THE DAILY BEE
PUBLISHED BY
G. F. WEISSE & CO.,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
G. F. WEISSE, S. HARBY,
R. DE BERGE, N. DUPUY.
PAPER—one year in advance.....$12
DAY PAPER, semi-weekly, one year in advance.....$5
Subscribers must give one week's notice before they can be allowed to discontinue.

The New Orleans Bee.

NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY, MORNING, AUGUST 23, 1855.
[Vol. XVI.—NEW SERIES.
[Vol. XXVIII.—Whole No. 7012

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One Dollar for every TEN lines in each page of the First Insertion, and HALF that price for each succeeding insertion. No advertisement is inserted for less than one day, or each insertion.
☞ All advertisements inserted at intervals within a week, one dollar for every TEN lines for each insertion.
☞ The publishers of Annual Advertisers to limit us to advertisements strictly within the line of their business, and to confine to one square every other day.

THE DAILY BEE.

Thursday Morning, August 23, 1855.

No express Mail came through yesterday from the east.

CHEERFUL AND BOLD.

...ne feature in the English ...that is worthy of special ...that is the freedom, mart...ed with which it re... corruption or popular ...ast number of the West... is enriched with a paper ...ical morality, than which we ...seen any thing bolder and ...ppreciated we may look in ...our own periodicals for as ...e an exposition of the ...nders of the Government. ...n America are probably ...ugh enough, but one-half ...ay must be accepted cum ...the temporary effervescence ...ement; but we question ...newspaper or magazine in ...a has ever undertaken ...earching and minute examin...policy of our Govern...rses of years, to signalize ...selfishness, ignorance, ...d, and to hold it up ...Yet this has been ...Review, and done ...ut apology. Trac...policy of Great Britain ...last century to the ...the treaties made ...ridely and bad faith ...cabinets, the cool ...to excess and ...by officials in distant ...and unappreciable ...gradizement, the evils ...errors unacknowledged, ...and the selfish and ...self and power, ...a picture hideous ...and abhorrent in ...

...seem when so grim a ...ment, rapacity, punic ...of the plainest ...and honor, might have ...sequences upon the ...and the reckless pub... has passed away, never. ...The almost unanimous ...the weakness and ...English aristocratic ...the strongest neces... ...ough reform, has ...a change in the ex... ...that political cri... ...ntemplation with baited ...ntenance to hint a ...openly and ...their views, condemn, ...overwhelm with ...freedom of the ...in its fullest sense ...ngland. The ...and fearlessness ...has encouraged ...reformers are now ...portentic what they ...and conscientious ...to pulhate pu... ...potacy, and ...

...Westminster Review ...ntion of this pregnant ...ushing to ...with ...courage the writer ...his other fatal errors; ...Turkey, Naples, ...Affghanistan, China ...policy at ...disgrace, ...struggle with dark ...sanction of the last... ...Review ascribes the ...Britain to the ...policy of the ...which ...her domestic ...hame and to ...strong to ...selfishness of the ...the ...the treaties made ...Review ...Yet this has been ...Review, and done ...apology. Trac...policy of Great Britain ...last century to the ...the treaties made ...ridely and bad faith ...cabinets, the cool ...to excess and ...by officials in distant ...and unappreciable ...gradizement, the evils ...errors unacknowledged, ...and the selfish and ...self and power, ...a picture hideous ...and abhorrent in ...

...seem when so grim a ...ment, rapacity, punic ...of the plainest ...and honor, might have ...sequences upon the ...and the reckless pub... has passed away, never. ...The almost unanimous ...the weakness and ...English aristocratic ...the strongest neces... ...ough reform, has ...a change in the ex... ...that political cri... ...ntemplation with baited ...ntenance to hint a ...openly and ...their views, condemn, ...overwhelm with ...freedom of the ...in its fullest sense ...ngland. The ...and fearlessness ...has encouraged ...reformers are now ...portentic what they ...and conscientious ...to pulhate pu... ...potacy, and ...

...Westminster Review ...ntion of this pregnant ...ushing to ...with ...courage the writer ...his other fatal errors; ...Turkey, Naples, ...Affghanistan, China ...policy at ...disgrace, ...struggle with dark ...sanction of the last... ...Review ascribes the ...Britain to the ...policy of the ...which ...her domestic ...hame and to ...strong to ...selfishness of the ...

...We are greatly grati... ...of this statesman for ...ervation of the ...preserves for us ...ter's unrivalled coal ...He will make a ...excellent, obtain ...the order. His sons... ...nervy respect an... ...but by a single vote ...Mr. Ewing, by the ...party issues—as ...

