The New Orleans Bee.

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TERMS OF THE BEE.

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NEW ORLEANS:
SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 30, 1867.

The Murder of Maximilian.—Just before going to press (12 P. M.) we learn from an authentic source, that the intelligence brought by the Austrian sloop-of-war Elisabeth, from Vera Cruz, of the execution of Prince Maximilian, has gone over the wires this evening in an official shape to the Government of the United States, and has created a profound sensation. The Austrian Consul in this city has likewise been officially apprised of this painful event, and we believe has communicated the fact through the Atlantic Cable to the Emperor Francis Joseph, at Vienna.

All doubt of the truth of the Archduke's death is therefore dispelled.

Still the Favorite.—At the great Paris Exposition, the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, with its new improved Button Hole Attachment, has again carried off the first premium, (the only gold medal for sewing machines.) For particulars concerning the incomparable "Queen of Sewing Machines," we refer to Messrs. Peck & Bros. telegram in another column.

La Cause Perdue.—The 2d number of M. Eloblom's translation of "The Lost Cause" has been received from the office of *La Renaissance*. Subscribers can procure their copies on application.

We are indebted to Major Thos. G. Rhett, the polite Secretary of the Mechanics and Agricultural Fair Association, for complimentary season tickets to the promenade concerts of the Association, every Saturday, at the Fair Grounds.

Dolbear Commercial College.—We have received from Professor Dolbear, of this institution, a pamphlet copy of the valedictory of Mr. Arthur B. Marr, of Arkansas, delivered before the graduating class of May 30, 1867, together with the address of Judge E. T. Merrick to the young gentlemen graduating on that occasion. We have read the latter with pleasure and profit, and are sure that if those to whom it was delivered will give heed to the practical counsel which it contains, they must achieve that success in life it is their object to accomplish.

Equal gratification has been afforded us by a perusal of Mr. Marr's farewell address to his brother graduates, which reflects much credit on its author and his instructors. If the future conduct of these youths be in accordance with the spirit and tone of its language, so elevated and so moral, we do not hesitate to predict a future for them alike honorable to the parties themselves and to all who feel an interest in their well-being.

The Dolbear College is kept open during the summer, and there are classes for the instruction of ladies and misses, as well as for gentlemen.

River News.

New Orleans and Bayou Sara Packet Iberville.—Excursionists and travelers will bear in mind that the fleet and elegant packet Iberville, Capt. Gross, master, will leave the wharf for Bayou Sara and all intermediate landings, this morning, at 9 o'clock. Those of our readers who desire a pleasant trip up the coast, by taking the Iberville can pass the day pleasantly. The steamer New Era will meet her in time to return them to the city by seven o'clock P. M., the same day. Everything will be found on board the boats that conduces to the pleasure of the excursionists. Capt. Landry and Mr. George Wilkinson, the clerk, are pleasant gentlemen, and know their business. Mr. Wilkinson informs us that by the next trip he will be able to solve the question that has agitated the public mind for years as to who struck Billy Patterson. Call and see him on board, and our word for it, if you take one trip on the Iberville you will not regret it.

The Lafourche, Capt. Greathouse, master, left last evening for Bayou Sara, with a good freight and passenger trip.

Mr. Charles Dupaty, we are pleased to notice, has revived the *Pioneer of Assumption*, which is now published every Saturday in Napoleonville.

We are pleased to notice the marriage of our talented young friend Walter H. Rogers, Esq., of this city, to Miss Lizzie Goelet, of Mobile.

The steamship Gen. Sherman, Capt. Jeff. Pendleton, sailed last evening from her wharf, foot of St. Joseph street, for Belize, (Honduras) with a full freight of assorted merchandise and the following list of passengers:

Mr and Mrs Lindgruss and 4 children, Mr and Mrs Kasl, Mr J M Day, Mr Allen, Mr Brinkhurst, Mr Fitzpatrick, Mr Meyers, Mr Hassinger, Mr Love, Mr Robinson, Mr McConnell, Mr Johnson, Mr Chamberlin and 3 friends, Mr and Mrs John Hemming, Mr Jno T Hemming, Miss Emma Henning, Miss Susan Henning, Miss Malinda Henning, Miss Sallie Henning, Master Willie Henning, Mr Green, Mr Wood, Mr Granes, Mr Kane, Mr Lacey, Mr Hosart, Mr Rumanins.

The steamship Tioga, Capt. Morse, sailed last evening at 8 o'clock, for Philadelphia via Havana, with a full freight and the following named passengers:

For Philadelphia—Mr Bender, W Jones, M J Barelli, Mrs Ekerand, Mrs Schmidt and child, Ira King, Mr Dunham, Mrs Varela and 2 children, Wm Eduard, Chas Fox. For Havana—Mr Dague and child, Mr Beauregard and friend, Mr S Echeragus, Mrs Matamal, Mr Regel and friend, and others.

The steamship George Washington, H. V. Gager, commander, sails this morning, at 8 o'clock, from her wharf, foot of Toulouse street, for New York direct with a full freight and the following passengers:

C B Kaneman, P Decker, S A Belden, Miss Stein, Miss M Fitzsimmons, A P McClure, John Mooney, H Gros, N Fitzsimons, G B Burke, D McCoard and wife, G A Cohen, Miss Bennett, Mrs Williamson, Wm Melbourne and wife, S W Millbrook, J W Wilcox, H McNeil, L C Pierce, Mrs O L Henderson, Mrs J Marks, child and servant, Mrs Marie and son, J A Chambers, Harry Pearson, D Maghee, F H Cornish and Sons, N Reynolds and wife, Mrs A Carriere, Master A Carriere, Miss L Carriere, Miss B Carriere, Mrs Taylor, Mrs C K Stevens and servant, Dr Bangmat and wife, Mrs Coster, Mrs Schreiber and servant.

The United States Before the English Courts.—Vice-Chancellor Wood had before him on the 11th of June the case of the United States vs. McRae. The Government of the United States sought by this bill to make the defendant account to them for property which had come into his possession as agent of the late Confederate Government. The defendant pleaded that the plaintiffs were already proceeding under an act of Congress to confiscate land belonging to him in America, on the ground of his having been an agent for the rebel States, and that on that account they were not entitled to recover from property which he had received as such agent. The case was now heard on the plea. Messrs. W. M. James, Martin and Benjamin appeared for the defendant, and Mr. Wickens for the plaintiffs.

The Vice-Chancellor said the defendant was entitled to plead that he could not make any answer to this bill without exposing himself to a sale and confiscation of his land in America. As Mr. Benjamin had rightly said, the plaintiffs acted thus toward the defendant; on the one hand they required him to give up to them all the money he had received as agent, and on the other hand they were endeavoring to confiscate his land because he had acted as such agent. The plaintiffs must choose one course or the other. This Court would not allow them to take both courses. The plea must be allowed.

Important Suit.—*Springfield, Ill.*, June 19.—The case of Thomas Beaver vs. Samuel Staats, Taylor & Miles, and A. Gilbert, trustee of the Cairo city property, involving title to one-sixth part of a large portion of the city of Cairo, is now in course of trial in the Circuit Court of the United States, before Judges Davis and Treat.

The plaintiff claims title as the guardian of Isabella Bond, daughter of Gov. Bond. The defendants claim title through a deed made by the administrator of Gov. Bond to them, in 1839, also under the limitation laws of Illinois. This suit was commenced in 1854, was tried twice in the Circuit Court of the United States, and once in the Supreme Court. The first trial in the Circuit Court resulted in a judgment for the plaintiff. The second in a judgment for the defendant, which was reversed by the Supreme Court of the United States. The deed made by the administrator of Gov. Bond was executed under an act of the Legislature of Illinois, passed in 1839. This deed, the plaintiff insists, is null and void because of the want of power in that part of the Legislature to pass such an act. The competency of the deed is granting [illegible] now being argued before the court. [illegible] plaintiff is represented by Col. Jackson [illegible] and Col. Thos. G. Allen; the defendants by Judge Logan, Hon. B. S. Edwards [illegible] Trumbull. The case is of great importance and will probably consume several [illegible]

[illegible] Sheridan's Removal.—[illegible]

LITERARY.

"Not a Hero." A novel. By Ellen Loftus Pugh, of Louisiana. New Orleans, Blelock & Co., 130 Canal street, publishers.

Mrs. Pugh chooses to call this book "a novel," and hence we must treat it as such in a review. It is intended to be the pioneer of a series of works issued by Messrs. Blelock & Co., of the first of their "Library of Select Novels by Southern Authors"—to quote from the publishers announcement on the cover. The book is gotten out in the style of Harper Bros.' select novels, in reddish-brown paper covers, clear type, double column and very good print. With the mechanical part we find but one fault. The fancy cuts introduced after each chapter are neither ornamental nor useful; and they give a cheap appearance to the book. A plain line dash would have looked neater, and answered every purpose. The design of this series, or library, is an exceedingly good one, for these are essentially times for cheap books, and no form of book, probably, would command a better sale than these octavos, printed on fine white paper, and with paper covers. The design of this series of publications, say the publishers in their announcement, (which we must acknowledge to be the finest piece of writing to be found in the book) is to present to the reading community of America the productions of the best Southern minds, in a form at once cheap and convenient to read. "Cheap forms of publications, not costing much and not bulky, are coming more and more in public demand. The age is rapid, eager, and busy; it reads quickly, and for the most part that only which is easily accessible." The truth of this is becoming more and more acknowledged every day, and the success of the cheap dime editions of popular authors furnishes the best example of it.

The scenes of "Not a Hero" are laid in Louisiana, and mostly in New Orleans. It is the work of a lady of Louisiana—her first attempt in the difficult walk of literature—and on account of these things it will doubtless find many readers in our city. On consideration of these things, also, we are disposed to deal leniently with the work; but candid criticism compels us to say that we think it a misnomer to call the book "a novel." There is little or no plot, and none of the artistic merits of the novel proper. There is very little dialogue, and the little that is given us lacks interest as well as character. The moral qualities of the characters are certainly not of the highest, and the social pictures, to say the least, lack verisimilitude. A work of this kind would have answered the public demands of half a century ago much better than to-day, and we infer that Mrs. Pugh is a more careful reader of James, Reynolds, Ainsworth, and writers of that class, than of Trollope, Mrs. Edwards, Mrs. Riddell, or Miss de la Ramé. This is conjecture merely; but we can hardly think that one could read those admirable writers of our time without learning that the very first principle of novel writing is to make the dialogue bring out personal characteristics—in other words, to make the characters betray their own traits, their weaknesses, their noble qualities and their moral and social virtues. As a general thing, too, the personal appearance of the hero and heroine, should be far more effectively portrayed by a tea-table gossip of some of the minor characters, than by whole pages of author's description. A chapter of rapturous adjectives upon the heroine's beauty and divine attractions, cannot equal one of those little touches of the master hand in one of Anthony Trollopes' novel, where he puts the description in the words of an actor in the story, and brings a vivid picture to the reader's mind. There is nothing of this artistic merit in "Not a Hero," and the great lack of dialogue makes the story exceedingly tame. But it is generally well written, and many of the descriptions are good. We believe that Mrs. Pugh has in manuscript a far better book than this, and we consider it unfortunate that she had not revised this one before publication and added to it the interest of sprightly conversation, without which "a novel" can scarcely be complete. We fear the publishers have made a bad selection for the first of their series, for this work will have a large sale here, owing to the author's residence in the city, and it may prejudice the public against the second author, or even against Mrs. Pugh herself, when she essays another attempt.

