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The New Orleans Bee.

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THE DAILY BEE.

MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 22.

THE NEW ORLEANS BANKS.

[illegible] report of the joint committee of the [illegible] banks and banking has been [illegible] from Baton Rouge. It is a document of [illegible] twenty pages, and is of [illegible] importance to be dismissed without [illegible] notice. Of its contents. The [illegible] of business during the unparalleled [illegible] which prevailed all over the country [illegible] within a recent period, [illegible] the revulsion which followed to [illegible] habits of extravagance and [illegible] unbridled spirit of speculation [illegible] overbalance, however, bravely [illegible] in consequence of the [illegible] petition, and the prudence, [illegible] firmness of her merchants. [illegible] in not her last were in a position [illegible] unusual strength, and their supply of [illegible] was nearly equal to that of the previous [illegible] of unprecedented prosperity. [illegible] that the bill holders was [illegible] yet throughout this [illegible] and that the people had little or [illegible] of the chartered banks, while [illegible] in the free banks was by no [illegible] During the crisis the conduct [illegible] was wise and prudent, and by [illegible] Executive and Attorney General was subdued. Few [illegible] the 10th November "the [illegible] banks had proudly reasserted their rank it so deservedly occupied [illegible]"

After citing the figures to exhibit the ample [illegible] of the banks, even during the most [illegible] of the revulsion, the report [illegible] what it styles "the few [illegible] defenses." It considers [illegible] small bank notes, is [illegible] evil which ought [illegible] remedied. Politically, by [illegible] the precious metals from the [illegible] involving the working [illegible] panic, they being the [illegible] from monetary disasters. [illegible] induce the committee [illegible] prohibition of the circulation [illegible] under twenty dollars. To [illegible] certain concessions [illegible] made. These are to exempt [illegible] of the free banks [illegible] taxation; to allow the charter [illegible] loans over ninety [illegible] that allowed to the [illegible] raise the rate of interest [illegible] the banks to a level with [illegible] banks for all paper over [illegible] twenty days. Nearly all the [illegible] have agreed to these [illegible] in order to guard against the [illegible] of a circulation which, [illegible] ordinary last, exceeded one [illegible] hundred thousand dollars. [illegible] propose by bill that after [illegible] shall issue or reissue [illegible] notes than ten dollars, [illegible] issue of a less denomination [illegible] gloves. Provisions are [illegible] the circulation of five [illegible] of the banks of other [illegible]

[illegible] review of the condition [illegible] banks, and particular [illegible] the strength and solvency [illegible] Bank. The Southern [illegible] managed.

[illegible] the action of the [illegible] the Bank of New Orleans [illegible] of creditors, and [illegible] of a receiver chosen [illegible] themselves. The act was [illegible] led to any [illegible] improper precedent [illegible] recommended that the [illegible] amended as to allow [illegible] instituted for a forfeit [illegible] directly interested to [illegible] the Bank of James Robb [illegible] stations, and has since [illegible] the joint stock principle [illegible] A majority of the [illegible] more banks should [illegible] general statute.

[illegible] Association of the Plan [illegible] speedily setting up, and [illegible] are safe in the [illegible] and officers. The [illegible] of the condition [illegible] New Orleans 4 to 5 [illegible] 14; New York 1 to [illegible]

[illegible] A list of the passengers [illegible] Columbia [illegible]

[illegible] Wetmore, Miss Starr, Miss [illegible] Rumelberg, 3 [illegible] Parker and servant, [illegible] and lady, Miss M S [illegible] C Schaubert [illegible] Vital, Mrs E Delfas, [illegible] Penn, E Solmer, F [illegible] Porter, Mrs [illegible] Mr Kobmat, Mr [illegible]

Havana papers are, as usual, [illegible]

[illegible] gives his introductory [illegible] at the Armory Hall, [illegible] Subject: How to [illegible] intellectually; the philosophy [illegible] Phrenology; living examples [illegible] temperaments, (vital, motive, [illegible] the 7 combinations and influence [illegible] character; public examinations [illegible] to be selected by the audience.

[illegible] appropriate to the anniversary birthday of the Father of his [illegible] communication relating to the character of the fine full length [illegible] Washington in possession of Mr. [illegible] which he intends to dispose of [illegible]

HAVANA.

[illegible] OF THE CAHAWBA.