...by an announcement in ...se of Norfolk and ...Virginia, are re... ...meeting at ...ck, ...No. 2 Camp street, ...consideration ...relief to the suf... ...prevailing in Vir...

...Robinson, ...Jewett, in ...House, Louisville, ...several years past he ...

...are from yellow fever ...United States shop... ...quarantine station, ...

...Steamboat on Lake ...steamer and the crew, ...were all but except the ...

...Steamboat Va., was ...electric tree-flood. The ...of the greater part of ...houses were carried away, ...produce destroyed. The ...flood were materially in...

...a Rights Convention as... ...in Rich mond. The fol... ...President—Meredith ... Vice Presidents—... ...Spearman, Lydia Mott, ... Rose, of New York, ... New York, Susan B. ... Augusta A. Wiggins, of ... Stone—Emily Sapiro, ... Wright, of Ulbert, Mary ... Finance Commit... ...Michelle Richmond, ... Jones. Business Com... ...Rowan, Katharine L. ... Henry, of Bo... ...Mott, of Ho. Wm. Jay, ...

...stamp were then re...

...speakers were Mrs. ... Brown, and T. H. ...

...PEACE.—About 2 o'clock ...carrying an eleventh bag ...staggering on Main street, ...supplied from the effect... ...into the sorry to go up ...incurable ...ailboa, he fell, ...anxieties expired. Upon ...he was one of several ...who united boss closed and ...the fever, without at... ...and that in the ...ersons, when the victim is ...the spot mentioned, when he ...sisted, and death closed the unse... ...ers, was Stapleton—an Irish... ...in the country, and had been ...very yard. In somewhat more ...was taken away in a hearse ...Natchez Herald.*

By Telegraph!

Transmitted to the New Orleans Bee.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE PACIFIC.

Bombardment of Sebastopol Renewed.

OTHER PLACES BOMBARDED, &c.

[By the National Line.]

NEW YORK, August 23.—The Collins steamship Pacific, Capt. Lyle, from Liverpool, on Saturday the 11th inst., arrived at this port.

Her advices are one week later from all parts of Europe.

The steamship Arago, from New York for Havre, arrived off Southampton on the 10th inst.

The news from the seat of war is unimportant.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

Messrs Dennistoun & Co. quote the Liverpool Cotton market steady, at prices without change since the departure of the Africa.

The sales of the week were 36,000 bales, of which 4000 bales were to speculators. The sales of Friday were 12,000 bales, the market closing steady at the following quotations: Fair Orleans 7¼, Middling Orleans 6 7-16, Fair Mobiles 6¾d, Middling Mobiles 6 7-16, Fair Uplands 6¾d, and Middling Uplands 6d per lb. The stock is now over two hundred thousand bales, of which 414,000 bales were American.

Breadstuffs.

Messrs Brown, Shipley & Co. quote Breadstuffs considerably lower, with the exception of Indian Corn, and quote Western Canal Flour at 39s 6d; Ohio Flour 40s@42s 6d per bbl; white Wheat 11s 8d@12s, and red Wheat 10 6d@11s 3d per bushel; white Corn 47s@48s 6d; yellow Corn 44s 6d@45, and mixed Corn 39s 6d per quarter.

Provisions.

The Brokers' circular quotes Lard dull at unchanged prices, viz: 54@55s per cwt.

Money, Consols.

The London Money market was quite stringent.

Consols for money were quoted at 91.

The War.

The news by the Pacific presents no feature of importance.

The bombardments of Sebastopol was renewed by the Allies on the 10th inst.

Taganrog and Berdiansk had been bombarded by the Allied fleet.

It was reported that Revel had also been successfully bombarded.

Spain.

It was stated that a Legitimist conspiracy, favorable to Russia, had been discovered in Spain.

FURTHER FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE PACIFIC.

[By the National and Southern Line.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 22d.—The Pacific reached her dock at 6 o'clock this morning, during a dense fog, which delayed the intention of a public reception to Madame Rachel, who was a passenger.

The War.

Omer Pacha has been appointed Generalissimo of the Turkish troops in Asia.

The siege of Kars continues without definite result.

The report in Paris that Revel had been successfully bombarded, probably originated in the assemblage of the Allied fleet in the Baltic, with the supposed immediate intention of attacking Helsingfors.

FRANCE.—The French government has invested an additional amount of 5,000,000 francs. ...tionists in Spain, to excite an insurrection in France, and thereby further the ends of Russia.

SPAIN.—It is now definitely stated, though still considered doubtful, that Spain will furnish a contingent of 25,000 troops for the war, who are to be paid by France and England.

PORTUGAL.—Portugal, it is also said, will furnish ten thousand men in the same cause.

ITALY.—The Italian General Pepe is dead.

Additional Commercial News.

