and have given away the best half of Oregon to Great Britain. They have got the Chairman of the Committee on Foreign relations, and they have got the appropriation bill to cut western harbors in their breeches pockets. Now they want a reduction of the Tariff, and they are waiting this Congress should then adjourn. We go for an immediate adjournment, in order to let the Tariff stand. Put through Mr. Hannegan's resolutions and leave it for the next session to take care of the Tariff. If we grant every thing to the South now, they will have absolute power in the next Congress, having no more favors to ask of Northern and Western 'dough faces.' The interest of the West, no less than the South, demands an immediate reduction of the Tariff, but it is better for us to bear oppression for a season than to suffer the late indignities we have borne from the South, to go unrebuked. We are setting a dangerous precedent to grant them all, while they yield us nothing. We say again, adjourn!"

The position of the Administration is unfortunate, but its calamity is worthy of condolence when it results from systematic shuffling, tergiversation and error? Mr. POLK has Pennsylvania on his back, because he has chosen deliberately to counsel a course of policy at utter variance with the principles maintained in his letter to Col. KANE. Ohio shows her teeth and snarls at him, because after laying claim to all of Oregon, and giving to that fraction of his party which side with him such substantial assurances of his position as to induce them to commit themselves fully and irretrievably, he has now mortally offended them by accepting a treaty which surrenders to Great Britain five degrees of that territory, to all of which, he had repeatedly affirmed that our right was clear and unquestionable. If his financial measures are in danger, he alone is accountable—if they fail, he alone must answer for their defeat—if he has lost the confidence of his party, he can blame no body save himself. The lesson he may receive will peradventure teach him that honesty is the best policy.

"This even handed justice
Commends the ingredients of the poisoned chalice
To our own lips."

Messrs. Editors.—

Will you have the goodness to publish in your paper the meaning of *ad valorem* duties, and oblige

ONE OF YOUR SUBSCRIBERS.

By *ad valorem* duties are understood duties levied upon the value of imports, whether that value be assumed from the foreign invoices, or be fixed at the customhouse of the country in which such duties are imposed. In the latter case the duty is said to be levied on the home valuation. *Ad valorem* duties are so called in contradistinction to specific duties, which impose a certain amount according to the quantity of the imported commodity, but without respect to its value. Specific duties are consequently fixed, while *ad valorem* duties fluctuate, according to the variation in the value of the imports.

The *Courier* denies the Democracy of Charleston *Mercury*. Denial is not proof. The *Mercury* has more than once questioned the Democracy of the *Courier*, on perhaps quite as tenable ground. The *Mercury* sustained Mr. POLK in 1844; it sustained Mr. VAN BUREN in 1840. Is not this evidence of Democratic principles? The *Mercury* is anti-bank, anti-tariff and for the sub-treasury. We believe all these doctrines are considered part and parcel of orthodox Democracy. True the *Mercury* can hardly be styled a partizan of the Administration, nor did we call it so. It is too sincere in its devotion to free trade, to relish the gyrations of the Administration.

As for the defective grammar quoted by the *Courier*, we beg our contemporary not to father it on us. We stand sponsor only for our language—the term "universal enthusiasm" was quoted from the *Mercury*.

SOUTHERN LITERARY MESSENGER.—Our thanks are due the publishers for the July number of this excellent periodical. The leading article is a continuation of the historical sketch of the civil warfare in the Carolinas and Georgia, during the revolution. The other contributions are—Politics and History of the Dance; an account of Pedro de la Gasca; American Military Laws; Festus, a poem by Philip James Bailey; Mary Lindesay, a tale; Manford's Homer; Critical notices.

INDIANA.—The three regiments of Indiana volunteers, encamped near New Albany, were to depart for the seat of war in a few days. Gen. Wool intends to get them to New Orleans before the sickly season commences. G. P. Drake is Colonel of the First Regiment; James H. Lane, of the Second; and Joseph Lane, of the Third.

A melancholy accident happened in the vicinity of Monroe, Ohio, a few days ago. Two young ladies in company with two gentlemen were taking a pleasure ride in a carriage, when the horses took fright and run off. In jumping out, one of the ladies fell between the wheels, and the hind wheel passed over her head, causing death. The name of the lady was Fitzgerald.

MURDER.—We are informed, says the Nashville *Whig* of the 27th ult., that a Miss Pollock, of Bedford county, was murdered by a negro boy (aged only about 16 years,) belonging to a Mr. Combs on Tuesday last, 23rd instant, about five miles from Shelbyville. We are also informed that the bloody deed was done with a rock, and that [illegible] was dreadfully mangled. The [illegible] apprehended, and [illegible]

City Intelligence.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—Stephen Franklin was yesterday put upon trial, upon a charge of swindling. Mr. Franklin, was charged with having received 196 bales of cotton on the 30th of March last, having sold the same on that day or the following, and with having suspended payment on the first of April. It was shewn, however, that the owner of the cotton received the amount of two bills he had drawn on Franklin, amounting to $6,600 and $1,880, afterwards, and that he was informed by Mr. F. the accused, that if time was afforded him, he would be able "to make every thing straight." The case was continued, at three o'clock, over to this morning. Messrs. Grymes, Soulé and Maybin appeared for the defendant—the Attorney General was assisted by Mr. Prentiss, in the prosecution.

Emilie Andrea Pierce vs. R. M. Carter, her husband. This suit was brought for a separation of property, the judgment of the court rendered yesterday was in favor of the plaintiff, and decreed that the sum of $2,953 71 be awarded her.

Andrew Martin, f. m. c. was sentenced for the crime of larceny, to two years imprisonment at hard labor in the State Penitentiary.

JUSTICE'S COURT.—SECOND DISTRICT.—A charge of murder was preferred, in this court, yesterday, against George Montgomery, mate of the steamer *Marengo*, for having, as was alleged, beat a deck hand named Hart, on the boat last trip down, so badly as to cause his death. It was fully proved, however, that the man jumped over board in a fit of *delerium tremens*, and Montgomery was fully acquitted. Budd & Redmond, Warfield & Mott, appeared for the defendant.

INQUEST.—The Coroner held an inquest yesterday, on the body of a man named Florian Bulinger, a German aged about 29 years, found dead at the corner of Bourbon and St. Phillip streets. Verdict—"death from Appoplexy." Also on the body of a boy, colored, aged 14 years, who was drowned at the Lake end of the Pontchartrain Railroad. Verdict—accordingly.

LARCENY.—John Dolan, charged with stealing a pig of lead and two compasses from Mr. Nowlan was yesterday committed by Recorder Baldwin for trial before the First District Court.

AFFRAY.—An affray took place yesterday in Hospital near Conde street, in which two men got rather more belligerant than comported with the due observance of the ordinances for the public peace. One fired a pistol at the other, happily without effect; both were arrested and will be examined before Recorder Genois this morning.

VOLUNTEERS.—Steamer Carolina, Capt. White, from Cincinnati, brought down the following companies:—Capt George Butler, 85 men; Capt. Johnson, 90 men; Capt. Armstrong, 93 men; Capt. Bradley, 90 men; Capt. Miller, 75 men; and Lieut. Col. Keller, making an aggregate of 433 men, independent of officers.

Last evening a man about 35 years of age, the name of whom we could not ascertain, fell from the third story window of a Boarding house, on New Levee street, above Notre Dame street, and died instantly.

ARRIVAL OF VOLUNTEERS.—The steamboat *New World* from Cincinnati brought down yesterday five companies of Ohio Volunteers as follows: Captain Ramsay with 94 men; Captain Moore with 81 men; Captain Gideons with 77 men; Captain Hamilton with 76, and Captain Heniston with 78 men—the whole under the command of Col. Mitchell and Maj. Thos. L. Hamer. Also 12 field officers attached to the 1st regiment of Kentucky Volunteers.

The *Alexander Scott* from Louisville brought down Captain Davis with 80 men, attached to Col. McKee's regiment of Kentucky Volunteers.

The steamboat *Caroline* is down with the balance of the first Ohio regiment; and the steamer *Tuskaloosa* with part of the 2nd Regiment.

THE NORTHERN MAIL failed yesterday from beyond Charleston.

Ships Gen. Veazie and Gov. Davis have been chartered by the Government for the Brasos St. Jago.

The ships Sea Lion and Shaounga which went down to the Battle Ground on Wednesday, leave to night with the 2d Regiment of Kentucky Volunteers.

We learn by a private letter received in this city, that Mr. FIOT, Stage Manager of the French Theatre, was robbed on board of the steamer Magnolia, on the passage between Louisville and Cincinnati, of all his clothes and money.

