The New-Orleans Bee.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF GENERAL COUNCIL. ..... NEW-ORLEANS, MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 10, 1849.

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NO. 93 CHARTRES STREET.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

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New-Orleans Daily Bee.

Monday Morning, Dec. 10, 1849.

THE WAYS.—On Saturday the Northern mail arrived from beyond Charleston. Yesterday's mail due on Saturday came through, by the Sunday boat Empire.

THE GOVERNOR ELECT.

For a week has been for some days, speculation as to the probability of Gen. WALKER, declining to run as Governor. From the position of the Bee on that subject, we have not the smallest objection to speak on the point which seems to be uppermost in the public mind. We have no desire that the Gen. should refuse to make a race for Governor, if he should feel so inclined. We have always been of opinion that he would be a strong candidate for the Whig party, we should not hesitate to say that if Gen. WALKER will consent to run for Governor, he will be elected by a handsome majority. We know he will make a good Governor, and we believe the interests of the State will be safe in his hands. We have no fears that Gen. WALKER will disappoint the expectations of his friends in this respect, if he is elected Governor.

Judge Peter H. Burnet, Mr. W. S. Sherwood and Gen. Wm. M. Steuart, all Democrats, were the candidates for Governor.

Mr. John McDougal and F. J. Lippitt, Whigs, were candidates for the office of Lieutenant Governor.

Messrs. E. Gilbert, editor of the Alta California, Denn, W. E. Shannon, R. M. Price, W. Hastings, P. A. Morse, Halstead and Wright were in the field for Congress, all Democrats, with the exception of Mr. Halstead.

The California papers notice the death of Brevet Captain W. H. Warner, of the U. S. corps of Topographical Engineers. Capt. W. was killed by a party of Indians in ambush, in one of the canons of the Sierra Nevada, and just as he had completed a successful exploration of a practicable route for a road between the waters of the Sacramento and the Humboldt rivers, by which the valleys of the Sacramento and Great Basin could be united. The expedition had been ordered out by Gen. Smith, as early as July last. Capt. W.'s notes and sketches were saved.

A personal encounter had taken place at San Diego, between Col. Weller and Mr. A. J. Grey, the surveyor of the Boundary Commission, in which the former received a wound through the lungs from a pistol ball, fired by the latter. The occasion seemed to sustain Mr. Grey in the transaction.

The steamship *California* left San Francisco on the 1st, and reached Panama on the 23d November. Among her passengers were Dr. Judd, Minister of Finance to the King of the Sandwich Islands, and two adopted sons of the King—the elder being the heir apparent to his throne. They are on a visit to the United States and England, on matters, it is believed, connected with their recent difficulties with the French. Dr. Judd, while at San Francisco, met Mr. Barnes, the American commissioner appointed by Mr. Polk, and concluded with him a treaty, the precise character of which is not yet known. Mr. Conner, of New York, and Mr. Beale, of the navy, both passengers by the *California*, took duplicate copies of this treaty to Washington.

Gold digging was conducted with considerable activity. As to the success with which it is attended, the following extract of a letter from Sherlock's Diggings will give some idea:

"Tom, Mr. Ellis and myself constitute the place of Sherlock's Diggings, but I am sure you can form no idea of the place from this description. They were discovered by Sandwich Islanders since by a host of Americans, who, with a company of seventy Mexicans, worked some dozen claims. The Mexicans were driven away, and I am sorry to say there are now left but three men took out fifty ounces in one day. Another week two more men, with a rocker, washed nearly nine pounds from a single claim. Sherlock has gone into the mountains, and has not been known of since, and we have erected a new store, the whole day of the 5th, and I have been selling goods ever since. We are ready to make change for a quarter of an ounce, and have had to make change for a hundred dollars. We are receiving goods from Stockton at the rate of ten wagon loads per week, and the richest of the two deposits. Many of the Sandwich Islanders have recently found here, averaging from one to eight pounds gure each. The finest pieces usually are worth about fifty cents, but you perceive this is the tag of a 'big lump.'"

Col. Bruce Peyton was at Cruces on the night of the 26th ult. The English steamer for Valparaiso was to sail for Panama on the 28th, and it was stated that he would not get over in time to embark. Mr. Potter, the American Consul at Valparaiso, was two days in advance of Col. Peyton, and probably got over in time.

CELESTIAL FEMALES.—Three Chinese ladies of rank arrived at San Francisco, in the English bark Helen Stewart, on the 20th of October.

