The New-Orleans Bee.

G. F. WEISSE, Proprietor,
NO. 61 CHARTRES STREET.

Terms of the Bee.

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In all cases the subscriber must give one week's notice in writing before he can be allowed to discontinue.

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One Dollar for every TEN lines for each insertion, as the first insertion, and half that price for each subsequent one. No Advertisement inserted for less than ten dollars in each language.

☞ Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged one dollar for every TEN lines for each language for each insertion.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE. NEW-ORLEANS, TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 17, 1851.

The New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Official Journal of the State, General Council, First Municipality and Board of Liquidators.

Tuesday Morning, June 17, 1851.

NOTICE.

IN order to facilitate the transaction of my business, I have given a general power of attorney to Mr. EUGENE DUVERGER, my Cashier, under date of the 5th February inst. Mr. Duverger is empowered daily empowered to pay all debts, collect all dues and receipt all bills or accounts, either in my name or the name of the Bee. G. F. WEISSE.

New Orleans, May 1st, 1851.

☞ The Northern Mailed failed yesterday from beyond Philadelphia.

TRINITY BARBECUE—GEN. DOWNS.

On Saturday, the 7th inst., the friends of the Compromise and the Union gave a grand Barbecue at Trinity, in the Parish of Catahoula. A very large assemblage was present to listen to the speaking, to share in the festivities, and to foot it with the bright-eyed damsels of Catahoula through the mazes of the dance. The Concordia *Intelligencer* devotes seven or eight columns to a description of the proceedings, which took place. Gen. Edward Sparrow rose and in a few introductory remarks introduced to Hon. Solomon W. Downs, who enchained the attention of the auditory for nearly two hours. We wish we had space to republish the entire sketch of the masterly effort furnished by the *Intelligencer*; but we are compelled to restrict our notice to some of the more prominent and striking points.

Gen. Downs commenced by an eloquent expression of thanks to Gen. Sparrow for his very kind and graceful encomium, and a hearty avowal of the pleasure he experienced in coming into the midst of his fellow citizens of Catahoula, with whom he had passed so many happy days in the days of his youth. He then proceeded to make certain special accusations which had been publicly made against him, and which had, in some sort, imposed upon him the necessity of making an appeal to his constituents; to show that he had passed in the U. S. Senate, Gen. Downs then reviewed the legislation on the subject of the Compromise, and the policy adopted by himself and a majority of the Louisiana Delegation. In January 1850, while Louisiana delegation, except one, addressed a letter to the Governor of the State, with a request to submit it to the Legislature for action. The letter, which Gen. D. read, and which was published many months ago, recalled to his remembrance about the time that Gov. JOHNSON was going out of office and Gov. WALKER was succeeding him. The consequence was that, although the letter was not, in the same words and terms, presented to the Legislature the substance of it was embodied in the message of the present Governor, General JOSEPH WALKER.

We therefore, said General Downs, had a legitimate right to consider the suggestions to the legislature of the retiring and the acceding Governors of the State of Louisiana, and the action of the Legislature there in to be the counsel and advice we had asked.

That we acted in accordance with suggestions and advice, were, by the Governor's message and the action of the Legislature of the State, fully established. The Legislature could take up the subject of Reclaiming, and the Governor could appoint Commissioners to treat with the Federal authorities there, as he (the General) had with them in a public address last fall in the crowded New York. This, said the General, he believed they were now doing, and will continue effectually to do, if the South shall have the tact to disturb the present state of affairs.

Agitation in the South, it may be strictly speaking unable to trust, to say, is now confined to the Northern States in only the scattering fragments driven by the tempest from the great Union of Southern States now in the borders of the Pacific Ocean.—*Great applause.*]

After the triumphant vindication of his course Gen. Downs made an able analysis of the various disunion movements in Georgia, Mississippi and Georgia, and pointed out the folly and madness of the secessionists; commented upon the patriotic manner in which Georgia, had put its head upon the vile heresy; proved that South Carolina was acting in violation of the counsels of her best, most aged and most faithful citizens—such as CALHOUN, Gov. BUTLER, PICKENS, and BUTLER—denounced the Southern Rights Association of Carolina as Jacobin clubs irresponsible in character and strong recklessly to dictate to the sober citizens of this State.

The *Intelligencer* regrets the inability to publish Gen. Downs eloquent and forcible peroration; but in complimance to the will of popular impatience, he agreed that even if he had not been correct, patriotic and true to the interests of the South as well as the union he could have done no different from what he had done. He had justified himself to his own conscience, to the legislature of his own state, and the immense popular majority of the people of his own state, as well as to the majority of the slaveholding states and to the General Government.

The speech of Gen. Downs covers the whole ground at issue, and will doubtless be, when published entire, considered the final argument, and the summing up of the question. We learn that it will be published entire in the Washington Journal.

HAVANA.—By the Spanish polacre *Elasia*, we have received Havana papers to the 7th inst. They contain nothing of special interest.