"Early and Late Papers, Hitherto Uncollected." By William Makepeace Thackeray. Boston, Ticknor & Fields, publishers. Blelock & Co., Canal street, New Orleans.

This book is one that will be read with the greatest pleasure by the many admirers of Thackeray, and they can be counted by the thousand in this country. "Early and Late Papers," as the name indicates, is a collection of the sketches and essays which were contributed by the late Mr. Thackeray to the English periodicals, during the past twenty years of his life. They are new to us, or to most of us, and if read by any in times past, they will bear reading again in book form. To say that they are by Thackeray, is the best recommendation that we can give them; and his own *bon mot* about them is the best description that can be given. "They are small potatoes," he was accustomed to say, adding at the same time, "but pretty good small potatoes, I believe." But Thackeray's estimate of his own work cannot be taken on trust, and we think that our readers will say with us, after reading the book, that if these are *small* potatoes we should like to see large ones. Messrs. Blelock & Co. have received the book. It is issued in Ticknor & Fields, best style, and is a very handsome work. The portrait alone is worth its price. There we see the genuine Thackeray, the father of old Colonel Newcome, of Clive, of Rendennis and of Becky Sharp—the man who said he could never pass a boy without wishing to tip him a six-pence. No one can look at this face without loving the man.

"Manual of Elementary Logic." Designed especially for the use of teachers and learners By Lyman H. Atwater, Professor of Moral and Mental Philosophy in the College of New Jersey. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott & Co., publishers. Blelock & Co. New Orleans.

In this small volume we have a rarely useful work, and one that cannot fail to find approval with all students of the art of Logic. It is, perhaps, still more useful to the teacher who has to convey his ideas to pupils unacquainted with the difficult process of reasoning. To teachers, this work will prove a superior assistant, and we imagine that few would be without it when once conversant with its details. Professor Atwater takes a comprehensive view of the subject, and gives his ideas in something less than 250 pages of this small work. Yet we feel that there is nothing lacking, and we close the book with a better knowledge of the art of reasoning than we have ever before had. It is a pity that such books find no wider sale in this section, for we regard them almost invaluable to one who would attain eminence at the bar, or in the pulpit. The work can be procured of Blelock & Co.

The *Atlantic Monthly*, for July, has been received, and we find the contents something better than usual. In appearance the *Atlantic* is superb and scholarly. It takes the eye of the student by its modest cover, its quaint but beautiful type, and its general rich but modest appearance. We all know that this is a strongly Radical magazine, but it is still a very good one; and now and then an article aside, we find here the very highest degree of literary excellence. In this number we have "The Guardian Angel," chap. vii; "A Passage from Hawthorne's English Note-Books;" "Mona's Mother;" "At Padua;" "Poor Richard;" "Doctor Molke;" "A Struggle for Life;" "Freedom in Brazil;" "My Visit to Sybaris;" "The Piano in the United States;" "An Ember Picture;" "An Artist's Dream;" "Religious Side of the Italian Question;" "Reviews," etc., etc. The *Atlantic*, we are surprised to see, praises a book called "Miss Ravenel's Conversion." If the writer had ever seen anything of Southern society he would have known that a young lady of so vulgar a type could never have been in good society in the South. Political sympathy here leads the *Atlantic* to praise a stupid book.

—"Every Saturday," "Littell's Living Age," "Far Above Rubies," Graham, and other works, to be noticed further in another issue.

THE DEATH OF MAXIMILIAN.

The Archduke Maximilian, as we learn by dispatches brought by the Austrian man-of-war Elisabeth, was shot on the 19th inst., by order of Juarez, the blood-thirsty conqueror of Mexico—Juarez, the butcher! By his order a deed has been committed that will send a thrill through the hearts of millions throughout the civilized world. The Indian has had his feast of blood; he has murdered his victim after cool deliberation and with determined brutality. Counsel was denied him, he was not permitted to prepare a defense, but the Court received an order from the brutal Juarez to condemn him to death without delay. He was therefore shot down by what might be called a drum-head court-martial. It is a deed too horrible for the mind to dwell on. We can hardly reflect upon it dispassionately, or think of it without hoping the terrible crime may be avenged. [illegible] sickens at the idea of such a terrible [illegible], and we have no heart to write of it [illegible] God [illegible] may yet be some [illegible] it; [illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH.

[To the New Orleans Bee.]

FROM WASHINGTON.

Highly Important from Mexico.

Execution of Maximilian.

Capture of the City of Mexico.

The Surratt Trial.

FROM EUROPE.

Washington, June 29.—Internal revenue receipts to-day $1,008,000. Total receipts for the fiscal year ending to-day $275,853,000.

National Bank circulation $298,000,000. Securities held for notes and deposits $379,000,000.

The Judiciary Committee had a brief session to-day, and did nothing.

The evidence of Weichman was continued to-day. He made many corrections regarding dates before the Military Commission, but nothing new developed.

The Judiciary Committee have summoned Attorney General Speed.

New York, June 29.—Money easy at 6 per cent; Gold quiet at 138¼; Governments steady; Stocks firm and higher.

The *Express* says: The Bank statement of Monday will be very favorable. It will show a decrease of loans $1,000,000; of specie $1,500,000; increase of deposits $7,000,000; of legal tenders $7,000,000.

Washington, June 29.—A 43 page pamphlet addressed to Secretary McCulloch, signed Cutler, Frisbie, Reid, Smith, Jacobs and Gorlinski, devoted to the recent defense of Collector Kellogg, has just been issued.

The President returned this evening. The city is full of rumors. Until Congress meets and the factions get into caucus, speculations are useless. The members who have arrived are wide apart in their views. Party management will be difficult. Those best advised predict a strong and prolonged session.

New York, June 29.—The following letter has been sent to the New York Associated Press:

Office of the Herald,
New York, June 29, 1867.

To the General News Association of the City of New York, and the President and Executive Committee thereof:

Pursuant to article 22 of the articles of association, I hereby give you notice that on the 31st day of December next I shall withdraw from the said association. I shall of course be ready to pay my proportion of any expenses and debts owing by the association up to that day. My interest in the small boats and other property used by the association, and in the concern generally of the association will be arranged pursuant to the 24th article.

J. G. Bennett.

New York, June 29.—Cotton firm. Sales to-day 1826 bales. Flour 15 to 30c lower—State superfine $7 30 to $8 65; extra $9 to $10 15; choice $11 25. Wheat 3 to 5c lower. Corn new, $1 06 to $1 08. Mess Pork $21. Lard heavy. Groceries firm. Freights unchanged.

New York, June 29.—The steamship City of Baltimore has arrived from Liverpool. At a meeting of the creditors of Messrs. Fraser, Trenholm & Co., a statement was presented, showing that their liabilities amount to £1,280,000; unsecured £511,000; estimated assets £282,000.

Prioleau's private estate after payment of private claims showed a balance of £8000.

Baltimore, June 29.—Coffee dull. Cotton quiet. Flour dull. Corn declining—white $1 04 to $1 06. Provisions active. Bacon—ribbed sides 13c.

Richmond, June 29.—The trial of the 9th of May rioters will commence before Judge Meredith on Monday.

The majority of blacks registered to-day was 37.

Augusta, June 29.—Cotton more active. Sales to-day 160 bales. Middlings 23c.

Augusta, June 29.—The number registered in the city for the week ending to-day, 2414 whites and 938 blacks—1476.

Savannah, June 29.—Cotton market quiet and steady. Sales to-day 130 bales. Low Middling 23c. Receipts 200 bales.

Savannah, June 29.—Mayor Anderson, Hon. Julian Hartridge, Gen. H. R. Jackson, Judge Law, and other prominent citizens, made formal demand on the Board of Registration to register all presenting full pardons from the President. The Board decided, after consultation, that under Gen. Pope's instructions they were compelled to refuse the request until further instructions were received from headquarters.

Total registered to-day 980—whites 50, blacks 211.

Charleston, June 29.—Cotton market steady. Middling 24½ to 25c. Sales 60 bales; receipts 300.

Wilmington, June 29.—Cotton nominal, 22c. Turpentine quiet, 52c. Rosin steady, $2 60 to $5 50.

Louisville, June 29.—Sales 215 hhds Tobacco at an advance of 25c; lugs $3; leaf $24 75. Flour—superfine $8 to $8 75. Wheat, new, $2 10 to $2 15 for prime. Corn dull at 85 to 90c—delivered. Oats dull—75 to 76c. Mess Pork $21 25. Bacon Shoulders 9¼ to 9½c. Packed Clear Sides 12¾c; Hams 13¾ to 16¼c, the latter for sugar cured, packed. Lard 11¾c for keg. Bagging 22½c. Cotton 22½c. Whisky nominal.

Louisville, June 29.—River still falling, 4 feet 5 inches in the canal by the mark.

The steamer St. Charles arrived from New Orleans and laid up.

St. Louis, June 29.—Flour quiet and unchanged at $12 50 to $13 50 for Family. Wheat dull and easier at $2 75 for No. 1. Corn dull and somewhat nominal at 76c. No. 1 Oats 66c to 67c. No. 1 Rye dull, $1 18. Cotton unchanged, Middlings 23c. Whisky firm at 30c in bond. Pork dull. Bulk Meats—Shoulders 7¾c; Sides 10¼c, closing at an advance of ¼ to ½c. Bacon firm—Shoulders 9c; Ribbed Sides 11¼c; Clear Ribbed 11¾c to 12c; Clear Sides 12¼c to 12½c. Sugar-cured Hams 16½c to 17c. Lard dull and nominal, 11½c. Prime Cheese quiet and unchanged, 13c for Western Reserve. Sugar firm at 13c to 15c. Coffee firm at 25½c to 26c for Rio.

Mobile, June 29.—Registration in four wards of this city stands—whites 995, blacks 1014.

Mobile, June 29.—Cotton closed dull. Sales to-day 100 bales. Middlings 23 to 23¼c. Stock on sale light. Receipts 1 bale.