During the month of October the arrivals of emigrants at San Francisco, by sea, were as follows:

Americans,	2,655
Foreign,	1,414
Total,	4,069
Of which are females—American,	70
Foreign,	49
Total,	119

Total arrivals for the months of August, September and October, 13,677. The character of the emigration will continues such as will reflect credit on the State.

Nine thousand one hundred and ninety-six tons of shipping stated during the month of October. 19,815 tons of shipping arrived. Number of vessels arriving in port, month ending October 29th, 104,963 tons.

FROM OREGON.—By the arrival of the "Ocean Bird," from Columbia river, the Alta California learns that the U. S. brig Gen. Patterson sailed from Columbia river about the 16th October, for Van Couver's Sound, with Maj. Gen. P. F. Smith and suit on board, and was expected to arrive at San Francisco on or about the 10th of November. The incoming vessels are reported at Columbia river: American ship Huntress, bark Madonna, brig Henry, for San Francisco soon, with lumber.

INDIAN TROUBLES ON LAKE SUPERIOR—SURRENDER OF THE MINES.—We gave lately from the Detroit *Tribune*, an account of the disturbances on Lake Superior, predicting that the next arrival would bring us the account of the commencement of hostilities. That paper of the 26th ult. ultimo says:

From letters received in this city on Saturday, from Sault Ste. Marie, we learn that the schooner Chippewa had arrived at the Sault, from Mack Bay, bringing the intelligence of the attack of the Indians, and the voluntary surrender of the mines, on the 14th instant.

"The Indians and half breeds that we spoke of in our last account, to the number of 150, under command of McDonnell, left the Sault on Saturday night, reached the location of the Que bec company on Monday night, and proceeded quietly and cautiously to lay their plan of attack. Two pieces of artillery were to be placed as to command the works most formidably, and that the forces disposed of in ambush, so that, at a moment's warning, they could rush upon their victims. The plans were so quietly carried out that the miners, to the number of 150, were not aware of the presence of the marauders until completely in their power. The agent of the company was suddenly attacked by a squad of the desperadoes, with weapons in hand, and threatened with immediate death, in case of resistance. A voluntary and immediate surrender of the mines, tools, &c., was then demanded, which was, after some hesitation, complied with. The agent, Mr. John Bonner, is said to have acted with great coolness and self-possession during the affair.

It is not stated whether Mr. Wilson, with his party, that left the Sault in a bark canoe, to the Bay or not, but it is presumed he did not.

The British steamer Gore, that we spoke of from the Sault the morning after the Indians left for the mines, proceeded immediately to Penetanguishene, the naval depot for the British Government in Georgian Bay, for a company of regulars, and her, without doubt, returned to the Sault by this time. We should not be surprised to hear of a bloody rencontre with the next advices from there, or the triumphant possession of the mines by the soldiers."

FATAL ACCIDENT AT A RACE.—The Frederick Examiner states, that at the races near that place on Tuesday, after the main race was over between Forest Grove and Harris' bay mare, Rose Washington, for a purse of $500, in which the former was beaten about six feet, Mr. Geo. W. Cooke was thrown from his own horse, in riding a quarter of a mile race, and received injuries from which he died about ten o'clock that night. The deceased was from the north.

VINDICATION OF THE NOS EDITORIAL.—J. W. Gray, Esq., editor of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, lately recovered of one John Coon the sum of thirty-seven dollars and fifty odd cents damages, in an action of *assault and battery*, wherein the said Coon attempted to attach himself to a portion of the nasal organ of the said Gray.

Mr. Clay.

MR CLAY'S recent reception at Baltimore appears to have been of a most enthusiastic character. The following is given as the substance of a part of his address to his fellow-citizens on the occasion:

"You have been pleased, gentlemen, to allude to my return to the Senate. I fear you entertain hopes in that connection which can never be realized. I feel, it is true, the same desire to serve the public interests, but I feel also the hand of time weighing heavily upon me. Solemen and grave questions will arise during the approaching session of Congress—questions which have already deeply agitated the public mind. You all know that out of the late acquisition of large territories in the West and Southwest there has arisen a question which has caused much excited discussion—I allude to the question of slavery. In my humble judgment, gentlemen, both parties who are so clamorous upon that question are in error. One contends that, without an enactment of Congress prohibiting slavery, the institution will take root in those territories; the other contends against the constitutionality of such an act, as depriving them of the right of moving their slaves thither. In my opinion, both are grossly wrong, inasmuch as the question evidently settles itself. Slavery can never exist in those territories. The climate, the soil, and the industrial pursuit of the people all forbid it.