[illegible] steamship Cahawba, [illegible] commander, from New York [illegible] yesterday, having left [illegible] Nothing new at that [illegible] Two negroes died on [illegible] smallest had returned [illegible] business prices the [illegible] New Orleans 4 to 5 [illegible] 14; New York 1 to [illegible]

[illegible] A list of the passengers [illegible] Columbia [illegible]

J D Winston, S Ratz, G C Myers, [illegible] Mrs J Garthwaite, Miss J [illegible] and servant, F H [illegible] Mrs Starr, Miss [illegible] F Rumelberg, 3 [illegible] Parker and servant, [illegible] and lady, Miss M S [illegible] C Schaubert [illegible] Vital, Mrs E Delfas, [illegible] Penn, E Solmer, F [illegible] Porter, Mrs [illegible] Mr Kobmat, Mr [illegible]

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[illegible] appropriate to the anniversary [illegible] birthday of the Father of his [illegible] communication relating to the character of the fine full length [illegible] Washington in possession of Mr. [illegible] which he intends to dispose of [illegible]

Dockings and Vocalizings's Concerts.

[illegible] great success of Messrs. [illegible] concerts in this [illegible] to make arrangements [illegible] enabled to give two [illegible] concerts in the ball-room [illegible] Tuesday, and the [illegible] Friday. The distinguished [illegible] determined to give [illegible] musimes muncales, [illegible] one, we are sure, [illegible] the hearty appreciation [illegible] the first of these takes [illegible] February 25th, at one [illegible] room of the Odd [illegible] Hall, at the same [illegible] tickets, which are [illegible] fixed at $5 for [illegible] to be sold only to [illegible] subscription books are [illegible] at Messrs. Ellis & [illegible] Chartres street, [illegible] Parson's music store, [illegible] Street. Messrs. Tallebon [illegible] before leaving the city [illegible] gratuitous morning [illegible] benefit of the public [illegible] music must replace [illegible] afforded him of [illegible] greatest living artists [illegible] perhaps forever. [illegible] next concert in aid [illegible] will then have [illegible] have engaged of [illegible] Virtuosos in duet. [illegible] has been selected [illegible] Norma Fantasia on [illegible] unprecedented in [illegible] The programmes [illegible] concerts will be found [illegible] paper.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

THREE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Africa.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21.—The Royal mail steamship *Africa*, from Liverpool on the 6th, has arrived at this port.

COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 5.—The sales of the week amount to 54,000 bales, of which 5500 bales were taken by speculators and 3000 bales by exporters.

The market opened at an advance, but afterwards declined.

New Uplands has declined 1-16d.

The market closed steady.

The sales on Friday amounted to 6000 bales, of which speculators and exporters took 1500 bales.

Orleans fair 7½d., Orleans middling 6 15-16d., Mobile fair 7½d., Mobile middling 6¾d., Uplands fair 7d., Uplands middling 6¾d.

The whole stock in port amounted to 330,000 bales, of which 175,000 bales are American.

MANCHESTER MARKETS.

Our advices from Manchester are favorable. All kinds of goods have advanced.

BREADSTUFFS.

Breadstuffs closed quiet. Flour and Corn have advanced. Western Canal Flour, 30s. 6d. to 22s. 6d. Southern red Wheat, 7s. to 7s. 6d.; white, 7s. to 7s. 6d. Mixed and yellow Corn, 33s.; white, 35s.

PROVISIONS.

The market closed dull. Beef steady. Pork heavy.

Bacon closed quiet at a slight decline.—Lard has declined.

Tallow 1s. lower.

All qualities of sugars have advanced.

Coffee steady. Tea slow of sale.

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Money is slightly easier. American securities are active and advancing.

The bank has reduced its rates to 4½. Consols for money 96—for account 96½ to 96½.

The bullion in the bank of England has increased £395,000.

GENERAL NEWS.

ENGLAND.

Parliament had reassembled on the 4th.

Palmerston gave notice of bills amending the government of India, and in regard to the refugee question.

Roebuck asked Palmerston whether any communication had passed between France and England in regard to the alien act, or an alteration of the criminal code.

He spoke bitterly against Napoleon and the French officials.

Palmerston acknowledged the receipt of a dispatch on the refugee question, which was still unanswered, and rebuked the outspoken of Roebuck.

Leave was given to introduce a bill authorizing the East India Company to borrow on debentures in England during the next two years, not more than £10,000,000.

The following dispatches were published yesterday by the Associated Press:

EXPLOSION.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 20.—The Methodist Protestant Church, near Race street, was partly destroyed last night by an explosion of the gas pipes. Eight or ten persons were severely wounded, two or three of whom are not expected to live.

FIRE—LOSS OF LIFE.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 20.—The Pacific Hotel was destroyed by fire at 3 o'clock this morning. Eight or ten persons were killed, and many were seriously wounded by jumping from the windows.