Vicksburg, June 29.—Passed up: Great Republic at 1 and P. W. Strader at 10 A. M. River falling.

Memphis, June 29.—Several cases of sporadic cholera had been reported.

Quarantine Station, June 29.—British schooner Salvador, Hansen, Havana, general cargo and 15 passengers, consigned to Goldenbow. Arrived last night: steamer Kensington, passed up at 12:30 P. M.

The Austrian man-of-war Elizabeth, from Sacrificio, near Vera Cruz, 6 guns and 165 men, 5 days on the voyage, bringing news of the Emperor Maximilian being condemned and shot on the 19th instant, at Queretaro; also that the city of Mexico surrendered on the 20th inst.

Pass à L'Outre, June 29.—Arrived this morning, schooner D. Talbot, Packard, 28 days from Camden, Maine, with cargo of lime to Thoredyke & Norton. She went up in tow at 10 A. M.

Southwest Pass, June 29—[illegible] M.—Cloudy, wind S. E., and light. Barometer 29.85.

Arrived: British schooner Elma, Johnson, seven days from Tampico, with specie and three passengers, to S. Fernandez & Co.; steamship Harlan, Lewis, from Indianola and Galveston, to C. A. Whitney & Co. The bark Rome was towed considerably this morning, and it is thought she will get off to-morrow morning, if we have a good tide. Outside, a brig and bark.

Rome, June 29.—More arrivals of persons to witness the ceremonies in honor of the canonization of the martyrs are reported. Five hundred and fifty Bishops and thirty thousand clergy are in the city, including five American Bishops—one from St. Louis, one from New Orleans, one from Baltimore, one from Cincinnati, and one from Philadelphia; also 25 lay American Bishops. When the Pope received the American clergy they presented to him $300,000 in gold. The model of the yacht Henrietta in silver, laden with the gold coin, was presented by Archbishop Wood. The Pope, lifting the model from its case, said, smiling—"not all steam"—alluding to the golden cargo. To the clergy he said he had only pleasant things to say of the Americans, and complimented them upon the progress of the Church in America. He also spoke in the highest terms of Gen. King, and of his father, Professor King, who, now lies at the point of death. Archbishops Spalding and Purcell are on the committee to prepare a reply to the Pope's allocution. The Council will probably meet in November. Archbishop Purcell will occupy the post of honor at the right of the Pope at the ceremonies on Saturday. Every attention has been shown Americans.

Rome, June 27.—Public Consistory was held to-day, and was attended by some four hundred Bishops from all parts of the world. The Pope, in his allocution, praised the zeal they had exhibited in coming to Rome, and their attachment to the See. He said the example of the union of the Church to celebrate the Canonization of the Martyrs and the Eighteenth Centennial of the Martyrdom of St. Peter would show its enemies the immense power of the Church. The Pope also confirmed the condemnation of error of 1865, and expressed a desire to convoke at an early day a council to repair the evils which oppress the Church. The allocution was closed by the bestowal of a benediction upon the Bishops.

Florence, June 29.—It is said that General Cialdini has resigned his commission in consequence of the suppression of his chief military command.

London, June 29, evening.—Consols 94⅛. Bonds 72¾.

Liverpool, June 29, evening.—Cotton quiet and unchanged. Sales 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs and Provisions unsettled. Tallow 44s. Turpentine 30s.

[Second Dispatches.]

Louisville, June 29.—Ex-Attorney General Jos. Speed left for Washington last night, having been summoned there by the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Wm. P. King and Abraham Owens, convicted of robbing a train on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad last fall, and afterwards murdering Harvey King, fearing he would expose them, were executed yesterday at Frankfort, in the presence of four thousand persons. [illegible] to the very last moment in [illegible] ence. [illegible] by cholera are reported.

Southwest Pass, June 29.—Fine weather; wind easterly. Barometer 29.90. Thermometer 88.

Arrived: Austrian steam sloop-of-war Elisabeth, Capt. Groeller, from Vera Cruz in five days, with dispatches to the Austrian government. She has her flag draped in mourning.

Her officers report the fall of the city of Mexico on the 20th inst. Particulars had not arrived up to the time of her departure.

The Mexican schooner Atlas arrived this forenoon, having on board twenty-four exiled Imperial Mexicans, who have been peremptorily banished from the Republic.

Among them we notice several military officers and the Captain of the Port of Laguayra.

They report that upon Santa Anna's arrival at Vera Cruz he was transferred to the American steamer Virginia.

On arrival at Sisal a Mexican gunboat demanded the person of the one-legged general. The Captain refused to give him up when the Mexicans threatened to fire upon the steamer.

The Captain then told them that they could, of course, take him by force, as he was not armed. He then spread the American ensign. In the gangway and the Mexicans trod upon the flag and seized the general, thrusting him into their boat.

He was then taken to Campeachy and confined as a prisoner of war.

Campeachy is in the hands of the Liberals, who are shooting, hanging and expelling all Imperial sympathizers. Another batch of exiles may be expected soon.

Arrived: steamship Philadelphia, Colburn, Sabine Pass, with beeves, to master; steamship Kensington, Hedge, Boston, 19th inst., with freight to Creevy, Nickerson & Co.; Mexican schooner Atlas, Alfero, Campeachy 13 days, 24 passengers and fruit to J. Fernandes.

Went to sea, ship Constantia and bark Transit. Went up in tow, bark Morll.

A man died on board of the schooner Catherine, at 6 A. M., and was buried at 9 A. M., as the the circumstances were peculiar. The doctor at quarantine has been notified, and communication with the vessel prohibited until further orders.

The Lighthouse tender placed a spar buoy on the western point of the new middle ground last evening. A few days since there was thirteen feet of water on it. Now there is only nine feet.

From present appearances we are to have an island in the middle of the river abreast of the Lighthouse.

London, June 29, Noon.—The crew of the Sacramento escaped in small boats. Consols 94⅛. Bonds 72¾.

Liverpool, June 29.—Cotton quiet; prices unchanged. Tallow firmer; 44s 9d.

Washington, June 29.—The Judiciary Committee examined Anna Surratt, and summoned Horace Greeley to testify regarding bailing Mr. Davis.

The President arrives to-night.

Annapolis, June 29.—The President was introduced to the Convention and spoke at some length. He visits the naval school this afternoon, and then goes home.

New York, June 29—Flour 15 to 25c lower on common grades.

Wheat dull and strongly tending downward; Corn a shade easier; Pork easier, $21 to $21 12. Lard dull. Whisky steady. Cotton quiet; Middling Upland 26½c.

Freights quiet. Turpentine quiet, 60c. Rosin in moderate request, Common $3 37½.

Stocks opened strong and afterward slightly easier. Gold 138¼. Sterling, time, 110⅛. Sight 110¼ to 110⅝. 5-20's, coupons, '62, 110⅝ to 110¾.

Petersburg, Va., June 29.—Registration in this city foots up thus far, 831 whites to 1827 blacks.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

School Party.—Miss Queron, Principal of the St. Ann Street Girl's School, and her associates Mrs. Prados and Misses Conwell, Coulon, Childress and Icard had a very pleasant reunion of their scholars at the school house last night. The recitations and the exercises of the dance were very entertaining. Miss Queron is one of our most energetic, efficient and popular instructresses, devoted to her scholars, who seem to appreciate her and her associates very highly. We regret that we have no time, at the late hour we write, to speak more fully of the interesting occasion.

Tomb Dedication.—The Young Men's Benevolent Association dedicate the tomb of their Society in the new St. Louis cemetery at 5 o'clock this evening.

The Butchers and Market Hours.—We are pleased to notice that the butchers in the Tremé and 2d District beef market are taking steps almost unanimously, to close their stalls at 10 instead of 12 o'clock, as heretofore, during the summer months. This is a move which will meet with the hearty approval of the public, and we hope will be perfectly carried out in every market in the city.

Sudden Death.—Mr. J. A. Schmidt, owner of the bookstore at No. 93 Exchange Alley, was found dead in bed in his room back of the store, at half past 8 o'clock yesterday morning.

The Coroner held an inquest on the body and his death is attributed to disease of the heart. He was a man about 67 years of age, had no family, and was at one time connected with the press.

Contract Adjudicated.—The Controller yesterday adjudicated to L. Surgi, with John Clark as security, for the sum of $6900, the contract for building a foot bridge over the New Basin at Liberty street.

Mad Dog.—Officer Magaitsky reports having shot a mad dog on the corner of St. Andrew and Annunciation streets.

The Girls' High Schools.—We give the following programmes of the interesting exercises of the two Girls' High Schools, which took place Friday:

FIRST AND FOURTH DISTRICT SCHOOL.

Song—"To My Mountain Home" ... Miss J Parford
Recitation—"Passing Away" ... Miss F Armistead
Composition—"Wealth" ... Miss H. Richardson
Composition—"God pity us all" ... Miss F Burchet
Song—"I'm a merry Zingara"
Composition—"Les Precieuses Ridicules" ... Misses Shakespeare, Brothers, Warfield and Elliott
Composition—"La Poesie" ... Miss M Cusack
Composition—"Love of Great Men" ... Miss E. Randolph
Recitation—"The Gladiator" ... Miss C. Delcroix
Composition—"Ruins of Time" ... Miss F Stewart
Recitation—"Candle Lecture" ... Miss L Shakespeare
Song—"The Nautrope"
Composition—"There were our Ancestors" ... Miss S. Bauman
"Leaves of Journals"—Misses Cusack, Purnell, Johnson, O'Brien, Riggs and McConnell
Recitation—"Le Fendeur Bergere" ... Miss L Martin
Composition—"Clouds and Sunshine" ... Miss N. Collins
Composition—"Marriage of Nations and the Masses of the World" ... Miss A. Carothers
Song—"Bird from Trovat re. Misses W[illegible] and Coons
Recitation—"Maud Muller" ... Miss E Bauer
Composition—"Be Merciful" ... Miss J. Connor
Recitation—"Smack at School" ... Miss B. Warfield
Composition—"Life's Mission" ... Miss L Trissen
Recitation—"Fate of Virginia" ... Miss S. Cox
Song—"Sweet Visions of Childhood"
Composition—"The Darkest Day"
Composition—"Live till To-morrow will have Passed Away" ... Miss J. Purcell
Dialogue—"Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme" ... Misses Armistead, Cusack and Trique
Composition—"The Poetry of Geometrical Magnitude" ... Miss M. Cusack
Composition—"Truth" ... Miss F. Riggs
Recitation—"The Dying Alchemist" ... Miss A. Wilson
Song—"Rocked to sleep, Mother" ... Miss O. Robinson
Criticism ... Miss F. Armistead
Song—"In the Starlight"

SECOND AND THIRD DISTRICT SCHOOLS.