I am, perhaps, going too far, gentlemen, in expressing myself so freely upon public affairs on an occasion like this. But for your allusion to them in your letter to me, I should probably not have done so. My views on these questions are altogether conservative.

There is one point, however, on which I feel at liberty to express myself fully: I allude to the union of the States. This question is, in my view, paramount to all others. There is none of sufficient importance to be considered in connection with it. Under all circumstances and in every event, I shall labor to its perpetuity. Let the storm come from what quarter it may, I shall be prepared to meet it, and stand by our glorious confederacy. I look upon the dissolution of the Union as being productive of every possible evil that could befall us as a nation. Our country would need no histories. The bungling forgeries of a thousand generations of every character would necessarily follow. Some daring military charlatan or charlatan would arise and play the part of a Philip or an Alexander. We should be involved in wars, wars! wars! wars, most bloody and devastating, would be entailed upon us. Listen, gentlemen, that such a time may never arrive, and my untiring efforts shall be directed against it."

PLACIDE'S VARIETIES.—The new theatre opened on Saturday night, to an audience that absolutely filled every vacant spot within the building. It has not been our fortune to witness for many a season so dense a throng as that which poured into the theatre upon the opening of the doors. The audience was, in a great measure, composed of the resident population, and hundreds of familiar faces met the spectator at every glance. If the crowd on Saturday night may be considered a fair index of public feeling, it may be safely predicted that the "*Varieties*" will bear away the palm from all competitors.

The performances elicited universal approbation. Our old friend HOLLAND was immitable in his comical personations of various characters; PLACIDE himself contributed no inconsiderable share towards the gratification of the audience. The dancing was capital, and MILLARIOT and Mlle. LALLARON received the award of public favor in a shower of bouquets—Mrs HOWARD is a charming, versatile and talented actress, and a vocalist of superior character. Mr. BASS is one of those genuine comedians who are getting rare now-a-days, and who are the better appreciated on account of their scarcity. In fact, the entire corps *dramatique* is excellent, and with such a *personel*, an array of attraction can at all times be offered that will not fail to ensure a brilliant attendance.

McKEAN BUCHANAN.—The gentleman makes his first appearance to-night at the St. Charles, in the character of Hamlet. Candidates for histrionic greatness are common. Every season delivers us a number of fledged Thespians who dream of KEAN and MACREADY, who don the buskin, murder SHAKESPEARE, and after strutting and fretting their brief hour on the stage, are heard no more, or sink into the mere third-rate stock actor. From what we know of the gentleman whose name heads this paragraph, we may confidently predict that such a fate not be his fate. In him ambition is associated with intelligence, with high dramatic taste, purified by extensive observation, and energized and refined by close application and study. As an amateur, Mr. BUCHANAN has already given a foretaste of his powers, and those of us readers who witnessed his performances at the Theatre of the Harmonic Association, will readily admit that he possesses many of the requisites of a great actor.—With voice, figure, face, declamation, strong imitative powers, and that peculiar genius which enables us possessor at once to grasp and embody the conception of the author, giving it witality, a life of habitation and a name, Mr. BUCHANAN enters among the busy scenes of the mimic world with as fair a prospect of achieving distinguished eminence as ever heralded the debut of a dramatic aspirant. We bespeak for him the calm and kindly consideration of theatrical critics—let something be pardoned to inexperience, and more to the nervousness inseparable from the novelty of his position. Let abatement be made of these impediments to success, and then judge of his performance, nothing extenuating, nor setting down aught in malice.

PENNSYLVANIA FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—It is this district in Pennsylvania that furnishes a contested seat in Congress. Mr. Littell, Whig, the unsuccessful candidate, is about to contest Mr. Robbins' claim. The Germantown Telegraph says Mr. Littell will carry with him documentary evidence of his election by the legal votes of his district.

COLLISION AT SEA.—*Dreadful Shipwreck of a Baltimore vessel, and terrible loss of fifteen lives.*—An extra from the office of the *Mercantile Advertiser*, of Saco, Me., dated Monday, Nov 26, two o'clock, P.M., says:

On Wednesday night, Nov. 21st, about half-past 11 o'clock, the bark Fashion, bound from Annapolis district of Baltimore, to Halifax, while in about lat 43 deg. and long. about 60 deg. 30 min., probably one hundred and fifty miles east of Cape Porpoise, was run into by a large unknown, but was supposed to be a New York packet ship, of about 1000 tons burthen.

