LE Sieur VALENTIN & Co. Coiffeur de Paris, a l'honneur d'informer le public de cette ville et particulièrement les Dames qu'il vient de monter à M. Goulhine, dans l'établissement fondé par ce dernier rue des Chartres N°. 182. Il continuera comme par le passé à confectionner toute sorte de postiches suivant le goût, et il est encouragé par ceux qui voudront bien l'honorer de leur confiance n'auront qu'à s'en féliciter.

On trouve chez lui un assortiment complet de parfumerie fine et fleurs &c. &c. 5 juin.

SOIXANTE caisses Vin de Champagne tère, qualité en débarquement du navire Crocodile venant du Havre à vendre par J. LEBLANC,
16 mai. Rue Royale.

Leçons particulières.

UNE personne bien recomandée, possédant parfaitement la langue angl. et connaissant aussi les langues française et latine, désirerait s'employer pendant une partie d'heures tous les jours, à donner des leçons particulières. S'adresser à l'imprimerie de cette feuille.

RECU par les navires Mogul et Eugène, venant de Liverpool et à vendre par les soussignés:

Jolis mouchoir madras, des Indes à carreaux, percale 4-4 et 6-4.
Osnabourg Strelings Limbourg bleu.
Cotonnade marbrée, Indienne, chaussettes bleus, mouchoirs flamale bleu.

EN MAGASIN—

Draps superfins noir, vert d'olive,
Kerseys blanc et noisette,
Plaine gris et blanc, couvertures, cadiouces.
Chemises de flanelles, de Tricot,
Chamoone gris.
Robes de mousseline à bords imprimés,
Madapolans &c &c.
Toutes les marchandises ci-dessus ont droit au drawback.

5 juin KENNEDY & DUCHAMP.

Mairie de la Nouvelle-Orléans.

LE prix de la farine fraîche étant aujourd'hui de $6 25 le baril, d'après le tarif les boulangers devront donner, pendant la semaine prochaine, CINQUANTE onces de pain pour un escalin. Nouvelle-Orléans, 6 juin 1828.

D. Prieur,
7 juin Maire.

GRAISSE—1000 livres de bonne graisse, propre à l'exportation, à vendre par
5 juin C. D. JORDAN.

EDUCATION.—Une personne qui a exercé pendant plusieurs années les fonctions de Maître de langues dans des collèges et institutions, cherche obtenir de l'emploi. Elle enseigne ces mêmes langues le Latin, le Grec, le Français et l'Anglais, ainsi que les branches inférieures de l'éducation. S'adresser à l'imprimerie de cette feuille.
4 juin—3

COUDOES PREUVES.—Jeudi 5 Juin 1828, j'exposerai en vente au café de la nouvelle bourse, à midi, pour le compte de la succession de feu A. Marigny Dauterive, un Terrain situé au faubourg Lacourse, rue Lacourse, entre les rues Religieuse et St. Jean-Baptiste, désigné par le No. 1[illegible] Elet No. 2; un lot de terre situé dans la paroisse Lafayette, du côté est du bayou Gueuse de la Turque; ayant 40 arpens de face sur 40 arpens de profondeur, borné des deux côtés par les terres des Etats-Unis.

Conditions.—Le terrain faubourg Lacourse, six et 12 mois; et le lot de terre paroisse Lafayette à 1 an de crédit, en billets endossés à satisfaction avec hypothèque spéciale jusqu'à parfait paiement.

Par ordre de la Cour,
7 Mai CHAS. BLACHE, Dép. Rég.

SUCRE—69 boucauds beau sucre des Attakapas, à vendre par
Gordon, Forstall & Co.
4 juin No 23, rue Toulouse

SUCRE.—Les soussignés offrent à vendre 100 boucauds Sucre première qualité sur une habitation à 10 lieues de la ville. S'adresser à
1er mai JOHN HAGAN & Co.

SUGAR.—100 hhds. very prime sugar, landing this morning, for sale by
March 25 PETERS & MILLAR.

BEURRE—En débarquement du bateau-à-vapeur Jubilee, 37 fréquins beurre du mois de Mai, à vendre par
4 juin S. PAXTON & Co.

MUSIQUE.

UNE personne qui est sur le point de retourner en Europe, désirerait se défaire d'un recueil de musique, consistant de plusieurs des chefs-d'œuvres de Rossini. En achetant le tout ensemble on l'aurait à très bon marché. S'adresser au bureau de *l'Abeille.* 9

Avec permission de Mr. le Maire.

GRANDE EXPOSITION,

Encoignure St. Anne et Condé près la Place d'Armes.