American stocks were steady at unchanged prices since the departure of the Africa. The weather in England had been favorable for agricultural purposes.

In the London market iron was in active demand, and prices were buoyant. Bar was quoted at £8, and Rail at £7 10s per ton; Pig was at 74s. per ton. Sugar and Coffee were steady.

The bullion in the Bank or England had decreased £136 000.

Freights were steady at unchanged rates.

Later from Havana.

We have dates from Havana to the 11th inst. The cholera was on the rapid increase among the soldiers and negroes. Fifty hospitals had been established.

LOUISVILLE, August 22.—The river is falling, with 6 feet water in the canal. The steamer Sultana left yesterday for New Orleans.

CALM VIEWS.

The sentiments contained in the annexed passages, which we extract from a salmy western article in a Hertford paper, are worthy to be pondered by all men who think it better to "bear those ills we have than fly to others that we know not of."

"Secession of the States, say one of them, is not necessary nor practicable. The Southern States complain of a recent act of the Massachusetts Legislature nullifying the fugitive slave law that, construing as it does with the United States law, is not law, it probably will be repealed, and should have no influence in the determination by Southern Legislatures, because the latter is unnecessary and calculated to impair the *fraternal* union and forbearance which ought to exist between patriot States of one and the same Government.

Retaliation is an extreme measure of defense, never *justifiable* in the Confederacy of the United States. Law, while it exists, enlightened and patriotic citizens throughout the Union know must be obeyed, and no unwise action of any State Legislature can hinder it in the end. He should be regarded as an enemy of not only to his country, but to men, who would mention as desirable the dissolution of the States. The language of Gen. Washington, in his Farewell Address, is, 'the Union is the palladium of your political safety and prosperity; and he urges its discontinuance whatever may suggest even a suspicion that it can in any event be abandoned.' The words of the illustrious patriot, PATRICK HENRY, were: 'I wish to have every American regard the Union as an indissoluble and integral that corn would not grow nor the pail fill if it should be broken.

Better *now all* the States there should be a *bond of union and love, by shipping than a rotted gulf*—brighter as time advances as, with some Christian nations, to the gout of higher improvement, bonding it, then, as far as possible, the nations in their depressed conditions, as well as our own nation.

Secession in the United States is not practicable; constitutional Government like that of the United States cannot be divided, added to, or changed, except by an amendment adopted in the manner prescribed in the Constitution of the United States.' War would soon follow secession, to resist their subjection by the remaining majority; and, if they subjected, the Constitution would be broken, because it is founded on voluntary union. Therefore it is folly to speak of secession, which is necessary as well as impracticable.

'Let the brightness of the Union, not yet theoretically improved, be restored.

'At the late Whig Convention held at Boston, August, 1854, is the following extract from a speech worthy to be influential: 'At periods like the two we should avoid radical doctrines on either hand, nor was there occasion for harsh and vituperative language.' If no section of our bolstered country will permit itself to rue in to any extreme measures nor language of indecision, which will become Christian, as it ought, for the true unity foundation of a stable republican Government, if each State will hold on to the Union and co-operate by right action with the will of Providence, which we hope does give our good, both slaves, of population would be greatly benefited and the great advantages of our Union and good Government long enjoyed.

'The blessings of a Government so excellent as ours are not appreciated by those who rate ...fluence of legislative retaliation or dissension. Good Government is the only palladium of private happiness—broken *there is chaos.*"

☞ The American party of Madison parish have made the following nominations:

For Representative—Samuel Anderson.
For Sheriff—F. M. Dawson.
For Clerk District Court—F. M. Coash.
For Assessor—P. R. White.
For Coroner—Chas. F Stanwood.

☞ The National Intelligencer of the 16th says:

We had the pleasure of seeing yesterday, in excellent health, the Hon. Mr. Stockton, the able and popular ex-Mayor of the city of Washington. Mr. C. visits Washington to confer with Mr. Hale, the assignee, and to ascertain the progress he has made in the settlement of the estate of Gen. Jackson, which he is generously ...ing to bring for the city of New Orleans, and which we understand will be completed within a few months.

SHOOTING AFFAIR.—We learn that a shooting affair occurred at Lake Providence a few days since, in which Mr. J. W. Pennington lost his life. It seems that a difficulty had occurred in the morning between Pennington and a young man named Jones, in which the latter was knocked down with a billet of wood, by the former. In the evening Jones armed himself with a double barrelled shot gun, sought Pennington and shot him dead in the street.—*Madisonian (La) Journal.*

DELIBERATE SUICIDE.—A man named HUBBARD committed suicide yesterday morning about 10 o'clock, by taking prussic acid, at the boarding house, number not recollected, of Hudson and Horatio streets. The cause of the deed is not correctly known, but supposed to be in consequence of some domestic troubles, from the ...ect of drinking hard liquor for some time previous. Hubbard has a wife, who is at present in New Orleans. Hubbard was conversing while a friend in a room in the above house, when he ...xpressed, when he suddenly got up from his seat, and raising a vial to his mouth, said, "Here's to health, Tom," swallowing the deadly draught from the effects of which he died a few minutes afterwards. Coroner O'Donnell proceeded last evening to hold an inquest on the body.