Song—"Natalie, the Maid of the Mill"
Composition—"Behind the Scenes," ... Miss Ballard
Composition—"Discontent," ... Miss Norcross
Recitation—"Woods," ... Miss King
Composition—"Passing Away" ... Miss Veder
Song—"Murmuring Sea"
Composition—"A Mother's Influence," ... Miss Beecher
Recitation—"The Jairus' Daughter" ... Miss Black
Composition—"Twilight Musings," ... Miss Crooke
Composition—"Where Hath the Mood Roamed," ... Miss Locke
Composition—"L'Homme Superieur aux Animaux," ... Miss Balleau
Song—"Gipsey Countess,"
Recitation—"King of Aragon's Lament," ... Miss Hamilton
Composition—"Religion," ... Miss Force
Composition—"What Became of the Germanum," ... Miss Robertson
Composition—"Life Like an Empty Dream Flits by," ... Miss Black
French Recitation—"Louis XVII," ... Miss Menard
Song—"L'Amandier"
Composition—"Where Can Joy Be Found," ... Miss Marcy
Composition—"Be Up and Doing," ... Miss Brown
Composition—"Parental Affection," ... Miss Chevillon
Recitation—"Nobody," ... Miss Savine
Song—"When Night Comes O'er the Plain"
Recitation—"Ministering Spirits," ... Miss Collins
Composition—"Retrospection," ... Miss Goodwin
Composition—"Vanity of Human Nature," ... Miss Frederic
French Dialogue ... Misses Baumgardt and Ledarge
Song—"Fairy Nymphs"
Recitation—"Candle Lecture," ... Miss Goodwin
Composition—"Music," ... Miss Nugent
Composition—"Garden of our Senior Class," ... Miss Kraus
Composition—"Spring Flowers and Autumn Leaves," ... Miss Ewing
Recitation—"Cry of the Children," ... Miss Ballard
Song—"Vesper Bells"
Composition—"A Man's True Greatness," ... Miss Gleason
French Composition—"Ma Mere," ... Miss Lafarge
Duet—"A. B. C," by Misses Robertson and Ballard
Recitation—"Three Evenings in a Life Time," ... Miss Brown
Composition—"Bachelor at a Ladies' Fair," ... Miss Goodwyn
Composition—"Words Before Parting," ... Miss Equen
Junior Class paper—"The Echo," ... Ed[illegible]
Senior Class paper—"Our Friend," ... Miss Egan
Song—"Charity."

The exercises of both these schools were so uniformly excellent, that we conclude not to particularise upon the merits of the respective *debutantes*.

First District Court.—Judge Hunt.—Randall Burns was put on trial yesterday on the charge of having, the 7th day of April last, in the house occupied by him on Palmyra street, First District, murdered his wife Mrs Ellen Burns, by assaulting and beating her so that she died in consequence of the injuries in the arms of a colored woman Florentine Augustine.

The daughter of the parties, a little girl 7 or 8 years of age, testified that all she knew of the affair was that she saw her mother dead. She did not know how it occurred.

Dr. Choppin and Nicholls testified, in effect, that the death of the woman was the result of apoplexy or concussion superinduced by some violence, and that the only marks of violence found on her body were on her lips and were such as might have resulted from a blow or a fall, and that these marks did not indicate violence sufficient to have induced death without some co-operating cause or effect, and that the external injuries were only presumptive of death.

The colored woman, Augustine, testified to hearing the little girl cry, "Pa has killed my mother." Went up to the room, saw Mrs. Burns lying on the floor dying, and blood gushing from her mouth. Burns tried to strike me, but I prevented him; he was drunk. I told him he ought to be ashamed of himself, he said, "I wanted to kill her some days ago." I have seen them both drunk on several occasions; I have seen him beat her several times.

We omit here the testimony of some others for the State, whose evidence did not materially vary from the above.

Magdalene Powers, sworn: Knew accused and wife; roomed down stairs; I heard noise up stairs; went up, and asked Burns what he had done; he said he had only given her a few knocks; I have seen the child carrying liquor; Burns was not sober, but I did not see that he seemed sorry for what he had done.

Thomas Noland sworn: When I went to the house, Burns asked me, saying his wife is dead; He said "I gave her a little slap on the mouth and she fell down dead." I have known Burns since 1858; he was a hard working man; I saw no sign of violence on Mrs. Burns, except a slight cut on the mouth; I examined the body and saw no others; I examined only her face and breast; I saw no sign of choking.

Mrs. Margaret Barnes sworn for the defense; The accused was always a peaceable well disposed man as far as witness knows.

Mr. Newton Richards, Mr. P. H. Cummings, and James Kathman testified to the general good character of the accused.

Attorney General Lynch appeared for the State and A. P. Field, and A. A. Atocha, Esqs., for the prisoner.

After being out a short while the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

The case of Thomas Long, charged with mayhem, in biting off the lip of Thomas Carroll, was dismissed by nol. pros.

Sentences were passed as follows:

William Sullivan, guilty on his own plea of wounding Henry Groebel with a dangerous weapon, on 3d of June, 18 months' hard labor in the State Penitentiary.

Henry Casteing, wounding Jacques Questry with a dangerous weapon, a hatchet, on the 5th of June, one month in the Parish Prison, beginning 5th of June.

Denis Young, colored, on his plea of guilty on four separate informations for larceny, one month each, in the Parish Prison.

Henry Robinson, colored, convicted of wounding Isaac Harris, colored, with a dangerous weapon, a knife, six months' hard labor in the Penitentiary.

John Ahl, convicted of larceny, three months similarly, in the Penitentiary.

Emile Dubois, convicted of assault and battery on Kate Kessler, three months in the Parish Prison.

Patrick Hanson, convicted of stealing $149 from John Hopkins, three months in the Penitentiary.

Susan Harvey, assault and battery on Mag. Hopkins, $10 fine.

Wm. Cooper, stealing from Gertrude Sealbira, one month in the Parish Prison.

Harry Davis, alias Brown, 20 days in the Parish Prison.

The Grand Jury presented a lengthy report, showing the necessity for changes and improvements in the various public buildings, and of affording relief to the many charitable institutions of the city.

There are 105 patients in the Insane Asylum, superintended by Mr. Just Trudeau, too many to be maintained with any degree of comfort. The Parish Prison has 235 inmates, under the charge of Capt Swain. The Charity Hospital has 474 patients. The Workhouse has 244 inmates in charge of Capt. H. B. Myatt.

The First District Lock up was found to be literally "a foul and most disgraceful eye sore to the city," to use the language of the jury, who respectfully advise the Board of Health to inspect the premises.

The parties in charge of the various public buildings and charitable institutions are generally commended for having done all that could be done under the circumstances.

Albert Pike of the Memphis *Appeal*, has an usual command of language. Here is one of his impressive sentences: "Bankruptcy, foreign war, internal hatreds, a hell of fire thinly crusted over, new dissensions, separations, strifes, new rivers of blood, repeated decimations, new lightnings of the red deserved wrath of God, the corroding status of innocent blood upon the soul, the insensible horrid lapse into the most hideous of despotism, all of the Dantesque horrors of the infernal regions that the shades of dead nations, tortured, inhabit—all of these stare upon them out of the grim silent darkness of the future days."—*Mobile Tribune.*

The Bad Wrath of the Blue Nose.—Mr. Howe, of Nova Scotia, is not content with the consolidation of the British provinces under the title of the Dominion of Canada. His opposition is of consequence enough to indicate future trouble; and the seeds of discontent he is now sowing may grow up into a formidable crop. He is very bitter. He made a speech recently, the violence of which may be judged of by this single sentence:

"I say again, as I said in Halifax, that if it were not for my respect for that (the British) flag, and for my allegiance to the British crown, never a Canadian should take a pound of revenue out of Nova Scotia. (Cheers.) Nor should any Canadian exercise control or dominion over us. Dominion, indeed. I try sometimes to ask myself what I am now. I thought I was a Nova Scotian, or an Englishman, or something that had a national character, but I am told that I have been made a Canadian by an act of parliament. I belong to the dominion, do I? If it were not for swearing, I would say that the only description of a Nova Scotian which I can give now is that he is a d—d mission, a mission of Canada, and nothing else."—*Chicago Times, 26th.*

The First Bole of New Cotton.—On the 17th inst. Messrs. F. W. Sims & Co. sent to the editors of the Savannah *News* a large sized boll of new cotton, from the plantation of George W. Golder, Esq., of Jefferson county, Florida, who writes encouragingly of the crop prospects in that section.

Another fine boll of cotton was received in Charleston, June 17th, from a neighboring plantation.

Gen. Sheridan.—It is learned from an authoritative source that Gen. Grant to-day replied to Gen. Sheridan's dispatch relative to the President's telegram suggesting a postponement of the registration in Louisiana, but declined to furnish a copy of the reply for publication.

Both of the administration papers here demand the removal of Gen. Sheridan, and dispatches have been sent to the President, at Boston, urging his removal. It is well understood here that nothing will be done in the premises until the President's return.—*Wash. Cor. Chicago Times, 26th.*

Gen. Sickles' request to the War Department to be relieved from his command has been denied.

Southern Undemonstrativeness.—"Pisgah" writing to the Charleston *Mercury*, in relation to the President's late visit to North Carolina, speaking of his reception by the solid people of that State, says:

There may have been a lack of enthusiasm; there was, but I know that the President understood it all. He is aware that a Southern audience is not demonstrative; that during the war we sang no bells and fired little powder to celebrate our victories; we read, rejoiced and offered thanks in silence; and I have high authority for the assertion that Mr. Johnson is to-day more pleased with the quiet, respectful attention and demeanor of the Southern throngs who gazed upon him, than with all the wordy tumult, waving of flags and salvoes of artillery that marked his Western tour. I was told that a quaint old gentleman said to the President, while at Durham's, conversing with him on this subject—"Mr. President, our people would rather give you a good dinner than cheer you; they would give you their hand sir, but we can't holler with a yoke around our necks."

The President.—"Personne" says he is assured, upon an authority little suspected, that Mr. Johnson is the ruling spirit of his Cabinet, and generally a man of his own mind.

Mr. Davis' Future Residence.—The report that Mr. Davis has purchased a residence in Canada is, of course, without foundation. It is now insisted in some of the newspapers that he has accepted an invitation from the proprietor of the White Sulphur Springs, in Catawba, North Carolina, to visit that place on his return from Canada, and he will be there with his family in July or August.

In this connection, it is not improper that we should publish the following passage from a letter written by him immediately on his departure for Canada from New York:

"It was my wish, as soon as opportunity was at hand, to have hastened to a reunion with my countrymen in Mississippi, but, yielding to controlling considerations, (having reference, we infer, to his health, and his wish to rejoin his children, from whom he had long been separated,) I have curbed the desire, but only, I trust, postponed for a brief time, the pleasure."—*Vicksburg Clarion.*

MONETARY AND FINANCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING, June 29, 1867.

