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MAGNE & WENDEL, PROPRIETORS,
No. 91 Chartres, and 13 Camp street.

TERMS OF THE BEE.

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Orleans Bee.

...ruing, March 18, 1848

FOR MAYOR,
C. M. CHOSTMAN.

☞ The Delegates to the Whig National Convention, who are at present in the city, are requested to meet this afternoon at 5 o'clock, in the Gentlemen's Parlor of the St. Charles Exchange.

Soule and Judge McHenry.

The brief term of imprisonment to which the Hon. PIERRE SOULE was condemned on Thursday last by Judge McHENRY, for an alleged contempt of Court, has proved to the former a source of unexpected and signal triumph. As soon as the sentence of the Court was known, subscription lists were prepared and circulated among the friends of Mr. SOULE, and although the amount of individual contribution was limited to *ten cents*, the sum of one hundred dollars was soon obtained and applied to the payment of the fine imposed on Mr. SOULE. During the night, the friends of the U. S. Senator elect, among whom we remarked a large number of members of the Legislature, assembled in great force, engaged the services of a band of music, and proceeded in a body to the parish prison, where Mr. SOULE was confined. The prisoner was serenaded, and nearly the entire night was passed in manifestations of sympathy and kindness towards him. Yesterday morning, a very numerous procession was formed and marched, preceded by music, through the lower part of the city until it reached the prison. At half past ten o'clock, Mr. SOULE was set at liberty, and was saluted by the deafening acclamations of the crowd. The cortege resumed its march, in rank's obtaining accessions at every step, and conducted Mr. SOULE in triumph to his residence. On its way thither, it passed before the First District Court and sent forth shouts that must have resounded within the precincts of the hall of justice.

This little incident deserves mention, not that it was the result of popular admiration for the distinguished Judge, but because it must be regarded as a spontaneous and eloquent protest against the exercise of a judicial despotism of which Judge MCHENRY has been more than once accused. We trust that this Republican Court will learn from it how it has received alike from the people and the Legislature the former have not hesitated, by the plainest demonstrations, to censure their utter disappropriation of his official conduct, while the latter has virtually inflicted a vote of censure upon the Judge. It is worthy of remark, that among those who yesterday morning united with the throng in escorting Mr. SOULE to his home, was no less a personage than the Hon. THADDEUS LOWRY, Lieutenant Governor of the State and President of the Senate.

Had the manifestation of yesterday been nothing more than an ovation to Mr. SOULE prompted by his particular friends, we should have dismissed it in a passing paragraph; but we regard it as something more; as a rebuke to an arbitrary judicial functionary, and a lesson to the Bench which will be conned, we trust with profit. No one can be more solicitous than ourselves to behold the remains of justice properly respected, and to witness the dignity of the Judicial office sustained and enforced. But there can be no difference between the due appreciation of the glory of a judge, and the abject worship of the idol; and they have fallen on evil days indeed when they can receive a vote of censure from the people and the Legislature, without being conscious of the stigma it implies.

Congressional.

In the SENATE, on the 9th, very little business was transacted. After the presentation and reception of sundry petitions and memorials, on motion of Mr. *Sevier*, the Senate went into Executive session.

In the House, sundry enrolled bills were reported as truly *enrolled*, and were signed. Mr. Murphy presented a memorial respecting the next census, which was referred.

Mr. Vinton, Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill providing for the Civil and Diplomatic Service, which was read twice and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

The Speaker announced that the next business in order was the consideration of the bill securing to soldiers in the U. S. service their titles to bounty lands, after such soldiers shall have been promoted.

Mr. Evans spoke at some length in favor of the bill.

Messrs. Jacob Thompson, Richardson and Haskell, each offered an amendment to it.

Messrs. Embree, Jones of Tennessee, Haralson, and others, discussed the subject.

The bill was finally referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Sundry bills were reported from Committees, which were read twice and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

The Speaker announced that the next business in order would be the motion to refer the Veto message of the President of the United States to a Select Committee.

Mr. Vinton withdrew the motion to refer to a Select Committee.

The next motion was to refer it to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Moses Hampton spoke in strong terms of opposition to the policy of the administration.

Mr. Sawyer called for the previous question; but before the question was put, the House adjourned.

MR. CLAY IN NEW YORK.—Five columns of the New York *Herald*, are occupied with an account of the reception of Mr. Clay in that city, on the 7th instant, which must have been one of the most enthusiastic public demonstrations ever witnessed in this country. All agree in representing it as such. The triumphant march of the procession, amidst the enthusiastic masses of men and women, made it a most brilliant affair.