Under the superintendence of Mr. Wright, an American, several mines of silver and coal are about to be worked in the Island.

FROM TEXAS.—By the steamship *Pampero*, Captain Wells, we have received Galveston papers to the 13th inst. The *News* states after the *Monument* of the 4th, that the weather was still dry in that section, and that the crops—both corn and cotton—were suffering from the drought. It had been four weeks since rain enough had fallen in the neighborhood of Lagrange to wet the ground. Early corn is represented as still looking well, but the Monument says, that which was planted late has an unfavorable appearance. Within the last week of the past month, the Colorado is said to have risen nearly twenty feet, and though it has fallen since that time, twelve or fifteen feet, it is still in good navigable condition.

From the Houston Telegraph, we learn that the strife between some of the candidates for Congress in the Eastern District of Texas, has become quite as wrathful as that between some of the candidates in our own District. Judges Ochiltree and Evans are said to be hurling the "*Gen*," "*coward*," &c., at each other, with much freedom and vehemence.

WAR AMONG PRINTERS.—The TEXAS Monument learns from a Mr. Lance, that a serious difficulty occurred at Huntsville, Walker county, on the 31st ult., between a Mr. Hay and another printer, in the Presbyterian office. Hay is represented as the adversary with Bowie knife, in several places, which wounds, it was thought, would prove fatal.

CHARGE D'AFFAIRS AT ST. JAMES.—We learn from the Donaldsonville *Vigilant*, that this decease has made us up, entrance in the parish of St. James, on the plantation of Col. Mire. Twelve negroes have already died, and two others were dangerously ill.

THE ACCIDENT ON THE BINGAMAN COURSE.—We mentioned yesterday that the stand of the Bingaman course at Algiers, had fallen during the storm, and had inflicted serious injury on a number of persons. We are sorry to learn that one person was killed and a number badly wounded. The following is a list of the victims of this unfortunate casualty:

Patrick McDonough, laborer, was killed.

Mr. James Amos, was seriously bruised about the chest and abdomen, and a little girl of his about seven years of age, was so much hurt that she was carried home insensible.

Patrick Golding, of Algiers, was much injured about the head, and one of his legs was supposed to be broken.

James McCannon, of Algiers, had his right hand badly crushed and one of his shoulders bruised.

James Willis, of this city, was much injured about the body.

Wm. Freeney, of Algiers, had his right arm severely hurt.

A girl called Mary Jane was badly bruised, and was removed from the track insensible.

A number of persons whose names could not be ascertained in the confusion resulting from the accident were much injured. McDonough, who was killed, left a wife and two children. A fine horse that was under the stand was also killed.

☞ List of passengers per steamship Winfield Scott, which vessel left this port for New York, yesterday morning, at 9 o'clock.

[illegible] Slade, Mrs. Slade, 2 negro lady and 2 children, Mr Brander, lady and family, Mr Weeks, lady and servant, Mr Barnes and lady, Mr Hill, lady and servant, Mr Mercier and lady, Mr Dalzell and lady, Mrs Sawyer, Miss Sawyer, Mrs Appleton, Miss Fonda, Mrs Lovell, Mr Chamberlain and servant, E A Hall, Mrs Hall and servant, Mr Bullard and lady, Mrs Sawyer, Miss Sawyer, Mrs Appleton, Miss Fonda, Mrs Lovell, Mr Chamberlain and servant, E A Hall, Mrs Hall and servant, Mr Bullard and lady, Mrs Smith, Misses Smith, Smith infant, 3 Misses Comstock, Mrs Comstock and child, Mrs Squires, Miss E Wilcox, Mr Cox, Mr Fowler, Miss H Nye, Miss C Gulick, Master Hill, Mrs Hutchinson, Miss H Beck, Miss M L Beck, Mrs Dr Vermeyne, Mrs Hutchinson, F A Hudson, Lady Vermeyne, Mrs Jacobs and child, Mrs M Coate, Mr Barnes, lady and 2 children, Judge Rost, C Pomeroy, Mrs Ward, Mr C Ward, Mrs C Ward, Mrs Rhees and 2 children, Mrs Goodsmith, Mrs Jacobs, W F Mason and lady, G M Nicholson and lady, Mrs Thompson and lady, C S Hill and lady, Mrs Hill and child, J D Hines, S Starrett, A Smith, W Adling, C Millard, S Packwood, J W Davis, Dr Lambert, H Hess and lady and children, J Forrest, Mr Rodgers and lady and servant, Mr Montgomery, J F McMurran, lady and daughter, C C Perkins and lady, Mrs Henry, Mrs Bridge and lady, T P Moore and lady and 2 children and servant, Mr Verdin and servant, J B Dimick, A Neal and servant, R Higgins, Miss Bulkley, R Caswell, Mr Hall, Mr Gilbert, W H Barrow & Co, Mrs Barrow, Mr Bruce, Mr Leland, L Regnet, J D Grosvenor, Durand, Mr Hall, Mr Bates, S Wood, Mr Cochrane, Mr Cockrane, Mr Berry, Thos L Green, C W Flood, T D Field, J J Williams, D T Caine, D Foster, S Smith, Mr Smith.