A writer in the Louisville *Journal*, in criticising LEOPOLD DE MEYER'S performances, expresses opinions that strike us as singularly just. He complains that DE MEYER, while displaying admirable skill in the management of his instrument, does not make music. This is exactly our view of the execution of that artist. His performances exhibit the most wonderful, the most inconceivable skill in overcoming mechanical difficulties and in extracting sounds from the piano that resemble nothing heard in this earthly sphere—but they are for the most part soulless, destitute of melody—they do not reach the heart, or moisten the eye, or thrill the whole frame—effects which invariably followed the modest and unpretending exhibitions of the Sloman family. It is the besetting sin of the age, and is a sign of a vile and vicious taste, that people of rare and real musical talent, instead of profiting by a gift so precious, to delight every true lover of sweet sounds, apply themselves to the mere mechanical art of thrumming keys or pinching strings, until they attain perfection in fingering, at the expense of sentiment, refined taste, and profound sensibility—content, it would appear, to elicit the wonder of the groundlings, while the judicious and the discerning cannot but grieve at such utter perversion of one of the most valuable of the faculties. The million applaud, but the critic laments. OLE BULL makes his violin laugh, sigh, sob and shriek, and he attracts vast crowds who fancy themselves brimful of enthusiasm, prate in musical jargon and pronounce the performer a marvel. VIEUX TEMPS elicits from his instrument volumes of pure, full, rich, true and delicious tones, imbued with fervor and sentiment enough to "create a soul under the ribs of death," and he draws around him a small and select circle of amateurs. The latter would scarcely be tolerated by the swarm who become frantic at the fantastic *capriccios* of his rival. So we go.

Extract of a letter to F. J. Forstall, dated Grande Terre, 1st July, 1846.

Since writing to you we have had a severe gale of wind—a topmast schooner (we believe the Columbus or Columbia) ran ashore at the Cut off, and is a perfect wreck; she was struck at sea three nights ago by lightning, which cut her mast in two, having on it the entire crew, except the captain, who with a passenger, are the only persons saved. From the time the vessel struck until the time she ran in, nearly two and a half days, she was burning. From what we can learn, she cleared out from New Orleans last week, bound to Charleston.

The Baltimore *American*, speaking of the value of copperas as a disinfecting agent, says that one pound of it, dissolved in four gallons of water, and poured two or three times into sinks, is a complete disinfectant, removing all unpleasant odor, and preventing offensive effluvia when it becomes necessary to clean them. The cost is a mere trifle, copperas selling for four or five cents a pound. The effect is certain. It is recommended in the Albany *Cultivator* for 1844, and has been used with success.

A melancholy casualty, says the Mobile *Register*, occurred on the downward passage of the *Wm. Bradstreet*, with a portion of the Georgia volunteers. Two men—one by the name of Farrar, from South Carolina, belonging to Capt. Calhoun's company, the other Macnier, of Dooly county, Georgia, belonging to Capt. Turner's company, being suddenly awoke by the noise of letting off steam, jumped overboard and were drowned. R. J. Hanson, of Capt. Calhoun's company, died on the march from Columbus to Montgomery.

We learn, says the Louisville *Journal* of the 3d inst., that a lamentable accident occurred near New Albany. A hack, in which a first lieutenant of one of the Indiana volunteer companies, and another person were riding, upset, and, falling down a precipice, killed the former instantly and injured the latter seriously. We did not learn the names of these unfortunate persons.

The Charleston *Mercury* is in no gentle mood at the prospect of the defeat of the Tariff, Mr. Brinkerhoff's speech is called "The Ohio Treachery," and the *Union* is severely Candled for the meekness and gentle plaintiveness of its notice of the treason.

NICHOLAS REDI, ESQ., has been recognised by the President of the United States as Consul for the Pontifical states, for the State of Massachusetts, to reside at Boston.

From the New York Morning Telegraph.

We used to think, in the simplicity of our juvenile days, that shirts grew spontaneously. Why, we know not, but probably in part because we had read that Falstaff's rugged regiment found all their linen out of doors, and in part because, although plentifully supplied with that indispensible article, we never knew precisely where it came from. Increase in years and knowledge had, as we supposed, corrected the errors of earlier and happier times. But it would seem that, our young imaginings were not so far amiss.—We find the following piece of information in the columns of a contemporary journal, and insert it for the benefit of the shirtless.

"Providence has not only been bountiful in a supply of food, but even of raiment. In the forest of Oronoko (South America) there is a tree which often attains the height of [illegible] [illegible]

"American Industry—its Power and results" is the title of an article in the Cincinnati Chronicle. After commenting at some length on the effects of American political institutions on the industrial progress of the nation, the editor copies some statistics from official sources naming the articles manufactured last year in Connecticut and showing the value of each item. It appears from these that the aggregate value of articles manufactured in Connecticut in the time named was $29,159,314. The editor then goes on to remark:

Now, let us make some comparisons and deductions, by aid of this Table and others, to show what is the production of the little State of Connecticut, absolute and relative. Take the article of Woollen Manufactures, for example, and compare the Manufactures of Connecticut and Great Britain together.

According to McCullough's calculations, the value of Woollen Manufactures in Great Britain (England, Wales and Scotland,) is $110,000,000. The population is about 20,000,000. Now the comparison stands thus:

	Population.	Value.	Rate per soul.
G. Britain,	20,000,000	$110,000,000	$ 5.50
Connecticut,	310,000	3,280,575	10.25

Connecticut manufactures double in ratio of Woollen Goods to that of Great Britain! This is a fact, which would not be believed, if it were not proved.

Take the Cotton Manufacture:

	Population.	Value.	Rate per soul.
G. Britain,	20,000,000	$170,000,000	$ 8.50
Connecticut,	310,000	3,223,320	10.00

Even in Cottons—the article in which the British Manufactures are most extensive—the industrious State of Connecticut is still ahead!

Let us now see what the Annual Production of Connecticut is—that is, its Income:

Manufactures (as above)	$29,159,314
Fisheries,	1,633,011
Vessels	448,575
Agriculture	10,896,160
Total Annual Productions	$41,733,060
Surface of Connecticut	4,764 sq. miles
Population	310,015
Income per Square Mile	$9,800
Do do soul	135
Do do family	810

This is independent of the income of accumulated property, which, in a community like that of Connecticut, is always large. We doubt whether any greater income from the Industry of the people can be shown in any country.

This, and other Industrial Records will show that Political Liberty has developed Industry, as well as Intellect and Religion, more in the American Nation, than ever has been developed in any nation under the sun. It is the triumph of that Political System, which leaves the Mind and Industry of men free, to be directed and employed in the channels from which most profit can be derived.

The Manufactures of Connecticut, which we see thus largely and prosperously developed, have undoubtedly owed much of their success to a Protective Tariff. Whether the same amount of duty is now necessary to maintain them in prosperity we do not know. But they have grown up under the American System; and where is the man who will say that such results are not advantageous to the nation? Where is the Ohio Farmer who wants to lose such customers as these for Flour and Pork? Every Rail road Car, and every Coaster which enters Connecticut, leaves Western Flour for the consumption of the people. Will Great Britain supply the lost market, if these Manufactures are broken down? Never. In the year 1845 she took the small amount of 35,000 barrels, and she takes now more, only because there is a temporary scarcity.

THE HOUMA GRANT CLAIM.—The attention and time of the Senate has been much taken up during the season with a discussion of the "Houma Grant Claim." As our readers may like to know something more of this claim than its mere name, we copy the following account of it from a letter in the *Journal of Commerce*:

This was an original Spanish grant of land, on the Mississippi and Amite rivers in Louisiana, made in 1777, confirmed by Spain, and examined and confirmed by the old board of commissioners, in 1812, and ordered by Congress to be patented in 1814.—Notwithstanding this, the lands were in part entered as public lands, under Commissioner Graham. These entries were next pronounced illegal by Attorney General Legare.