DEATH OF REV. J. ADAMS.—We were shocked, this morning, to hear of the death of the Rev. J. Adams, a Methodist minister with fever with brief mentioned in our paper, last week. He died between 4 and 5 o'clock, A. M., at the private house of Father Love, of whom he was the guest.

He came to this city to address the students of St. Peter and St. Paul's College, and to attend Father Love into the Society of Jesus, but the attack with fever, almost immediately after his arrival, prevented the performance of either mission.—*Boston Evening Gazette.*

LENGTH OF A MILE IN DIFFERENT COUNTRIES.—England and America, 1760 yards; Italy, 1470 yards; Scotland and Ireland, 1800 yards; Poland, 4400 yards; Spain, 5000 yards; Germany, 6000 yards; Sweden and Denmark, 7000 yards.

THE AMERICA'S NEWS.

The *America* reached Halifax on the afternoon of the 15th instant, and left for Boston on the same evening. Her mails will be due here tomorrow. The summary of the advices by the *America* adds but little to the telegraphic ...stract received in this city. We subjoin a few items of interest:

The Siege of Sebastopol.

A French despatch, dated July 26th, says: Our approaches on the side of the Malakoff advance considerably. We now touch the place. Everything is prepared for a general assault in about fifteen days.

July 31st.—General Simpson telegraphs: "Cholera has nearly disappeared. The Russians continue to hold their strong position on the Mamelon, and the strong range of heights overlooking Urkusca and the valley of Baidar. Instead, they have after a time of artillery and infantry at Alushta. The French have pushed forward the whole of their cavalry into the region of Baidar, sending the Sardinians upon the left bank of the Tchernaia river, and communicating with the French upon the Tchorgoun, while the high ridge protecting Balaklava is guarded by the Turks."

The *Times'* correspondent writes: "Stagnation seems to reign in the camp and trenches; even the heavy firing has ceased, and the approaches advance, and every day sees the Allies nearer the crest of the Malakoff, which it will soon require all the tenacity of the Russians to hold. A few days more, and the Allies succeeded in establishing rifle pits in front of the French flag."

Between the 23d and 27th, nothing of importance occurred.

July 28th.—Gortschakoff telegraphs: "Yesterday the enemy opened a heavy fire, which lasted two hours, against the Flagstaff Bastion. We replied with vigor."

The Sea of Azoff.

Letters are to the 16th of July. Magazines along the coast were being destroyed, as found, and small steamers were engaged in destroying. The allied fleet&c.lass were progressing.

ASIA.—The accounts from Asia Minor are contradictory. The Russians are reported to have suspended operations against Kars and Erzeroum, and to be retiring, but this is considered very doubtful.

The Baltic.

No alteration has taken place in the position of the squadrons.

Negotiations.

Family influence and intrigue are actively at work. The Austrian Archduchess Sophie, instigated by a letter from the Dowager Empress of Russia, had been acting upon the Emperor of Austria in favor of peace, and the latter wrote an autograph letter to Napoleon, who sends Count Esterhazy to Vienna. The contents of the letters are profoundly secret.

GREAT BRITAIN.—The Queen had sent the following message to the House of Commons: "Her Majesty, desirous to expedite to provide for any additional expense that may arise in consequence of the war in which Her Majesty is now engaged with the Emperor of Russia, relying on her experience of the zeal of her faithful Commons, trusts they will make provisions accordingly."

The result of this appeal is a proposal from the Chancellor of the Exchequer to issue £7,000,000 sterling additional Exchequer bills.

The Limited Liabilities Bill has been read a third time and passed. Numerous estimates had been voted.

Major Reed's motion that no peace treaty should be concluded without the approval of Parliament, was ridiculed and negatived.

A Turkish Loan Bill had been read the first time.

A discussion, without result, had occurred respecting the recent gift of a good service pension to Lord Panmure, over older officers.

The *London Times* had an editorial on Count Buol-Schauenstein, and pronounced in favor of preserving friendly relations with America.

Milner Gibson, in Parliament, referred to this editorial, and asked the Government to furnish information on the very important subject of the neutrality of the United States.