D'UN CHEVAL DE BOIS.

Objet extraordinaire de mécanique. Ce cheval que l'on a vu sortir des flammes du dernier incendie, avec tant de rapidité fait toutes les circonvolution que l'on peut désirer, et parcourt facilement quinze lieues par jour, une femme et un cavalier peuvent s'y placer commodément.

LA FEMME INVISIBLE,

Appareil mécanique qui surprendra agréablement le public.

MIROIRS ANNAMORPHOSES.

Ces miroirs forcent à rire les personnes qui y sont le moins disposées.

COSMORAMA.

Seize jolies vues représentant les principales villes et édifices des quatre parties du monde.

MARIONNETTES,

Une scène de Marionnettes à 7 heures et demie et une à huit heures.

En attendant les Trompe-l'œil ou les Plaisirs de Jocko. Et différens objets curieux, l'exposition du Cosmorama changera régulièrement deux fois par semaine—Les portes sont ouvertes tous les jours, de six heures et demie à dix heures du soir; prix d'entrée, une piastre, enfans moitié prix, abonnement pour le mois cinq piastres.
8 Mai.

THE BEE.

PRINTED DAILY, BY F. DELAUP.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 11.

New-York, May 16.

Still later from Europe.

It appears also by the latest accounts from Constantinople (March 21,) and from Odessa (March 24,) that the preparations for war were going on with the same activity. The Swedish Ambassador, it is said, had been endeavoring in vain to bring the Sultan to his senses.

The *Courier* of the 18th, gives the following as the substance of the proposed Law upon the Liberty of the Press in France, which it says deserves unqualified approbation, as the Freedom of the Press has gained greatly by the ambition of the Censures. The law is said to resemble greatly the regulation existing in England with respect to the Periodical Press:—

Any person may set up a Journal—but he or they must give bond before it is set up, in security. If the work, however, be published only once a month, and contain nothing but advertisements, no security is to be required.

Where there are several partners, two or three responsible managers are to be appointed, who shall superintend the Editing of the Journal.

The title of the Journal, and the periods of its publication are to be declared—together with the names of all the proprietors, their residence, and the share each has in the undertaking—the names and abodes of the responsible managers, and the printing-house where the journal is to be printed.

Every number of a paper shall be signed by the proprietor, or manager, and deposited in the office of the Procureur du Roi. The name shall also appear at the bottom of each published sheet. Judicial proceedings may be filed against the author of any article, or the person whose name appears at the end of it.

The tribunals, under very grave circumstances, may order the suppression of the journal for a time, not more than three months, nor less than one month.

The French army has begun to evacuate Spain.

It is said that Ibrahim has set out to raise the fortifications of Patras, as he has done those of Modon, and that he intends to raise, in the way, all the other fortresses which are in his hands, at a cost which he will take his departure for Egypt. It is also stated that a squadron coming from Alexandria, had suffered much from a tempest, and that twelve ships had perished. Many others, which had taken refuge in the ports of the Morea, fell into the power of the Greeks, who have sent their crews to Candia. A Turkish frigate which would not stop to the injunctions (the nature of which not mentioned) of the captain of the French frigate L'Amaranthe, had been sunk after a battle which lasted two hours.

The Emperor Nicholas has fixed his coronation for the 1st of May, at Warsaw.

It was reported in London, that Ibrahim Pacha has consented to evacuate the Morea, provided England and France will guarantee to his father and himself quiet possession in Egypt for the space of twenty years. How could they guarantee this? The resort seems to be an idle one.

Paris, April 16.—We have just received, by express, a letter from Vienna of the 7th April.

The report in the capital is of a movement of the Russian army in advance.

Decidedly, the first corps, which are composed of the 8th and 14th divisions, are to pass the Pruth on the morning of the 14th.

Brazil.—An arrival at Baltimore, in 36 days from Rio Janeiro, brings advices to April 1.—The authorities of Monte Video, after considerable difficulty, permitted vessels to clear that had not taken in cargoes there. No goods but flour would bring cost: that was selling at $16 M. V. currency; duty $3 per bbl.

The Brig Sicily, of Boston, was taken off Buenos Ayres, where she got ashore—the B. A. gun boats came out, beat off the Brazilians, took possession of the brig, and recovered part of the cargo. The Brazilians renewed the attack, when the B. Ayreans set fire to the brig and left her.—The capt. and crew were on board the Brazilian squadron.

Brig Hannibal, of Portsmouth, and brig St. Joseph, had been captured by the Brazilian blockading squadron. The latter under trial.