LATER FROM UTAH.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 20.—We have advices from Camp Scott to January 1. The troops were in good spirits, wishing for good weather and reinforcements to make a descent on Salt Lake City. Johnson was well advised of the movements of the Saints.

Mr. Cumming was performing his gubernatorial duties as far as he was able.

The outward-bound mails were making good progress. Many Indians had been met, but all were friendly.

THE COLLINS STEAMERS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—Captain James West returned with the *Baltic*. Captain Comstock has gone to St. Petersburg to treat with the Russian government for the sale of the Collins steamers.

THE ST. LOUIS FIRE.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 20.—There were about a hundred persons in the Pacific Hotel when the fire broke out. Between forty and fifty missing.

Among the names of those lost it is ascertained that none belong to the South.

CUSTOMHOUSE BURNED.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 20.—The Customhouse at Bel Air, Hartford county, with many records, was destroyed by fire to-day.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—James B. Clay and Cullom, late clerk of the House, had a rencontre at Brown's Hotel to-day. Cullom slapped Clay's face.

Et Lieutenant A. C. Rhind has posted Commander Bourne. He would meet him outside of the city, but that no barbarian should set foot within the limits of Canton.

The *Paris Pays* publishes accounts from Cochin China, dated Tonquin, 15th November. The persecution of the Christians continued with unparalleled violence. The country was also in a state of the greatest confusion.

FRANCE.—The army of the line is to be divided into five grand commands, confided to Marshals Castellane, Bosquet, Pelissier, Canrobert and Valliant, and having their headquarters at Paris, Nancy, Lyons, Toulouse and Tours.

Addresses from some of the regiments to the Emperor are worded in such strong language as to attract much attention. The Zouaves almost regretted that they had no opportunity to manifest their zeal in a striking manner, and the address of the 52d regiment contains the following sentence: "And if your Majesty wants soldiers to reach these men, even in their haunts, we are humbly pray you to designate the 52d regiment as part of the advance guard of this army."

Addresses from other regiments appear to have been worded still stronger, for the *Moniteur* has omitted some of the paragraphs.

It is stated that Orsini was at Stuttgard when the Emperor was there last year, but that he and two or three other Italians were expelled.

The *Moniteur* publishes a decree announcing the intention of the government to put down all religious controversy in the French press.

A Brussels paper affirms that the French Foreign Minister had addressed a note to the British, Belgian, Swiss and Sardinian governments, demanding certain measures which may prevent renewed attempts at assassination.

Latest.

The correspondence of the *Times* reports that no further measures of repression will be directed against the press.

Addresses from the army continue to appear in the *Moniteur*. Many call vigorously for leave to pursue the conspirators to their haunts.

ITALY.—A dispatch from Naples announces the death of Signor Labloche at that place, on the 23d of January.

A plot against the life of the King of Naples had been discovered. Ten persons, all Frenchmen, are said to have been landed at Naples to carry out the design.

A conspiracy had also been discovered at Ancoli—design unknown.

It was stated that the Rothschilds were negotiating a loan for the Papal government.

An insurrectionary movement in Rome was said to have been planned for the 15th January, but the police frustrated it.

AUSTRIA.—A Vienna journal says the National Bank contains a greater amount of specie, by 3,000,000 florins, than ever before.

Austria consents that the act of the Revenue Status, relative to the free navigation of the Danube, shall be submitted to the Paris Conference.

DENMARK.—A new project from Denmark, having for its object to place the Duchies in an exceptional position in the Danish monarchy, has been taken to Frankfort; but the members of the Diet declared against it as insufficient.

RUSSIA.—It is said that Russia intends to restore all the marine stations on the Circassian coast, but on a new system, which will evade the treaty of Paris. A new Sebastopol is also in contemplation.

TURKEY.—It was asserted that the British government had agreed to pay pecuniary indemnity to the Porte for occupation of the Island of Perim, the amount to be fixed amicably between the two powers without the intervention of any other.

Serious disturbances were said to have broken out in Bosnia, and a force of 3000 men had been sent to suppress them.

The Very Latest by Telegraph from London to Liverpool.

[From the Times' City Article.]

LONDON, Saturday, A. M.—The funds are moderately steady to-day, but the market is without animation; and manifestations encouraged in French official and military quarters would probably have led to further depression but for investments on the part of bankers and others, who, in the present state of the discount market, are unable to employ their money except in government stocks or exchange bills.

Telegraphic Items.

TERRIBLE CONFLAGRATION AT ANNAPOLIS.—Annapolis, Feb. 14.—Last night, about half past ten, the commodious and ancient episcopal church, located in the centre of the city of Annapolis, was discovered to be on fire under the floor, having caught from the furnace used for heating.