From every window could be seen ladies, who waved to the venerable statesman with handkerchiefs a hearty welcome, while huzzas rung from stoop and house-top.

In the response of Mr. Clay to the Mayor's welcome, he alluded to the nature of his reception, the discharge of cannon, the display of flags, and the gay and exulting sounds of music, and most feelingly contrasted that welcome with the sad and mournful duty they must perform to-morrow, in regard to the venerable remains of the late ex-President of the United States, Mr. Adams. He thought that such a contrast should make men remember how vain the contentions of party strife were; it should moderate, if not still the anger of political feeling, and lessen, if not destroy, the acrimony to which party conflicts give rise.

Reaching at length the New York Hotel, after bowing repeatedly to those without, Mr. Clay, fatigued and worn out, entered, the multitude the while, however, demanding a speech or to hear some of them expressed in—"only one word" from Harry of the West. No remonstrance was of any avail, and Mr. C. had again to appear and excuse himself, acknowledging their love and too high appreciation of him. Hastily leaving the balcony, he exclaimed, "My friends make me run—a thing my enemies never did." In the evening, he was entertained at a dinner party at the New York Hotel; and on Wednesday united with the municipal authorities in the solemnities to Mr. Adams. On the 8th, he was to receive the citizens, and last evening, a grand ball was to be given in compliment to him, at the Broadway Theatre, and an oratorio, at the Tabernacle, by the Sacred Music Society.

GREAT BRITAIN—CUBA.—The recommendation of Lord George Bentinck, in the British House of Commons, to take possession of Cuba, has appeared in the newspapers in the United States pretty generally without having excited much comment. The policy thus recommended, says the Baltimore *American*, is grounded upon two considerations—first, that the possession of Cuba by England, would break up one of the chief marts of the slave trade; secondly, that the claims of the Spanish bondholders in England might be liquidated in this way.

There is a third consideration which his Lordship introduces incidentally as though it were an after-thought; yet it is one which would probably occupy the first place in the mind of a British politician. "In possessing Cuba," says Lord George, "England would have the key of the Gulf of Mexico, as she had in 1762, when she took it with six sail of the line—Then we need have no alarm for our American colonies, because we could cut the trade of the United States in two, by destroying the communication between New York and Mississippi. We should then hear no more boasting from Uncle Sam about stretching his length from California to the Pacific, and turning Cuba into a kitchen garden."

It is not in place perhaps to dwell at length upon a matter which the course of events may not bring up for an actual decision for some time to come. There is not, however, any point upon which a general agreement among our people might be predicated, in reference to any question of foreign policy, with a greater degree of certainty, than this one of a determination that Cuba shall not under any circumstances, pass into the hands of England. The power to enforce this determination, too, growing stronger and stronger with our advancing resources, does not increase more rapidly than the intensity of the determination itself.

RUMORS OF MR. CLAY'S DECLENSION.—The numberless rumors, at various times put afloat, in regard to Mr. Clay's purposes, are all set at rest by the declaration of the last Cincinnati Atlas, founded upon information derived directly from Mr. Clay himself, that "Mr. Clay will not decide the question of his withdrawal till after his return home; and then only under a deliberate sense of the duty he owes to himself, his principles and his country."

☞ The Buffalo *Courier*, a Democratic paper, has the following sensible and impartial remarks relative to Mr. Clay:—

By the testimony of both Whigs and Democrats it would appear that the journey of Mr. CLAY through the principal cities, has been more like a triumphal march than a mere manifestation of respect and regard for a private citizen. No person will regret that it has been so, and his progress has probably been hailed with as much pleasure and sincerity by his political opponents as by his friends.

Republics, then, are not ungrateful. The people are ever ready, without regard to old party differences or personal considerations, to render their homage to an illustrious citizen, who, having served his country faithfully, according to his convictions of duty, withdraws to private life and reposes upon his honors. Mr. Clay may now feel that the demonstrations of national respect and gratitude, literally hardly records a parallel instance, and our generation will not witness another.