MAILS FOR THE WEST INDIES MEXICO AND SOUTH AMERICA.—It is officially announced That the Postmaster General has made arrangements, by which, after the 1st of July, letters to the West India Islands, ports in the Gulf of Mexico, and on the Atlantic coast of South America, can be sent through our post offices on payment of the U. S. postage to any such ports on the British possession and with British postage added when destined for places in the possession of other governments. The postmaster of New York, Charleston, Savannah, New Orleans, San Francisco, Mobile and Key West are empowered to make such arrangements as above in our Consular Havana, who will deliver them to the British Consul to be forwarded thence to the ports of destination by the Royal West India Mail steamers. Allen P. Owen, Consul at Havana, has been appointed resident Post Office Agent at Havana, to carry the foregoing operations into effect. The official notice also says:

"All letters and papers from other countries aforesaid to any place in the United States will be conveyed to Havana, and thence despatched through the British and United States consular office address, prevailed the British postage of 25 cents per single rate on letters, and 2 cents per newspaper, to be prepaid at the mailing office, leaving the United States postage to be collected at the office of delivery."

THE ELECTION for the various officers under the new constitution of Maryland will come place on the first Wednesday in November of the present year—being the fifth day of the month. The Congressional election will take place as usual, in October, until the Legislature can alter the time to correspond with the State election.

☞ A medal for HENRY CLAY is in course of preparation in the city of New York, to be presented as a testimonial of this eminent public services, and particularly as the originator of the recent Compromise. It is to be of gold, bearing on one side the bust of Mr. Clay, and on the other a design appropriate to its object. For this design the committee of subscribers offer to the successful competing artist a reward of $250. There are 125 subscribers, each of whom contributes $25. Besides the gold medal, one hundred and fifty bronze medals are to be struck from the same die, one for each of the subscribers, and the residue to be placed at the disposal of Mr. Clay. After this limited number shall have been struck, the die is to be broken. The designs for the reverse are to be submitted previously to the 4th of July next, and the medal is expected to be in readiness for presentation at the commencement of the next session of Congress. The cost of the medal, together with the bronze medals, will be $3,000. It is intended to enclose the gold medal in a silver case, engraved with a view of "Ashland."

THE STONE CONTRIBUTED BY BOSTON.—The Boston *Daily Advertiser* of Friday publishes the following:

"The stone designed for the Washington Monument, to be presented by the city of Boston, has been placed in the stately passage of the City Hall, where it can be seen by all who desire. The block is of Rockport granite, and presents a surface of 2 1-2 by 4 1-2 feet. It was finished and lettered by J. W. Wetherbee & Co. of Causeway street.

"The face of the block consists of a panel surrounded by an oval border enclosed within an oblong one, corresponding with the dimensions of the stone. Upon the panel is the inscription:

"'SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS SIT DEUS NOBIS. *Boston-sedite, A. D.* 1630. *Civitatis regnatæ donatio, A. D.* 1852.'

"The lettering is in neatly formed raised letters, and, with the hammering and polish, it is, we presume, unsurpassed in beauty and finish by any work in granite executed in this vicinity.

CATALOGUE SALE OF 250 PACKAGES AND LOTS OF DRY GOODS.—J. B. Blache & Co., will sell THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Mr. J. Levois store No. 47 Chartres street, up stairs, a splendid assortment, comprising upwards of 250 packages and lots of French, English and German Dry Goods, recently imported. The attention of buyers is called to said sale, which will take place without reserve—liberal terms. For particulars see advertisement.

The Great Exhibition.

A writer says, speaking of some of the objects in this Exhibition, Hunt & Rookin's compartment (late Starr & Marriner)—contains three tons of silver, and the whole contents are estimated at £150,000. These articles were placed (says another writer) in a by no means unfavorable position; yet I had spent the latter portion of five days there, roaming and gazing at will, before I saw this lot. There are three Diamonds exhibited which are worth, according to the standard method of computing the value of Diamonds, at least Thirty Millions of Dollars, and probably could be sold in a week for Twenty Millions; I have seen but one of them as yet, and that stands so conspicuously in the center of the Exhibition that few who enter can help seeing it. And there are several miles of cases and lots of costly wares and fabrics exposed here, a good share of which are quite as attractive as the great Diamonds, and intrinsically far more valuable. Is their cause for wonder, then, that the Exhibition is daily thronged by tens of thousands, even at the present high prices?