The late President Tyler and Secretary Bibb undertook to carry the law into effect, and issued patents for the lands to the claimants. They did this on full investigation, but the President did not act even upon the result of his own investigation and that of the Secretary of the Treasury. He requested two eminent lawyers, well versed in land laws, (Senators McDuffie and Huger) to examine the subject. They did so, and reported their opinion, which was, that the patents ought to be issued. Their opinion appears in the Senate documents on this subject. The parties who had lands in these tracts, sought remuneration; and their money was refunded by the Secretary of the Treasury, in every case. The law of Louisiana protects improvements of settlers, and after ten years of undisturbed possession, gives titles. Therefore, no possible injury has been done to any parties by carrying into effect the law of 1814, and issuing the patents. Notwithstanding this, Congress still allows the subject to be agitated, session after session, in both Houses, to the great consumption of the public time, and prejudice of the public interests. Senator Johnson, of Louisiana, one of the most persevering men in the world, has devoted himself with success to the task of agitating the subject and disturbing the decision, as did Mr Cave Johnson in the other House.—Senator Johnson has, by his unwearied exertions, procured the passage of a resolution, by the Senate, directing an inquiry by the Attorney General into the validity of the patents. The object is, to set them aside, I presume, in some way.

It follows from this attempt, that patents to lands are good for nothing, so long as anybody is disposed to question them, and that there is no means of quieting land titles.

The Houmas controversy has, at various times, elicited some feeling, and it has even had a bearing on some very important political changes, to my knowledge. It has been the means of extinguishing some public men, and of promoting the success of others.

Senator Johnson, in the course of the late proceedings in the Senate on this subject, was asked whether he was personally interested in the matter. It seems that it had been reported that he was thus interested. Senator Johnson, in an explanation before the Senate, has vindicated himself from any imputation of interested motives. He states that his interest in the title of the Houmas tract is not affected by the patents granted; and that the bill to confirm the claim would have confirmed his title to six hundred and forty acres, but that, in opposition to his interest, he resisted the bill.

We copy the following from the Savannah *Republican* of the 4th instant:

IMPORTANT CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.—By the advertisement in another column, it will be seen that there is in contemplation an entire change in the times of arrival and departure of the Charleston Boats and Central Railroad Cars, to take place on and after the 4th inst. By the new arrangement *twenty-four hours* will be gained between Charleston and New Orleans. The passengers from Macon will proceed on the Macon and Western Road as far as Barnesville, and thence by stages via Columbus to Chenaw, Alabama. This arrangement will give us our Northern mail about two hours earlier than at present, while our Western news will arrive at 1 A. M.—rather an unfortunate hour during the war at least. We have found the present arrangement so admirable that we have not been anxious for a change. However, as the proposed alteration is manifestly favorable to the interest of the Railroads, and as it gives us our New Orleans papers some seventeen hours sooner than at present, we cheerfully acquiesce.

An affray took place on the 29th ultimo, in Dallas county, Alabama, which is thus described in the Dallas *Gazette*:—

"We learn that on Wednesday last, a rencounter took place at Athens in this county, between Washington J. Outlaw and Joseph D Christian, in which the latter received several bad cuts of a knife. There seems to have been a difference previously existing, and having met on that day, some words passed, when, we learn, Christian disclaimed all desire or intention of engaging with Outlaw in a personal combat, and turning to walk off, Outlaw struck at him with a knife, cutting through the rim of his hat and passing down the face, opened a large gash, which was followed by two other severe cuts across the face, opening the flesh to the bone, and a stab just under the breast penetrating the hollow. Christian was unarmed, but finding his antagonist cutting, feathered in upon him with his fist, knocked the knife from his hand, and was in a fair way to satisfy his thirst for blood, when the bystanders interfered and separated them. The matter was investigated before Justices, and Outlaw bound over for his appearance at the fall term of the court, in a bound of thirty-seven hundred and fifty dollars. The recovery of Christian is said to be extremely doubtful."

Correspondence of the Charleston Courier.

KEY WEST, June 27.

The ship *Russell*, of Kingston, Maine, from New Orleans for Gibraltar, via Boston, with a cargo of tobacco, in hhds and bales, being the bulk of 500 hhds, went ashore on the morning of the 22d inst, on Alligator reef, and was assisted off by the wreckers, after discharging a portion of her cargo, and brought into this port. The vessel not being materially injured, will proceed without discharging. In the absence of our Judge, the case was submitted to arbitrators for the settlement of salvage, who have awarded the wreckers $6,700, being a fraction less than 28 per cent. on valuation.

Cargo valued at	$18,048 23
Vessel,	6,000 00
	$24,048 23

The brigantine *Nelson*, for London, sailed on the 21st.

The steamship *Massachusetts*, from Alexandria, with six hundred recruits for Mexico, passed down the Gulf in sight of this place, and communicated with one of our pilots.

The steam cutter *McLean*, capt Howard, having completed taking in coal, will proceed to New-Orleans, to-morrow.

The Washington correspondent of the Charleston *Courier* says:

It is positively ascertained that Mr Buchanan will be nominated to the vacant seat on the bench of the Supreme Court, during the present week. Many persons are named as his successor in the State Department, but it is presumed that no one has yet been decided upon. It seems to be generally supposed that Col Wm R King will be invited to take it.

There is a rumor about that a new compromise of the Tariff question is agitated between Mr Calhoun, Mr Webster and Mr Benton, and that Mr Webster has gone to the north with the view to arrange it [illegible]

[illegible]

Jone's Coral Hair Restorative.

NOTE—Among the educated, there are few who will doubt but that by forcing the roots and scalp of the head to a healthy action, we can cause growth—aye, dark, luxuriant growth. The roots being healthy, a sediment called dandruff or scurf is discharged from the scalp the hair now becomes soft and silky. Thus the roots strongly fastened in their native soil, proudly and splendidly display their beauty, as a specimen of diseased nature raised from death by the powerful aid of Science. Having stated as above the actual, true, and real qualities of Jone's Coral Restorative, I leave the intelligent portion of the public to judge of the truth of its possessing these qualities, by the testimony of the following highly respectable editor.

(From the New York Sun, December, 1841.)

"A young gentleman, a friend of ours, living in Bleeker street, and well known in Wall street, was attacked with fever; the hair on the top of his head was dried off, the sides were covered with red, rusty, dry hair, filled with dandruff. He has now a beautiful head of hair, from the use of Jone's Coral Hair Restorative."

MOORISH HAIR DYE.

For permanently dyeing Light, Red, or Gray Hair a Dark Brown or Black Color, without dying or injuring the skin.

For sale at DALLEY'S Southern Magical Pain Extractor's Depot, No. 151 Chartres st.

Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor.

THE original, and only Genuine, always has the written signature of the proprietor, "H. DALLEY" on the wrapper of each box; General Depot 388 Broadway, New York, Southern Depot 151 Chartres street, New Orleans. jy1 3m

ATTENTION.—The following excellent and popular articles are sold in this city, at the *only genuine* Depot for Dally's Magical Pain Extractor, No 38, POYDRAS STREET, viz: Gray's Ointment; Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry; Magical Pain Extractor Salve; Green's Ague and Fever Mixture, warranted to cure; Extract of Sarsaparilla, Acoustic Oil, for Deafness; Vermifuge, for Worms; Hay's Liniment, for Piles; Headache Remedy; Bernard's Remedy; for Bowel Complaint; East India Hair Dye, colors the hair and not the skin; Varnish for Stoves, Pipes and Grates; Balsam of Hoarhound, the best remedy for Coughs, Colds and Consumption, etc. j1[illegible]

Bark Elvira, Captain Sears, from Boston, is discharging at the Picayune Tier, opposite the Triangular Buildings, 2d Municipality. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, otherwise they will be stored at their account and risk.

jy 10 RICKER & PEARSON, 62 Camp street

DRIVER OF DRAY 844 is requested to return receipt for 1 tale Merchandize marked M M C, hauled from ship Medora, otherwise he will be prosecuted to the full extent of the laws.

jy 7 RICKER & PEARSON, 62 Camp st

Ship Middlesex, Capt Elliot, from Boston, will commence discharging this day, opposite the Orleans Cotton Press. Consignees are requested to attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, otherwise they shall be stored at their expense and risk.

jy7 RICKER & PEARSON, 62 Camp st

Ship Norfolk, Capt Rogers, from Boston, will commence discharging this day, opposite the Orleans Cotton Press. Consignees are requested to attend the receipt of their goods on the Levee otherwise they will be store at their account and risk.

jy3 RICKER & PEARSON, 62 Camp st

NOTICE.—The ship [illegible], Capt. Dyer, from Havre, will commence discharging early this morning, at Post No. 3, Third Municipality. Consignees are particularly requested to take out their permits; all goods not permitted within five days will be sent to the public store. j30 J P WHITNEY & Co 73 Camp st

NOTICE.—Mr. JOHN [illegible], holds my Power of Attorney during my absence from the city. Persons having business with me will please apply to him.

j23 JOHN BELLOW Jr.

