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[illegible]

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The New Orleans Bee.

NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 24, 1859.
VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXII—WHOLE NO. 11.33.
OFFICE 88 CHARTRES ST.

THE DAILY BEE.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 24, 1859.

THE WAR AND ITS RESULTS.

We like the tone of the Emperor Napoleon's declaration of war against Austria. Unless his professions are the mere dictates of a hollow and pretentious hypocrisy, they are fraught with the most tangible and substantial encouragement to Italy. We like, too, the positive and direct manner in which he manifests his intentions. He is not afraid or ashamed to tell assembled Europe that he sympathizes with Italy in her resistance to the brutal and bloody sway of the Austrian tyrant, and that the object of the war is to restore Italy to herself, not to impose upon her a change of masters. The plainness of this declaration smacks of sincerity, and justifies the confident hope that Louis Napoleon will keep his word. Should he prove true to his promise, a glorio[us future] awaits him. After driving the hat[ed] [Ha]psburger back to the Adriatic, liberating [all] Italy from the despotism of Austria, and authorizing the disenthralled populations of the peninsula to unite under one government, selecting their own sovereign, and limiting his power by constitutional restraints, the French Emperor will best subserve his own glory, and strengthen his influence throughout Europe by rigidly abstaining from all attempts at acquiring an undue control over the country which he has redeemed from misrule. We are disposed to believe that such, indeed, will be his policy, and that he is not animated by the lust of territorial acquisition, or by the insane ambition of pursuing the career of a conqueror.

It is pertinently remarked by a cotemporary that every thing in the personal antecedents, in the published convictions, in the manifest, individual and dynastic interests of Napoleon III. conspires to justify the belief that in accepting the war thrust upon him by Austria, the ruler of France is bent upon precisely the objects which he avows in his manifesto of the second of May. Napoleon III., says the New York *Times*, "Openly disclaims now, as he openly disclaimed before going to war with Russia in 1854, any intention or wish of making territorial conquests for France. England, which joined him in this disavowal in 1854, did her best in 1856 to induce him to violate it, and sought to prolong the Crimean war, in the hope of eventually securing some solid result of annexation as its reward. Her leading journals even went so far as to debate just how, and by whom, the Crimea, when conquered, should be held. But Napoleon III. was faithful to his pledges and to his policy. He fought to secure the recognition, by Russia, of Turkey as an independent power, entitled to the rights of other European States. This object secured, he made peace, and England, however unwillingly, was obliged to follow his example.

"He has a sound claim, therefore, on the confidence of the world, when he now asserts that he means simply and absolutely to act upon the alternative presented by Austria. 'To this extremity,' he says, 'has Austria brought matters, that either she must rule up to the Alps, *or Italy must be free to the shores of the Adriatic*.' The case could not be more decisively or more correctly stated. The hesitation of Austria upon her advance against Sardinia, after the fierce onslaught of her first movements, would seem to show that she now for the first time begins to appreciate this simple reality of her situation."

With respect to the result of this war, while of course no man would be fool-hardy enough to predict its ultimate termination, or the number of powers now neutral which may be eventually involved in it, there is no difficulty whatever in arriving at the conclusion that Austria will be essentially and unequivocally thrashed. In the first place her cause is an unjust one, and however brave her soldiers, they would fight with more endurance and ardor if they were on the right side. Secondly, the Austrians are not the equals of the French in daring prowess, in absolute perfection of discipline, or in bold and rapid military evolutions. Thirdly, Frenchmen are a unit. Every man of Napoleon's army adores France, combats for glory, and loves martial feats as sincerely as an Irishman loves a shindy at Donnybrook fair. The rapture of the strife is a feeling which a Frenchman can thoroughly appreciate, whereas the Austrians, with their countless tribes, Magyar, Croat, Wallach, Bohemian and German, all mingled together, differing in dialect, in customs, in opinions, and in attachment to the sovereign whom they serve, are stimulated by no nobler inducement than the liberal application of the stick in their military training. Such men may make prime food for gunpowder, stolid machines that will stand much battering before they give way, but they will never rush to battle with the enthusiastic fervor and absolute delight which with the French are at once the anticipation and the proximate cause of victory. Finally, the Austrian has to conduct the campaign on a soil swarming with those who utterly loathe and abhor him, and who, when required to fight him, deem their marches and counter-marches, their perils and sufferings, a labor of love. Man to man, and gun for gun, we have no earthly doubt of the discomfiture of the Austrians. Louis Napoleon will be extremely likely to chase them to the shores of the Adriatic, and they will be fortunate if they are still suffered to intrench themselves within their ancient limits.