The citizens turned out with alacrity, and labored valiantly in an endeavor to save the building. The dense smoke and scarcity of water, added to the great wind, rendered the flames nearly beyond all controlling. The building, when first discovered, was enveloped in flames, and the roof soon fell in. The steeple, which was over a century old, was a conspicuous and substantial ornament.

KANSAS.—St. Louis, Feb. 16.—Messrs. McLean, Sherrard and Marshall, Governor elect of Kansas, have arrived, but bring no news.

SUICIDE BY DROWNING.—Indianapolis, Feb. 15.—Malcomb Hall and Gamble were shot by an intoxicated while attempting to prevent a disturbance in a banking house, on Saturday night. Gamble is dead, and Hall fatally wounded. A mob threatens to lynch the criminal.

A NEW PORTRAIT OF WASHINGTON.—The present proprietor of the portrait of Washington, which is now on exhibition at M. Durand's, No. 56 Chartres street, was present, on the 11th of August, 1857, at a public auction sale of the private collection of M. Marmian, where he purchased the present life-size picture. M. Marmian, an amateur in painting, a man of taste and an enlightened patron of the fine arts, was in possession of the finest gallery of historical portraits in the world. To the formation of such a gallery, more eloquent than any historical library, and from which history has self drawn new life and fresh inspiration, M. Marmian devoted fifty years of his life and a fortune of more than a million francs. In the catalogue of sale the present portrait was numbered 150.

The question naturally arises, how did this rare work of art find its way into the hands of the celebrated amateur? The answer is, M. Marmian obtained it of the heirs of General Lafayette, who, living in the retirement of his Chateau Lagrange, wished to have continually under his eyes the image of him who had slept like a brother by his side during the glorious war of American Independence.

Many travelers, many American pilgrims to the shrines of departed greatness, saw this portrait at the Chateau Lagrange, and offered to purchase it, justly considering it as belonging more properly to this than to any other country. But the owner, jealous of his valuable collection, and of this portrait, which he rightly considered one of its richest ornaments, refused to part with it.

The resemblance to Washington is so striking, and the work is so artistically finished, that Mahoudeau, in 1800, had it copied by Mosmier, at the Chateau Lagrange. This copy is at present in the gallery of Versailles.

The portrait of Washington now in possession of M. Durand, is attributed to Lemaresq, painter to the court under Louis XV. By means of a little research the authorship of the portrait might be established, as well as the meaning of the blue ribbon which the American hero wore when he sat to the artist. Lafayette speaks in his memoirs of a portrait of Washington which was sent to Louis XVI by his own command. In all probability the portrait thus mentioned is the one of which we are now writing.

How did it pass out of the hands of Louis XVI into those of the friend of Washington? The French Revolution, which had little regard for crowned heads, but which venerated all that is great and noble, as it proved by the action of the National Assembly in decreeing a national mourning in honor of the memory of Franklin—the French Revolution respected Washington—his portrait as it had already done in his life. No one was more worthy to possess this painting than Lafayette.

Such is the brief history of this work of art. As for the resemblance it bears to Washington, no one can deny its striking merit. Not many days ago, an old lady, who resides in Philadelphia, and who was personally acquainted with Washington, burst into tears on being brought before the portrait, which she instantly recognized as that of the Father of his Country.

This painting is a finished work of art. The *ensemble* is characterized by great harmony in drawing and coloring, while the most scrupulous attention has been paid to the details. Whoever is its author, he must certainly be classed among the first painters of his day. He has perfectly comprehended the mission of the historical painter, who paints for the gallery of the people, and not for the private parlor.

Washington, as delineated in this picture, is about forty-six years of age. He wears the costume of a General. His hand is carelessly resting on a cannon. He is surrounded by trophies, and in the distance is a view of English prisoners of war. Near him is seen the head of a horse, which a negro is holding by the bridle.

The head of the American hero is very finely finished, and the face is characterized by great nobleness and sublimity of expression. On it are plainly to be traced the workings of a soul inspired by a heroic love of virtue. It breathes serenity through all its lineaments. Cincinnatus, returned from his victories, could not have leaned more naturally on his plow-handle than Washington on the breach of the still smoking cannon, nor could the features of the Roman hero have surpassed in kindness and nobleness of expression those of the American.

Gazing upon this portrait we are struck by the air of simple grandeur that marks the type of the planter-soldier—an air which contrasts so strangely and so charmingly with that of the statesc, the portraits, the embalmed, painted or engraved, of a Villars, a Louis XIV, a Conde, or a Napoleon. A gleam of martial fury illumines the brow of Lorenge; on that of Washington shines the mild splendor of virtue and patriotic love. We shudder before the one—we bow our heads in veneration before the other. The one bears the marks of ambition shooting forth the electric fire of ambition; the blue eye of Washington, mild, persuasive, and yet commanding, is lit up by the consciousness of rectitude, and a passionate love of the right.