NOTICE.—The undersigned retiring from business, invites those who are indebted to settle their accounts under the least possible delay, and those to whom he is indebted are requested to present their claims immediately.

His agent, Mr Maignan is entrusted with the settlement of his concern and will continue under his own name and account the same business, at No. 27 St. Louis st.

jy1 EDOUARD LORRONDE.

Mayoralty of New Orleans.

COUNCIL OF MUNICIPALITY NO. ONE.

SITTING OF MONDAY, JULY 6th 1846.

RESOLVED, That the Mayor be and is hereby authorised to rent to the highest bidder at his office on SATURDAY next, at 12 o'clock, the Sugar Platform for one year from said date payable in notes at 3, 6, 9 and 12 months date, endorsed to the satisfaction of the Finance Committee. It being understood that all repairs are to be made at the expense of the lessee, and that the Council reserves to itself the privilege of annulling the above lease at any time it may be deemed necessary, on returning to the lessee the notes for the unexpired part of his lease.

(Signed) JOS. GENOIS, Recorder.
Approved July 8th, 1846.
(Signed) A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

Notice is hereby given that on SATURDAY the 11th instant at 12 o'clock M., I shall proceed to adjudicate the rent of the Sugar Platform in pursuance of the above resolution. jy10 A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

10 DOLLARS REWARD.—Ranaway from the undersigned, the mulatto named Joe, a barber, aged 32 years, about five feet two inches in height, having belonged formerly to Mr. Frank Perret. This mulatto is well known as belonging to the undersigned. The above reward will be given to whoever will lodge him in any of the city prisons or bring him back to

jy10—3tlw T. MOREAU, Cor Toulouse and Royal sts

BROUGHT to the Pound of the First Municipality, 1846, Marais street, between Marigny and Roman, a white cow, spotted with red spots and two fore legs black, branded on the left thigh with a mark resembling the letters E. B.; without other apparent mark or stamp.

A chestnut colored cow, with white belly and fore legs, branded T. on the right haunch, without other apparent mark or stamp.

A red and white cow marked on the ears, without other apparent mark or stamp.

A red cow, the back, belly, and part of the tail and the two hind legs white, having a [illegible] on the rump, one horn shorter than the other, without other apparent mark.

A red cow, with a white stripe on the back, white belly, branded E. g. [illegible] on the horns, the ears cut, without other apparent mark.

A black cow, with a large white spot below the belly, the horns pierced and branded J. J. B. upside down, on one side of the rump the letters E. E. and on the other side illegible without other apparent mark.

A white and black cow, branded on the ears, without any other apparent stamp.

A red cow, with a spot below the rump, and white belly and tail, without other apparent mark.

A white and brown cow, marked on the ears, and without any other apparent mark.

A red and white cow, marked on the ears, branded on the rump with the letter P., and without other apparent mark.

A red cow, having the belly, tail and the two hind legs white, marked on the ears, the tips of the horns cut, without other apparent mark.

A white cow, with black ears, marked on the ears, a piece of rope round her neck, without other apparent mark.

A red heifer, spotted with white, without any other apparent mark.

If between the present date and the 25th July, said animals be not claimed, they will be sold at the usual place and hour, by the auctioneer appointed by the State.

j10 MICHEL DUREL, Keeper of the Pound.

THIN MUSLINS FOR LADIES' DRESSES Selling Off.

THE SUBSCRIBER [illegible] offers for sale 700 yards MUSLINS, LAWNS, JACCONETS, CAMBRICS and ORGANDIES, suitable for the present season, and of the latest importations, at less than one half the former price. Those in want of good dresses at unusually low prices are invited to call and examine them.

C M SIMPSON, Chartres st.
j10 Cor Customhouse st.

JUST RECEIVED—Per ship Russia from Bordeaux, 100 casks Montferrand claret wine; 92 do Quarters do do; 10 pipes superior old cognac. Sundries—80 baskets olive oil, 1 doz each box; 340 baskets olive oil, do do do; 180 do Anizette, 40 cases kirch, 4 do brandy fruits; 50 casks Chateau Margaux, Montferrand, St Julien, St Emilion from prior importations; 12 baskets Guignolet; 60 bxs assorted cordials; 60 bxs orange flower water; 4 cases Barette paper; 140 bxs pickles; 30 bxs green peas; 5 bxs Curacao; 10 do maraschino; 8 bbls and 6 demijohns sherry wine; 2 do pate truffe; 100 bxs supr St Julien claret wine, in store and for sale by REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.

j10 34 Tchoupitoulas st

SEGARS—44,000 segars just received from Havana, comprising the selected brands, Estrella, Judin Errante, Amazona, Victoria, Franklin, Eliza—also of former arrivals 600,000 segars of a great variety of good brands, size and qualities, in store and for sale by

REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.
j10 34 Tchoupitoulas st

GUN POWDER—Eden Parks Mills in kegs, halves and quarter, kegs, in quantities to suit purchasers for sale by REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.

j10 34 Tchoupitoulas st

BAGGING & ROPE—125 pieces of bagging and 125 coils rope in store and for sale by REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.

j10 34 Tchoupitoulas st

BOOTS, SHOES & BROGANS—140 cases, landing from ships Sophia Walker, Gloucester and Franconia, for sale by R G HOOKS, jy10 19 Customhouse street

FLOUR—1,000 bbls St Louis, Washington, Eagle, Missouri, Rochester and Illinois, in store and for sale by REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.

j10 34 Tchoupitoulas st

HAVANA COFFEE—70 bags prime green Havana coffee, in store and for sale by REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.

j10 34 Tchoupitoulas st

FLOUR—200 bbls superfine St Louis City Mills "Washington Brand," a very superior article, for sale by

jy10 J P WHITNEY & Co, 73 Camp st

COTTONADE—150 cs Attakapas cottonade, for sale by REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co

j10 34 Tchoupitoulas st

FLOUR—1900 bbls St Louis Flour, Bakers' brands, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,

jy10 98 Tchoupitoulas st

BEANS—100 bbls White Beans, in fine order, and for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co,

jy10 98 Tchoupitoulas st

LARD—160 bbls Leaf Lard, for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co, 98 Tchoupitoulas st.

PORK—400 bbls Pork, of all qualities, now for sale by BUDDECKE, WOODS & Co, 98 Tchoupitoulas st

TOBACCO—100 bales Cuba and Mayari, for wrappers and fillers, for sale by L CANTIS,

jy9 42 Gravier street.

HAVANA SUGAR—330 boxes white, yellow and brown, in store and for sale by L CANTIS, 42 Gravier street.

jy9

TOBACCO—150 bales Vuelta de Abajo, for wrappers and fillers, for sale by L CANTIS,

jy9 42 Gravier street.

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—22 cases, landing from ship Midlesex, for sale by G W DUNBAR,

jy9 30 Customhouse st.

SALERATUS—10 casks landing ex ship Auburn, and for sale by ROBERTS & HALL,

j8 75 Magazine st.

GUATEMALA INDIGO—10 ceroons Guatemala Indigo, in store and for sale by LEOPOLD JEANNET,

jy 8 22 St Louis st

CITIZENS' BANK FUNDS—Post Notes and Coupons, for sale by WYLIE & EGANA,

jy 6 20 Bienville street,

CHAMPAGNE WINE—250 baskets Sillery Mousseux, landing ex ship Austerlitz from Havre, and for sale by

jy 7-1m GEO GREEN & BRO, 60 Gravier st.

SUGARS—23,000 Regalia Segars, landing ex brig T Street, from Havana, and for sale by

jy7 J M CABALLERO, 30 Old Levee.

INDIGO—6 cerons Guatemala Indigo, landing ex brig T Street, and for sale by

jy7 J M CABALLERO, 30 Old Levee.

LIQUORS—30 bbls old Peach Brandy; 30 do Bourbon Whiskey; 2 puncheons Irish Malt Whiskey, for sale by G & S BUCHANAN & Co.

CORN—2000 sacks landing from [illegible] for sale by JAMES E WOODRUFF [illegible]

[illegible]

Medical Board of the State of Louisiana.

EASTERN DEPARTMENT.

Names of Physicians, Apothecaries and Mid Wives who have complied with the provisions of the law

PHYSICIANS.