Upon the whole, (continues the writer) when we consider the multifariousness and the articles exhibited, the beauty of the scene, the peculiar construction of the building, and the materials employed in its erection, the genial temperature, the total absence of dust or other annoyances, of scorching sunshine or cold gusts of wind, the *tout ensemble* of this exhibition is, we think, far superior to any thing of the kind that has ever been seen in the world. Royalty in its own gorgeous palaces, or its gardens, can command nothing better. Accordingly her Majesty and the court, and the nobility, visit the exhibition, and are delighted with it. They can have no more refined enjoyment.

In the Austrian department, we have specimens of a very unpretending manufacture, *bricks and tiles*, yet they are the productions of one of the most extensive establishments in the world. M. Mesbach's manufactory of these useful articles at *Juzerndorf*, near Pesth, covers 261 English acres, and the materials for his manufacture are collected from 680 acres. The capital employed is 60,000 florin; the number of bricks and tiles produced 107,150,000, employing 4 880 persons, and making a return of 1,800,000 florins. Many of the most remarkable productions in the Exhibition have been bespoken by purchasers when the display terminates, and very extensive orders have been given for many articles of excellence in the various manufactures.

Powers' Greek Slave has attracted much attention. The *Examiner*, high authority upon the subject, after alluding to many of the principal works in this department of art, says: We must not leave this division (the foreign) without a word of the finest and best work contained within it, to which we did not sooner allude because its position is a difficult one to [illegible] mean the exquisite statue of the *Slave*, by Hiram Powers, whom the United States have the glory and the noble of calling their son." It is also said that Prince Albert has expressed his regret that no price for this exquisite statue will be named by its fortunate possessor. The *Economist*, in noticing the statuary in the Exhibition, says: "The world may see, perhaps, with some satisfaction, the sculptor of the United States bearing off the palm for beauty, and those of the continent conspicuous for rugged strength."

☞ The oldest Sovereign of Europe is ERNEST, King of Hanover. On the 5th of June he completed his 80th year. He is the only surviving son of George the Third, and was formerly known as the Duke of Cumberland. He, instead of Victoria, acceded to the throne of Hanover on the death of his brother, William the Fourth, in June, 1837, on which day the thrones of England and Hanover were separated—the prevalence of the salic law preventing the accession of females.

FUGITIVE SLAVE EXCITEMENT IN CHICAGO.—The Chicago Journal of June 3d, contains the following in regard to a scene of considerable excitement, occasioned by the arrest of a colored man claimed as a slave, by an agent for the alleged master, from the State of Missouri:

Yesterday afternoon Deputy Marshal Barker arrested a man named Moses Johnson, who had conveyed him to the United States Court room, but in consequence of the prisoner not being provided with counsel, Mr. Barker postponed the examination until this morning.

Meanwhile, the rumor of the arrest took wings, and a large number of individuals, including many colored persons, gathered about the court entrance, and much excitement prevailed at being known that the Marshal had decided to retain the alleged fugitive in the Saloon Building during the night, and that a suitable guard had been provided.

About half-past eight o'clock the lower doors leading to the Saloon were closed, and some attempt was made to force them open, but the officers in charge prevented it, and no violence ensued. The Mayor and Recorder held a consultation with a number of the police, as well as volunteers, were present to preserve order, and the prevailing feeling seemed to be to await the result of the legal examination. The trial commenced at 10 o'clock this morning in the U. S. Court room, before the Commissioner, George W. Meeker, Esq. The court room was crowded to its utmost capacity, hundreds were unable to gain admittance. Mr. Maurice, on behalf of the defendant, raised the question of the jurisdiction of the court, and Mr. Peck was speaking when we left the court room.

The *finale* of the matter we are unable to give as the examination was not concluded when we went to press.

BATON ROUGE ITEMS.—We take the following from the Baton Rouge *Gazette* of the 14th inst:

A serious rencountre took place on yesterday between Henry A. Redding, and Saml. Oldfield, resulting in the former receiving a slight wounded, by the discharge of a gun loaded with buckshot. As the matter will be the subject of a judicial investigation, we refrain from giving the causes which led to the difficulty.

THE MAN SHOT.—Yesterday two prisoners in the Calaboose, attempted to escape. After a short struggle A succeeded in grasping the Animal's throat in his right hand which caused it to relax its hold. He then threw it upon the pool and actually *choked it to death*. We are glad to learn that the wounds of the two individuals engaged in this affair, have not proved dangerous, and from which they recovered in a few days.

City Intelligence.

FIRST MUNICIPALITY COUNCIL.—A special meeting of this body was held last evening, Recorder Genella in the Chair, and seven members present.

The Mayor returned for amendment a resolution offered by Judge Derbes at the last sitting of the Council, for the opening of Bourbon street. A provison was added to the resolution to the effect that the street should be opened if no objections were legally made by property holders.

Some discussion arose as to the proper meaning of expressions in the ordinance appointing the citizens and Municipal authorities of certain moneys incurred in paving streets and laying down banquette.

This subject was referred to the Judiciary to report and the Council adjourned.