Frank Leslie's Illustrated News.—We are indebted to A. & E. Ezekiel, No. 7 Exchange Place, for the June number of this cheap and interesting periodical. The number before us is particularly well filled and finely illustrated.

Harper's Weekly.—Messrs. Ezekiel have sent us the last number of this capital newspaper. It contains another chapter of Dickens's new story, and two more of "Trumps."

Sale Continued.—The sale by the Sheriff of the stock of goods in store No. 43 Bienville street will be continued to-day, at 10½ o'clock, A. M.

Thanks to the officers of the steamer John C. Swon for very late St. Louis, Cincinnati and Memphis papers.

The Pope Coming.—The Philadelphia *Bulletin* says: "Advices from Washington inform us that letters have been received there from high sources announcing the prevalence of rumors in Italy that the Pope may be obliged to fly for refuge to this country. Our Ministers at Rome and Naples are said to speak of this contingency as highly probable."

The Study of Language.—The study of language has ever been considered a study of high importance, regarded merely as a means of intellectual cultivation.

There are obvious reasons for this. The analysis of language is the analysis of thought. Resolving complex forms of speech into simple ones, and again combining simple expressions into those which are complex, and investigating, alternately by logic and æsthetics, the varying properties of words and phrases, are operations which come nearer, perhaps, than any other in which we are engaged towards subjecting spirit itself to the crucible of experiment. The study of grammar, the comparison of languages, the translation of thought from one language to another, are so many studies in logic and the laws of mind. The subtleties of language arise from the very nature [illegible] subtle and mysterious essence, the human mind, of which speech is the prime agent and medium of communication.

The class of studies under consideration bears nearly the same relation to the spiritual that anatomy does to the bodily part of us. It is by the dissecting knife of a keen and well tempered logic, applied to the examination of the various forms which human thought assumes, that we most truly learn the very essence and properties of thought itself. It is this intimate, immediate, indissoluble connection and correlation between mind and language, between human thought and human speech, between the soul itself and the mould into which it is cast, that gives such importance to the general class of studies known as philological.

The study of language, more than any other study, tends to make the mind acute, discriminating, and exact. It tends also, in a most especial manner, to fit a person to train the minds of others to acuteness, discrimination, and exactness. The person who has learned to express a thought with entire exactness and idiomatic propriety in two languages; or where, from the want of analogy between the two languages, he finds this impracticable, to perceive the exact shade of difference between the two expressions; who can trace historically and logically the present meaning of a word from its original starting point in reason and fact, and mark intelligently its gradual departure and their causes; who can perceive the exact differences between words and phrases nearly synonymous, and who can express that difference in terms clear and intelligible to others, that person has already attained both a high degree of intellectual acumen himself and an important means of producing such acumen in others.

The study of language is, in the profession of teaching, like the sharpening of tools in the business of the mechanic. Words are the teacher's tools. Human knowledge, even before it is expressed, and as it is laid up in the chambers of the mind, exists in words. We think in words. We teach in words. We are qualified to teach only so far as we have learned the use and power of words.—*Sunday School Times.*

In perceiving the tint of the scarlet geranium, it has been ascertained that our eyes are affected by undulations, recurring 482 millions of times in a second. Before we can appreciate the tint of the yellow blossoms of the gorse or laburnum, 542 millions of vibrations in a second must have taken place; and to discriminate the color of the violet, not less than 707 millions of movements must have been communicated to the fibrils of our retina.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

ARRIVAL OF THE North American and City of Baltimore.