Aiburzi, P	Jerman, J
Alpuente,	Jones, Jh
Anderson, W D	Jones, E A
Autenrieth,	Jones, A H
Byrenbeit,	Kerr, J E
Biamonti,	Ker, J J
Beugnot, J	Kennedy,
Bourgeat, J	King, W. W.
Barton, H	Logan, T. M.
Barbe, J F	Lambert,
Bean, R	Landreaux, J U
Barrelle, F O	Lemonnier, Y R
Bazerque, B E	Ladmirault, L
Broderick, M	Labatut, J
Brent, W T	Luzenberg, C A
Barton,	Lewis, J H
Brent, J C	Labatut, J
Boussenc, M L	Levering,
Bardash,	Logan, J. W.
Binaghi,	Mane,
Cage,	Marchand, L A
Cifreo, C C	Mather, G
Campbell, G W	Meric,
Cokett, J S	Mercier, P J A
Charaux, S D	Martin, M
Cartier,	Mercer,
Cenas, A H	McPherson,
Chinn, R H	Maux, J O
Crockett, J S	Mackie, J M
Careyo,	Mosher, J W
Carpenter, W M	McNeill, S
McCormick, C	Natili,
Doussan,	O'Regan, D
Desnruelle,	Osborn,
Dabourg,	Orlocki,
Dupuy, J	Penniston, N
Dupas, J	Pinson,
Daret,	Petit, T
Draine,	Picton,
Durel, P	Pecquet, L C A
Dalton,	Palmer, E.
Dowler, B	Phillipp, J. C.
Dowler, M M	Ridgely,
Depay, T	Rice,
Doroner, P.	Rivet, J N
Davezac, A.	Rame, H
McDowel, H G	Reboz, C
Eagan, Jas. E.	Rooke, H D
Easton,	Rice,
Formento,	Ridgely, R G
Fortin, E	Rochon,
Fenner, E	Rhodes, J
Ferrier, A	Ritchie, J
Forsyth, D W	Riddell, J S
Faget, J C	Rost, E W
Farquharson, R J	Rooney, F. S.
Fourrs, J M	Rust, G.
Parrell, J.	Stone,
Fortineau,	Schnable, A
Gourrier,	Souterre,
Gossnard,	Sunderland,
[illegible], J B	Stone, W K
Gallardo,	Snowden, C
Graves, P F	Slade,
Gilpin, J	Scratchley, E.
Graham, R	Smith, W. H.
Harris, R	Butterwhite, J. P.
Hort, W P	Taylor, W E
Hardesty,	Tricou, H
Holt, J G A	Tricou, P.
Heste, A	Thomas,
Hacker, J B	Tudor, H S
Hare, W	Turpin, C C
Hire, W H	Taft, G M
Holliday,	Thorpe, F J
Henderson, J B	Tureaud, J A D
Houmes, H	Viosant, S.
Hamilton, J	Valette, de, C
Hitchcock, I.	Wiendahl, A C
Hart, A	Wilkinson, J S
Harrison, J	Wills, N J
Hough, H	Wederstrandt, J
Harby,	Witney,
Hunt,	Wilkinson, B
Harral,	Wedderburn, A
Hamilton, J.	Wandergriff,
Hayes, J. J.	Wood, S. B.
Hyde, E. C. (W. B.)	Young,
Isard,	Yemer, P. (W. B.)
Jones, J	Zegrner,
Juizzecoth, V	Zehender, J S

APOTHECARIES.

Andreau, P	Gottshalk, C
Blanchet,	Greve, O W
Bartet,	Jones, G
Boyne,	Laverne,
Bonnabel,	Landes,
Bremer, A	Labiche, J
Bernard,	Morgan, G
Bertrand, P A	Mackie,
Chabance,	Martin, P
Courmain, P	Martin, P.
Curtius,	Mauny, P L
Cannon,	Nystrand, C H
Cusachs,	Peychaud, A
Casanu, M	Pinon, L
Carries,	Rossi, I
David, C	Rose, F H
Duravage,	Ruth,
Delenche,	Rotterier,
Dufilho, J	Routzhon, U
Decius,	Schuette,
Davis, E H	Serda,
Grandin,	Shaw,
Granallon,	Sirmes,
Greveson,	Stratt, J
Gourdon, J	Winding, H S

MID-WIVES.

Bourgeois,	Ferriot,
Chalette,	Loudreau,
Cancel,	Marchand,
Corcoran,	Moreaux,
Deszeraud,	Sandry,

SURGEON DENTIST.

Blanchard, P.	Lion, F.

All Physicians, Apothecaries and Mid-Wives who have not yet complied with the provisions of the law, are requested to present themselves before the Medical Board, otherwise they will be prosecuted according to the 5th Section of the law on the Medical Board, which reads thus:

SEC. 5. *Be it further enacted, etc.* That every person who shall practice in the State of Louisiana the profession of a physician, an apothecary, or that of midwifery, without a special licence granted by the Medical Board, shall be liable to a fine that shall not exceed the sum of one hundred dollars for the first offence, and the second offence, such person shall be fined a sum that shall not be less than two hundred and not more than five hundred dollars, recoverable by said Medical Board, before any court of competent jurisdiction in the state, and said fines shall be paid over to the Treasurer of the Charity Hospital.

A delay of thirty days is granted to all persons who are now in contravention of the law. P A BERTRAND, jy7 Secretary Medical Board.

P. S—All letters must be post paid.

Medical Board of Louisiana.

EASTERN DEPARTMENT.

ALL Physicians, Apothecaries, or Mid-Wives, whose names may have been omitted in the list published by the Board, are requested to hand in their names with the respective residences to the undersigned. A new list will be published at the end of the month.

jy9—3t P. H. BERTRAND.

Office of the Merchants' Insurance Co.

NEW ORLEANS, July 7, 1846.

AT A SPECIAL meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a semi-annual dividend of 10 per cent. on the amount of the capital stock, of 52 per share was declared from the profits of the last six months, payable to the stockholders on and after Monday the 13th inst.

jy8 10t JOHN PEMBERTON, President.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

WILL be given by the undersigned, to whoever will arrest and lodge in one of the State jail, or bring him to No 23, Dumaine st, the negro man HENRY, alias GUERIN, about 5 feet 4 inches, good sized body, black face, small eyes, large forehead, [illegible] on his chin. It is supposed he is lurking about Algiers.

Captains of steamboats, ships, &c., are warned against receiving or employing said negro, under the severest penalities of the law. DESDUNES POINCY & Co. 8 6t

BROUGHT to the Pound of Municipality No One, in Dumaine street, between Derbigny and Roman, A Sorrel Horse, white forehead, the two hind feet white, having marks on different parts of the body, without any visible stamps.

A Cinnamon colored Horse, a star on the forehead, one hind foot white, stamped on the right hip with the letters B Y, close together, and on the left hip with a Spanish mark, without any other visible marks.

If from this date to the 18th July said horses are not claimed, they will be sold at the usual time and place, by the Auctioneer appointed by the State.

jy8 MICHEL DUREL, Keeper of Pound.

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.—By the Middlesex from Boston, the subscribers are receiving:—

10 bales 7-8 Lowell Osnaburgs;
5 bales 4-4 do do
3 bales 7-8 twilled do do
5 bales 4-4 Appleton sheetings;
5 bales 4-4 Indian Head sheetings;
4 bales 7-8 tickings;
4 cases York Denims;
3 cases 4-4 bleached sheetings;
2 cases 4-4 superior Long Cloths;
1 case bleached Canton Flannel;
2 cases Merrimack blue prints (new patterns);

With a full and complete assortment of Jeans, Linseys and Kerseys. H de GOER & RIFFLARD,

jy8 21 Magazine st

PATERSON COTTON DUCK—John Colt Paterson Cotton Duck, comprising a large assortment of all the numbers suitable for sails, tarpaulings and awnings, landing from ship Auburn and for sale by

jy 8 LEOPOLD JEANNET, 22 St Louis st

SHERRY WINE—A small invoice of the celebrated Pomar brand, rec'd ex bark Parthian, warranted pure, for sale by ROBERTS & HALL,

j8 75 Magazine st.

DEMIJOHNS—French Demijohns of 5 gallons in store and for sale by LEOPOLD JEANNET,

jy8 22 St Louis st

ANIMALS IN POUND.—Was brought to the Pound of the Third Municipality, situated in Esplanade street, between Claiborne and Derbigny, the following animals:

A Chesnut Sorrel Horse, with a white star in the forehead, the left fore foot white; without other apparent mark.

A black Mule marked thus: T.

A white and yellow Creole Cow stamped P. B. on her right thigh.

If the said animals be not claimed within ten days following the present notice, they will be sold to the highest bidder, agreeably to the ordinances.

MANUEL PRADOS,
jy 7-3t in 10d Keeper of the Pound.