A REMARKABLE ADMISSION.—In the course of one of Mr. McKay's five minute's speeches, a few days ago, he thus distinctly admitted that the *Democracy had brought on the war*, and that the Whigs could not be expected to vote for taxes which the Locofocos lacked the nerve to lay:

Mr. McKay said he regretted exceedingly that his friends on this side of the House had not brought themselves up to vote for the proposition (contained in his substitute) for a tax on tea and coffee. If they had not *nerve* enough to vote for it they had no right to expect the other side of the House would. We (said he) are the persons who have brought on this war, and we are properly responsible for all its consequences, [cries of laughter,] and we ought to provide the means for carrying it on. What do you suppose the whole amount of this seventeen tax will be, of which gentlemen are so afraid? I have a number of tables before me, which I will publish, that the country may see what the measure can be upon tea and coffee amounts to. It amounts to a charge of only thirteen cents upon each individual in the United States.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—We understand, (though not enabled to trace the rumor to its authenticity, and sincerely hope it may prove untrue,) that on Thursday last, as Mr. Lyons, the chief operator on the line of Telegraph between this city and Mobile, accompanied by Major Willard and another individual, whose name we did not learn, was visiting certain posts in the vicinity of Fort Pike, in crossing the water near there with a small boat or canoe, the frail boat was capsized, and both, he and Maj. Willard were drowned. The other individual was fortunately saved.

The Loan of Five Millions.—The Washington *Union* of the 8th, inst. says:

The bids were opened this day by the acting Secretary of the Treasury, in the presence of the Secretary of the Treasury, Solicitor, Auditor, Comptroller, Commissioner of the Land Office, &c., and awarding to the highest bidders, who, for the principal amounts, were N. M. Rothschild & Sons, of London; (jointly with Corcoran & Riggs,) John S. Riddle, G. M'Call ister, and E. W. Clark & Co., &c. &c. The Messrs. Rothschild and Corcoran & Riggs bid for the whole loan at a premium of 1.25, but obtained only between three and four millions of dollars of the amount, taking half a million of this amount, by preference, in the six-per-cent stock. The total premium paid in and related was about $65,000, which is a handsome addition to the Miscellaneous Receipts of this month. The sale is above the full average market price, ranging from 2 to 1.26 per cent premium. We are glad to see the Messrs. Rothschild again in the American securities. It shows the confidence which the principal bankers of the European world place in the American stocks. It enables us to profit by foreign capital; and in the same proportion it relieves our money market, and our banks from a pressure on account of this loan. The total amount of the bids offered to-day was $17,000,000, (*seventeen millions of dollars*.)

MORGAN COUNTY, OHIO.—The Whigs held a county meeting at M'Connelsville on the 26th ult., at which the following resolution was passed without a dissenting voice:

Resolved, That while we regard HENRY CLAY as the greatest living statesman of our country—the man who "would rather be right than be President"—and pre-eminently entitled to the confidence of the American people for any trust, we will, however, support any good and true Whig whom a majority of our party in National Convention assembled may select as the Whig candidate for the Presidency.

REBELLION IN OHIO.—Some of the most rabid of the Ohio Locofocos have called a mass meeting of the malcontents in the State to be held at Columbus, on the 10th of May.

This movement grew out of the opposition to the apportionment bill which was adopted in the recent session of the Legislature of Ohio. When the bill was about to be passed in the Senate, fourteen of the Locofoco Senators rose from their seats, stalked out of the house, and thus deprived the body of a quorum. These constitution loving Locofocos issued a series of bulletins to their friends, in the anxious hope of stirring public sentiment against the course of the Whigs. The apportionment bill in a few days became a law, and the traitors, to sustain themselves, are endeavoring to excite their party to rebellion against the law. Their movement in the Senate was revolutionary, and they now begin to consider the Locofocos generally to adopt revolutionary measures to put down the law. It is not likely that their bluster will end in anything very serious, as it is perfectly well understood that the valor of a rabid Ohio Locofoco lies in his tongue and not in his sword.

The proposition of these traitors and malcontents contemplates rebellion and revolution. They propose to elect the next Legislature by general ticket, in opposition to the method prescribed, by the constitution. Professing to be eminently scrupulous on the subject of violating the constitution, the traitors propose to overturn it altogether. This proves very clearly that they have no regard for the constitution, and that all their professions of love for it are hypocritical.

The movement in Ohio is modelled on the Rhode Island rebellion, and has recently been denounced as revolutionary by the decision in the Supreme Court of the United States. The secret reason why these Locofocos are adopting revolutionary measures is the hope of wresting the power of the Government from the hands of the Whigs. They feel that the political power of the State has forever passed from their own hands, and, unless they can get up an excitement that will overwhelm the Whigs, they must remain in obscurity. It is not righteous indignation against unfairness and injustice, but an expiring effort of knaves and scoundrels to get power and control of the State Government. That the traitors will be utterly foiled in their guilty efforts, no sane man can for a moment doubt. They will be overwhelmed and destroyed by that infamy which they so richly merit.—*Louisville Jour.*

FIRST WARD—FIRST MUNICIPALITY.—We call attention to the announcement of a public meeting for the nomination of candidates for Aldermen, to be held at the Merchant's Exchange, this evening. The call is intended for all those who are opposed to the continuance of the Sugar Platform in its present location.