The painter has been very happy in selecting and transferring to canvas this expression of simple nobleness, of virtue in repose, at once easy and dignified, he has immortalized the true, the only type of the planter-soldier, who, on the conclusion of a far-famed victory, forgets his triumphs and his services, and becomes once more the farmer Cincinnatus—as Byron calls him, the "Cincinnatus of the West."

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.

SENATE.—Mr. Seward presented a memorial from citizens of Western Massachusetts, praying a regiment of volunteers for the army of Utah.

Mr. Mason offered a joint resolution conferring authority on the President to make appropriate arrangements for the reception of a distinguished naval officer now on his way to America.

Mr. Biggs objected to its reception.

Mr. Seward reported resolutions making appropriations for printing the opinions of the Supreme Court on the Dred Scott case.

Mr. Doolittle offered an amendment to the effect that in passing this resolution, the Senate does not mean to endorse the doctrines of the Dred Scott decision, and called for the yeas and nays, which resulted as follows: Yeas 19, nays 32. Mr. Broderick voted in the affirmative. Absentees—Messrs. Bates, Bell, Clark, Crittenden, Douglas, Johnson, of Arkansas, Reid, Stuart, and Thompson, of Kentucky.

A discursive debate took place on the resolution.

The vote was then taken on the adoption of the resolution, with the following result: Yeas 32, including Messrs. Bigler, Dixon, Foster, and Hale; nays 12, including M. Stuart.

Mr. Davis continued his speech on the Army bill.

A motion to strike out the first section, which proposed to add two companies to each regiment, was lost—18 against 18.

The same section was subsequently amended by limiting the increase to two years.

Mr. Hale said he had an soon vote for an increase for all time as for two years, for that would be the ultimate result.

Without taking the question on the bill, the Senate adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE.—The Speaker announced the following as the committee under the resolution of Mr. Harris, of Illinois, to which shall be referred the Kansas message and Lecompton Constitution, with instructions:

Messrs. Harris, of Illinois; Stephens, of Ga.; Montgomery, of Va.; Letcher, of Va.; Wade, of Ohio; Quitman, of Miss.; Bryan, of N. C.; Bennett, of N. Y.; White, of Penn.; Walbridge, of Mich.; Anderson, of Mo.; Stephens, of Ky.; Adrain, of N. J.; Buffington, of Mass.; and Russell, of New York.

[The analysis of the above committee saw the following:

Thos. L. Harris, Ill. (anti-Lecompton Democrat).

A. H. Stephens, Ga. (Lecompton Democrat.)

Justin S. Morrill, Vt. (Republican.)

John Letcher, Va. (Lecompton Democrat.)

Edward Wade, Ohio (Republican.)

John A. Quitman, Miss. (Lecompton Democrat.)

Warren Winslow, N. C. (Lecompton Democrat.)

Henry Bennett, N. Y., (Republican.)

Alison White, Pa., (Lecompton Democrat.)

D. B. Walbridge, Mich., (Republican.)

T. L. Anderson, Mo., (Lecompton American.)

J. W. Stevenson, Ky., (Lecompton Democrat.)

Garret B. Adrian, N. J., (anti-Lecompton Democrat.)

James Buffinton, Mass., (Republican.)

William F. Russell, N. Y., (Lecompton Democrat.)]

The following was announced as the select committee to examine into the facts connected with the sale and purchase of a tract of land at Willicombe Point for fortification purposes: Messrs. Haskin, of N. Y.; Hopkins, of Va.; Wood, of Maine; Florence, of Penn., and Hall, of Mass.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill amendatory of the act for the preservation of the lives of passengers on board steamboats.

Messrs. Florence and Whitely opposed the bill, and Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, replied to their objections. The bill was then committed to the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Stanton, from the select committee to investigate the charges of bribery in connection with the tariff of 1846, reported that Mr. J. W. Wolcott was asked the question: "Did you receive from Lawrence, Stone & Company, sometime in March last, a sum of securities or money of the amount of $30,000, more or less?" Mr. Wolcott answered that he did not receive money or securities of any amount for the purpose of influencing, directly or indirectly, the action or vote of any member or officer of the present or last Congress, upon the tariff, or any other measure considered by Congress, or before it, or contemplated to be before it; nor did he ever pay or promise to pay any money or pecuniary consideration to any officer or member of any Congress, for his vote or services in the passage of, or to influence his action in relation to, the tariff or any other laws; nor did he ever give any money or security to any person for the purpose of being paid to any member or member of Congress for his vote or influence, directly or indirectly, upon any act under the consideration of Congress; nor had he any knowledge that any such act or thing was done by any other person. He states that he had been induced by his counsel that the above question was material to the inquiry which the committee may involve, and that to go further would involve interference with Magistrate affairs, which the committee have no right to do.