The ship was standing before the wind, steering W. S. W. As soon as the crew of the bark saw her, they gave the outcry, and lashed the helm, so as to be seen and heard by those on board of the ship.

But the ship instantly struck the bark about midships and cut her in two. The captain, 1st mate and steward had just time to take to the boat—but in about three minutes the after part of the bark sunk from sight, and, as the captain thinks, leaving out that part of the cargo in the fore part, and causing her bow to float.

The head of the mainmast struck the mizzenmast, which fell, and knocked the man at the wheel overboard. There were 18 souls on board, including the officers, the crew, and two female passengers—one of which was the sister of the captain, and the other, Mrs. Johnson, wife of the late English Consul, who was returning her arrival at Halifax—all of whom, excepting those who took to the boat, must have perished, unless there be a faint hope that some of them may have been taken on board of the packet ship, or hung to the floating bow, and been picked up by some other vessel.

It was a foggy night, and the moon could be seen occasionally, but dimly.

Capt. Sherwood and the first officer, Henry A. Steel, of Boston, and the steward, John Tew, colored, floated about in a boat, in a state of almost nudity, with naught but a small paddle to guide them, with neither food or shelter, from the time of the awful disaster until Sunday, Nov. 25th, in the afternoon—probably about 5 o'clock—a period of four days, when they drifted on Old Orchard or Ferry Beach, in a state bewildered and almost insensible state.

Capt Sherwood was picked up on Sunday night, between 7 and 8 o'clock, in the yard of Burrows, on the Portland road, completely exhausted and helpless—was taken into the house of Mr. Burrows, and received every attention and kindness that a kind and hospitable family could bestow upon him.

He was down town this morning, for the purpose of entering a protest before Magistrate Skeate. Captain S. knows not the fate of his suffering companions—as he hadly recollected what occurred since the boat struck, the beach—he thinks that Steel went to a house near the beach, and that Tew may have wandered in the woods. Captain S. must have come through the woods about three miles, and encountered several brooks and had swampy places, before reaching Mr. Barrow's house. The wonder is that he is in the land of the living.

Some of our citizens who went this morning to the beach and the woods in the vicinity, in search of the lost men, have returned without success, but report that another party had discovered a boat on the shore some distance from them, to which they had directed their search. We trust that their efforts will soon disclose the fate of the unfortunate men.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM BRAZIL.—We have received our files of the Journal do Commercio from Rio Janeiro, brought by the fast sailing ship Courier.

The news brings us to the 13th October, which is eight days later than our last accounts. They contain nothing important.

The troops of Paraguassu still maintained the positions they had taken up at the last accounts and had successfully resisted numerous attacks on the part of Rosa's troops.—[*N. Y. Herald.*

Awful Suicide—A Lady carried over the Falls of Niagara.

From the Buffalo Morning Express of the 28th, we learn that, on the evening of the 26th a Mrs Miller, who had been spending a few days at the Eagle Hotel at Niagara, precipitated herself into the rapids above, by which she was carried over the Cataract. She took her shawl, cut it into strings, out of which she formed a sort of rope and by it let herself down from the bridge that extends to Goat Island, into the flood which bore her to the abyss below.—She represented herself as a daughter of Senator Norval of Michigan, and as the wife of an officer in the army now in Florida. She wrote three letters, one to her father, one to her husband and one to the proprietor of the hotel, by which it appeared that the act was premeditated. She was undoubtedly insane, as she cut off a portion of her hair and left it with her watch and jewelry in her room.

This is one of the most desperate cases of suicide on record, and with all its horror there is a wild romance about it, that makes the blood run cold.

The Buffalo Courier gives the following letter containing further particulars:

NIAGARA FALLS, Nov. 27—8 1-2 A. M.

Our village was this morning thrown into deep gloom by a report that a Lady had probably committed suicide here, during some time last night, which is undoubtedly too true. The circumstances are as follows:

The train of cars yesterday morning brought hither a young woman of fine personal appearance, and about thirty-five years of age, having with her two bright looking boys, four and six years old. After taking rooms at the Eagle Hotel, she called for writing materials and for something more was known of her until this morning. Between seven and eight o'clock, the bell of the room she had occupied was rung by the little boys. They were inquiring for their mother.