The general market has exhibited only a moderate degree of animation attended with no variation of a reportable character in any of its leading departments of trade. Operations in Cotton were in restricted scale, the extreme views of buyers and sellers in connection with the meagre character of the offerings preventing the consummation of any heavy transactions. Hence the sales were light, comprising barely 1250 bales at previous prices, the market closing steady at our quotations.

The movement in Coin has been of a restricted character, and rates have fluctuated in agreement with the course of the New York market. Gold opened this morning nominally at 138¼, the same being the opening rate in Wall street, but later advices being more favorable, it stiffened, then receded and closed at about the opening rate. The cash offerings were light, and as most buyers were loth to operate, only a trifling business has been done, embracing $3000 at 138, $10,000 at 138⅛, $1000 and $2000 at 138¼, $20,000 at the same, and $5000 at 138⅜. The sales of Silver included $1000, in American Halves, at 132, and $100 Mexican Dollars at 141¼c.

General dullness prevailed in Foreign Exchange. The demand was fair throughout especially for first class sterling, but as the majority of holders were unwilling to accept the rates offered by dealers only a moderate business has been done, comprising the following negotiations to banks and bankers: £3000 A 1 Sterling at 149¼, £5000 at 149¼, £2000 at 150¼, £3000 banker's at 151¼, and £2000 bank at 152. In Francs, we noticed a sale of 100,000 A1 commercial at 3.77¼. Sterling may be nominally quoted at 148 to 148½ for bill of lading bills, 149 and 150½ for A1 to first class, and 152 to 153½ for banks; and francs at 3.77¼ for A1 commercial, and 3.70 for bank.

Domestic Exchange has undergone no material alteration. The Banks checked on New York at ¼ per cent. premium, at which they drew to a moderate extent. The supply of Commercial was rather limited, and although most dealers declined to pay the rates demanded by holders, still a fair business has been transacted, comprising $50,000 bank check at ¼ per cent prem., $15,000 do at ⅛, $30,000 bankers' at 3/16, $8000, $14,000 and $30,000 N. Y. sight at ¼, $7000 at ⅛, $30,000 one day's at 3/16, and $5000 thirty days' sight at 1 per cent. discount. The closing rates for Commercial sight were 3/16 to 5/16 per cent. premium.

The Stock market continued dull and inactive, no sales being reported since the publication of our last issue.

At a special meeting of the Directors of the Bank of America held this day, a semi-annual dividend of ten per cent. from the earnings of the past six months, was declared with an extra dividend of ten per cent. which was added to the reserve fund, the former being payable to the stockholders on the 10th proximo. Here is a semi-annual dividend of twenty per cent.—the largest which has been declared for a number of years. It is certainly high evidence of Mr. A. Fortier's financial abilities, and speaks well as to the judicious management with which his administration has been conducted.

There was nothing done City Bonds. The Consolidated are still quoted at 8 to 90, and the Railroad Issues at 78 to 80, according to the coupons. Louisiana Sixes are quoted at 58 to 60. Jackson Railroad, first mortgage bonds, at 70 to 72, Jackson Railroad, change issues, at 70 to 72, and Opelousas Railroad, first mortgage bonds, with eight matured coupons, at 54 to 55.

In Uncurrent Money we have no sales of importance to report. City Treasury notes ruled firm, 94½ to 95c per dollar, being paid for small notes, while the large one held firm at 92½ to 93c. Bank of Louisiana notes are quoted at 41 to 43c per dollar, and State Treasury notes at at 80 to 81c, the inside figures being the rates paid by dealers for the small sums offered at their counters. City notes rule at 5 to 7½ per cent. discount. They are the general medium of exchange in our local and city trade.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE BEE,
Saturday Evening, June 29, 1867.

Cotton.—The market opened this morning with a restricted inquiry, and a meagre prospect of business. The offering supply was light, few desirable lots being on sale, and as the limit of most buyers was predicated on figures entirely unacceptable to holders, the business transacted has been quite moderate, comprising at the close barely 1250 bales, mostly intended for the filling up of previously unexecuted orders, seven brokers participating in the business. Prices indicated no alteration of moment, the principal portion of lots sold changing hands on the basis of last evening's quotations, which was as follows: Ordinary 19 to 20½c, Good Ordinary 22½c, Low Middling 24c, and Middling 26c; adding, however, that even-running lists and desirable descriptions of good staple commanded figures in advance of these rates. The rapidly depreciating character of the stock causes most factors to hold back their lists for higher prices.

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

Stock on hand September 1st, 1866, bales	[illegible]
Received to-day	380
Received previously	769,466
Additional bales made from wrecked, loose, burnt and damaged Cotton, pickings, samples, &c.	13,[illegible]—783,127
Cleared to-day	1 181
Cleared previously	697,877—699,058
Stock on hand on shipboard	86,[illegible]

Tobacco—There was an active demand to day, which was participated in by buyers for France, Bremen and Spain. The offering supply was light, however, and consequently only a limited business was transacted, including 180 and 270 hhds on private terms, and 2 hhds heavy Leaf at 10c per lb. The market closed firm at the subjoined quotations:

LIGHT. Inferior and	Trashy	HEAVY. Inferior and	Trashy
Lugs	3½ @ 4	Lugs	4 @ 4½
Good Lugs	4½ @ 5	Good Lugs	5 @ 5½
Inf. to Com. Leaf	6½ @ 7	Inf. to Com. Leaf	6½ @ 7½
Medium Leaf	7½ @ 10	Medium Leaf	8½ @ 11
Fair Leaf	10½ @ 12½	Fair	11½ @ 13
Fine Leaf	13 @ 15	Fine	14 @ 17½
Choice Selections	16 @ 18	Choice Selections	18 @ 20

Freights—The market to day has exhibited continued firmness. There is very little disengaged tonnage in port, and as offerings are still fair, previous rates are readily obtained. The rates are as follows: 1c per lb for cotton by steam to New York and Boston, and ¾c for Philadelphia; steam to New York and Boston 45c per sack for corn, 90c per bbl for flour, $1 25 for pork, and $16 to $11 per hhd for tobacco. Steam for Liverpool ¾d per lb for cotton, and sail ½d for cotton, 42s 6d per hhd for tobacco. Sail for Havre 1¾c per lb for cotton. Steam for Liverpool 50s per hhd for tobacco.

Sugar and Molasses—There have not been any receipts from the coast since yesterday. The stock of Louisiana Sugar is very light, and there is, consequently, only a retail business doing at 13c per lb. for good Fair; 14½ to 14¾c for Prime; 11½ to 15c for Yellow Clarified, and 15¼ to 16c for White. There is no Louisiana Molasses in market. The stock of Cuba Sugar is moderate, and there was some little inquiry to-day, but as yet we have heard of no sales. The supply of Cuba Molasses is large, but there is little or no demand. It is quoted at 47½ to 50c per gallon. Prime Porto Rico Sugar is retailing at 13¾c per lb.

Arrivals from the West—There have been no arrivals from the West since yesterday.

Flour—There is a good demand for choice grades of Extra and Superfine, while other descriptions are dull and neglected. The sales to day comprise only 930 bbls, of which 100 and 50 bbls Single Extra at $11; 100 Double Extra at $11 25, 50 do. at $11 50; 100 Choice Extra at $16, 30 do. on its merits, on private terms and 500 bbls sour Superfine and Double Extra for shipment, at $3 to $7 per bbl. Yesterday, not reported, 400 bbls Choice Extra sold on private terms, and 100 bbls sour Superfine at $5 per bbl.

Corn—There is little or no stock on the landing. The market is quiet but firmer, and the sales to-day sum up 3,980 sacks, of which 300 Yellow Mixed and 550 White Mixed at $1 10; 200 White Mixed at $1 15; 200 White Mixed and 400 White at $1 20, 250 Prime White at $1 22½, and 300 White at $1 25 per bushel.

Oats—Are scarce, with a fair demand. There were sales to-day of 265 sacks, of which 75 at $1 30 at 90c per bushel.

Bran—Is dull, with only a jobbing demand, at $2 25 per 100 lbs.

Hay—The market is firm, with a fair demand for local trade, at $14 to $18 for Inferior, $20 to $22 for Fair, $21 to $26 for Prime, and $27 per ton for Choice.

Pork—We quote a little better inquiry for this article. 150 bbls even weight Mess sold in two lots at $22 per bbl. Full weight Mess is retailing at $23 50 per bbl.

Bacon—There is a fair demand, but only in a jobbing way. 25 casks Shoulders, sold in three lots, at 10c. 18 tierces Sugarcured Hams in two lots, at 16 to 16⅛c, and 7 casks Ribbed Sides at — per lb. It is retailing at 10½c for Shoulders; 12c for Ribbed Sides, 13 to 13¼c for Clear Sides, and 15½ to 17½c per lb. for Sugarcured Hams.

Lard—We have no sales to report, but quote prime in tierces at 12½ to 12¾c, and 13 to 13¼ per lb in keg.

Green Meat—We note a sale of 20 casks Dry Salted Shoulders at 9c per lb.

Butter—Is plenty and dull at 25 to 33c for choice Northern, and 15 to 20c per lb for Western.

Cheese—The supply is large, but mostly poor in quality. The demand continues light at 11 to 15c per lb for choice Northern, and 16c for good Northern.

Star Candles—The stock is light, the demand is moderate. No 12 is held at 16c, No 13 at 17c, No. 14 at 18c, and full weight at 20c per lb.

Sundries—Eggs are selling off the landing at $14 to $15 per bbl, 12 to 16c per dozen, in boxes; Chickens $7 to $ 50 per dozen. Geese $8 to $10. Turkeys $20 to $26. Apples $8 to $10 per bbl; new Onions $8 to $8 50; new Potatoes $6 50 to $7, old $5 to $5 50 per bbl.

Coffee—The demand is fair. There is none in first hands, and a stock in second hands of 6000 sacks Rio. It is selling in lots at 16¾c per lb, gold, for Low to Prime, and at 23 to 25c currency. It is retailing at 1c per lb higher.

Salt—Stock light, demand fair, market firm, at $2 15 for Liverpool Fine from warehouse; $2 25 to $2 35 from store. Coarse is held at $2 10 from warehouse, and $2 20 to $2 30 from store. Turks Island Salt 80c per bushel in bulk, $2 per bag in warehouse, and $2 25 to $2 35 in store.

Dried Apples—Are quoted at 8 to 9c per lb.

Naval Stores—Spirits Turpentine is selling at 45c per gallon. No. 1 Rosin at $3 53 to $4 25, No. 2 at $3 25 to $3 50, and No. 3 at $3 per bbl.