The committee say they have proved that the sum of $30,000 was paid by Lawrence, Stone & Company, and put into Wolcott's hands, and the committee deem it material to be informed of the precise date of the receipt of such sum and how it was expended.

The witness has refused to answer the Sergeant-at-Arms, by direction of the House, and the committee deem it material to be informed of the reason of the refusal.

Robert Wilson appeared in prison to answer to a charge of contempt of the House. He resolved, in a few short sentences, that Mr. Eustamen, in behalf of his client, requested the House to reconsider the resolution of the committee, and adopt a milder one.

Robinson Adam's Case.—Wm. Peterson, with several others, whose arrest by officer Mangan on Thursday, was mentioned in our issue of Saturday, was examined on a charge of being dangerous and suspicious, and sent to the Workhouse for six months. He is known to the police as one of the most expert thieves in the Union, and, as before stated, had in his possession at the time of his arrest, a strong chisel and another "implement" instrument known as an "extension," which he will remain in insider for the full term of the sentence.

Apothecary's Mortar Bitters correct the opposite, impart a tone to the system, fence off the bile and all impure excretions, and regulate the bowels, give an strength of body and vigor of mind. For Dyspepsia and dyspeptic symptoms, they are the wonder of the all-cited. In all cases of Indigency, dizziness, prostration, great fatigue and general inability, is in imparting how soon the patient finds relief. Its family can afford to be without Hostetter's Bitters. They require no spirits. Sold in full quart bottles by Druggists and dealers generally, and by

J. WEBBER & CO.,
Sole Proprietors for the Southern States.
Feb 22 6t 32 and 151 Chartres st.

A Valuable Medicine!

During the present week no less than six of our friends, who have been induced to try Professor De Grisly's Hooter Oil for rheumatism, in consequence of the wonderful cures published in our columns, have called upon us to state the result of their experiment. We have never seen or heard of their rheumatic pains have been entirely cured by a few applications of De Grisly's Hooter Oil, and they recommend it to us to all who are afflicted with any of the diseases which it is designed to cure.—*Free. Ad.*

Sold by J. WEBBER & CO.,
Feb 22 6t 32 and 151 Chartres st.

DOCTOR HOOPLAND'S
CELEBRATED
GERMAN BITTERS,
PREPARED BY
Dr. C. M. JACKSONS, of Philadelphia, Pa.,
THE REPUTATION THEY HAVE ATTAINED
Above Comparison, Unparalleled, Remarkable,
Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

Give them a fair trial, and you will be convinced of their wonderful curative powers.

For sale at 75 cents per bottle, by druggists and store-keepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies and South America.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WEBBER & CO.,
Feb 22 6t 32 and 151 Chartres street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Every person should read the advertisement of Professor Perrot's Yoko Shiro, which appears in our JAPANESE LOTTERY, which appears alternately in another column. They are the two most successful remedies in the world for those only of secret nature.

Great Southern Depot.
CORNER ROYAL AND ST. ANN STREETS.
Direct Importation from Paris
OF PATENT MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, &c.

RECEIVED per ship Chas Wheeler—
2000 bottles Hedge's cod liver oil;
200 " " Hedge's syrup;
1200 " Finn's
1400 boxes Hagenen's pulmonic pills;
1000 " Dr. Levette's elixir of Anderson wine, 200 Boxes Valle's pills;
500 boxes Mother's magnetic pills;
500 " Sailor's cod liver;
1000 boxes magic cigarettes;
120 boxes Dr. Levette's pulmonic;
24 dozen Hampton's liquorice;
60 dozen Brown's troches;
Bayvaux Lothesier Sab. Dr. Clark's wine;
Bench paper and glass shade, &c.

N. B. All the drugs, &c., sold by the above establishment are guaranteed genuine, and the fact can be proved by the inventors, if necessary.

Wholesale and retail.

LOUIS CASTEL, Agent,
Feb 22 Corner Royal and St. Ann streets.

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
106.....CANAL STREET.....106

FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH, ENGLISH, ARITHMETIC, BOOK-KEEPING, PENMANSHIP, ALGEBRA, GEOMETRY, SURVEYING, NAVIGATION, PHONOGRAPHY, &c. Taught by able and efficient professors. There is a special professor for each language, &c. New classes forming every week.