MR. GLIDDON.—The third lecture of Mr Gliddon's course on Egyptian archæ logy and literature will be given this evening at Odd Fellows' Hall, corner of Carondelet and Common streets. It will commence at 8 o'clock. Subject—Sesostris the Great, and records of the Pharaohs of the Old Testament, identified on the monuments of the Nile; and by an explanation of the Grand Papyrus, known as the "Book of the Dead," or the Canonical Prayer Book, current among the Egyptians above 3,000 years ago; comprising some astounding facts of the religious creed of Egypt in the days anterior to the Hebrew Patriarchs. The lecture is fraught with matter of the deepest interest to the thoughtful mind, and should be attended by all who desire to behold the truths of Scripture vindicated by the disentombed records of remotest antiquity.

City Intelligence.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—HENRY O'DONNELL, charged with embezzlement, was yesterday tried and was found guilty. The court then adjourned.

GENERAL COUNCIL.—This Council had a special meeting last evening. Mr. Haines was elected President.

A message from the Mayor was read, recommending to the Council the necessity of appointing a Commissioner for each precinct, for the coming municipal election. On motion, the following gentlemen were appointed Commissaries for each ward of the several Municipalities, viz: *First Municipality*—1st ward, Newton Richard; 2d ward, J. F. Gomez; 3d ward, A. Perilliat Cadet; 4th ward, Albert Fabre; 5th ward, Victor Wiltz; 6th ward, F. Correjolles; 7th ward, M. Barnett, Jr. *Second Municipality*—1st ward, James Rose; 2d ward, A. T. Fickrell; 3d ward, H. J. Stetson; 4th ward, C. W. Noble; 5th ward, J. D. Quirk; 6th ward, J. P. Freret; 7th ward, J. A. Robert. *Third Municipality*—1st ward, J. A. Bellanger; 2d ward, J. S. Whitaker; 3d ward, C. N. Coignard; 4th ward, for the 1st precinct, on the Bayou Road, F. Casanave, and for the 2d precinct, at Milneburg, P. Meaures.

Mr. Holland then offered a resolution requesting that part of the ordinance imposing a tax of 1$1 cents on every passenger arriving in this city. This resolution was laid over.

The Council then adjourned.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.—Yesterday, the Shamrock Benevolent Society of this city, celebrated their patron's anniversary, in a becoming manner. The Society paraded the principal streets, with a fine band of music, and in the evening partook of a collation.

POCKET PICKING.—Thomas B. Holt, was yesterday arrested by Lieut. Busby, of the Second Municipality police, charged with picking, at the post-office, the pocket-book of Mr. Rothmeyer, containing a check on the Canal Bank for $118 40 cents, No. 117, payable to Sykes & Hyde, and dated March 17th, 1848. The prisoner will be brought up this morning before Recorder Baldwin.

Hugh Carey was arrested, charged with assaulting Mr. Joseph Cassidy, and seriously wounding him in the arm with a dangerous weapon. The prisoner will be examined on the 21st inst.

RECORDER RAMOS.—William Harrington and James Russell, charged with attempting to pass a ten dollar counterfeit note of the bank of Mississippi; were yesterday brought up before Recorder Ramos, who remanded the accused for further examination. There was no further business of interest before the Recorder.

RECORDER BALDWIN.—Declan Ryan was yesterday brought up before Recorder Baldwin, charged with stealing, on the 15th inst., from the house of James Ryan, about 250 gunny bags, worth about twenty five dollars. Recorder Baldwin recommended the case until Tuesday next.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW-ORLEANS, FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 17, 1848.

COTTON.—Arrived during the past week of Louisiana and Mississippi, 19,486; Tennessee and North Alabama, 11,972; Arkansas, 640; Lake, 126 Florida, 965; Mobile, 1097; Texas, 319—together, 40,092. Cleared in the same time for Liverpool, 13,251 bales; Glasgow, 607; Hull, 1080; Havre, 6274; Bordeaux, 228; Marseilles, 761; Sante, 1166; Gottenburg, 500; Vera Cruz, 920; New York, 1021; Boston, 4312; Philadelphia, 513; Portsmouth, 1534—together, 36,077 bales; making an addition to stock of 4,015 bales; and leaving on hand, inclusive of all on shipboard, not cleared, the stock of 356,721 bales.