SUDDEN DEATH.—The body of a female child apparently about three months old, was discovered yesterday by some boys at play in a deep ditch gutter on Triton Wall, in the Second Municipality. How it got there is a question, though it is generally supposed that it was "maliciously murdered" by its mother or nurse, that being the verdict of the jury of inquest. The body had on a yellow calico dress and a cotton chemise. Around all was a woomen's apron.

ARRESTED.—Thos. McCage and Wm. Lewis were yesterday examined by Recorder Genella, charged with having stolen a cage containing a mocking bird, from Mrs. F. Bonnabel, residing in Vitheo street. The testimony being very positive against them, they were committed to the parish prison to await their trial before the First District Court.

Wm. Clair was also sent to the same Court, on the charge of having stolen a Colt's pistol, worth fifty dollars, from Mrs. Bailey, who keeps a gun shop in Chartres street.

Wiley Thompson being minus a coat—took it into his head to take from the counter of Mr. ——, a cloth paletot, without the permission of said ——. He was committed to jail to devise some more honest means of procuring clothing, and to await his trial before the dreaded tribunal of Judge Larue.

MAIMING.—Michael Anderson made a complaint before Recorder Genella, to the effect that on the 8th inst., he was brutally beaten and severely maimed by several individuals, one of whom bit off his nose. A warrant was issued but no arrest has as yet been made.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT—*Judge Larue.*—T. J. Foster, Frederick Marshall and Augustus Cady, were yesterday sentenced by Judge Larue. Fire years in the State Penitentiary and $1000 fine were awarded to Foster; five years in the Penitentiary and a fine of $1 to Cady; and three years in the Penitentiary and a fine of $1 to Marshall. The above parties, it will be remembered, were convicted of having robbed Mr. Charles' jewelry store, on Levee street, in April last.

SHOOTING WITH INTENT TO KILL.—Horace M. Smith, plead guilty in the First District Court, to a charge of assault with intent to kill, committed in February last, on the person of Otra Lusk. He was remanded, to await his sentence. Our readers are familiar with the particulars of the case. It occurred, it will be remembered, near the post office.

Joseph Polidor, f. m. c., charged with having stolen a horse belonging to one of the cotton press companies; J. Devine, accused of having stolen a silver watch from Frank Eimann; and Edward Barry, indicted for robbery, were all found guilty, and remanded for sentence.

AN INCORRIGIBLE WIFE.—In spite of the conjugal remonstrances of her husband Diego, Helen Delpo, will have her own way. When she is not drunk, she will disturb the peace and when she is drunk, she will disturb it tenfold. Whence, the complaint made by her husband, whose utmost care is to put Helen in the right path. The Recorder decided that she should be kept in close confinement in the workhouse during the space of one month.

A SERIOUS CUTTING CASE.—Johanna Kenon, one yesterday morning, was committed for trial before the First District Court to answer to the charge of having very seriously cut a cab driver named Charles Seerey, on the 6th inst. The wound extended from Seerey' forehead to his breast, Johanna is a woman of ill-fame who resides on Perdido street.

Telegraphic Items.

TORONTO, June 7.

CANADIAN LEGISLATURE.—*Discriminating Duties Proposed.*—In the Legislative Assembly to-day, Mr. Morris moved that an address be presented to the Queen, praying for an imposition of discriminating duties upon American products. A long debate ensued relative to the passing of reciprocity laws against the United States. The finance minister advised closing the canals against American vessels.—There is an unanimous feeling in favor of some mode of retaliation. The debate has been postponed a fortnight, to wait the result of negotiations.

ELIOTT'S MILLS, (Md.) June 7—10 P. M.

RE-ARREST OF THE CONVICT AMOS GREEN.—Amos Green, under sentence of death, who broke jail a few weeks since, at this place, was captured this morning, near Laurel Factory.—He is to be hung on Friday next, 13th June.

BUFFALO, June 7.

COLLISION ON LAKE ERIE.—The propeller steamer Princeton ran into the schooner Mackinaw, on Wednesday night last, when ten miles off Cleveland, and sank in seven fathoms water. The crew were all saved. She had a cargo of 10,000 bushels wheat consigned to Oswego.

RICHMOND, (Va.) June 7.

DEATH BY YELLOW FEVER.—Six deaths from yellow fever occurred on board the bark Wm. Larrabee, which arrived to-day from Rio Janeiro. One of the deceased is Mr. D. Howard, of Wilmington, North Carolina.

NEW YORK, June 7, 8 P. M.

LATE FROM HAYTI.—Advices have been received from Hayti to the 23 May. The political news is of no importance. Coffee was scarce and very high.

QUEBEC, June 7.

STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN LIVERPOOL AND QUEBEC.—A proposition has been introduced into the Provincial Parliament, to establish a line of steamships between Liverpool and Quebec.

BOSTON, June 8.