VOLUNTEERS FOR THE BRITISH NAVY.

New Movement to Overthrow the Derby Ministry.

PRIVATEERS TO BE TREATED AS PIRATES.

Quebec, May 23.—The steamships North American, of the Montreal Ocean Steamship Company's line, has arrived at this port.

She left Liverpool on Wednesday, the 11th inst., and her advices have been anticipated by the City of Baltimore.

New York, May 23.—The steamship City of Baltimore arrived at this port this evening. She left Liverpool on Thursday, the 12th instant.

A full summary of her news was telegraphed from Cape Race to the Associated Press exclusively on Friday morning.

The Liverpool and London papers contain some additional items of interest.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, May 12.—It is estimated that the sales of Cotton to-day will amount to 6000 bales. The market closed quiet.

Cotton has advanced ⅛ since Friday of last week.

GENERAL AND POLITICAL NEWS.

Liverpool, May 12.—The large bounty of £10 offered by the British Government to those who enlist in the naval service has proved very successful.

At Woolwich, the great naval arsenal of Great Britain, it is stated that seamen are volunteering and being enrolled in the navy at the rate of two hundred a day.

It is positively stated that upon the reassembling of Parliament Lord Palmerston will move, and Lord John Russell will second, a vote of censure of the Ministry for the course they thought fit to pursue in dissolving Parliament in the critical time, when Europe was upon the eve of a great war.

The *Belgian Moniteur* announces that any Belgian vessels that may be found engaged in privateering, or otherwise acting contrary to the neutrality laws, will be treated as pirates.

FURTHER ADVANCE IN CONSOLS.

New York, May 23.—A dispatch from London, dated Thursday noon, May 12th, reports a further advance of ⅛ in the English funds.

Consols for money closed at 91¾ to 92¼.

Some improvement had also taken place in the Money market.

DEATH OF AN AMERICAN LADY.

Mrs. Sheridan Luspratt, a sister of Charlotte Cushman, died at Liverpool on the 10th instant.

STARVATION AT PIKE'S PEAK MINES.

RIOT AND MURDER REPORTED TO

St. Louis, May 23.—The advices from Pike's Peak mines continue to be of a most unfavorable character.

Private letters received in this city from the mines state that many of the emigrants are totally destitute of the means of subsistence, and are in a state of starvation.

A party of destitute emigrants, unable to obtain food otherwise, had commenced capturing the outward-bound trains.

One train was attacked near Offalon's Bluff, and D. C. Oaks, the conductor of the train, was killed.

Mr. Griffith, the Postmaster at Auraria, has been hung.

A dispatch from Washington this evening states that the Government will take immediate measures to protect the emigrant trains and their agents from the famishing Pike's Peak emigrants.

OUR FOREIGN RELATIONS.

Washington, May 23.—At a meeting of the Cabinet to-day, the foreign policy of our Government and the form of dispatches to be addressed to our foreign ministers were agreed upon, with a view of defining our position during the pending hostilities in Europe.

The dispatches direct our ministers to declare that the United States will remain neutral, unless our rights upon the high seas are infringed, and set forth in clear language our position upon the right of search question.

APPOINTMENT BY THE PRESIDENT.

Washington, May 23.—Col. Stambaugh, of Pennsylvania, has been appointed Surveyor-General of the Territory of Utah.

THE MISSING OVERLAND MAILS.

St. Louis, May 23.—The missing overland mails, which left Stockton in February and March, were driven back by the Mohave Indians, and not allowed to cross the Colorado river.

Col. Hoffman has now concluded a treaty with the Mohaves, and no further molestation of the mails is anticipated.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAIL.

Americans Banished from Sonora.

St. Louis, May 23.—The overland California mail has arrived here, bringing dates from San Francisco to the 29th ultimo, which have been anticipated by the Coatzacoalcos at New Orleans.

The mail, however, brings later advices from Sonora, which represent the country in a deplorable state of anarchy and misrule.