Upon the table were found three letters—one directed to Major Miller, U. S. A., and one to Hon John Norvell, Detroit, Mich., and one to the proprietor of the Eagle Hotel, (a copy of which I send you)—also the ringlets of one side of her head, her gold watch, two trunks of clothing, a silk purse containing some gold and silver coins and her wedding ring.

The children state that their mother had bid them good-bye and kissed them, after they had gone to bed—that they had last come from Worchester, Virginia, and that their father was in Florida. No cause can be assigned for the act. She appeared perfectly rational throughout yesterday, and not the slightest symptom of insanity was noticed. Nothing has yet been found to throw the least light upon the matter.

P S.—9 1-2 o'clock, A. M.

Enough has been found to warrant the belief that the unfortunate lady leaped from the Bridge that leads to Goat Island and was swept over the Falls. Upon the second Fleet was found her shawl, which had been trodden upon. Her black crape shawl was found tied to the railing of the Bridge, to let her down upon the Fort which is six feet below the railing. She undoubtedly did this in order to indicate to those who should look for her, the line of mind she made up for the fearful leap into the yawning chasm below.

Her father has been telegraphed, and the children have been kindly taken charge of by the Hon. Augustus S. Porter.

[The following is a copy of the letter addressed by Mrs. Miller to Mr. White, of the Eagle Hotel:

To the proprietor of the Eagle Hotel:

My mind is made up. I have no wish to live any longer. I shall go where my body will never be recovered. No one shall gaze on my mangled remains. Please take care of my two little boys till they can be sent to Detroit where their grand-parents reside. They are the pets and grandsons of Judge [illegible] Norvell, Detroit, Michigan. Please forward my letters and direct my children till some of their relations come for them.

Mrs. J. G. MILLER.

ARRIVAL FOR DARE IN DELAWARE.—We learn from the Wilmington (Del.) Republican, that Hon. Robert J. Walker was arrested when passing through that city, on Saturday last, by sheriff Grah, at the instance of some person in Mississippi, who holds a note for $2340, on which Mr. Walker is endorser. Messrs. A. Porter and Henry Hake went his bail for his appearance at New Castle at the next term of Court. It is said that suit was brought against Mr. W. in Mississippi for this note, but he stoutly held that he had never been given for it, and the plaintiff failed to obtain judgment.

LATER FROM ST IAGO DE CUBA.—Captain Scott, of the brig Catherine, has furnished us with intelligence from St. Iago de Cuba, to the 11th of November. All was quiet at that place when Capt. S. sailed, and there was no local or political news of importance. The prospect of the coffee crop was considered very favorable. The markets were overstocked with provisions of every description, and especially of Nova Scotia fish. The C. was discharged right days by the authorities at St Iago de Cuba, notwithstanding she had a clean bill of health. About the 1st November the restrictions were removed on all vessels from the United States, except Boston.—*N. Y. Herald.*

DREADFUL ACCIDENT.—At the soap boiling manufactory of Mr. Chadder, Broome-st, yesterday about 11 o'clock, a most horrible accident occurred by the bursting of a boiler in that concern. A man named William Weever, employed on the concern, happened to be near the boiler when it burst, and a portion of corrosive fluid poured upon his person, scalding him in a manner indescribably painful. He was taken without delay to the Hospital, uttering piercing shrieks all the way. When there he became delirious, and the nurses had to tie him down on the bed or he would have torn himself to pieces. A woman, likewise engaged in the same place, whose name was not learned, received a portion of the burning liquid. She was soon placed under the influence of morphine, and was asleep when the Reporter saw her. She was not quite so seriously injured as the man.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

City Intelligence.

A WHITE GIRL NEARLY SOLD INTO PEARLERY.—We copy from yesterday's *True Delta*, the following startling incident:

One of the most revolting acts and at the same time, touching occurrence, it has ever been our lot to witness occurred yesterday in the Recorder Room of Mr. N. Vignie, on Conti street. The estate of Mr. Benoit Duran, lately deceased, consisting chiefly of slaves, was to be sold, for the benefit of a creditor, the negroes were to be brought up, as usually the case, one by one, and exhibited to the bystanders, before being put to the hammer. On the presentation of the third, advertised as "Madeline, an orphan quadroon, aged about nine years," every one present was horrified to behold paraded before them a lovely girl, delicately formed, white as the purest of the Caucasian race, her face burning in her hands, and her slender frame convulsed with sobs. There was a pause of some minutes. The crowd could not up among negroes to be passed into a life long bondage. Amazement was succeeded by indignation, and then by anger, about nine years, at about inquiring as to the manner in which the child had been thrust into such degrading associations.