We learn by Capt. Conyngham, arrived here last evening from St. Ubes, that, on the 18th of February a gale of wind commenced from the South East to the South West, a number of vessels were driven ashore and lost, as also many lives. His B. M. ship of war Terror, loaded with stores for Admiral Codrington, was entirely lost, and upwards of one hundred of her men; at Villanova, the same night, the English brig Lark, of Liverpool, was driven ashore in the same gale.—*Bath Patriot.*

The Boston Palladium states, that a Woollen Factory was sold last week, at a sacrifice of nearly all of the original cost ($100,000.) yet the owners were, in common, with others, taunted about the firmness they were making.

Conquest of Turkey.—A translation of a part of Baron Von Valentini's treatise on the art of war, relating to this subject has just been put forth in London. From the calculations of the original work, the conquest of Turkey is pronounced no difficult task. One of its great defences has hitherto been the plague. The losses of the Austrian troops from the climate are incredible. Those of the Russians have also been very great, but nothing in proportion to those of the Germans. Russia is declared the most formidable enemy of the Turks, not only from her actual superiority, but from a prevalent opinion among the latter, that they will one day be driven out of Europe by this northern neighbor. The Turks now fight at a greater disadvantage than ever, as their use of the sabre makes them seek out the enemy's cavalry, while a well instructed infantry now constitutes the principal force of European armies. They fight well behind entrenchments, which they seldom fail to make at any post; still little can be said in praise of their knowledge of fortification, having no idea of a regular siege in it, any more than in the other arts of war. Shumla (2[illegible] miles from Constantinople) is the Thermopylæ of Turkey, being the pass of the Balkan mountains, but this could be turned, though the attempt has once failed. Two hundred thousand men would be sufficient to relieve the conquest in one, or at most two campaigns, of whom fifty thousand would form the main army.

Unfortunate Coincidences.—The inventor of gunpowder was a poor monk, who was somewhat of a chemist, and accidentally stumbled upon this important discovery. In the course of his experiments, however, not knowing the vast power which even a small quantity of his newly discovered powder possessed, he collected a large body of it together, and set it on fire. It exploded, and killed him on the spot. Thus he perished by his own ingenuity.

It was just so with the inventor of that terrible engine of popular fury, the Guillotine. In order to expedite the execution of criminals, a French artizan invented the Guillotine—by which heads by a single fall of the axe. It cannot pass, however, that the ingenious inventor was one of the first, who fell a victim to the first guillotine which was built in Paris.

An ingenious mechanic, Fordyce Ruggles, of Massachusetts, had recently invented a percussion pistol, for which he had secured to himself a patent. The invention was one of the most ingenious efforts of human skill, second only to Perkins' celebrated steam guns. A fair prospect of wealth arising from his invention, was opening upon him, when his useful career was suddenly terminated by a circumstance that excites feelings of great commiseration. Having been using one of his pistols in the open air, he retired to the house for the purpose of warming himself, and while sitting near the fire, conversing with the landlord, a young man seated himself near him, and unobserved, took the weapon, which was loaded, from his pocket, proceeded without examination to snap it, the muzzle being less than two feet from the unfortunate owner. It exploded, and the ball entering his breast, lodged in his body. He lingered about fourteen days, and expired in consequence of the wound; leaving a wife and two children to mourn the loss of an affectionate parent, and depriving the community of a useful and exemplary member.

Sir Peter Pontopp.—It is not a little extraordinary how many of our most important discoveries owe their existence to chance. Every body knows the anecdote about Sir Isaac Newton and the apple. Dr. Jenner and the milkmaid, John Bunyan and drumbeat, Perkins, &c. &c.; but every body does not know the anecdote of Sir Peter Pontopp who found the bottom of a coal mine by chance. I proceed, therefore, to relate it. Sir Peter had been quarrelling with one of his workmen on the day previous to the catastrophe I am narrating, relative to wages. There are two modes of descending into coal pits. The usual way is to be wound down in a machine; but they to whom the exit and entrance are matters of custom, content themselves in descending by grasping a rope, which communicates to a counteracting pulley. The weight of the individual thus carries him downward, without dislocation. Sir Peter, on the day in question, adopted the latter expedient, as usual, in utter darkness.—Judge of his horror, when, on reaching the extremity of his journey, he found that his feet failed to touch the ground. He instantly thought that the workmen with whom he had quarrelled, had, in revenge, cut short the rope. He screamed and bawled till he was hoarse; but all the operatives had adjourned to their dinner.—At length his strength failed him; he let go his hold, expecting to be dashed to atoms in the unfashionable abyss, and found that he had been for a full half hour screaming about three inches from the ground. Here was a chance discovery, which nettled Sir Peter solely; insomuch, that he actually felt half angry with himself for not having been precipitated some hundred feet, according to reasonable expectation.