IN STORE and for sale by the undersigned, 150 casks red wine, divers qualities; 30 bbls white wine Sauterne, superior quality; 450 cases red wine, St Estephe; 35 do Hau Brion and Latour; 175 do Margaux, Lafitte and Gruau Larose; 108 do Burgundy and Chambertin; 25 do white wine, Sauterne 1825; 45 cases white wine, hermitage; 20 cases cherries in brandy; 10 do Marbochino; 10 do Curacao; cases do star candles; 20 baskets olive oil, Plagniol brand; 175 bbls old whiskey, Monongahela, Bourbon, &c; 1 pipe imitation Holland gin; 25 baskets Champagne, superior quality.

j13 CHS DUFOUR, 11 Conti st

SUNDRIES—2000 cases white and red wines, different brands; 50 cases Lemon Syrup; 35 cases assorted Syrup; 200 cases Olives, Capers and Gherkins; 100 barrels Olives, from Spain, fine quality; 200 cases Muscat of Frontignan and Lunel; 140 baskets Olive Oil, Pagniol brand, 6 and 12 bottles per basket; 25 cases Sardines, different brands, in 2-3, 1-2, 1-3 and 1-4 boxes; 200 cases assorted Cordials &c., for sale by j10 S V BARRETT, 21 Gravier st.

FOR SALE by the undersigned, landing from ship Strafford of Bordeaux:—200,000 colored tickets at 94 per 1000; 20,000 caps for bottles; 500 quarter boxes sardines 8 cases fruits in their juice; 25 bottles per case; 11 do do 24 half bottles per case. ST. V. BARRETT,

RECEIVED per brig T Street from Havana and now in store for sale—10 M Regalias Victoria brand; 10 do do E Franklin do; 10 do do Rio do; 10 do do Judio Errante do; 10 do do Estrella do brands.

REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.

HAVANA SEGARS—A general assortment of 600 M Havana segars of the very best celebrated brands, in store and for sale by REYNAUD CUCULLU & Co.

j[illegible] 34 Tchoupitoulas st

FLOUR—[illegible] bbls McKinny mill, superior article [illegible] bakers' brand for sale by REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.

j13 34 Tchoupitoulas st

OLIVE OIL—A small quantity of [illegible]

[illegible]

MANDEVILLE COLLEGE.—The undersigned would respectfully inform the patrons of this Institution, and the public, that the College exercises will be resumed on Wednesday, the 8th instant.

The English, French and Spanish languages, the Latin and Greek, the higher branches of an English Collegiate Education, Mathematics and various accomplishments form the course of instruction. The usual departments are filled with their respective professors, no change having been made, except in the Mathematical Department, which has been confided to Mr Cooley, an efficient and thorough Mathematician.

The public are further advised that on account of the resignation of Mr. McManus, President of the College, and Professor of Mathematics, a change has been rendered necessary in the direction of the Institution. It is hoped that the attention paid to the comfort and advancement of the pupils, and the maintenance of a salutary and effective discipline will secure to the College public confidence and patronage.

J SMITH WHITAKER,
JUAN BECO LOPEZ.
Mandeville College, July 3rd, 1846. jy4

SANDS' SARSAPARILLA

FOR THE REMOVAL AND PERMANENT CURE OF DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, OR HABIT OF THE SYSTEM, etc.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples, or Pustules on the Face, Blotches, Biles, Cronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms, Sciatica, or Lumbago, and Diseases arising from an injudicious use of Mercury, Ascites, or Dropsy, Exposure or Imprudence in Life. Also, Chronic Constitutional Disorders will be removed by this Preparation.

This medicine has in many thousand instances brought health and returning vigor to the weak and languid frame. Its operation extends itself to the remotest transactions of the general system, and consists in removing diseased action in the absorbing and secreting vessels.

The blood contains the elements of the whole animal structure—flesh and fibre, glands, muscles, tendons, the nails, the hair, and even the bones themselves, are all sustained by the blood. Well, then, may it be called the stream of life. In proportion to the purity of fluid will be that of the substance into which it is continually changing. Corrupt blood instead of producing healthy flesh, is likely enough to develop sores and ulcers. When these appear, whether in the specific form of scrofula, in all its multiform and disgusting shapes, or eruptions in all their disfiguring variety, rheumatism, billious disorders, general relaxation and debility, and a host of complaints arising from disordered secretions, there is no detergent, it is believed, that will so rapidly neutralize the virus in the blood from which they spring and effect a radical cure, as this preparation.

The following is an extract from a letter just received from Mrs. Bevan, who had been afflicted for several years with Scrofulous Ulcers, Dyspepsia, &c. and recently with an affection of the Throat and Chest.

BAILEYSBURG, Va. Dec. 13th, 1845.

Messrs A. B. & D. Sands—Before I commenced using your Sarsaparilla my sufferings were almost past expression, my throat was completely ulcerated, I had a dreadful cough, and there were frequently weeks together that I could not speak above a whisper; and besides the inflammation from my throat extended into my head, so that my hearing was very much impaired. After taking the Sarsaparilla a short time my health improved and my throat is now well, I am as free from cough and tightness of the chest as I ever was, and can hear quite distinctly. My throat has been well about three months, the cure of which has been effected entirely by the use of your Sarsaparilla.

Your friend,
LOUISA B BEVAN.

WINSTED, Conn. Aug. 5 1845.

A. B. & D. Sands—Gentlemen: About six weeks since I commenced taking your Sarsaparilla, and was then suffering from scrofula in its most virulent form. I had nine running ulcers, and had lost the use of one arm, and the disease caused such intense pain in the head, that three physicians told me I could not live—that there was no help for me.

I informed them there was one medicine would help me, and that was Sands' Sarsaparilla. My physician seeing my confidence was so great, sent you a certificate, and I commenced taking the Sarsaparilla. Its use produced immediate relief; my head is now well and my arm, which had been useless, I can now sew with, and my health is rapidly improving. Many people hearing of my case have come some six and nine miles to see me, and some have taken the Sarsaparilla after witnessing its wonderful operation on me. One lady had lost the use of her arm, and great things for her; and there are three or four in this place who have commenced taking it, and our merchants find a very ready sale for Sands' Sarsaparilla.

Yours, most respectfully,
CORDELIA CADY.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of the superior value and efficacy, see pamphlets, which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Wholesale Druggists, 79 Fulton street, New York. Sold also by Sickles & co., 24 Magazine and 40 Canal st., A. Oliver & co. and L. J. Dufilho, Jr. Mosely & Tucker, Mobile, and by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price, $1 per bottle; 6 bottles for $5.

The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands' Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands' Sarsaparilla, and take no other.

jy1—1m

NOTICE.—By a Resolution of the Board of Directors of the Mexican Gulf Railway Company, the Stockholders are hereby notified that they are called upon to pay G. Musson, Comptroller, on the 15th of July next, an Instalment of Ten Dollars per Share, in conformity with the fourth section of the Charter of this Company.

G. MUSSON, Comptroller.
New Orleans, 9th June, 1846. j11—3tam

WAS BROUGHT to the Second Municipality Police Prison JAMES, a black, about 23 years old, 5 feet 5 inches high, says he belongs to Mr Armand. The owner will please call, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

j1-1w[illegible] A H ELDREDGE.

WAS brought to the Second Municipality Police Prison, William, mulatto about 23 years old, 5 feet 3 inches high, with left eye, says he belongs to Captain Smith. The owner will please call, prove property, pay charges and take him away.

jy1-1aw-1f A H ELDREDGE, Warden.

25 DOLLARS REWARD.—Will be given to whoever will lodge in one of the city jails the mulatto boy named Joe, a barber, aged about 32 years, 5 feet 2 inches in height, stout, and crisped hair, well known in this city as having belonged to Mr Frank Perret, and now the property of the undersigned. It is supposed he is lurking in the second Municipality. T MOREAU,

j16—3t[illegible] Cor Royal and Toulouse and St Charles st

BILOXI.

A most desirable SUMMER RESIDENCE, consisting of a dwelling house of 4 large apartments and one cabinet, with galleries in front and rear, kitchen, servant's rooms, &c. and a good bath house, may be rented for the approaching season by applying to K McCULLUM, 19 Orleans st, near the Cathedral. The above residence is situated at the west end of this fashionable watering place, immediately fronting the Bay.

j26 15t

BROUGHT to the Pound of Municipality No One, in Dumaine, between Derbigny and Roman sts, a white cow, ears black small black spots on the body, horns through the ears and tail cut off, a mark on the ears, without any visible stamp. If from this date to 11th July, said cow is not claimed, it will be sold by the auctioneer appointed by the State.