Beans—Are in fair supply and demand at $13 to $14 for Western, and $15 to $16 per bbl for Northern.

Tallow—Is held at 9½ to 10c for country rendered, and 10¼c per lb for city rendered.

Whisky—Only a retail business is doing at $1 75 to $2 25 per gallon for Western Rectified and $1 40 to $1 75 for Louisiana.

Rice—There is no Carolina Rice in market, and no India in first hands. We quote India at 10½ to 11c and Louisiana at 9¼ to 11½c per lb.

Hides—Stock light, demand fair at 15 to 16c for dry, 9½ to 10c for green.

Corn Meal—Is dull. Kiln-dried is selling at $14 to $14 50 per bbl.

India Bagging—Is retailing at 25c per yard in rolls, 27c in bales—at wholesale 25¼c.

Bale Rope—Is retailing at 10½ to 11c per lb.

Gunny Bags—Are quoted nominally at 22½ to 23c for heavy.

Wool—Is in light supply and demand. We quote 25 to 35c for washed, 10c for burry, 13 to 20c for Louisiana Native, 20 to 24c for ¼ to ½ Merino, 24 to 27c for ¾ to ⅞ Marino. Lake shore is held at 25c.

Coal Oil—Is quoted at wholesale at 31 to 32c per gallon. It is selling in lots of 5 to 25 bbls at 42½ to 45c, and retailing at 47½ to 50.

Malt—Is very dull at $1 to $1 80 per bushel for Western, and $1 90 to $2 for Canada.

Hops—Are in small supply and demand at 65 to 70c per lb.

Cow Peas—Are dull at $4 per bushel.

Cattle Market.

Grey or Jefferson, June 30, 1867

Arrived yesterday [illegible] Calves and Yearlings and [illegible] Sheep
Sold—116 Texas Beeves, 193 Calves and Yearlings and 84 Hogs.
Stock on sale—387 Texas Beeves, 263 Calves and Yearlings, 73 [illegible] Sheep and 9 Milch Cows.

[illegible]

MARINE NEWS.

Port of New Orleans—June 30, 1867.

Masters of vessels will confer a favor upon the Press by hoisting their signal numbers (Rodgers's or Marryatt's Code) on arrival within five miles of the S. W. Pass bar; by this means their arrival will be reported several hours in advance of the time it now requires to ascertain their names. The Telegraph Station of the Associated Press at the S. W. Pass is provided with signal books, and can receive communications by means of signal flags.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Gen Washington, Gager, for New York—A Moulton
Steamship Tioga, Morse, for Philadelphia, via Havana—Creevy, Nickerson & co
Steamship Reindeer, McGrath, for Corpus Christi—Master
Steamship Trade Wind, Champion, for New York—D Dowd
Steamship Gen Sherman, Pendleton, for Belize, (Hon)—Lovell & Bailey
Steamship Irene, (British) Urquhart, for Havana—Master
Steamship Clinton, Farwell, for Galveston—C A Whitney & co
Steamer Sarah, Stone, for Mobile—Master
Brig Galveston, Merryman, for Boston—O W Hyman & co
Schr Flying Scud, Munson, for Brazil (& A) in ballast—Master
Schr Constance, (British) Pujol, for Vera Cruz—W Goldenbow
Schr L L Davis, Pendleton, for Brazos Santiago—Jos Kelley
Schr Sarah Cole, Patterson, for Pensacola—Master

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Kensington, Hedge, from Boston, to Creevy, Nickerson & co—4th district
Steamship Philadelphia, Colburn, from Sabine Pass, to master—1st district.
Steamer Mary, Carroll, from Mobile.
Lugger El Leon, Young William, Gen. Golsan, St. Joseph, and St Mary, from the Coast, to masters—3d district 15.
Lugger River Queen, —, from Lafourche, to master—3d district 15.
Fourteen luggers, from Barataria and Grand Isle, to masters—3d district 15.

—STEAMBOATS—

Silver Spray, Fenton from Cincinnati.
Flicker, Greenlee, from Floyd.
Hunter, Jeanfreau, from Pointe-a-la-Hache.
Aloe, Radovich, from Fort Jackson.

BELOW COMING UP.

Bark Aberdeen, —— from ——
Schr Atlas, (Mexican) Alfaro, 13 days from Campeachy, to S Fernandez

AT QUARANTINE STATION.

Schr Salvador, (British) Hansen, 7 days from Havana, to W Goldenbow
Schr Annie E. Martin, Nicholson, 15 days from Vera Cruz, in ballast, to E A Yorke & co.

EXPORTS.

NEW YORK—Per steamship George Washington—795 bales cotton 56 bales moss and wool 180 bbls flour 30 pkgs mdse 1578 sks corn.
PHILADELPHIA VIA HAVANA—Per steamship Tioga—For Philadelphia—31 bales cotton 51 bales wool 30 hhds tobacco 34 hides and sundries....For Havana—222 tcs and 10 kegs lard 9 tcs hams and sundries.
CORPUS CHRISTI—Per steamship Reindeer—[illegible] bbls flour 6 bbls whisky and sundries
NEW YORK—Per steamship Trade Wind—72 hhds tobacco 50 bags wool 307 hides and sundries.
HAVANA—Per steamship Irene—[illegible] kegs lard 100 tcs hams 300 sks corn 200 sks oats 275 bales hay and sundries.
BELIZE—Per steamship Gen Sherman—320 bbls flour 160 bbls pork and sundries
GALVESTON—Per steamship Clinton—200 bbls flour 120 sks salt 300 sks corn 1050 sks corn and sundries.
MOBILE—Per steamer Sarah—2 hhds sugar 6 sks coffee.
BOSTON—Per brig Galveston—359 bales cotton 101 bbls flour 187,000 feet walnut lumber 12,000 staves and sundries
VERA CRUZ—Per schr Constance—400 bbls flour 30 bales hay 71 sacks potatoes 10 tcs lard
BRAZOS SANTIAGO—Per schr L L Davis—100 bbls flour 31 777 feet lumber and sundries
PENSACOLA—Per schr Sarah Cole—32 bbls flour 3 bbls pork 107 bbls bread and sundries.

IMPORTS.

BOSTON—Per steamship Kensington—Ass'd mdse.
SABINE PASS—Per steamship Philadelphia—1 lot cattle order
MOBILE—Per steamer Mary—7 bales cotton to Scott Flash & Lyons—sundries to order
HAVANA—Per brig Proteus—67 bxs 466 hhds sugar Chaffraix & Agar.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

CINCINNATI—Per steamer Silver Spray—[illegible]

POINTE-A-LA-HACHE—Per steamer Hunter—34 bbls rice to A Secola 17 sacks potatoes and sundries to order.
FORT JACKSON—Per steamer Aloe—Sundries to order.
FLOYD—Per steamer Flicker—No cargo.
GRAND ISLE AND BARATARIA—Per fourteen luggers—[illegible] melons and sundries to order.
COAST—Per luggers El Leon, William, Gen. Golsan, St Joseph and St Mary—222 bbls potatoes 30 bbls onions and sundries to order.
LAFOURCHE—Per lugger River Queen—150 bbls potatoes and sundries to order.

N. O. JACKSON AND G. N. RAILROAD

[illegible]

DIED.

Saturday evening, at 10½ o'clock, KATIE EVELINA, aged seven months, only child of Dr Gustave Devron and Katie Fitzgerald.

The funeral will take place from the father's residence, No. 201 Conception street, between Coust and Montegut, at 5 o'clock P. M. THIS DAY. The friends and acquaintances of the Devron, Leiper and Fitzgerald families are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice.

DIED.

On Saturday evening, June 29th, at 7 o'clock, ANNE, beloved wife of P. H. Flynn, a native of Monaghan, Ireland, aged 37 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral from her late residence, 101 Bienville street, at 3½ o'clock P. M., THIS DAY (Sunday) 30th inst.

Executive Committee

—OF—

THE RELIEF FUND.

Statement of moneys collected up to this date for the relief of the Sufferers from Overflow.

[illegible]

Value of supplies contributed ... [illegible]
Value of supplies distributed ... [illegible]
GEO. O. SWEET, Secretary E. C. R. F.
New Orleans, June 29, 1867.

EXPOSITION PARIS, France, June 28, 1867.

Messrs. Peck Bros., 176 Canal street, New Orleans, agents Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines:

We take great pleasure in informing you that the WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINE has again taken the HIGHEST PREMIUM, having received the only Gold Medal awarded Sewing Machines.

W.

Removal.

Office of the Louisiana Mutual Insurance Company, New Orleans, June 30th 1867.

THE Company have removed their Office to the New Marble Building, No. 83 Common street.
CHAS. BRIGGS, President.

Wanted.

AN ORANGE ORCHARD. Any one having an Orange Orchard for sale will please address "Glass Box 1857," N. O. Post-office, giving full particulars in regard to number of trees, their condition, age, yield, etc., and the price and terms of payment. Mississippi River below the city preferred.

New Orleans, Opelousas and Great Western Railroad.

U. S. MAIL ROUTE BETWEEN NEW ORLEANS, WESTERN LOUISIANA AND TEXAS.

The Railroad Ferryboat will leave the foot of St. Ann street, opposite Jackson Square, EVERY DAY at 2:30 P. M., connecting with the DAILY PASSENGER TRAIN, leaving Algiers at 3 P. M.

The Ferryboat will leave the same place at [illegible] A. M., on SUNDAYS, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS for the train leaving Algiers at [illegible] A. M., and connecting with the TEXAS STEAMSHIPS at BERWICKS BAY. This train will stop for passengers at Way Stations.

A passenger train will leave Brashear EVERY DAY at [illegible] A. M., arriving at Algiers at 10:20 A. M. On MONDAYS, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS, a passenger train will leave Brashear on the arrival of the steamship from Galveston. This train will stop for passengers at Way Stations, when the conductor is notified or when signaled.

THROUGH TICKETS, by Steamboats and Stages, to all points on Bayou Teche to New Iberia, and to St Martinsville, Vermillionville, Grand Coteau, Opelousas and Washington to be had at the office of the Company, No. 86 Canal street, or at the Ferry Landing Ticket Office, for half an hour previous to departure.

Shippers and consignees of freight, by giving notice to the New Orleans Transfer Company, corner Camp and Common streets, can have their goods received or delivered in any part of the city at reduced rates of drayage.

Freight for stations on the road and for landings on the Teche, will be received daily, (Sundays excepted) from 7 A. M. to 5 P. M., at the foot of St. Ann street. Freight delivered before 3.30 P. M., will be forwarded the same day.

All outward freight payable at the time of shipment, and all inward freight on delivery.