[New Monthly Magazine]

A whisper to a Wife.—In the matrimonial character, gentle lady, no longer let your fancy wander to scenes of pleasure or dissipation. Let home be now the sole scene of your wishes, your exertions. Let home be now the stage on which, in the varied character of wife, of mother, and of mistress, you strive to act and shine with splendor.

DIED—In Scotland, Edward Rimington, aged 78. On Saturday, he walked to Surlett, and dispatched the sixteen miles to make his will, and on Sunday morning he was a corpse.

ADMINISTRATION TICKET.

Domestic Manufactures—Internal Improvements.

ADAMS ELECTORS.

JAMES VILLERE, of St. Bernard,
AIMIE LE BLANC, of Assumption,
[illegible], of East Baton Rouge,
[illegible]UET, of St. Martin,
B. MOORE, of Natchitoches.

FOR CONGRESS,
EDWARD D. WHITE.

FOR GOVERNOR,
PETER DERBIGNY, esq.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

B. A. WAGGAMAN,	CHAS. MAURIAN,
P. [illegible],	& H. SHEPHERD,
[illegible],	D. P. BURTHE,
ANTONIO DUCROS.	

NOTICE.

Election in the second Senatorial District, to wit:

OF a Representative in the Congress of the United States for the Senatorial District of this State, of which the Parish of Orleans District is a part, to serve for two years from the 3d March, 1829.

Of seven Representatives in the General Assembly of this State, for the Parish and City of New-Orleans.

And of a Governor for the State.

By virtue of the Proclamation of his Excellency Henry Johnson, Governor of the State of Louisiana, dated 1st May last, for the election above mentioned, the Judge of the City and Parish of New-Orleans, notifies the electors of the Second Senatorial District comprising the City of New-Orleans and its fauxbourgs, beginning at the Nun's fauxbourg above, and extending below as far as the Bayou St. John and Gentilly, that they are to take place on the 4th and 5th of June, and that the Sittings of the Parish Court of the Parish of Orleans.

J. PITOT, Judge.

New-Orleans, June 2, 1828.

PUBLIC SCHOOL LOTTERY.

Class No. 6.

To be drawn positively on Saturday, June 14, 1828.

SCHEME.

1 Prize of		$8,000
1 Prize of		4,000
1 Prize of		3,500
1 Prize of		2,000
1 Prize of		1,500
1 Prize of		1,340
1 Prize of		1,300
3 Prizes of		1,000
14 Prizes of		200

And a large number of smaller prizes.

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets, 6 dollars; Half ", 2 50; Quarters; 1 25; Packages of 10 whole Tickets, 60 dollars; warranted to draw not less than 20 dollars—Half and Quarter Packages in proportion.

Tickets for sale at

P. V. BARBET'S

Lucky Lottery Office, No. 37, St. Louis street, opposite the Exchange.

Parish Court for the Parish and City of New Orleans, May 27th 1828.

PRESNT THE HONBL. JAMES PITOT.

Joseph Chaperon vs. his Creditors.

UPON filing a tableau of distribution of Mr. Augustin Rousseau the syndic of the Creditors in this case, and upon motion of Octave Rousseau, Esq. of Counsel for the said syndic.—It is ordered by the Court that the Creditors of the said Joseph Chaperon, and all other persons having concerned show cause in open Court on or before the 9th day of June next, 1828, why the said tableau should not be homologated, and the said syndic discharged from any further trust or responsibility on the premises.

I do hereby certify the above.

THOS. S. KENNEDY, Clerk.

NOTICE.—The Wardens of the Catholic church inform those parents who do not possess the means of paying for the schoolling of their children, that there are now several vacancies in the schools, where the church keeps a number of indigent children of both sexes. Those desirous of enjoying the advantage may call on Mr. *Zenon Cavelier.*

REMOVAL—CHARLES JANIN, Attorney at law and Notary Public, has removed his Office to Toulouse street, in the house where the French Consul formerly kept his office. may 14

LOGWOOD.—100 tons Spanish Logwood; 75 seroons Indigo, landing from brig Orono, and for sale by
may 27 *L. Millaudon.*

NOTICE.—Messrs. *L. Moreau Lislet & Pierre Soulé*, Counsellors and Attorneys at Law, have entered into partnership for the exercise of their profession. Their office is in St. Louis street, above Mr. Boyer's auction store, opposite the Mortgage Office. may [illegible]

HAT STORE,
No. 16 Canal street.