ROYCE DOLBEAR,
Feb 22 106 Canal street.

NEW MUSIC.

H. HERZ'S PIANOS.

GREAT MEDAL OF HONOR!

A. ELIE & CHASSAIGNAC,
79.....Chartres Street.....79

THE most extensive assortment of Pianos, from the most celebrated manufactories of the United States, Europe and New Orleans.

GREAT REDUCTION!

On account of the commercial crisis.

The most complete assortment of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, IMPLEMENTS, STRINGS, PAPER, &c., ever imported in the United States. Feb22

BOTTCH.

SIGNORA CLARA WEBELER, Cantatrice Polaca, from the Royal Lyrique, Grand Opera, Paris, and Opera Comique, under general order, on the 20th instant. All goods not permitted will be sent to the Government Warehouse, Jackson Square, unless paid for.

E. J. HART & CO.,
Feb 22 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas street.

Notice.

FROM and after the 1st March next, we shall cease to attend to the business of Messrs De Pontalba.

EUG. ROCHEBRAU & CO.
17 and 19 St. Louis street.
New Orleans, February 22, 1858. Feb22 6t

COGNAC—100 puncheons, Bonbon, March proof, in bond and for sale by

BLANCHARD & GERAUD,
Feb22 44 Old Levee st

CLOVERS—5 cypress cisterns, with tun heads, containing 3000 gallons each, for sale by

BLANCHARD & GERAUD,
Feb22 44 Old Levee st

LATHES—40 bundles Cypresses sets lather, for sale by

BLANCHARD & GERAUD,
Feb22 44 Old Levee st

WOOL—5 bales choice wool, for sale by

BLANCHARD & GERAUD,
Feb22 44 Old Levee st

VERMOUTH—120 boxes, Reddy and Torino, for sale by

BLANCHARD & GERAUD,
Feb22 44 Old Levee st

A BRYTHE—500 boxes Brine cheroots, Verado Lonsdales, Reddy, Cassoret, for sale by

BLANCHARD & GERAUD,
Feb22 44 Old Levee st

HAVANNAS—50 boxes, Reddy Fine & Co, for sale by

BLANCHARD & GERAUD,
Feb22 44 Old Levee st

CLARET—50 cases good ordinary St Julien; 100 do very old St Emilion; for sale by

BLANCHARD & GERAUD,
Feb22 44 Old Levee st

A BRYTHE—1000 boxes Alcoyuin, of the celebrated manufactory of Augusto Lopez, Reddy and for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY, 72 Magazine st
Feb22 31 Commercial st

GOLD LEAF—100 books, best quality, and for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY, 72 Magazine st
Feb22

NAVAL STORES—5000 bbls Tar, Pitch, Rosin and Spirits Turpentine, for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY, 72 Magazine st
Feb22

ZINC—French and American snow-white, and extra very superior. For sale by

ALFRED KEARNY, 72 Magazine st
Feb22

GLUE—50 barrels Glue, Reddy and for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY,
Feb22 72 Magazine st

VARNISH—A large consignment of Royal, Demar, Black, &c., Varnish; for sale cheap by the

ALFRED KEARNY,
Feb22 72 Magazine st

LIME—5000 barrels Thomaston, Rockland, Alsen and Union Lime; for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY, 72 Magazine st
Feb22

FIRE BRICKS—30,000 English, Pennsylvania and Western fire bricks; for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY, 72 Magazine st
Feb22

WHITE LEAD, PAINTS, Oils—1 hundred tons assortment of all kinds of paints, for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY,
Feb22 72 Magazine st

WINDOW GLASS—7000 boxes French and American window glass, all sizes and qualities, for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY,
Feb22 72 Magazine st

CHALK AND WRITING—In sticks and boxes, for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY,
Feb22 72 Magazine st

FISH—50 bales shoaking hair roll; 100 bundles shoaking hair sole; 100 bundles curled hair; for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY,
Feb22 72 Magazine st

PACKING YARN—100 coils, loading and for sale cheap from store

ALFRED KEARNY, 72 Magazine st
Feb22

COPPERAS—50 barrels, for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY, 72 Magazine st.