Great excitement prevailed in Sonora, owing to a report that Gen. Walker was fitting out another Sonora expedition at San Francisco, and the Mexican authorities and people were greatly exasperated against the American residents of the country.

The American residents of Hermosillo had been ordered to leave the city within twenty-four hours, or suffer the penalty of death.

Americans could not appear in the street without being insulted, and in some cases injured by the mob.

FATAL SHOOTING AFFAIR.

Mobile, May 23.—A difficulty occurred this evening between B. B. Odom and H. G. McClintock, of this city, in which pistols were used.

McClintock was shot by Odom, and it is believed that the wound will prove mortal.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, May 23.—The Cotton market closed steady. The sales to-day were 1500 bales. Middling Uplands are quoted at 11½c.

The Flour market closed buoyant, and prices have an advancing tendency. The sales to-day amount to 13,500 barrels. Pork has advanced 12½ to 25c. Eastern Mess is quoted at $17 50 to $17 62½.

Lard closed firm at 11½ to 12½c.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

Cincinnati, May 23.—The Flour market closed buoyant and prices have again advanced 25c.; Superfine is quoted at $6 75. Whisky closed steady. Sales to-day 870 barrels at 26¾ to 27c.

Lard closed quiet at 11 to 11¼c.

Molasses is held at 38c.

Sugar closed quiet at 6¾ to 7¼c.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.

New York, May 23.—The New York weekly bank statement shows an increase of specie, as compared with the previous week, of $918,000. The decrease in loans amounts to $79,000. Decrease in circulation, $126,000.

The net deposits during the week amount to $140,000.

STATE OF THE RIVERS.

St. Louis, May 23.—The Mississippi at this point has fallen six inches during the last twenty-four hours, and is still falling.

All the upper streams are also receding.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

St. Louis, May 23.—The steamer L. M. Kennett and the A. T. Lacy have arrived here from New Orleans.

The steamer Falls City left here for New Orleans last evening.

Hard Times in Iowa.—We are sorry to learn from the Iowa papers that there is much suffering in that State from want of food. During the early part of spring cattle died of starvation by scores throughout the State, there being no grain to feed with; and that affairs are not a whit improved at this time may be learned by the following picture of distress from the Eddyville *Commercial*:

It is useless to deny or attempt to conceal the fact. This region of the country is destitute of the necessaries of life. The stock of food for man and beast is about exhausted. There is perhaps corn enough to feed those who are unable to buy flour; but they have not the means to buy corn. It is in the hands of a few persons, and they will only sell for the cash, at a dollar a bushel. Not one-third of those who need to buy corn have the dollar, or any means of getting it; for the money, like the corn, is out of the reach of the destitute.

We are no panic-maker, but of this we feel certain, and we speak advisedly, that in thirty days from this time, unless those who have a surplus agree to part with it on time at a fair price it will be distributed and carried away by bands of desperate men to feed their starving families. This sounds terribly; but it is too near the truth, and men will not suffer their families to starve when food can be procured by going and taking it.

Shocking Custom.—A recent communication to the Indian Office, from the Superintendent of Indian Affairs at San Francisco, reports a strange but shocking custom that prevails among almost all the Indians of California. This is that of burying alive. When a widow dies and leaves young children, the tribe to which she belonged will bury the orphans alive. The Superintendent states that he will use all his efforts to put an end to this cruel practice, but it had been impossible to prevent it entirely as yet, even on the Government reservations.—*Pittsburg Gazette.*

An Unexpected Finish.—Speaking of the tendency of temperance orators to set forward themselves as previous examples of the blighting effects of drink, the London correspondent of the Liverpool *Advertiser* says: "This predilection was smartly satirized the other evening at a temperance meeting. A person in the hall got up and said: 'My friends, three months ago I signed the pledge. (Clapping of hands and approving cheers.) In a month afterwards, my friends, I had a sovereign in my pocket—a thing I never had before. (Clapping and loud cheering.) In another month, my friends, I had a good coat on my back—a thing I have never had before. (Cheers and clapping much louder.) A fortnight after that, my friends, I bought a coffin.' The audience was going to cheer here, but stopped and looked serious. 'You wonder,' continued the lecturer, 'why I bought a coffin? Well, my friends, I bought a coffin because I felt pretty certain that if I kept the pledge another fortnight, I should want one.'"