G. W. R. BAYLEY, Superintendent.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—SECOND DISTRICT COURT OF NEW ORLEANS.—The State of Louisiana, to all whom these presents shall come, greeting:

Whereas, Mistress Mary Orth, widow of Jacob Mats, has purchased at a sale made by G. De Feriet, auctioneer, the property hereinafter described, has applied to the Clerk of this Court, in whose office the deed of sale—passed before A. Ducatel, notary, on the 18th June, 1867—was recorded on the 28th day of June, A. D. 1867, for a monition or advertisement, in conformity to an act of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, entitled "An Act relative to monitions and mode of proceeding;" approved the fifteenth day of March, 1855.

Now, therefore, know ye, and all persons interested herein are hereby cited and admonished, in the name of the State of Louisiana, and of the Second District Court of New Orleans, who can set up any right, title or claim in and to the property hereinafter described, in consequence of any informality in the order, decree or judgment of the Court under which the sale was made, or any irregularity or illegality in the appraisements and advertisements, in time, or manner of sale, or for any defect whatever; to show cause within thirty days from the day this monition is first inserted in the public papers, why the sale so made should not be confirmed and homologated.

The said property was sold by G. De Feriet, auctioneer, aforesaid, on the twenty-seventh day of April, A. D. 1867, by virtue of a decree of this Court, rendered on the twenty seventh day of February, A. D. 1867, in a suit entitled, Jane Frost, wife of Henry Grant, vs. Sam. Adlam and Didion Fisettes, No. 27,079 of the Docket of this Court, at which sale Mrs. Mary Orth, wid w of Jacob Mats, became purchaser for the price of $3,900, as the whole more fully appears from the act of sale passed before Amedee Ducatel, notary public, on the 18th of June, 1867.

Description of property, as given in the judicial conveyance, viz:

A certain LOT OF GROUND together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, rights, ways and privileges thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, situated in the Third District of this city, in the square bounded by Marigny, Greatmen (now Dauphine,) Mandeville and Craps (now Burgundy) streets, the said lot of ground forming the corner of Marigny and Greatmen, or Dauphine, streets and measuring thirty-four feet front on Marigny street by sixty-nine feet five inches and five lines in depth and front on Dauphine street.

The aforesaid property being the same which Andrew Flower purchased from Lazarre Dorestan Delcour, by act before L. Lisbony, notary, on the 13th April, 1853.

Clerk's Office, Second District Court of New Orleans, June 28, 1867.

F. R. O'RORKE, Clerk.

AUCTION SALES.

G. DE FERIET'S SALES.

POSITIVE SALE ON ACCOUNT OF DEPARTURE.
Furniture!...Furniture!!...Furniture!!!
BY G. DE FERIET, Auctioneer.
Office, No. 61 Royal street.

WEDNESDAY, July 3d, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., will be sold by public auction on the premises, No. 252 Bayou Road, between Villere and Robertson streets—

A general assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE consisting of rich Parlor Sets, fine Bedroom Sets, such as Bedsteads, Armoires, Bureaus, Wash stands, Tables, Looking Glasses, etc., etc. Also, Dining-room Furniture.

—ALSO—
One splendid 7-octave ROSEWOOD PIANO.
Terms—Cash in U. S. Treasury notes.

Notice to Tax Payers.

Treasurer's Office, City Hall, New Orleans, June 27th, 1867.

NOTICE is hereby given to those who have not yet paid their City Taxes, that the time will be extended until SATURDAY, the 6th of August next. This will positively be the last week for payment of taxes without charges.
J. HERNANDEZ, City Treasurer.

CARPETING,

Floor Oil Cloth, Matting, Curtains, lately received and offered at low prices.

200 ROLLS FRESH MATTING all colors. Carpeting of all kinds and qualities, Floor and Furniture Oil Cloth of all qualities, Window Shades new styles, all sizes, Crumb Cloths, Table and Piano Covers, Cloth, Worsted, India Rubber, Hair Cloth, Stair Rods, Mats, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Terries Damasks, etc. Cornices, Drape Bands, etc.
A. BROUSSEAU & CO.
19 Chartres st.

Magnolia Whisky.

100 barrels Pike's celebrated Magnolia WHISKY.
25 " Old "Keller" BOURBON.
25 " T. O. [illegible] very fine.
In store and for sale by
LONGSTREET OWEN & CO., Agents,
37 Union street.

Notice.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between CHARLES MARTENS & GEORGE HOLMGREN has been dissolved by mutual consent on the 22d June. Charles Martens is authorized to liquidate the affairs of the partnership, and will continue to keep the establishment as before.
CHARLES MARTENS,
Brass Founder and Finisher,
224 Magazine street.

DR. KUNEMANN

HAS transferred his office from No. 135 St. Louis to No. 156 Canal street, near Baronne.

A Seamstress Wanted.

A GERMAN FAMILY on the Jackson Railroad [illegible] wishes a good [illegible] woman who can cut well and sew for the children. [illegible]
MESSRS. WILLIAM MISCHE & CO.,
22 New Levee street.

Board of Underwriters of New Orleans,
New Orleans, June 26th, 1867.

AT a meeting of this Board the following resolution was adopted:—
Resolved, That the REBATE OF TWENTY FIVE PER CENT. premiums NOW ALLOWED IN LIEU OF SCRIP be reduced to FIFTEEN PER CENT., to take effect on and after the First day of July, 1867.
JAMES H. WHEELER, Secretary.

New Orleans, Jackson and Great Western Railroad Company.

OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
New Orleans, June 26, 1867.

ON and after Fifty per cent [illegible]
T. R. WILLIAMS, Gen'l Superintendent.
Ed. WARD, Gen'l T'kt Agent.

Bank of America,
New Orleans, June [illegible]

FROM and after the 1st of July next, this Bank will be opened from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. [illegible]
J. E. MORTIMER, Cashier.

New Orleans Canal and Banking Company,
New Orleans, June 27, 1867.

AT a Special Meeting of the Board of Directors held THIS DAY, a semi-annual dividend [illegible]
CH. J. MONTVILLE, Cashier.

Succession of Elbesie Gridon, widow of Michael Maher—No. 29,416.

THE Creditors of the deceased and all persons [illegible]
F. R. O'RORKE, Clerk.

Public School Vacations.

TEACHERS of Public Schools wishing to learn an excellent style of Penmanship, [illegible] DOLBEAR COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, corner Camp and Common streets [illegible]
RUFUS DOLBEAR, President.

NEW ORLEANS TRANSFER COMPANY.

This Company has removed from 128 Common, near St. Charles street, to corner Camp and Common, under City Hotel, and is prepared to call for passengers and baggage in any part of the city in time for the different railroad trains, steamships or steamboats.

Baggage, freight, etc., removed from one part of the city to another.

Omnibuses furnished to parties, balls, pic nics, etc., also for funerals.

Parties living at the Watering Places, or along the line of the different railroads, can have their freight, game, parcels, freight, etc., delivered to any part of the city by having it properly marked to the care of this Company. Labels can be had at the Office or from the Messengers.

This Line is represented by Messengers on all incoming trains, by which means passengers can secure seats in the Omnibuses and have their baggage checked to any hotel, railroad, steamer or any part of the city.

MARIPOSA
Door, Sash, Blind and Moulding Factory.
67 ST. JOSEPH STREET,
Between Tchoupitoulas and New Levee.

THIS establishment is reopened, and is now turning out work at TWENTY PER CENT. less than the old price list.

PHOTOGRAPHIC.

S. ANDERSON.
61............Camp Street............61

Would remind his old patrons and the public that he remains at home this summer, and will give his personal attention to all who may favor him with a call, and will guarantee the best work that can be done in this city in all styles known to the art, and at prices to suit the times.
S. ANDERSON,
61 Camp street.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that I have received from the Assessor of Internal Revenue of this District the balance of the annual list, namely, the Income List for the year 1867, and the same are now due and payable to me at my office in the Custom House; and unless the same is paid prior to the 10th day of July, 1867, the penalties imposed by the law upon delinquent tax payers will be strictly enforced.
JAMES B. STEEDMAN, Collector.

Office of N. O. Gas Light Company,
New Orleans, June 19th, 1867.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors of the N. O. Gas Light Company, held THIS DAY, a dividend of Five Dollars per share was declared out of the earnings of the past six months, payable to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, at the office of the Company, on and after the 1st day of July proximo.
W. S. BROWN, Treasurer.

Notice to Tax Payers.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
New Orleans, June 11th, 1867.

NOTICE is hereby given to those who have not yet paid their City Taxes, that the last month granted for the payment of the same, without costs.
J. HERNANDEZ, City Treasurer.

Mr. Editor of the Bee:

In perusing the columns of your valuable paper, we found therein an advertisement by a lady calling herself Henrietta Flimely y Pintado, who pretends to have legal rights to lands bequeathed by the late Sebastian Pintado, and informs the public that she will receive proposals, &c., &c.

Will you please allow me, Mr. Editor, to state, through your paper, to that lady and to the public generally, that Mr. Vicente Sebastian Pintado was married only once, and that his sole heirs are Ms. Teresa Eulalia Vidal, his legitimate wife, "who is yet alive," and four sons, Vicente Tranquilino, Facundo Eligio, Eudaldo Gregorio, and Vicoles Augusto Pintado, all residents of the Parish of Assumption.

Yours, respectfully,
VICENTE T. PINTADO.
Assumption, June 11, 1867.

Crescent Hotel,
AT BAY ST. LOUIS.

THIS HOUSE will open on the FIFTEENTH OF JUNE, for the reception of travelers. The proprietors will spare neither trouble nor expense to make it a comfortable resort. Persons will please mark their freight and baggage "Crescent Wharf."

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets.................................$3,000,000

ORGANIZED IN 1850.

"Fifty per cent dividend"—"Never litigated a claim."

PAYS PROMPTLY.

KING & FITZGERALD, Agents,
No. 7 Carondelet street.

FRENCH HAT STORE,
No. 187½ CANAL STREET.
VICTOR BOUTROUE.
(BRANCH OF THE STORE NO. 68 ST. CHARLES STREET.)

MANUFACTURER of Silk and Cassimere HATS, to order, for Men, Boys, and Children, at REDUCED PRICES, Canal street, No. 187½, between Dauphine and Burgundy streets.

Office of the Atlantic Insurance Company of New Orleans,
No. 19 Camp street, New Orleans, Jan. 1, 1867.

THIS Company have removed their Office to No. 19 Camp street (formerly occupied by Messrs Smith Newman & Co.) and continue to take Fire, Marine and River Risks on the most favorable terms.