WHITE WINE—50 bbls Sweet Muscatel white wine; 978 bottles do do do, 12 bottles each; for sale by

EUG ROCHEBRAU & CO,
17 & 19 St Louis st

CHAMPAGNE WINE—50 baskets Ch. Cayet and pints, landing at ship Chas Wheeler, from Havre, and for sale by

EUG. ROCHEBRAU & CO,
17 and 19 St Louis st

CLARET—50 cases claret, ch. Kinffian and St. Emilion, 50 do do do, Dayris Margaux; 50 do do do, Barton; 100 boxes do, St. Julien; 100 do do do, Margaux, Lafite and Latour. For sale by

EUG ROCHEBRAU & CO,
17 and 19 St Louis st

SARDINES IN OIL—50 cases, K and M brand, "Louis Lavergne," 'Bonne.' For sale by

EUG ROCHEBRAU & CO,
17 and 19 St. Louis st

PORT WINE—50 bbls Royal Crusadoy, for sale by

EUG ROCHEBRAU & CO,
17 and 19 St. Louis st

VERMOUTH AND TURINO—50 boxes vermouth, Tonsey & Polsoni; 50 do do Turino; 50 do do do; for sale by

EUG ROCHEBRAU & CO,
17 and 19 St Louis st

CASTOR OIL—10 barrels No 1, for sale by

J. HARE & CO,
77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

CHEESE—1000 boxes prime E. R. Ref Western, for sale by

J. HARE & CO,
77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

ALCOHOL—75 bbls, for sale by

J. HARE & CO,
77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

COAL HONEY, of superior quality, in packages of 5, 10, 15, 20, 30 and 60 gallons. For sale by

BLANCHARD & GERAUD,
Feb22 44 Old Levee st

CHINA—10,000 assorted Kinds, of Japan, Blue Nankin, Canton, Stone, Ironstone, Gilt edge Bone China, Tea Sets, &c.

LABORDE & JOURDAN,
Feb22 Commercial Place.

PORTERING FIRE—Ex cargo Brig Ann Eliza, 50 pipes, 10 hogsheads, 10 barrels, 10 kegs, 10 boxes and 5 cases Portering Fire, for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY,
Feb22 72 Magazine st

SHOT—Ex cargo Brig Ann Eliza, 50 bags Shot, 1 to 10 inclusive; for sale by

ALFRED KEARNY,
Feb22 72 Magazine st

Lessons—Lessons.

The Treasurer of the City informs all those who have not paid their licenses that the delay accorded by the Legislature will expire on Saturday next. After which time all city licenses will be collected by the Assistant City Attorney, with costs.

GEORGE A. GIVEN,
Feb22 1w Treasurer.

Commercial Bank of New Orleans.

FOR DIRECTORS:

W. T. MUSE, JOSEPH VERGA,
PIERRE POUYE, JUDGE DUBOIS,
JOSEPH LARNAUDE, EDGAR MONTHOUT.

The above ticket is respectfully recommended to the Stockholders, who are requested to vote for the ticket at the election which will take place on MONDAY, 1st of March, 1858.

Feb22 1m

Commercial Bank.

THE following ticket is offered to the Stockholders for their support at the ensuing election, to take place March 1st, 1858:

W. ALLEN, A. W. SMITH,
A. GARDNER, D. BRAMAN,
A. GIVEN, E. A. BRAMSON.
Feb22 1m

I HAVE this day sold to Mr. WM. E. BRIDGES the stock of and entire business in the "Hoosier," conducted under the name and style of, and hereafter known as "JOHNS'S EXPRESS."

STARR S. JOHNS.

New Orleans, Feb. 16, 1858.

Mr. Bridges,

WANTED, a number of good FRENCH, ENGLISH and MATHEMATICS, to greater hours' private instruction, daily, in the vicinity of the Odeon Hall, to a young man 16 or 17 years of age.

Apply box L. M., Post-Office, with the number of the current year corresponding the applicant. Feb22 2t

CALL GENTS, AND PURCHASE

WINTER CLOTHING

AS YOU MAY DESIRE.

ALFRED HUNROE & CO.,
No.....MAGAZINE STREET.....No

ARE selling at GREAT BARGAINS the balance of their stock of WINTER CLOTHING. Room must be made for the Spring Goods.

OVERCOATS.....Of every description.
FRENCH CLOTHS, " " "
ENGLISH DRAPS, " " "
PANTALOONS, " " "
VESTS, " " "
UNDER GARMENTS, " " "

—ALSO—

BOYS' CLOTHING, of the best description.

All of which will be sold very low.

Call and Examine!

Cheaper Than Ever!

PARENT YOKO SHIRTS.

We have received by late arrivals large additions to our stock of the popular Parent Yoko Shirts, which we offer to our customers and the public generally. These are the best fitting and best made shirts in the country. A fit guaranteed.

ALFRED HUNROE & CO.,
No. 56 Magazine street.

Shawls! Shawls! Shawls!

Shawls Receipts