MICHEL DUREL,
j2 Keeper of the Pound.

5 DOLLARS REWARD.—Strayed from the stable of the undersigned, corner of Dauphin and Barrack streets, on the 9th June, a mottled grey Horse, mane divided into three tresses, all four feet shod, having a mark on the back occasioned by the saddle. The above reward will be given to whoever will conduct said animal to the undersigned.

jy3—4 T MACARTY

TO THE FINE LIVE OAKS at Biloxi.—The splendid and commodious dwelling of Mrs. Pradat at Biloxi, is now open for the reception of those who are desirous of passing the summer season on the sea side and enjoying the pleasures of the country.

Large Bathing Houses have been constructed.

The table will always be provided with the choicest delicacies of the season.

The house is well provided in wines and cordials of all kinds.

On the premises of Mme. Pradat there is a fine Billiard, good Carriages, Horses, car and sailing boats, and finally all which is necessary to render the sojourn agreeable.

Honest and intelligent servants will always be in attendance on the boarders.

At the arrival of steamboats, when they will be unable to reach the wharf of Mrs. Pradat, a boat will be in attendance at the wharf of Biloxi Village, to transport those passengers who visit Mrs. Pradat.

Prices will be moderate. je9—3m

P. A. & L. DELMONICO, have the honor to announce to their friends that their NEW HOUSE, 25 Broadway, corner of Morris street, New York, will be opened June 1st. They have spared neither paint nor expense to make their establishment commodious and agreeable, and they will use every effort to merit the confidence of the public. New York, May 20, 1846. m30—3m

FLOUR—300 bbls Cornell mill; 400 bbls Eagle mills, 150 do Chouteau do; 100 do Rochester do; 300 do Union do; 100 do Phoenix do; 150 do Missouri do; 200 do McElroy do; 450 do Washington do; in store and for sale by REYNAUD, CUCULLU & Co.

j24 34 Tchoupitoulas st

JUST Landing, for sale per ship Vaillant, from Bordeaux—100 cases St Julien (good ordinary) Wine; 1000 Sardine boxes; 6 dozen Holland Cheese, very fresh; 4 Gruyere Cheese, in very good order; 300 French Demijohns. jy3—10t D LANATA, 11 Jefferson st.

D. B. MACARTY, at present in Europe, where he is making his purchases, and desiring to dispose of the stock of his store, has left orders with his Clerks to sell at exceedingly reduced prices the articles still on hand, and moreover the following goods which he is now receiving by the Elizabeth Ellen from Havre:

American Umbrellas (called Carolines) brouched and watered; chinese broached and watered Umbrellas, plain black silk Parasols, 20, 22, 24 and 26 inches, colored do do 22 and 26 inches, white filet and fil d'Ecosse Gloves; black silk do do; Egyptian do do Ladies' plain black silk do; plain fil d'Ecosse do, plain seamless Corsets of the manufacture of J. Werly at Bar le duc, superfine ginghams, Scotch patterns, plain white Cambric, different prices, 4-4 white Muslins, broched and open worked; Curtain Muslins embroidered; broached do, for musquito nettings; Fillouselle Laces with iron points, hemstitched linen cambric Handkerchiefs; plain do, different sizes, very large do for Gentlemen; a variety of Perfumery, Bands, called *inexplicable*, plain and embroidered; Marseilles Quilts, for children's beds, ladies plain fil d'Ecosse Stockings, plain and open work do for children, black silk Fringes; Prints for furniture, yellow, red, plain and with satin stripes; white barege Scarfs; colored bare do, plain black and with satin stipes do; French Drilling, latest fashion; plain black Merino from Cabarell, Lupon & Co, figured do; gentlemen and children's elastic Suspenders.

Also a fine assortment of American dry goods received per ships Wabash and Oswego. D. B. McARTY,

j5 23d Bourbon street.

SPRING GOODS.—We are receiving from France and the North by the ships Florence, Franconia, Huguenot, Silas Holmes, a splendid assortment of Spring Goods, viz: Bareges, Balzorines, Jaconets at 25 c., Organdy and Tarleton Muslins, Muzulman Bareges, Taglioni do, Calicoes Jaconet styles, Plaid and plain Swiss Muslins, black and white figured Bobbinet, Nanson and Jaconet Muslin, Straw Bonnets, Filet Gloves, Thread and Cotton Laces, Parasols, white and brown Cottons 3-4, 4-4, 5-4, and 6-4, Linen Cambric Hdkfs, Silk do, Log Cabin Cottonade, Blue Denims, Drilling, Linen and Cotton Thread, Swiss Ginghams new style, a large assortment of Linens, Table Setts, Damask Table Cloths, black and white Silk Hose, Cotton do, Linen and Cotton Checks, Plaid Muslins for Nettings, Linen do, Crinoline Skirts, &c. DAVID & CHAPUS,

a13 corner Chartres and Conti streets.

FRESH from Marseilles—Just received ex ship Mozart, and for sale by the subscribers—100 casks wine, Bergasse; 30 half do; 100 boxes Muscat wine, 25 do. do., best Lunel; 125 do Olives, Capers and Cornichons; 10 bales and shell Almonds; 200 baskets Jas Plagniol's Olive Oil; 200 half do. do; 20 baskets do., 24 half bottles; 50 do do, 12 half bottles.

a30 J F MERCIER & Co. 54 Old Levee st

FOR SALE, now landing ex ship Russia, from Bordeaux, 100 casks of red Wine; 45 half casks white wine; 8 boxes Maconnaise.

j17 DUBOUYT & [illegible]

[illegible]

WANTED [illegible] a gardener under[illegible] standing [illegible] of flowers, under[illegible] Bee. [illegible] ply at the Office of the [illegible] j27

[illegible]

THE regu[illegible] day after [illegible] days [illegible] commence on Sun[illegible] tinue during [illegible] the river, and con[illegible] noon until dark [illegible] and Monday after[illegible]

The Chiefs [illegible] Ferrand and Pierre Canelli.

The First Municipal [illegible] opposite the Public Square will keep two [illegible] every Sunday after noon.

Office of the Western Marine and Fire Insurance Company.

A DIVIDEND of [illegible] July 8th 1846 [illegible] the capital [illegible] of this Company [illegible] per cent on [illegible] Stockholders or their legal re[illegible] will be paid to the [illegible] on or after the 13th inst.

By order of the Board.

jy9—10d [illegible] LAWRASON, Secretary.

Mayoralty of New Orleans.

MUNICIPALITY NO. ONE.

RESOLVED, That the Mayor be requested to take the necessary legal steps as early as practicable, for the opening of Villere, Derbigny, Prieur and Roman streets, and all other streets which may be required to be opened in suburb Treme.

Adopted 17th June, 1846.
Signed, J[illegible] GENOIS, Recorder.
Approved June 2[illegible] 1846.
Signed, A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

In pursuance of the above resolution, notice is hereby given that in not less than thirty, nor more than thirty days from the first publication hereof, the Council of Municipality No. One, will proceed to sell the improvements contemplated by said resolution, agreeably to the provisions of the act of the Legislature, of the 3d April 1832 regulating the opening of streets, &c., within the limits of the City of New Orleans.

New Orleans [illegible] 1846.
jy9 30t A. D. CROSSMAN, Mayor.

DAGUERREOTYPE PORTRAITS at Three Dollars.

Corner [illegible] St Louis streets.

THE Proprietor of [illegible] has the honor of informing [illegible] he will soon leave for the country. Persons [illegible] having their Portrait taken at the now reduced [illegible] requested to call before he closes his establishment.

The excellent [illegible] of the work are warranted as heretofore. j9 8t

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY [illegible] named MARIANNE, aged 17 [illegible] feet [illegible] in height, fine figure. [illegible] at the moment [illegible] master, Mr. Justin A[illegible] will be given to whoever will [illegible] and no tify the undersign[illegible] [illegible] St Philip

DISSOLUTION [illegible]—The partnership [illegible] under the name of [illegible] this city, dissolved by mutual consent [illegible] entrusted with the settlement [illegible] nership and responsible for the [illegible]

[illegible]

New Orleans, July [illegible] 1846. jy2

THE undersigned will [illegible] here before and hopes to deserve [illegible] the public by the moderation of his price.

jy2—6t Successor of [illegible]

NOTICE—The [illegible] between the undersigned [illegible] PLANTIER & Co., was dissolved [illegible] by mutual consent, [illegible] liquidation and will continue [illegible] to that effect only.

C DUPLANTIER
B O'CONNELL.