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

Stock on hand Sept. 1st, 1847 ..... bales	93,467
Arrived last week	40,092
Arrived previously	791,086 924,108
	884,975
Exported past week	36,977
Exported previously	342,177 379,154
Stock on hand and on shipboard	356,721

Since the date of our last review, we have received later accounts from Europe, announcing an advance in Cotton of ⅛ @ ¼ d. There has been an improved feeling in our own market, and the sales of the week have been largely increased, amounting to 49,000 bales at a rise of ⅛c. the market closing steadily at our advance figures. Later advices are now due and looked for with interest.

LIVERPOOL CLASSIFICATION.	LOUISIANA AND MISSISSIPPI.
Ordinary	5 @5⅛
Ordinary fair	6¼ @6⅜
Middling	6⅞ @7
Good Middling	7½ @7⅝
Middling Fair	7¾ @8
Fair	7¾@8
Extra Fair	8 @—
Good Fine	— @—
Choice and Fine	— @—

TENNESSEE AND NORTH ALABAMA.	AVERAGE BOTS
Ordinary	— @—
Common	— @—
Fair	— @—
Extreme Fair	— @—

TOBACCO.—Arrived during the past week 896 hhds. Cleared in the same time for Bordeaux 30 hhds; Sante, 15; New York 343; Charleston, 8; Savannah, 3—together, 399 hhds. Stock in warehouse and on shipboard, 11,000 hhds.

STATEMENT OF TOBACCO.

Stock on hand Sept. 1st, 1847 ..... hhds.	22,000
Arrived last week	399
Arrived previously	16,115 17,033
	39,732
Exported past week	197
Exported previously	27,839 28,122
Stock on hand and on shipboard	11,000

TOBACCO.—The market has been more animated since our last, and the sales amount to 900 hhds, at the prices previously quoted, say Inferior, 2½@3c; Common, 3½@4c; Fair, 4½@5c; Fine, 5¾@6c; Choice and Selections, 6½@7½c; Spanish Leaf, 8¾ @13c @ lb.

GRAIN.—The accounts from England have lowered the price of Corn at least 5c. @ bushel. The sales of the week amount to 55,000 sacks, and the prices current are from 60@62c. @ bushel, though the latter figure can hardly be obtained even for a superior article. There is nothing doing in Wheat owing to the want of supplies. Oats continue dull at rates ranging from 30@33c @ bushel in sacks.

FLOUR.—No change has taken place in the flour market since our last. The sales of the week are small and in consequence of the light supplies prices are well sustained. The sales for the week amount to 9000 bbls, and we now quote Ohio and Illinois $5,25; 5,37½; St. Louis bakers' brand $5,30@5,80 @ bbl.

SUGAR.—The market has been very dull during the past week, and prices are still more in favor of buyers. The sales amount to 2,500 hhds at 2¾@3c. for extreme qualities. We have not heard of any Plantation sales.

HAVANA SUGARS.—Nothing has been done in this description since our last.

MOLASSES.—The sales of the week amount to 3000 bbls, at a range of 15@20½c for very inferior to strictly choice lots. Principal transactions at 19 @20c. No sales on Plantation account to report.

PROVISIONS.—The Provision market has undergone no material change since our last.—The sales of PORK amount to 4000 bbls, at $9,00 for Mess and $7,00 for Prime. Bulk PORK 2@2¼c @ lb. BEEF has been in better request, and we notice several sales of Prime at 6,75@7,00 @ bbl. Mess $11, 00@12,00. BACON has been in moderate request at former prices, we quote sides 4½@4¾c. Shoulders, 3½@3¾c. Hams, 5½@6c. according to quality. LARD is in fair demand for shipment, and prices are the same as last quoted, say from 5 3/8c @ lb for extreme qualities. Western BUTTER is selling at 14@15c. and CHEESE, at 7½@ 8c. @ lb.

WHISKEY.—The sales since our last have been 1500 bbls, at 18½@19c. @ gallon for rectified.

BAGGING AND ROPE.—No change has taken place in prices, and the market remains in the same dull state previously noticed.

EXCHANGE.—We have no particular alteration to notice in the Bill market. Foreign Exchange is in better demand, and we quote Sterling, 7½@8% @ cent. premium; France, 5,30@5,37½; New York, 60 days, 2½@3% @ cent. discount; Checks, par @¼ @ cent. premium.