DREADFUL MASSACRE BY AN INSANE MAN, &c.—Last evening a dreadful affair occurred in Roxbury. A young man, a stranger from Maine, called on Dr. A. J. Cummings, complaining of feeling unwell. The Doctor being out, Mrs. Cummings invited the stranger into the parlor, who, after seating himself, complained of a great pain in the side. A moment afterwards Mrs. Cummings' little daughter came into the room, when the stranger sprung up, and in a frenzy of insanity, cut the unfortunate innocent, drew a razor from his pocket and cut her throat from ear to ear. Mrs. C. in a frenzy rushed forward to save her child, when the murderer instantly turned upon her, and severely cut her in several places. Mrs. C. then fled and found refuge in a neighbor's. The assassin wound up the horrid tragedy by cutting his own throat and expiring on the spot. The unfortunate girl died immediately. The man is supposed to be Ephraim G. Dagget, an insane patient from Hope, Maine.

UNFORTUNATE FAMILY.—It becomes our painful duty to announce that the eldest son of Mr. P. L. Sink, of this city, was drowned on last Tuesday evening while bathing in the river. He was about seventeen years of age and, we understand, a very promising and excellent boy. The body was recovered on Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Sink, his mother, was suffering so intensely under the hand of affliction, that it was thought improper by the attending physician to apprize her of the loss of her son. She continued to grow worse, and on Wednesday evening was pronounced by the physician in charge, as rapidly approaching, desired an interview with her children. Her mind had become so feeble that she did not discover the absence of her dear little boy, who was then a corpse, and in a few hours to be consigned to the silent tomb! She died about two o'clock the next morning.—*Tuscaloosa Observer*, 9th inst.

THE BRITISH MINISTER.—The *Republic* says: It was erroneously stated in our paper of Saturday that Sir HENRY BULWER had sailed for England in the Africa. The mistake originated in an exchange paper. It was Lady BULWER and not Sir HENRY, who took passage in the Africa. It is rumored, however, that this popular Minister will leave this country on a visit to England in October next, and be absent about three months.

A CATAMOUNT STRANGLED BY A MAN.—The Lake Providence *Journal* relates the following strange adventure:

Quite a thrilling incident occurred a few weeks ago, some miles above here on the Mississippi side of the river. Two men, M—— and A——, occupied a cabin; in close proximity to which, they were engaged in repairing levees, ditching, &c. Early one morning as M. emerged from the cabin door to his surprise he discovered a very large catamount crouched under the corner of it. It immediately sprang on him, biting and tearing, and he was severely wounded by the ferocious animal before succeeding in grasping it by the throat with one hand, and with the other striking him. He alarmed A., but ere he could come to his assistance, he had disengaged himself, and ran in the cabin, the animal following him as far as the door. A rifle was there, A. had the gun prepared, and aimed at him as he caught his eye. The gun snapped three times in consequence of dampness. In the meantime M. seized a spade to attack the animal, but caused him to desist as he wished to shoot him. Becoming satisfied of the inutility of the gun, he turned to lay it on the bed, the moment he heard a terrific yell from the catamount, it leaped a distance of ten or twelve feet, upon his left shoulder, and bit and scratched him very considerably. Perceiving the danger of his friend, M. wished to kill the Catamount with his spade, but was prevented by A. from so desist. After a short struggle A succeeded in grasping the Animal's throat in his right hand which caused it to relax its hold. He then threw it upon the pool and actually *choked it to death*. We are glad to learn that the wounds of the two individuals engaged in this affair, have not proved dangerous, and from which they recovered in a few days.

Official.

PAYMENT OF U. S. FIVE PER CENT. STOCK.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, June 5, 1851.

SEALED proposals for the sale of a Funded Loan of Five per cent Stock, issued under the act of Congress, approved the 10th August, 1846, redeemable at the pleasure of the United States after the 5th August, 1851, are hereby notified that the principal of said Stock, together with the semi-annual interest which will then be due upon it, will be paid on or after the above day, at the Treasury of the United States, to the owners of the same, or to their legal representatives, on the presentation and delivery of the certificates duly assigned in the usual manner to the United States; and that all interest on said stock will cease and determine after the above date.

Those owners of this stock who may desire it can receive payment of the amount at any time previous to the 5th August next, on presentation, assignment, and delivery of the certificates as above, together with any accrued interest up to the time of such presentation and payment.

THO. CORWIN,
Secretary of the Treasury.

je16 5t

WANTED—Two Journeymen to work as Tinsmiths. Apply at No. 85 Customhouse street, between Royal and Bourbon streets. je17

To Fire Company No. 21.

I SHOULD esteem myself deficient in a sense of duty towards this Company, if I failed to express publicly to its intrepid officers, and to its zealous and courteous members, all my gratitude for the prompt assistance they extended towards me, and to which I owe the preservation of my property in St. Philippe street, on Sunday last.

I desire likewise to express my hearty thanks to all my friends, for the evidence of sympathy they furnished me by them, under the circumstances.

D. B. MACARTY.

je17 1t

To Sugar Planters.