—DIRECTORS—

E. Rigney,	C. M. Soria,
W. H. Stanley,	B. L. Mann,
George W. Manson,	E. Newman,
A. B. Hitchcock,	Alexander Marks,
J. M. Simmons,	J. P. Roolston,
James Byrnes,	W. R. Greene,
R. J. West,	A. D. Grieff,
W. M. H. Witherell,	John H. Keep,
F. Freudeman,	C. E. Staveley,
R. M. Thomas,	

E. RIGNEY, President.
A. D. GRIEFF, Vice President.
E. P. JANVIER, Secretary.

Merchants' Mutual Insurance Co.
OF NEW ORLEANS.

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT.

In conformity with the requirements of their Charter, the Company publish the following statement:

[illegible]

The above statement is a just true and correct transcript from the books of the Company.
JOHN PEMBERTON, President.
PAUL FOURCHY, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 6th day of June 1867.
PAUL W. COLLENS,
Third Justice of the Peace.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the [illegible] a scrip dividend [illegible] THIRTY PER CENT INSTALLMENT ON THE SCRIP ISSUE OF 1866 with six per cent interest [illegible]

DIRECTORS.

John Pemberton,	J. Morgan Hall,	David McCoard,
P. Maspero,	Pierre Pouts,	T. Z. Reif,
L. F. Generes	J. J. Fernandez,	Chs. Bag ry,
E. Dupeseur,	M. Puig.	

PONTCHARTRAIN RAILROAD.

SPRING AND SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

ON and after THURSDAY, April 4th, 1867, the trains on this road will leave as follows:

[illegible]

SUNDAY ARRANGEMENT.

Steam train from City, every SUNDAY morning and [illegible]
An extra train will leave the City every SUNDAY at [illegible]
On and after April 7th, the trains will leave either end of the road on SUNDAYS, every half hour, from 2 until [illegible]
Fare to and from the Lake, same day, 25 cents.
Passengers for Gentilly must notify the Conductor prior to departure of cars.
GEORGE PANDELY, General Superintendent.

St. Louis Restaurant,
Nos. 75 and 77 St. Louis street.
—KEPT BY—
HENRY BARTHE.

MR. HENRY BARTHE respectfully informs his friends and the public that he will open on SATURDAY NEXT [illegible]
The Restaurant is kept open until midnight.

THE SIXTH WARD NATIONAL RECONSTRUCTION ASSOCIATION meets every FRIDAY EVENING at [illegible] o'clock, at Col. Ferrer's Academy, No. 134 Hospital street.
C. F. GIRARDEY, President.
ANAT. A. KER, Secretary.

Headquarters Executive Committee National Reconstruction Party,
STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Corner Royal and Customhouse streets.

THE REGULAR MEETINGS of the above Committee are held every WEDNESDAY EVENING, at half past 7 o'clock.
GEO. A. FOSDICK, President.
T. L. MAXWELL, Secretary.

Important !------Important ! !
—TO—
BUYERS OF IRON TIES.

New Orleans, 18, 1867.

John T. Butler, Esq.

Sir—We, the undersigned, having been engaged for a number of years in the business of Compressing Cotton, wishing to state our opinion, take this opportunity of stating, for the benefit of the Merchants, Planters and the public in general, that in our opinion the BUTLER BUCKLE COTTON TIE should have preference over all other Buckle Ties as being the Strongest, Simplest and Easiest of Application, and know that we can compress a bale of Cotton put up with it with more facility and expedition than with any other Ties now in use.

The Buckles which are attached to other Ties are weak in their construction and very insecure, and we have been compelled in many instances, and at our own expense to use the Butler Buckles, with which to replace the others.

SAML BOYD & CO.,	Shippers' and Union Cotton Presses and Independent Yard.
THOS. M. SIMMONS & CO.,	Alabama and Crescent City Presses.
ISAAC RANDOLPH,	Pelican Press.
STANLEY & CO.,	Commercial Press.
C. N. CHASE,	Virginia Press.
C. N. PASTEUR,	Proprietor Cooper's Press.
IRVINE, KOPMAN & CO.,	Merchants' Press.
GAUTIER, ALLAIN & CO.,	Penn's Press.
R. M. PASTEUR,	Fireproof Cotton Press.

Having secured the Agency for the above celebrated COTTON TIE we are now prepared to fill orders for Merchants, Planters and Country Dealers, at the lowest prices.
WM. A. BELL & CO.,
Dealers in Bagging, Rope and Ties,
No. 41 Natchez street, New Orleans.

THE "ARROW TIE,"
AND PAINTED IRON BANDS,

For sale at the lowest prices, by
H. T. BARTLETT & R. W. RAYNE,
GENERAL AGENTS, 43 CARONDELET STREET.

THE above popular fastening is the best now in use for baling Cotton. They are approved by the Insurance Companies of this city, and are used at the Cotton Presses in New Orleans, Memphis, Mobile, Galveston, Savannah and by Planters [illegible] success and approbation.

N. B.—The ARROW TIES are [illegible] New Orleans and everywhere throughout the growing States, at the lowest prices.

Summer Arrangement.

PARENTS and Young Gentlemen can make liberal arrangements, and themselves and sons be qualified by early fall, for positions worth $1000, $2000, or $ [illegible] per annum, if they apply at DOLBEAR COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, corner of Camp and Common streets, immediately. A Business Education is the best fortune for young Gentlemen. There are Professors for Penmanship, Bookkeeping, Commercial Calculations, Commercial Law, English, French, Spanish, German, Latin, Greek, and the higher Mathematics.
RUFUS DOLBEAR, President.

O. B. GRAHAM & CO.,
130............GRAVIER STREET............130
Between Camp and St. Charles Streets.

Importers of Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS,
Agent for the York Street Flax Spinning Company of Belfast.

RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the trade to their very Extensive Stock now in store and arriving by first vessels from Europe, consisting of the following: Irish Linen Printed Linen, Pillow Case Linen, Linen Sheeting, Drawer Linen, Linen Shirts and Shirt Fronts, Brown and Bley Linen, Linen Checks, Planters Linen, White and Brown Linen Nettings, Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Long Lawns, White Lawns, Printed Lawns, Damask in piece, Damask Cloths, Napkins and Towels Diapers, Brown and Bleached Huckaback, Drillings, Duck, Hollands, Burlaps, Bobinets, Swiss Muslins, Tarlatans, Checks, Union and Cotton Checks, Ginghams, Tartan Checks, Prints, Turkey Red, Madder Handkerchiefs, Spool Cotton and Flax [illegible]

Choice Lumber for Counters, &c.

10,000 FEET of choice black Walnut LUMBER suitable for counters, for sale on reasonable terms; also a large assortment of YELLOW PINE LUMBER and Tongue and Grooved FLOORING and CEILING.
For sale by ALEX. McCONNELL,
184 Carondelet street.

Brooks, Macdonald & Co.,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
58 Carondelet street, New Orleans.
James M. Brooks, Louis E. LeBlanc[illegible]
Hugh Macdonald.

Notice.

THE creditors of the succession of the late Andres Rendousquis are hereby notified to make themselves known to the undersigned, and present at once, at their respective claims.
MARTIN BLACHE,
Executor of the deceased,
No. 30 Exchange Alley.

DISEASES.

MR. F. GAUDOZ, Druggist, from the Paris school, reminds his friends and the public that he attends, as heretofore, to the treatment of Secret and Cutaneous Diseases. All syphilitic diseases, cold and newly Gleets, Ulcerations, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples (in both sexes) have been most successfully treated by him in the last ten years. Sure cure of itching in twelve days.
F. GAUDOZ, Druggist,
Corner Orleans and Bourbon streets.

JACOB OTT, Carpenter.

Special attention given to REPAIRING of STORES and DWELLINGS.
Cisterns Made and Repaired.
Orders left at 26 Tivoli Circle, or at L. DURAND'S, corner Toulouse and Chartres streets, promptly attended to.

[illegible] steamers [illegible]:
MORNING STAR, 2800 tons......Hebern, Commander
GUIDING STAR, 2800 tons......Vandice, Commander
MISSISSIPPI, 2800 tons......Sumner, Commander
MERRIMAC, 2200 tons......Vandice, Commander
HAVANA, 2000 tons......Fleeman, Commander
MONTEREY, 1600 tons......Edwards, Commander
MARIPOSA, 1800 tons......Quick, Commander
MATANZAS, 1800 tons......Ryder, Commander
MISSOURI, 1800 tons......Hudson, Commander

Passengers are notified to be on board promptly. Freight will be received by this line upon the Company's wharf at all times during business hours [illegible]

For freight or passage, apply to
CREEVY, NICKERSON & CO., Agents,
93 Carondelet street, N. O.
GEO. B. HARTSON,
No. 5 Bowling Green, N. Y.

Only Direct Line to France.

The General Trans-Atlantic Company's New Line of First-Class Mail Steamships Between New York and Havre, Calling at Brest.

THE splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent are the following:

PEREIRE............Duchesne............29th June
VILLE DE PARIS......Surmont......13th July
EUROPE............[illegible]......27th July
ST. LAURENT......Bocande......10th August

PRICE OF PASSAGE (in gold), to BREST or HAVRE,
First Cabin, $135 — Second Cabin $80, including table wine for either class.
TO PARIS—(including Railway Tickets, furnished on board.)
First cabin............$145
Second cabin............$85

Baggage checked through to Paris.
The steamers of this line do not carry steerage passengers.
Medical attendance free of charge.
Extra steamer to Havre direct.

VERA CRUZ............[illegible], Saturday, 20th July
Cabin passage, $100; Steerage, $35, currency, including wine.
Persons leaving the Europe may obtain their passage tickets here, by the [illegible], by applying to the undersigned, instead of waiting to engage in New York.
For passage, apply of
VICTOR PERRILLIAT,
127 Common street.

For New York Direct.

Cromwell's New York and New Orleans Steamship Line.

This line is composed of the following steamships:
GEO CROMWELL............Capt. E. E. Vaill.
GEO WASHINGTON............Capt. E. V. Gager.
GEN GRANT............Capt. E. W. Holmes.
GEN MEADE............Capt. A. W. Sampson.

The steamship
GEO. WASHINGTON,
E. V. Gager Commander,
will leave her wharf, foot of Toulouse street, on SUNDAY June 30th at 8 A. M.
Freight for Boston taken by this line, and through Bill of Lading given for same.
For freight or passage apply to
ALFRED MOULTON
41 Carondelet street.

SEA SHORE LINE.

BAY ST. LOUIS AND PASS CHRISTIAN DAILY PACKET.

THE elegant and very fast steamer CAMELIA, [illegible] master, will leave [illegible] DAILY, Sunday excepted, on the arrival of the [illegible] Railroad train, for Bay St. Louis, Pass Christian [illegible]
[illegible]
COHEN M. LORIA,
16 Carondelet street.

Sunday Excursion to Mandeville and Madisonville.

THE fast and fine steamer [illegible]
L. FRIGERIO, Jr.,
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