Lord Palmerston replied that an arrangement had existed at Halifax, by which persons going there from any quarter whatever might be compelled, but it appearing that it led to questions whether or not the ships of the United States had been violated, the British government withdrew that to such questions should by possibility arise, has put an end to the existment of forces at Halifax.

The enquiry into the recent Hyde Park riots is terminated, and the Commissioners have requested time to consider their report.

Strachan, the bankrupt banker, has been released on bail.

FRANCE.—The official report in regard to the loan shows three thousand six hundred millions of francs, six times the amount asked for.

The report of the Minister of Finances denotes the loan to be the most surprising financial operation ever effected in any country.

Two number of subscribers to the loan is three hundred and ten thousand.

The Correctional Tribunal is occupied in the trial of fifty five prisoners of the Secret Society called "Marianna."

A brother of the assassin Pianori has been arrested in Jersey.

SPAIN.—The rumors that Spain will send a contingent force to the Crimea are doubtful.

Spain would ask for territorial guarantee as Sardinia did, which guarantees the most inside Cuba. It is thought probable, however, that a foreign legion will be recruited in Spain.

French intrigue has broken off the projected marriage of Adelbert of Bavaria with the Spanish queen.

AUSTRIA.—Archduke Charles Louis has been appointed Governor of the Tyrol.

GERMANY.—The King has dissolved the second chambers of the Hanse Diet.

SWITZERLAND.—An earthquake has destroyed the village of Vrege.

ITALY.—The statement that the King of Naples begged for the presence of Austrian troops is unconfirmed.

Our Liverpool correspondent has private accounts from Lombardy, and especially from Venice, indicating that important events are nearly ripe.

The rumor is current that France has notified its readiness to suppress insurreccionary movements.

The East.

The details of Indian lapse are published to June 26th.

Profound peace reigns in India, and commercial prospects are again more favorable.

There is no material improvement in the advices from China. The severest of the insurgents were but temporary, and the storm, in order to keep cool and body together.

COMMERCIAL.—John Harrigan was yesterday examined before Recorder Bains, on the charge of having, on the evening of the 15th inst., in Tchoupitoulas street, struck Jeremiah O. Leo on the head with a brick bat, from the effects of which the complainant did not know which. The accused was sent before the First District Court, and bail fixed at $1,000, in bonds of $1,000, he was sent to the Parish Prison.

FIRES.—On Tuesday night about 9 o'clock, the roof of the steam saw mill belonging to Mr. John O'Neil, situated at the corner of Thalia and Prytania streets, Fourth District, was destroyed by fire, but owing to the timely assistance of the fire companies, further damage was done. The loss is about $300, insured.

☞ Catalogue Sale of Glassel & Jenkins's Stock of Dry Goods, managed by Thos. Lodge, are requested to call the attention of the trade to the sale of Goods named from the firm at Glassel & Jenkins's store, this day, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., at No. 70 Gravier street, by Hardie & Lane, Auctioneers. Terms: Liberal at sale.

PLANTERS, SUGARMEN, CARPENTERS, &c. &c.—Your attention is called to the sale of Planters, Sugarmen, Carpenters, &c. &c., to take place THIS DAY, 23d inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., at No. 70 Gravier street, by Hardie & Lane, Auctioneers. Terms: Liberal at sale.

COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Aug. 22, 1855.

The demand for Cotton continues good, and to-day's sales are to 7750 bales, at unchanged prices.

SUGAR.—Sales of 200 hhds Louisiana Sugar at 7½@8½c for fair to prime, and 9c for choice.

MOLASSES.—Sales of 100 hhds Cuba at 23c.

COFFEE.—Sales of 300 bags Rio at 12½c for good ordinary, and 13c for fair to prime.

FREIGHTS.—Engagements have been disposed of as follows:

Cotton to Liverpool, per sail, 9-32d.
Cotton to Havre, per steam, 7-16d.
Cotton to Boston, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Providence, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Fall River, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Philadelphia, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to New York, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Baltimore, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Portland, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Portsmouth, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Salem, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Newport, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Charleston, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Savannah, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Mobile, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Galveston, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Texas, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Memphis, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Cincinnati, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Louisville, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Pittsburg, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Wheeling, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Nashville, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Augusta, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Columbus, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Macon, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Atlanta, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Montgomery, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Selma, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Vicksburg, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Natchez, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Shreveport, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Alexandria, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Red River, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Bayou Sara, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Baton Rouge, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Donaldsonville, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Plaquemine, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Brashear, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Berwick's Bay, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Patterson, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Franklin, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Morgan's Ferry, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Lake Providence, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Milliken's Bend, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Napoleonville, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Thibodaux, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Lafourche, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Terrebonne, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Houma, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Pattersonville, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Franklin, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Morgan's Ferry, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Lake Providence, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Milliken's Bend, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Napoleonville, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Thibodaux, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Lafourche, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Terrebonne, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Houma, per steam, ½c.
Cotton to Pattersonville, per steam, ½c.