Sterling	7½@8% @ cent. prem
France	5,30@5,37½
New York, 60 days	2½@3% @ cent. dis
Checks	par@¼ @ cent prem

FREIGHTS.—A fair amount of business has been done in Freights since our last. Cotton, in Liverpool in American ships 3/32, and British, at the same rate—to Havre 1c. Coastwise freights are the same as last quoted.

☞ **Dr. Bailey's Magical Pain Extractor.**—The original and only genuine. Always has the written signature of the proprietor, "W. DAILEY," on the wrapper of each box.

Southern Depot, 154 Chartres street, New Orleans.

Purify the Blood!

The great virtues of Sarsaparilla, as a restorer of purity to the blood, are well known to the world, and the great object is to procure the best preparation of this celebrated root. COMSTOCK'S SARSAPARILLA has met with wonderful success in the cure of scrofula, and breaking out upon the face, boils, ringing noses, and all diseases arising from impure blood, and is warranted equal to any Extract ever made, at the low rate of 50 cents per bottle, and in a large bottle as any sold at $1.

A bottle of this Extract will be found very beneficial to enable the system to bear up against the debilitating heats of summer, and resist the inroads of disease. Prepared and for sale by COMSTOCK & FOSDICK, 68 Magazine

CANNIBTER.—150 cases Canister Imperial and Gunpowder tea, in store and for sale by ROBCROSS & FOSDICK, 68 Magazine

RICE ☞ sacks, in store and for sale by ROBCROSS & FOSDICK, 68 Magazine

CAROLINA TAR.—100 bbls, landing and for sale by ALF. KEARNY & CO, 69 Magazine st.

PIMENTO.—300 bags pimento in store, for sale by ROBCROSS & FOSDICK, 68 Magazine st.

SUGAR.—250 boxes white Havana Sugar, landing and for sale by P. Soule, for sale by J. A. TARDOS, 15 Conti st.

CHAMPAGNE WINE.—200 baskets of different brands, landing and for sale by RAYMOND CARUZAC, 34 Old Levee

OLIVE OIL in baskets, for sale by NATHAN JARVIS & CO, Corner of Magazine and Commerce sts

CIGARS.—75,000 Regalia Cigars, and half Trabucos, for sale by J. & J. TARDOS, 15 Conti st. mr17

EXCHANGE on Havana, for sale by LABORDE & ZIQUE, 31 Common st

☞ The undersigned Committee Merchants, Grocers, General Traders, Property Holders, Residents and Voters of the First Ward, First Municipality, considering the Sugar and Molasses Platform as a direct public nuisance, injurious to health, unfavorable to trade, and prejudicial alike to the true interests of the merchant the planter and the consumer, hereby pledge themselves to use their best endeavors to effect the return of such to the Municipal Council, at the election in April next, who will devote themselves to their appropriation for its removal, and will continually agitate the question until the nuisance complained of be entirely removed.

In the furtherance of their object, the undersigned will use every legitimate influence they possess, in the different Wards, for the return of those men only, to any place themselves to co-operate in that good work.

J H Morrison & Co.,	Alexander Grant,
Roman & Kernion,	J M Johnson,
J A Braud & Landry,	A R Bein,
W F Vredenburgh & Co.,	Hugh Kennedy,
Troisgross & Laupre,	Samuel Locke,
J J Adams & Co.,	W C Folger,
Dudley & Nelson,	J Avet,
Augustin & Thibaut,	R W Montgomery,
Lafferet & Squires,	Theodore Ryan,
W W Burgess & Co.,	John Pirrad,
Ritchie & Cochran,	Anthony Roach,
Leonard Fleurtavant & Co,	L C Adam,
Fowler & Blake,	W Pitzpatrick,
Seymour & Hastings,	Martin & Seagrave,
Alexander, Pitsch & Co.,	P Campbell,
F E & H J Vose,	H Hall,
Duran, Quey rouze & Co.,	A B James,
Beebe & Co.,	A H Wood,
Taylor & Bayne,	H W Bannister,
Leverich & Co.,	D Palm,
E Weyman & Bro.,	Wm Ariette,
A D Graff & Co.,	Wm C Johnston,
David Pelt & Co.,	John Hall,
Henry Tate & Co.,	Alexander Dunn,
Brown, Brown & Sisson,	P Fritchie,
C Bedford & Co.,	Thomas Asbury,
Pelt & Reed,	J W Flint,
Hogan, Tarvand & Conand,	Charles Maillot,
John Hagan,	L Adams,
Nicholas Sinnott,	E J Williams,
Newell T Taylor,	Charles Whiting,
Buxton Layton,	Julius Jachne,
Victor David,	Wm E Camp,
Pierre Gardere,	C Hargrave,
Judah Barrett,	Jacob Bodaker,
Charles O Brugg,	Charles Marles,
Thomas Huntington,	C C Thompson,
C F Wingate,	John Duncan,
D R Creet,	A G Wilson,
Edward Duncan,	J C Morgan,
John Stroud, jr.,	Joseph Harker,
S T Chisman,	Eugene Sullivan,
A Brusle,	H Bureau,
J C Rose,	M Benoistein,
A D Monstrous,	B F Burgess,
F W Montgomery,	Charles H Lee,
W L Robinson,	L Laurent,
Joseph Levine,	J M Rosiere,
J H Cullen,	E Y Martin,
B M Witter,	