ON hand and for sale by the subscriber, a complete assortment of wrought and cast iron Sugar Kettles—36, 41, 48, 49, 50, 52, 54, 58, 60, 66, 72, 78, 90 and 94 inches—from the celebrated foundry of E. Marr, whose reputation for manufacturing articles of this description has long been established.

Planters who have used these Kettles, uniformly pronounce in their favor, possessing as they do approved shape, and composed of the best materials to insure durability.

Grain Bars and Furnace Mouths also for sale, by

je17 3m HUGH KELLY, 68 Gravier st.

NOTICE.—I inform the public that from this day I have no interest in the establishment No. 76 Chartres street, having returned it to Mr. Alexander Parn.

New Orleans, June 16, 1851. G. LAVIE.

je17 3t

NOTICE.—The subscribers to the PHARE DE NEW YORK are informed that Mr. Godin, book-seller, No. 123 Chartres street, between St Louis and Toulouse streets, is now the agent of that paper, by agreement between us.

New Orleans, June 16, 1851. G. LAVIE.

je17 3t

RECEIVED per ship Leonidas Dyer, from Havre, for sale by the undersigned:

Labasegne's solution of Chloride of Soda;
Lartigue's Pills against the Gout;
Chemical Paper, for the cure of Rheumatism, Pains, Scalds, Bruises, Corns, etc., etc.
Powder Bones and Puffs, several sorts;
Superfine Powder, purified de Riz;
Perfumery of all kinds of Wine;
English Lozenges, for purifying the air in rooms, hospitals, etc., and for driving away Mosquitoes;
Benzoin Vinegar, for the cure of cutaneous eruptions and for preventing them,
Purified Cod Liver Oil;
A splendid choice of the finest Perfumery.
Landing from ship Silas Holmes, from New York
Rackets, Clark & Co's Pure Cod Liver Oil.
Tarrant's superior Indelible Ink;
Sedlitz, Soda and Vesuvian Powders;
Barbers' Rhubarb, root and powder.
Perry's genuine Calcined Magnesia;
Barbers' Rose Wash, for the complexion;
English Tooth Brushes, extra superfine;
Glass and Pewter Syringes, all sizes;
Nurses' Bottles, Nursing Bottles, and Nursing Glasses;
In store, 50 kegs fresh Tamarinds, just landed.
10 lbs Vanilla, superior quality;
A large assortment of Perfumes, warranted.
Seltzer Water in large and small bottles.
Purgative Lemonades, with Citrate of Magnesia
Congress Water, etc., etc.

E. E. MOUGIN, Druggist,
corner Dauphine and Customhouse sts

je17

HAVANA CIGARS—12,750 Havana Cigars, landing from brig Adam Gordon, from Havana.
Havana Sugar—250 boxes, assorted, landing from schooner Fairy.
In the hold—A lot of superior Segars on consignment for sale by
J. M CABALLERO, 36 Old Levee,
between Customhouse and Bienville sts

je17

SWEETMEATS—5 kegs Paste and 20 do Guava Marmalade, 12 jars do do, 12 do do Jelly, for sale by
E. DE VISSER & CO.

je17 55 Old Levee st

HAVANA SUGAR—65 boxes White, yellow and Clayed, landing from brig Telegraph, from Havana, for sale by E. de VISSER & CO.

je17 26 Old Levee

HAVANA SUGAR—30 boxes white, yellow and Clayed Crushers, landing ex brig Orozimbo, for sale by
DELVAILLE & MORENO.

je17 24 Old Levee

HAVANA SEGARS—400 do do do do Perfecto, landing from schr Adam Gordon, from Havana for sale by DELVAILLE & MORENO.

je17 34 Old Levee

PRESERVED SWEETMEATS—A few assortment now landing ex brig Adam Gordon, from Havana, for sale by DELVAILLE & MORENO.

je17-1w. 34 Old Levee

LEAF TOBACCO—5 bales Vuelta de Abajo, comprising 1 2 3 4 and 5s, for sale by E. de VISSER & CO.

je17-1w 34 Old Levee.

PLANTATION HATS—Of superior quality for summer, for sale by
FROST & CO., 19 Magazine st.

je16

BOOTS, SHOES & BROGANS.—Now landing from ship Rhenania, and in store, a general assortment of Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Ties, Slips, Caps, &c., for sale at the lowest cash prices, by FROST & CO.

je16 10 Magazine st.

BRANDY—184 quarter casks Pale Cognac Brandy. 105 do do A Cognac do. 15 cases do do do, landing per ship J J Dupuy dec. 10 half do do do do 20 qr do Gar. dec 4 do Chateau Margaux do. 16 octave do A Cognac, 1845, dec. 2 do Chateau Lafitte, for sale by
E. DE VISSER & CO.,
je17 17 and 19 Levee.

SARDINES—96 cases, landing per Rhenania, for Sardines; 20 do do do 50 half boxes do, for sale by
E. DE VISSER & CO.,
je16 17 & 19 Levee st.