Death in the Pulpit.—A solemn and impressive event occurred recently in the Baptist Church, Yarmouth, Nova Scotia. After the sermon John Hilton arose and addressed the congregation. "Be ye also ready, for in such an hour as ye think not the Son of Man cometh," when he sat down and instantly fell from his seat—a corpse.

EUROPE.

THE ARAGO'S MAILS.

The mails by the steamer Arago furnish some interesting details.

The State of Affairs in Sardinia.

Reception of the French Troops—Equality of Opposing Forces—Generalship to Decide the Day.

Turin, April 30.—Yesterday was a day of profound calm in Turin, which has looked like a deserted village during the two days that have elapsed since the last troops left it; and I actually heard one or two credulous persons whisper something about the probability of peace. Idle dreams, upset by the evening's realities! News came of the Austrians having crossed the Ticino at Gravellona and other points, and Casale was said to be threatened. From information which subsequently reached me, however, it appeared that only small bodies of troops had entered Piedmont, for the purpose, probably, of repairing the roads which had been intersected at short intervals by deep trenches, and encumbered by the trees that grew at their sides, and which had been felled and dropped across them. There was no reason for believing that Casale was menaced more than any other point, except that Gravellona, which is about three miles from the Ticino, and to which the largest detachment seems to have crossed, is about the nearest point of the frontier to that fortress.

If the accounts which have reached me from persons who were lately at Casale be correct, that place is in no condition to resist a serious attack. It was expected that the Austrians would cross in force early this morning. I am writing at an early hour, and can as yet add nothing to the heads of information sent to you last night by telegraph, and which I hope have by this time reached you, although I dare not feel too confident of it, owing to the vast mass of messages which, at 11 P. M., were waiting transmission. I mentioned the arrival of French troops. Not to overstate numbers, I will estimate at 70,000 those which are this morning in the Sardinian States, divided between Genoa, (possibly some of those may have gone to Alessandria) Susa and Turin, for they have begun to arrive here. I have just returned from witnessing the entrance of the first installment, the 19th battalion of the Chasseurs de Vincennes. The National Guards were under arms at six this morning to receive them. It was past eight before they arrived, and at a little before nine they marched down the Via Santa Teresa, which leads direct from the railway terminus into the heart of the city. The reception they met was enthusiastic. The windows were thronged, chiefly by women, and flowers rained upon them. Most of the French had a small bouquet or a flower stuck in the muzzle of their rifles. From all sides the population thronged to see them pass. They were greeted as they moved onwards by a running fire of cheers and clapping of hands. Passing down the Via Nuova, they marched round those sides of the Piazza di Castello in front of the King's Palace and of the Ministries, and up the Via di Po to their allotted quarters. It is said that several more trains full will arrive to-day. Marshal Canrobert and General Neil arrived yesterday, and took up their quarters in the Royal Palace. Marshal Baraguay d'Hilliers has landed at Genoa. The troops disembarked at the last named place have met the most cordial reception from the people.

The French seem to be transporting most of those troops that come from Marseilles and Toulon on board of men-of-war. Among others, according to the Genoa papers, the Bretagne and the Napoleon entered that port the day before yesterday. At the same time I see it mentioned in another paper that our Admiralty is advertising for transport for two regiments to the Mediterranean. There are probably good reasons for this, but to those ignorant of them, it seems as if the French made their men-of-war more generally useful than we do.