DRAB BEAVER HATS.

NICHOLS & KEELER have received per ship Talma, an assortment of DRAB BEAVER HATS, of the first quality and of the latest New-York fashion.
April 23

THE AGENT of *Le Courrier des Etats Unis*, intends visiting every village of importance on the coast, and would be happy to collect any accounts placed in his possession, on a fair percentage.
May 22.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,

WHITE, Sparkling Champagne & Burgundy wine, } first quality
Sparkling Champagne, Chambertin, Chateau Margaux, St. Estaphe, Cote Rotie, Haute Brylon, Lafitte. } old & of the best quality.
Grian Larque, in casks; Medoc Wine, in bottles.
Gruyere Cheese from Switzerland.
French & English Dry Goods, consisting of.
Norwich crapes in pieces of 60 yards,
Crapes Bonnets do 40 do
fashions,
Popelines Organdies, Gaze Popeline & Ribbons,
Azure blue and white Handkerchiefs,
Fancy Bandanna assorted,
Mazulipatanas do
Assorted Shawls, plain centers,
Cambrick Handkerchiefs, printed borders,
Mallapolams, Swiss Muslins,
Mecanical Lamps of Gottens,
French Blankets of 6 points, most of which entitled to debenture.
may 23 THEODORE NICHOLET & Co.

FLOUR, Whiskey, Rum, Bacon, Lards, Bees Wax, &c.—500 bbls. superfine Flour, in fine shipping order—66 do. of good qualified Whiskey—325 do. of first proof New Orleans Rum, of good quality—30 Puncheons of 4th proof do. do.—20 casks Bacon, comprising Hams, Sides and Shoulders—100 bbls. of excellent canvassed Hams—250 Kegs of good Lard—200 bbls. Pork, Mess, Prime & Cargo—100 half bbls. Beef, put up at Cincinnati, do; hardly salt—6 Pipes of good quality Holland Gin—100 bbls. domestic Rum, Gin, Brandy & other Liquors—[illegible] do. of old Rye Whiskey—[illegible] do. of [illegible] 50 do. of single refined Loaf Sugar—200 Coils of Rope, for sale by
CHAS. BYRNE,
may 28 No. 5 Dauphine-st

PANORAMA EXHIBITION.

THE great Panoramic picture of the *City of Paris, the Capital of the Kingdom of France* is now exhibiting in a building on the public square of Rampart street.

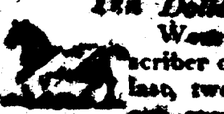
The view is taken from the roof of the south pod of the palace of the Tuilleries; the spectator stands therefore immediate himself placed on this elevated situation which commands an extensive prospect over the whole city.

Immediately under the eye of the spectator in a northern direction, is the roof of the King's appartments, and on the right that of the long picture gallery stretching eastward as far as the Louvre; —This gallery bounds the place de Carousel on the south side and the new gallery on the north, in the centre of this square is seen the triumphal arch. On this square Bonaparte was wont to review his batallions previous to their departure for their respective destinations, and here oft the walls resounded with the clang of martial music. On the west side of the palace the spectator looks down on the Garden of the Tueleries, and beyond that in the distance is seen the palace of the Garde de Meubles, and the woods of the Champs Elysees in the distance.

When we consider that Paris has been the theatre of so many great political events which have convulsed Europe for thirty years past, first, if any subjects of equal interest to a picture could be offered to the public.

Admittance——50 cents.
New Orleans, April 30, 1828.

Ten Dollars Reward.



Were stolen from the subscriber on the 22d of April last, two american Horses; one grey, old; very large, lame and wounded on the shoulder, the other black, with a small white star in front, with a mark near the left leg, occasioned by the rubbing of the girth.

The above reward will be given to any person who will bring said Horses to No. 146 Esplanade street.

FRANÇOIS LABROUCHE DUBIN.
May 9

A PERSON highly recommended and perfectly acquainted with the English language, and well acquainted with the French and Latin languages, wishes to employ a few hours per day in giving private lessons. Application to be made at this office. may 9

SPERMACETI OIL—[illegible] Gallons first quality Spermaceti Oil.

A complete assortment of carpenter's planes.

30 Boxes Roll Brimstone.
300 Linen Bags.
300 Kegs Paints of all colours.
60 Boxes Window Glass assorted sizes for sale by
MARTINSTEIN & HALL,
may 7 No. 9 Bienville st.