College of New Orleans,
No. 58 Nightingale street.

TO most of the friends and patrons of New Orleans it is known that impaired health necessary my departure from New Orleans in February last for a long sea voyage, and that I have for one to all subsister the affairs of the College without being on the ground, I have transferred all my rights and interests in the College to Professor HENRY CLINE, who is favorably known to his patrons. I regret that the state of my health has prevented Professor Cline, in March last, many students left the Institution, but this has not impaired the reputation of the College or injured its affairs, and I can give no better proof of my high opinion of Professor Cline, than by making him my successor. I can only ask for him the same liberal support and attention to me during the twelve years that I have enjoyed since the College was established.

ERASTUS EVERETT.

Brooklyn, La., July 31st, 1855.

Extract from the Minutes of the Board of Visitors of the College of New Orleans.

Resolved, That the Board do approve of the transfer made by Erastus Everett, of his rights and interests in the College of New Orleans, to Henry Cline, Esq., and that from and after this date, to wit: the 8th day of August, 1855, the said Henry Cline is hereby appointed to succeed the said Erastus Everett as President of the College of New Orleans, and ex officio President of the Board of Visitors.

C. H. PETERSON, Secretary.

The Institution is organized with its Professors. The course of studies thorough and extensive. A complete Academic education, comprising ancient and modern Languages, Mathematics, Natural Science, Belles Lettres, &c., &c. The discipline strict, engage in the exercises of instruction and exercises.

Students are admitted at all stages of advancement, and at the end of the academic year degrees are conferred on those who have completed the course of study adopted by the President and Board of Visitors.

☞ For further particulars, parents are invited to call at the College, where the President will take pleasure in giving all information desired. The session of 1855-'56 will begin on MONDAY, the 3d of September. aug22

AUDUBON COLLEGE,
Corner Bienville and Miro streets.
Under the Direction of S. Bonza.

THE general examination, to which the parents of the pupils and the friends of the Institution are especially invited, will take place as follows:

FROM 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.

Monday, August 20th.—Examination of the Primary and Elementary classes.

Tuesday, August 21st.—Examination of the Intermediate and Superior classes.

Wednesday, August 22d.—Examination of the Latin, Greek, German, French, Spanish, and Italian classes, and Mathematics, Astronomy, Philosophy, &c.

The closings will be opened on Monday, 3d of September. aug18

ACADEMY.
Under the management of Mr. SCHARDT,
Corner of Bienville and Miro streets,
Commencement street, No. 50.

MR. WEYLE, Professor of Music, University of France, lately arrived in New Orleans, opened a class of Piano-forte on the 6th of July. Mr. W.'s system, which has been introduced in the first schools of Europe, is rapidly and pleasantly acquired, and the pupil is enabled to play in a few lessons several beautiful pieces. For terms, &c., apply at the above mentioned boarding-house, whereby the pupil is enabled to receive an extraordinary progress. Night lessons to the accommodation will pay 50, in advance.

jy28

Carpet Warehouse, 59 Chartres street.

CARPETING, a large stock of all kinds; FLOOR OIL CLOTH, 3 widths and qualities; MATTINGS, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 White Checked and Dutch; WINDOW SHADES, Table and Piano Covers, Hall Cloth, Stair Rods, Rugs, Mats, Damask Linen and Marseilles by the yard. Sold by the piece, at the manufacturers' prices. Orders promptly attended to.

HURNIO & BROS, 54 Gravier st

HAVANA CIGARS—200,000 Londres Regalia, Medio Regalia, Millar, and Primeros, from Bahia, landing and for sale by BORNIO & BROTHER.

EXCHANGE ON HAVANA—Bills on Havana at sight, or ten days' sight, in sums to suit purchasers, for sale by J. M. CAMALLERO,
30 and Levee, bet. Customhouse and Bienville sts

Notice to the Virginians.

THE natives of Norfolk and Portsmouth, as also all other Virginians now in the city, are respectfully requested to attend a meeting at No. 40 of the undersigned, at 8 o'clock, THIS EVENING, for the purpose of taking into consideration the best means for the speedy relief of the sufferers in the plains of Haidar. I do not, however, guarantee the fact.