☞ The Voters of the First Ward, First Municipality, are requested to meet, irrespective of party, at Sewell T. Taylor's MERCHANT'S EXCHANGE, on SATURDAY EVENING, the 18th instant, to select Candidates for Aldermen at the ensuing election, who will support the above measure." mr14

☞ The ship ORLANDO, Captain White, from Bordeaux, is now discharging opposite Toulouse street, in Magnolia. Consignees are requested to take out their permits and attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, as all goods not permitted within five days will be sent to the public stores. JENKINS & TIGLER.

mr15 26 Common st

☞ Consignees of the following merchandize coming to order, per ship Alba from New York, will please make known their readiness to the discharging clerk, on the Levee, opposite the Vegetable Market. Consignees are requested to double tonnage with a cross, and Grapes marked H in a diamond, N O. J O WOODRUFF & CO.

mr15 Magnolia st

☞ The ship OZNARD, Capt. Chas. Hall, from Liverpool, is now discharging opposite the Orleans Press, 96 Magnolia. Consignees are requested to take out their permits, and attend to the receipt of their goods will be sent to the public stores.

mr15 L H GALE, 91 Common st

☞ The packet ship ATLANTIC, Rose, master, from New York, is now discharging at the Vegetable Market. Consignees are requested to attend immediately to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, otherwise they will be sent to the public store and risk. J O WOODRUFF & CO.

mr15 93 Magazine st

☞ The ship NOBLE, from Boston, is now discharging opposite the Red Stores, 31 Magnolia. Consignees are requested to take out their permits within 24 hrs, otherwise their goods will be sent to the Public Stores. H BLISS.

mr15 26 Common st

☞ Either the Captain, or the consignee of the French ship PEPE-REYERES, from Bordeaux, chet, will pay any debt contracted by the crew of said ship. [mr13] S. D. GRATIAA.

British Consulate,
NEW ORLEANS, March 7th, 1848.

A LETTER MAIL for England and the British Indies, will be despatched by the GREAT WESTERN, commanded by Lieut. Hosken, R. N., from land on the 23d inst. The Postmaster of this city has, to the contrary, undertaken to make up the Mails, which will be closed at the Post Office at half past seven A. M., on WEDNESDAY 22d inst.

mr8

☞ ADVANCES made upon consignments of Cotton and other produce to Messrs. Hicks & Co., N. York; Bates & Co., Boston; De Lacroix, Arnold, Bernard & Co., Havre; George Noble & Co., Trieste, and my Correspondents in London and Liverpool.

mr16 WM. MURR, 108 Common

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership existing between the subscribers here, under the firm of JENKINS & TIGLER, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, C. W. Tigler returning from the concern. Outstanding business will be liquidated by either partner.

THO C JENKINS.
mr16 C. W. TIGLER.

The undersigned will continue business, from this date, on his own account.

THO C JENKINS, 85 Common st.

In retiring from business I take this opportunity to thank my friends for many favors and beg a continuance thereof to my successor Thos. C. Jenkins. C. W. TIGLER.

J. FEYTEL,
CORNER CANTE AND CHARTRES STREET,

HAS the honor to inform his friends that he has just received from England and France a splendid assortment of Clocks of the latest pattern, English and French watches for Ladies and Gentlemen, fine jewelry, such as breast pins, Rings, &c.