The undersigned continues business on his own account as Commission Merchant and Broker, and offers his services to the public and his friends in the country. [illegible] enable him to give the utmost satisfaction to those who may entrust him with their orders.

July 1st, 1846. B O'CONNELL, No 3 Front Levee

Board of Assessors of State Taxes.

NEW ORLEANS, 20 June, 1846.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons owning or [illegible] landed Property or Slaves in that part of the Parish of Orleans composed of Municipalities No. [illegible] that the tableau or assessment roll of said property [illegible] for the year 1846, is deposited at the office of the Assessors of State Taxes, Exchange Place, between Conti and Bienville streets, and will remain open every day from [illegible] A. M., to 3 P. M., until the 20th July, 1846.

GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

NEW ORLEANS, June 8th 1846.

THE Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of five per cent for the last six months to the stockholders or their legal representatives [illegible] after the first July next. By order,

j9—1m P N WOOD, Cashier.

LANDING per ship Vaillant from Bordeaux, and for sale by the undersigned—

cases Red Wine, Montferrand, St Emilion, St Julien, Medoc and Chateau Margaux

[illegible] casks Red Wine, St Emilion and Chateau Margaux

250 cases Red and White Wine, Chateau Lafitte, Margaux, St Julien, Medoc, St Emilion, Haut Sauterne, Haut Barzac, Sauterne and Barzac.

[illegible] baskets Curacao. In store from direct importations—a large assortment of Red and White Wine, in casks and cases, bottled at 12 and 24's, liqueurs, assorted Cordials, Absynth, Kirsch, Anisseed, Vermuth, Gooseberry Juice, &c.

jy1 F & T LACOSTE, 105 Royal st

CHEAP DRY GOODS FROM AUCTION.

C. M. SIMPSON, No. 38 CHARTRES STREET corner of Customhouse street, having lately purchased largely at Auction, is enabled to offer to his customers and objects a desirable stock of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS at very low prices, many much less than the cost of importation. Just received:—

Yard wide Organdie Muslins, fast colors, at [illegible]
[illegible] Cambrics and Jaconets, do, 25 to 30
Super do do. 37
Real French Bareges [illegible]
Superfine do [illegible]
French Calicoes [illegible]
English and American do, fast colors, [illegible]
Fine Ginghams, wide, and good colors [illegible]
3 cases Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs 12½
5 cases Cotton Hose at very low prices
4 cases good Irish Linen at 25 to 30 per piece.

Public Schools, Municipality No. 3.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors of said Schools, held on the 3d of July, 1846, it was unanimously Resolved, That a Vacancy in the Public Schools of Municipality No. 3, be, and is hereby declared and [illegible] on the first Monday of August next, in conformity with the rules and regulations of said Schools.

ALEXE. DIMITRY
jy6—3t Secy. B. D. P. S. Municipality No. 3

Conti Street between Chartres and Royal.

G. THOMAS, being desirous of closing his business, informs [illegible] that he will sell his Stock at auction on Tuesday [illegible] o'clock, A. M.

He requests all persons who may have purchases to make before this period, to visit his Store [illegible] before [illegible] that they will be satisfied with his quality and prices of his goods.

BROUGHT to the Pound of Municipality No. One, in Dumaine, between Derbigny and Roman streets, A Tiger [illegible] with a large white spot on the hip [illegible] the body four feet, half the tail [illegible] without any apparent marks.

A Young HEIFER, Cinder color [illegible] on the back without any apparent marks.

If from this date to the 19th inst., said animals are not claimed they will be sold at the usual hour and place by the Auctioneer appointed by the State.

jy6 MICHEL DUREL, Keeper of Pound

BROUGHT to the Pound of Municipality No One, in Dumaine, between Derbigny and Roman streets. A SEA[illegible] Isabel, black hair, a star on the forehead, a white stripe up to tip of nose, one hind and front foot white, without any apparent marks.

If from this date to the 18th inst, said animal is not claimed, it will be sold at the usual time and place by the Auctioneer appointed by the State.

jy6 MICHEL DUREL, Keeper of Pound

FOR SALE, from recent importations—[illegible] casks ordinary red wine, 30 do old red wine for family use, 30 cases E Ternod's Swiss Absynthe, 40 do Vermouth, Lecoultre's do, 30 do do Kirsch Wasser, 10 do Italian Curacoa, 100 baskets Bordeaux Anisette, Italian fine corks, Holland Gin, Brandy, Madeira Wine, Rum, &c. &c. N DUBOUYT,

j1 No. 13 Toulouse st

FRENCH DRY GOODS—Landing ex ship Sea Lion from Havre—2 cases superfine Black French Cloths, 1 do Black French Cassimeres, 1 do Figured Black Cassimere, 4 do superior Madrass Handkerchiefs, 1 do Rich Embroidered Curtain Muslins, 1 do ex Rich Figured Linen for netting; 3 do new style French Prints; 2 do men's Brown Cotton Half Hose; 1 do Bone Buttons of superior quality. Also, on consignment and for sale cheap—4 cases superfine Paris Silk Hats.

j1 H DE GOER & RIFFLARD, 21 Magazine st

RECEIVED per Sea Lion from Havre and for sale by the undersigned—Lace cambric Handkerchiefs, plain and embroidered; black and white Veils; Laces, different styles; Barege Scarfs, embroidered muslin Collars, assorted Umbrellas, [illegible] style Suspenders; buffalo horn and shell Combs, and imitation do; assorted Buttons, Cologne Water; Persian Cream, Essences, Oils, Soaps, Pomatum, Powders, &c.

jy1 F & T LACOSTE, 105 Royal st

PITTSBURG COAL—10,000 bbls of superior Pittsburg Coal for sale. The undersigned has established a Coal Depot on the other side of the river, near the Ferry landing where steamboats and vessels can be loaded with the greatest dispatch, the depot being within 100 yards of the river's bank. jy1 ROBERT MURPHY, 60 Old Levee

LINEN CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS—The subscribers have received a splendid assortment of linen cambric handkerchiefs, which they will sell at low prices for cash. H DE GOER & RIFFLARD,

j3 21 Magazine st

SEGARS—Landing ex brig F Soule, from Havana—100,000 Regalias, Canadores, &c., of Sevillana, La Purera, Floresta; Luna, Esculapio, Sol, Reyna Victoria, Estrella, Primera Mariana, Lafayette, Dos Hermanos and for sale by

j30 J M CABALLERO, 30 Old Levee

LANDING from ship Vaillant, from Bordeaux, and for sale by the undersigned—35 do casks Red Wine, Montferrand; 35 doz Children's Gowns, 60 do under dress, 150 do drawers.

j30 CHARLES DUFOUR, 11 Conti st

TRUFFLES—Landing ex ship Vaillant from Bordeaux—25 boxes and 30 ½ boxes Truffles of the mark Philippe & Canaud, for sale by

j30 EUG ROCHEREAU & Co, 17 and 19 St Louis st

SARDINES—Landing ex ship Vaillant from Bordeaux—380 ½ boxes Sardines of the mark Philippe & Canaud, for sale by EUG ROCHEREAU & Co,

17 and 19 St Louis st

WINES—Landing ex ship Vaillant from Bordeaux—8 casks Claret very superior Ch de Peyre[illegible] 1841; 24 do do very good family wine, for sale by

j30 EUG. ROCHEREAU & Co, 17 & 19 St Louis st.

FRUITS in juice, landing ex ship Vaillant from Bordeaux—6 cases fruits of the mark Philippe & Conaud for sale by EUG ROCHEREAU & Co,

j30 17 & 19 St Louis st

WINES—[illegible] cases wines of different qualities, in bottles and half bbls; 150 cases white wine; 300 cases Muscat of Frontignan and Lunel; 50 cases Curacao of Holland; 40 do Maraschino of Zara, for sale by

j23 S V BARRETT, 21 Gravier st

SUNDRIES—100 casks Marseilles Bergasse Wine; 300 baskets fresh Oil, in bottles and half bottles, Plagniol; 500 cases Pickles, Capers, Olives and Anchovies; 35 do Marseilles Soap; 40 do Vermicelli and Macaroni, for sale by DARAN, QUEYROUZE & CO.

m7 11 and 15 St. Louis st

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—24 cases now landing from ship Norfolk, for sale by

jy4 G W DUNBAR, 30 Customhouse st

FLOUR—[illegible] bbls fresh ground superfine Flour of various St Louis brands, landing and for sale by

jy4 JAMES E WOODRUFF, 60 Camp st

[illegible]

[illegible]