PLANTERS, SUGARMEN, CARPENTERS, &c. &c.—Your attention is called to the sale of Planters, Sugarmen, Carpenters, &c. &c., to take place THIS DAY, 23d inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., at No. 70 Gravier street, by Hardie & Lane, Auctioneers. Terms: Liberal at sale.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

RAINS OF SPEECH.—The contractor, Mr. Welsh, to whom the Council gave the job of planting the names of streets upon the corners, is progressing in the work, and which promises not only to be a very useful improvement, but also to prove by most strangers who visit New Orleans a benefit. It will be remembered that some time since the Council changed the names of many streets, especially of those where there were two of the same designation, and that there are a considerable number of new streets. For instance, Circus and Hospitals streets, which were a continuation of the present Circus street, have been named Prytania and Chestnut, of which it was a continuation Apollo, Coliseum, continuation of Carondelet, to Carondelet, Bacchus, which was a continuation of Bourbon, to Barracks, Jackson street to the First District, Bienville to Bienville, and Bienville to Iberville, has been changed to Gaspart street, and the several other streets where there were two of the same names. The Messrs. Cline and Hennessy have always been an inexplicable jumble to strangers, and to many of residents, but the move of the Council has done much to remedy this evil.

THE POLICE.—The police on Monday put their pay for their services to the Board of Police, and yesterday their salary by the city, at which there was a little row in the adjoining counties; but for the most of them stood in need of it, and we believe them, however, had been so hard pressed that they had not paid their warrants since the last quarter, fifteen per cent. It is a hard case for able-bodied men to work in the city at $45 per month and then be obliged to discount at such a rate as the above, in order to keep soul and body together.

COMMITTED.—John Harrigan was yesterday examined before Recorder Bains, on the charge of having, on the evening of the 15th inst., in Tchoupitoulas street, struck Jeremiah O. Leo on the head with a brick bat, from the effects of which the complainant did not know which. The accused was sent before the First District Court, and bail fixed at $1,000, in bonds of $1,000, he was sent to the Parish Prison.

FIRES.—Mary Reeves, a resident of Bartholomew street, was yesterday fined $50 for having grossly insulted the family of Mr. Alexander Taggart, during his absence from home. Paid.

Patrick Cuddihy was fined $20 for creating a disturbance and violent assault and battery on Annunciation street on Tuesday night, and Henry Schmidt $10 for the same and threatening a police officer on the Levee. Both paid their fines, and therefore had to go to prison, the latter for thirty and the former for twenty days.

WOLFENSTEIN.—A Perdido-street merchant of the name of Catherine Hearns, alias Kate Dorgan, was yesterday sent to the Workhouse by Recorder Bright for thirty days, for using vile language in the streets and being a vagrant. Hugh Madden was also fined for thirty days for drunkenness and vagrancy.

ALLEGED LARCENY.—Mr. Antonio Vinita, President of the Portuguese Benevolent Association, yesterday made an affidavit before Recorder Bains, in which he alleges that a libelous and defamatory publication has been made to his good character and reputation, was published in the Daily Courier, purporting to be signed by "P. Barnes," in his affidavit Mr. Vinita declares that there is no knowledge of any such person as P. Barnes, and believes that it is a fictitious name, and that the author of the article was not known and feared to come forward openly. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Barnes, or whoever else under that name and caused the article to be published.

Dr. J. H. RYAN also made an affidavit yesterday before Recorder Bains, in which he charges Augustus Collier, who lives in Prieur street, with having, on Saturday's Courier, published a libel on a libelous card, which is of a nature to injure his character and reputation. A warrant was issued for the arrest of Mr. Collier.

PICKING POCKETS.—THE THIRD ARREST.—About 10 o'clock yesterday morning, an old man named Michael Hughes, living at 44 Annunciation street, while standing in the omnibus store of Mr. Schultz, in Chartres street, between Customhouse and Gaiennie streets, had his gold watch and chain, valued at $60, stolen from his person by some one of the light-fingered gentry. He immediately applied to the police office and got officer Boulton to go out with him to search for the thief. After hunting for some time, Boulton learned that a man by the name of Thomas Jones, with whom it had been placed in pawn by the thief. The pawnbroker informed Boulton that it had been placed in pawn by a colored woman named H. Perdue, a fellow who had been before arrested by officer Boulton for petit larceny, complaint and warrant was at once got out for his arrest, and Boulton after a short search succeeded in finding the thief, and brought him before the First District Court, where he was committed to prison in default of bail.

City Sale.

By virtue of three executions to me directed from the Second District Court, in favor of Jacob Schmidt, vs. Thomas Ashkew, No. 2,847, I have seized upon and will sell at the front door of the Exchange, on Royal street, on Saturday, the 25th instant, at the hour of 12 o'clock, M., the following property, to wit:

Two Mules,
A large and commodious frame house on Royal street, between Conti and St. Louis, No. 56.

Terms: Cash. JACOB SCHMIDT.
aug23,3w Sheriff.