ALSO—a great choice of fashionable fancy articles, also an assortment of silver articles. mr16

For Sale—A Bakery, with its dependencies, situated in the city of Mr Orleans, behind the Hospital, built upon a lot of 150 feet by 300. There are, besides, on said lot, two dwelling houses, two bakeries, and other conveniences. Said Bakery can employ from 12 to 13 hands, is successfully operated, and works up from seven to eight barrels a day. For conditions, which are advantageous, apply on the premises. mr17 st

GL. W. Beasley—30 CYCLOPEDIAS of Useful Knowledge, 10 vols, 8vo, for sale by

HASTINGS & CO.,
mr17 Booksellers, 69 Magazine st

☞ The undersigned Committee Merchants, Grocers, General Traders, Property Holders, Residents and Voters of the First Ward, First Municipality, considering the Sugar and Molasses Platform as a direct public nuisance, injurious to health, unfavorable to trade, and prejudicial alike to the true interests of the merchant the planter and the consumer, hereby pledge themselves to use their best endeavors to effect the return of such to the Municipal Council, at the election in April next, who will devote themselves to their appropriation for its removal, and will continually agitate the question until the nuisance complained of be entirely removed.

In the furtherance of their object, the undersigned will use every legitimate influence they possess, in the different Wards, for the return of those men only, to any place themselves to co-operate in that good work.

J H Morrison & Co.,	Alexander Grant,
Roman & Kernion,	J M Johnson,
J A Braud & Landry,	A R Bein,
W F Vredenburgh & Co.,	Hugh Kennedy,
Troisgross & Laupre,	Samuel Locke,
J J Adams & Co.,	W C Folger,
Dudley & Nelson,	J Avet,
Augustin & Thibaut,	R W Montgomery,
Lafferet & Squires,	Theodore Ryan,
W W Burgess & Co.,	John Pirrad,
Ritchie & Cochran,	Anthony Roach,
Leonard Fleurtavant & Co,	L C Adam,
Fowler & Blake,	W Pitzpatrick,
Seymour & Hastings,	Martin & Seagrave,
Alexander, Pitsch & Co.,	P Campbell,
F E & H J Vose,	H Hall,
Duran, Queyrouze & Co.,	A B James,
Beebe & Co.,	A H Wood,
Taylor & Bayne,	H W Bannister,
Leverich & Co.,	D Palm,
E Weyman & Bro.,	Wm Ariette,
A D Graff & Co.,	Wm C Johnston,
David Pelt & Co.,	John Hall,
Henry Tate & Co.,	Alexander Dunn,
Brown, Brown & Sisson,	P Fritchie,
C Bedford & Co.,	Thomas Asbury,
Pelt & Reed,	J W Flint,
Hogan, Tarvand & Conand,	Charles Maillot,
John Hagan,	L Adams,
Nicholas Sinnott,	E J Williams,
Newell T Taylor,	Charles Whiting,
Buxton Layton,	Julius Jachne,
Victor David,	Wm E Camp,
Pierre Gardere,	C Hargrave,
Judah Barrett,	Jacob Bodaker,
Charles O Brugg,	Charles Marles,
Thomas Huntington,	C C Thompson,
C F Wingate,	John Duncan,
D R Creet,	A G Wilson,
Edward Duncan,	J C Morgan,
John Stroud, jr.,	Joseph Harker,
S T Chisman,	Eugene Sullivan,
A Brusle,	H Bureau,
J C Rose,	M Benoistein,
A D Monstrous,	B F Burgess,
F W Montgomery,	Charles H Lee,
W L Robinson,	L Laurent,
Joseph Levine,	J M Rosiere,
J H Cullen,	E Y Martin,
B M Witter,	

☞ The Voters of the First Ward, First Municipality, are requested to meet, irrespective of party, at Sewell T. Taylor's MERCHANT'S EXCHANGE, on SATURDAY EVENING, the 18th instant, to select Candidates for Aldermen at the ensuing election, who will support the above measure." mr14

☞ The ship ORLANDO, Captain White, from Bordeaux, is now discharging opposite Toulouse street, in Magnolia. Consignees are requested to take out their permits and attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, as all goods not permitted within five days will be sent to the public stores. JENKINS & TIGLER.

mr15 26 Common st

☞ The ship ANCONA, Capt Nason, from Havre, is now discharging near the Orleans Cotton Press, 3d Municipality. Consignees are requested to take out their permits and attend to the receipt of their goods on the Levee, as all goods not permitted within five days will be sent to the public stores. JENKINS & TIGLER.

mr15 26 Common st

☞ Consignees of the following merchandize coming to order, per ship Alba from New York, will please make known their readiness to the discharging clerk, on the Levee, opposite the Vegetable Market. Consignees are requested to double tonnage with a cross, and Grapes marked H in a diamond, N O. J O WOODRUFF & CO.

mr15 93 Magazine st

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