Mr. Duran, it appears, was a spaniard by birth; was some years since in affluent circumstances in this city; but latterly, his circumstances declined. He moved from the First to the Third Municipality, where he kept a small grocery store, and struggled through comparative poverty.—None in the negroes knew anything of the early history of the girl, except one old man, who said that she was a white woman, who during, when her child was born, Mr. Duran took the orphan in charge to rear as an adopted child. This was when he was in prosperity. For some years after the death of his mother, the lady was in the habit of visiting Mr. Duran's house regularly; of late years, however, she continued her visits to it about the time the sale of the Third Municipality, since when, four or five years ago, she has never been seen. Whether this lady was a relative or friend of the mother, interested in the fate of her offspring, the old man knew not, nor did he know who the lady was, or whence she came.

Upon the information, the sale was stopped, and Madeline was taken in charge of by Mr. Charles Lewenskind, to whose humane exertions in her behalf, she is perhaps indebted for her liberty. Mr. L. has kindly installed her in his own family, and will bring her up as a member of it, if the law does not defeat his benevolent intentions. The girl, though of late years, has associated exclusively with the negroes of Mr. Duran's household, is intelligent and her years, speaks both French and Spanish fluently, and understands English.

The affair speedily attained to the notoriety in the lower part of the city, and created an intense excitement. Several interpersons of note interested themselves in the case, and the humane gentleman acting under own class, nearly two hundred dollars, to buy the girl out of the estate, and bestow upon her, her freedom. Many persons tended, however, and from present appearances the degradation of being included in the inventoris of the succession. Mr. Duran has left no heirs, and dying intestate, his property escheats to the State, after satisfaction of the creditors. There is but one creditor, and his feelings were as deeply affected yesterday, as those of any person present. Mr. Lovenskind and others, who have taken the girl's cause in hand however, have determined upon as speedy dissolution of the girl, and if it be practicable will bring the case before the Courts in such manner, that a jury shall pass upon her blood.

POMAREDE'S PANORAMA.—This attractive painting, now on exhibition at the Armory Hall, continues to draw large crowds every evening. None should fail to visit this faithful representation of the mighty Mississippi and its shores.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—*Judge McHenry.*—On Saturday his Honor passed sentence on the notorious Bill Eubanks, convicted of larceny, condemning him to two years imprisonment in the Penitentiary.—Vincent Domeade Cranaich, convicted of forgery on two separate counts, was sentenced to five years imprisonment in the Penitentiary for each —in all ten years.

BURNING AN ESTATE.—An affidavit was made on Saturday before Recorder Genois, charging Joseph Joal with having taken illegal possession of a vacant estate. The accusation sets forth that a man dies in Joal's house, known by the name of the New Hotel; in Hospital street, a few nights since, and that immediately after his decease, Joal took possession of his effects, broke open his trunk and concealed the contents, comprising some $500 in money, bank checks, jewels and plate, to his own use; after which he obtained an order from the Register for the burial of the body, alleging that the deceased was in pecuniary circumstances. The case has not been examined as yet.

COMMITTED.—Joan Maria, charged with stealing a tarpaulin, and Antonio de Asinha, accused of stealing a considerable quantity of sugar out of a hogshead, were committed on Saturday, by Recorder Genois, for trial before the First District Court.

Races—Bingamin Course.

FALL MEETING—FIRST DAY.

Sunday, Dec 9—Although the weather was anything but favorable, yet, owing to the great attention paid to the track by the proprietors, Messrs Valentine & Oliver, it was, in consequence, in good order, and the sport was much better than was generally expected by the public. A large crowd was present, and execute every work in the line to do it neatly, with promptitude and on as liberal terms as any other establishment in the city. He would particularly remind the public that he is enabled to furnish all kinds of Stationery, Letter Press and Counting House or Office Implements, of a superior quality, and as low as any other one in this place, being in direct connection with the best manufactories of these articles. He has, moreover, in his employ the best workmen, who have produced the neatest and most elegant work in the line of Book-Binding and Printing that can be had anywhere, and he promises those who will favor him with their patronage that they shall be satisfied in every respect.

His price list contains—enumerating his leading staple articles—of counting house and office Books such as Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books, Bill Books, Invoice, Sales, Account Current, Record, Receipt and Check Books.