$50 Reward.

WILL be paid to any one who will arrest and lodge in the Parish Prison, or deliver at No. 36 Conti street, the negro man JOHN, about 5 feet 6 inches high, of a dark complexion, about 30 years of age, and has a scar on his face. He is a good carpenter, speaks English and French, is fond of playing the violin, and has been in the habit of hiring himself out by the day. He has absconded from the house of the subscriber, and is supposed to be lurking about the First District, and occasionally visits the Second.

aug17 JOHN M. GOULD.

Dr. Lollar's Ant Gravity Liquor,
FOR DESTROYING ANTS.

THE most simple and most efficacious of all remedies heretofore offered.

What thousands have experienced.

The Pills are the only specific which, whilst purifying the whole system, prevents the fits, and finally the disease is entirely removed. For sale by

ROGERS DUVALLY, Depository,
Signal corner, No. 46.
jy12 4w Immediately opposite the Bank of Louis.

RESCUED.

DR. DEFRENCH, DENTIST,
HAS removed to No. 66 ROYAL STREET, between Bienville and Customhouse streets.

Office hours, from 9 o'clock.
jy6 6m

PORTSMOUTH
BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION.
Celebration of the 79th Anniversary.

THE members of the Association are requested to assemble at the President's house, at 9 o'clock, on St. Ann and Rampart streets, on SUNDAY, the 26th inst., at 10 o'clock, to celebrate the Seventh Anniversary of the said Association.

The members of the band, the Promenade will positively start from the house of the President at 11 o'clock, after passing the right the principal streets, and will return to the house of the President before 2 o'clock, where a collation will be prepared for the occasion.

The President hopes that every member will be present, as the affairs are important.

By order of the President,
P. LOUIS, Secretary.
New Orleans, August 13th, 1855. aug14

FOR SALE—The fast sailing PILOT-BOAT CORAL, 5 years old, well found in sails, rigging, anchors, &c. For terms, apply on board the Bridge. For terms, apply on board the Bridge.

Apply to DE FUENTES & CO.
jy28 No. 28 Old Levee st

To Rent.

A large and commodious house on Royal street, between Conti and St. Louis, No. 56.

aug23,2w JACOB SCHMIDT.

WILL rent to responsible tenants, until next year, and half of the Parish Jail, corner of Conti and St. Ann streets. The house runs 100ft. front on Conti street, by 120ft. deep, and contains 20 rooms, all in good repair, and will be rented together or separately. The yard is well supplied with water from the Public Cistern, and has a large Cistern of its own. The yard is also supplied with gas from the Parish Jail. The house will be ready for the tenants on the 1st of October next. Apply to the undersigned, at the office of the Parish Jail, corner of Conti and St. Ann streets.

aug17 JOHN M. GOULD & co. 6 Magazine st

Dry Goods.

THE house of store No. 69 Old Levee street, from July 1st to 1st October, will be rented.

jy1 JOHN M GOULD & co. 6 Magazine st

Photography.

RECEIVED per ship Corinthian, from Havre: A variety of Photographic Apparatus, Chemicals, &c., for sale by EDOUARD SCELLO, No. 142 Royal st.
Sole agent for Lafayette and E. Louis.

CLARET—500 hhds, for sale by
aug16 T. HART & CO.
27 and 29 Tchoupitoulas st

BRANDY—300 cases containing of the following brands: Dubouché, Jules, Jarnac, Otard, Dupuy & Co., Castillon, Gautier, &c., for sale by
aug16 T. HART & CO.
27 and 29 Tchoupitoulas st

PORT, &c., for sale by T. HART & CO.
aug16 27 and 29 Tchoupitoulas st

MUSTARD—400 boxes, 1lb. half lb and quarter lb cans, fine and superior, for sale by
aug16 T. HART & CO.
27 and 29 Tchoupitoulas st

MACKEREL—50 cases Chubb's, Bunce & Co's, for sale by
aug16 T. HART & CO.
27 and 29 Tchoupitoulas st

To Planters and Others.

THE subscribers have the pleasure to announce that they are prepared to receive cotton for compression at their warehouse on the Levee, between Felicity and Annunciation streets.

FELLOWES & CO.
jy22 1m Levee.

A SOTE, for $100, dated July 23, 1855, payable at the office of Chas. Lagarenne, and endorsed by Chas. Lagarenne, to the order of Chas. Lagarenne, and endorsed by him to the bearer, has been lost or stolen. All persons are cautioned not to purchase the same.

J. B. DESERT,
aug23 Broker.

THE undersigned have entered into a copartnership for the purpose of doing a Commission business, under the name and style of T. A. GARD & CO., and have taken the store No. 5 Carondelet