TRUFFLES—9 cases containing each 50 half boxes Truffles for sale by
EUG ROCHEREAU & CO.,
je16

CLARET—500 cases St. Julien; 300 do Beychville, Batailley, Latour, Mouton, Chateau Margaux and Chateau Lafitte, for sale by
EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
je16 17 and 19 St. Louis st.

HAVANA SUGARS—300 boxes white and yellow, in store and for sale by
DELVAILLE & MORENO.

je16 34 Old Levee.

WANTED—A negro boy of 14 to 16 years, acquainted with the city and well recommended.
Enquire at the store of
EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
nov10 corner Royal & Conti sts.

LANDING from brig Louisiana, from Palermo 1,200 cases Oranges, 150 do Lemons.
je17 1t L. LANATA, 54 Bienville street.

TOBACCO—28 bales superior leaf Tobacco wrappers and fillers, landing per steamer Monmouth, for sale by
E. de VISSER & CO.,
my31 26 Old Levee.

HAVANA CIGARS—154,000 of choice brands, landing ex brig P. Soule, from Havana, for sale by
J M CABELLERO, 76 Old Levee,
between Customhouse and Bienville sts.

CIGARS—One million of Havana Principes and Plantation Cigars, from the most reputed manufactories, in store and for sale by
LABORDE & XIQUES, 2 Front st.
je12

INDIGO—A few cerosons of Superior Guatemala Indigo, in store and for sale by
LABORDE & XIQUES, 3 Front st.
je10

SUGAR—180 Boxes of superior white and Yellow Havana Sugar, in store and for sale by
LABORDE & XIQUES, No. 3 Front st
je12

COFFEE—200 bags of prime green Havana Coffee, in store and for sale by
LABORDE & XIQUES, 3 Front st.
je12

EXCHANGE on Havana, at sight, in sums to suit purchasers for sale by
LABORDE & XIQUES, 3 Front st.
je12

Barnstaria Hams.

THE undersigned is now prepared to deliver on the Levee, any quantity of that superior article, by notice left at his office,
No. 117 Tchoupitoulas st.
je10 6t LAUT. MILLAUDON.

SUGAR—200 packages loaf, powdered and crushed, for sale by
CONVERSE & CO.,
97 Tchoupitoulas st.

COFFEE—500 sacks old Government Java, Rio St Jago and Havana, for sale by
je16 CONVERSE & CO., 97 Tchoup's st.

POST AND FOOLSCAP PAPER—3 cases letter Paper, not ruled; 1 do do ruled; 1 do do copying letter paper; 1 do do commercial paper; 2 do foolscap paper ruled; 2 do do do, not ruled, just received and for sale by
BERNARD TURPIN,
je7 81 29 Old Levee st.

JALAP—23 bales Jalap, landing from schooner Jose Elizabeth, from Tampico, for sale by
BERNARD TURPIN,
je7 81 No 29 Old Levee.

VANILLA BEANS—3 cases Vanilla beans, received per schooner Jose Elizabeth, from Tampico; 3 do do in bond, for sale by
BERNARD TURPIN,
je7 81 No 29 Old Levee.

LINSEED OIL—30 casks English boiled Linseed Oil, landing ex ship Silas Holmes, for sale by
je7 81 BERNARD TURPIN, 29 Old Levee.

STRAW PAPER—1000 reams straw paper, small size, landing ex ship Silas Holmes, for sale by
je7 81 BERNARD TURPIN, 29 Old Levee

PICKLES AND CATSUP—150 packages, Mide, Miller & Provost, Dought's & Underwood's, for sale by
je3 EAST & CO.,
79 Tchoupitoulas st

SUGAR—150 boxes Sugar landing per steamer Monmouth from Havana, for sale by
my31 8 de VISSER & CO., 26 Old Levee.

SUGAR—100 boxes fancy yellow Sugar, landing ex brig P. Soule, for sale by
je3 8. DE VISSER & CO. 26 Old Levee

COFFEE—100 bags prime Green Havana, landing ex brig P Soule, for sale by
je2 8 de VISSER & CO., 26 Old Levee.

HAVANA SUGAR—500 boxes white, yellowand Clayed Sugar, landing ex brig P. Soule, for sale by
je3 8. de VISSER & CO., 26 Old Levee.

CRUYERE CHEESE—15 genuine Gruyere Cheese, just received and for sale by
my5 LOSON & SILVESTRE, 36 Chartres st

CIGARS—40,000 Havana Cigars, landing per brig Adams Gray, and for sale by
je16 LAFORDE & XIQUES, No. 3 Front st

OLIVES—Just received from Cadiz, per Sophia McKenzie, a lot of fresh Olives, in kegs and bbls, for sales by
DUFOUR, WILLIAMSON & CO.,
je14 In liquidation, 15 Natchez st

LANDING—From ship John Holland, from Bordeaux—84 casks Claret; 91 do White Wine, for sale by
J. LABAR