☞ They may be made of any pattern and size. Boxes, Indian Rubber, Steel and Gold Pens, Pen Holders, Pen Knives, Paper Folders, Backs, Rulers, &c., &c. Canal's gelatine Ink, Copying Of Paper, of every kind, from the best to the most common.

☞ Country orders attended to with promptness and great care.

STOLEN.

From the subscribers, at the corner of Gravois and St. Philip streets, a red PURSE, with $1400, of which $900 in Bank notes, and one check on the Louisiana State Bank, drawn by A. Chapelin, for $1100, and one, drawn by H. R. Grandjenon, of $255, and several old lottery tickets. A liberal reward will be paid to whoever will give such information as will lead to the discovery of the thief, or the recovery of the property. Apply at

HENRY TRAIN,
Office, Conde st., between Main and St. Philip.
Near the Lafayette Court.

☞ The payment of the check has been stopped. d 3t

NOW landing, per brig Pan Giovanni, from Gibraltar, extra Vermicelli, in boxes of 25 lbs each, half boxes, and 10 lbs each. Oil, 44 cases prime Lucca, in half bottles; 44 do do do do do do do do Genuine Maraska. Wine, Brainol brand; 4 cases Superior Maples Dry Figs; 3 cases cardied Citrons, 10 Kegs Prunes Perdrigon; Water, 150 boxes Citron, in 4 Lozenges; 30 Mortar Pestles; 100 do Coffee Mills; 100 do Tubes; 100 do Lancets. For sale by H. LANATA.
Basel st., between Chartres and Levee.

☞ Landing, per steamer from Bordeaux, an assortment of Claret wines. Consignees are requested to take out their permits and attend to the receipt of their goods, which will be stored at their expense.

HUBBELL FILS & CO.,
Levee, between Chartres and Levee.

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HUBBELL FILS & CO.,
Levee, between Chartres and Levee.

☞ Landing, per steamer from Bordeaux, an assortment of Claret wines. Consignees are requested to take out their permits and attend to the receipt of their goods, which will be stored at their expense.

HUBBELL FILS & CO.,
Levee, between Chartres and Levee.

COMMERCIAL.

The Markets.

SATURDAY EVENING, Dec 8.

The demand for Cotton to-day was scarcely suspended, only 500 bales having found purchasers at former prices.

The Sugar market was dull with sales of only 200 hhds. About 10-6 bbls. Molasses were sold at 20½ cents ₱ gallon.

Flour is heavy, sales to day, 900 bbls at $4 75 @ ——

Nothing of consequence was done in C'n.

The Provision market is unchanged, and the sales to day were light. Mess Pork $10 75 @ $11, and Prime $8 75 in small quantities. Bacon Sides 5 @ 5½c; Shoulders 3½ @ 4c.

Whiskey is selling at 22 @ 22½c ₱ gallon.

Exchanges remain as last quoted.

Nothing was done in Freights to-day.

☞ We are requested to call the attention of merchants and families to the large sale of 400 tons of Teas, which will take place THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, at the auction store of I. L. Valeton & Barnett, cor. St. Louis and Chartres sts.

BOARDING.—Mrs. HOGAN informs her friends and the public that she has opened that large and elegant house, No. 126, St. Louis street, between Bourbon and Dauphine streets, where families, single gentlemen and gentlemen's table, and mulsging and attentive servants, &c. d10-1m

Bayou St. John and Canal street Property.

THREE arpents front on Bayou St. John, by 40 arpents deep, to New Canal.

Three lots front on Bayou Road, by 16 arpents running to the Draining Ware.

Twelve Lots front on Canal street, No. 1 forming the corner of Tivoli, and No. 12 the corner of Nashville street, for sale. If not sold at the last of January, they will be advertised for public sale.

A. HODGE, 3 Bourbon st.

BRANDY—115 ¼ and ⅝ Otard, Dupuy & Co's Anet Monogram, Jedd, Lone, Jedd & Co's Diamond, 17½ and ⅝ Jules Robin & Co's Diamond, 1844, 20 ¼ and ⅝ Jules Robin, 1847, 9 ¼ J Durand, 1846 25 ¼ and ⅝ J Durand, 1846, 30 ¼ and ⅝ J Durand, 1846, 5 ¼ and ⅝ L. Chevalier & Co's Diamond, 1846, 10 ¼ and ⅝ L. Hennessy, 25 ¼ and ⅝ A Moudon, 1846, 10 ¼ and ⅝ Castel & Lee.

Empress Gin, superb brand in store and in the custom house store, for sale by

J. & J. TARDIEU, 31 Old Levee.

WINE—50 casks good ordinary 80 Gascon do Haut Talence do.

250 boxes St Emilion, 1841 200 do do 1846 do.

250 do do Jouan.

100 do Haut Talence, 1841 and 1846.

400 do do Monton Mouton Vieuville.

600 baskets Champagne Wine.

For sale by H. DE GOICK & KIPPLARD.

d10

CHAMPAGNE—1452 baskets Champagne, of the following brands, viz: Duc Angoulême, Comte Lafond & Co. Rose, Double Crown, Crescent, Shipwreck and Star.

d10 2 ½ ROCHEREAU & CO., 79 St. Louis st.

LANDING—From ship Gustave Batteau, from Bordeaux.

100 boxes white Marcarons de Naples.

100 do do Fresh Vermicelli.

5 do do Peregrine Olive.

10 do do Lasagnetic.

10 do do Taglioni.

10 do do Macaroni.

B. TALAMON, 182 and 186 Royal st.

LANDING—From ship Lyon from Bordeaux.

16 cases Superior White Wine.

16 do St Estephe Medoc red Wine.

20 do Rauquet d'Arcins do.

For sale by B. TALAMON.

d10

WINE, in boxes and Brandy, landing ex brig Lyon, from Bordeaux—

250 boxes Claret, 1846 and 1847 Peydieu Carbet, 150 do Haut Pontereau, 36 Red Burgundy.

W. &c.

91 half pipes Brandy, for sale by

A. MOLLER, 86 St. Louis st.

BRANDIES—St Jacot St Germain, 22 octave pipes Cognac Brandies, 3 and 5 years, landing from Ch Gaillard & Co., Marquet Jas Rousseau & Co., Gaillardon, Lafontaine, Peugniez, Menier Pineau—for sale by

EUGENE ROCHEREAU & CO.,
d10 17 and 19 St. Louis street.

LANDING, ex ship Texas, from Bordeaux—2 cases family wine—150 bbls Haut Barsac white wine, 150 boxes brandy cherries, for sale by

d10 FOUGET FILS, 19 Conti st.

WINE—172 casks Red Wine
72 half-do White Wine
4 do do Red Wine Landing ex ship Spartacus, from Bordeaux, and for sale by

d10 G. M. LUCAS & BROTHER st.

CORDIALS—8 cases Absynth and assorted Cordials, for sale by

d10 EUG ROCHEREAU & CO.

BLANKETS—43 bales, 3 points, White French Blankets, for sale by

d10 EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
17 and 19 St. Louis st.

LIME—700 bbls. Western, in store, for sale low by

d10 R. CHAPMAN.
56 Tchoupitoulas street.

CORN—150 sacks prime white and yellow, in store and for sale by

d10 R. CHAPMAN.
56 Tchoupitoulas st.

EXCHANGE on Paris at 60 days' sight, for sale by

d10 DOMINIQUE LANATA.

OATS—100 sacks Prime Eastern, in store, for sale by

d10 E. CHAPMAN, 56 Tchoupitoulas st.

WINE BOTTLES—300 hampers, of 100 each, landing and for sale by

d7 J. F. BERCIER & CO.
54 Old Levee st.

SARDINES—54 cases, 50 half boxes Sardines each; 15 do, 46 do do; 13 do, 100 do do; for sale by

d10 H. A. NORCROSS & CO.

WINE—50 casks good ordinary 80 Gascon do Haut Talence do.

250 boxes St Emilion, 1841 200 do do 1846 do.

250 do do Jouan.

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54 Old Levee st.

SARDINES—54 cases, 50 half boxes Sardines each; 15 do, 46 do do; 13 do, 100 do do; for sale by

d10 H. A. NORCROSS & CO.

ASSORTED PICKLES—200 cases French Pickles, consisting of Capres, Anchovies, Olives, &c., for sale by

d7 J. F. BERCIER & CO., 54 Old Levee.

LANDING ex ship America, from Bordeaux—50 casks good ordinary Red Wine; 41 bbls Haut Talence do.

n13 Sand 10 Jefferson st.

WADDING—18 bales heavy white Wadding, 1 bale do black, received and for sale by

d10 BERNARD TURPIN, 90 Old Levee.

LIME—700 bbls Western, in store and for sale low by

d3 E. CHAPMAN, 56 Tchoupitoulas st.

CORN, OATS, BRAN, &c., constantly on hand, for sale, in