Since I commenced this letter other French troops have arrived, and one sees soldiers and officers about the streets, the former fraternizing with the National Guards and with a few stray Piedmontese soldiers still here. As far as my observation goes, the French have every reason to be well pleased with their reception in Turin. At 3 this afternoon a battalion of the 43d infantry marched down to the Genoa station amid the cheers of the mob, and were sent off by train. A detachment of another regiment shortly afterwards followed. It is reported that the King will leave this to-morrow for the frontier. Yesterday he went down to Chivasso and the Dora, with Generals Canrobert and Neil, to inspect the defensive works erected on that part of the line, where a large Sardinian force is stationed. The probable movements and plan of the campaign of the Austrians give rise to much speculation; but, of course, nothing is known. The prevalent idea seems to be that they will attack on several points at once, but I doubt if, even at the War Office, up to a late hour last night, there was any very strong opinion as to what they were likely to do. It is impossible even to speak decidedly as to the relative strength of the two armies, since one, and probably the other also, is continually receiving reinforcements. With excellent troops and a good knowledge of the country on both sides, it appears as if, barring any violent disparity of numbers, superior generalship must in great measure carry the day.

Reception of the French at Genoa.

The following letter has been received from Genoa, dated the 28th of April:

On the 26th the French troops began to land. From daylight almost all the inhabitants were assembled on the ramparts, which have a view of the sea, impatiently awaiting the arrival of the first French ship. At length the Algesiras and Redoubtable appeared at the entrance to the port. Forthwith vivas were raised on all sides for France, the Emperor, and the allies. The Sardinian naval authorities had made excellent arrangements for the landing. After the artillery had fired the usual salute, General Bazaine landed on the quarantine quay. The first French soldiers had scarcely set foot on land when the crowd rushed to the quay, shouting for the Emperor and for France, at the same time embracing the French soldiers as if they had just gained a great victory. Every day since French soldiers continue to arrive, and two or three ships at least come in from Toulon. Marshal Baraguay d'Hilliers arrived this morning. The population of Genoa are exclusively occupied with their new friends. The city presents the appearance of a camp rather than that of a commercial town. The people walk arm in arm with the soldiers, and see that they are comfortably lodged. The most fashionable ladies as well as the wives of operatives amuse themselves in visiting the camp of the Turcos in the valley of the Polcevera. You cannot imagine the interest created by the Turcos.

The French Army Crossing Mont Cenis.

Geneva, May 1, 1859.

To the Editor of the London Times:

On the evening of the 26th I crossed Mont Cenis, where there were reports of the slaughter, the previous evening, of a large portion of the Sardinian army by the Austrians, and of the rapid advance of the latter upon Turin. These reports were contradicted when I reached Susa, the morning of the 27th; indeed it appeared to be generally doubted whether the Austrians had as yet crossed the Ticino in any force. I found at that town the advanced guard of the French army—some 2000 men—consisting of Chasseurs de Vincennes and infantry of the line—ready to be pushed on by rail to Turin. Tickets were also issued to passengers for the six o'clock evening train. The same day, as I crossed Mont Cenis, I met two battalions of infantry; and again, on the 28th, I passed at different stages of the route, between Lanslebourg, on the Savoy side of the mountain, and Culos, on the French frontier, not less than 17,000 troops, including three regiments of light and one of heavy cavalry, a large body of chasseurs, and sixteen brass field pieces; three regiments of infantry were marching rapidly along the line of rail, within a few miles of each other, while others were being conveyed in the train.

I was struck with the disproportion both of cavalry and artillery to the whole of the above mentioned force—as the road from St. Jean Maurienne, where the railway terminates, to the foot of the Cenis Pass, is excellent, 60,000 is said to be the number of troops about to be transported along this route. The guns were all rifled, quite new and very light, drawn by four horses, which appeared to my eye to want a little more blood. The cavalry were well mounted, and the infantry had every appearance of being admirably efficient, both in discipline and condition—active, sturdy little fellows. Although only on the outset of a campaign, every man looked as if he had passed every hour of his existence in the field—hardy, skillful, and self-relying. The truth of the matter is, that scarcely a day passes in garrison that the French soldier is not compelled to fence, or to go through the bayonet exercise with his comrades, until his eye is quickened, his limbs strengthened, and he has become a thorough master of his weapon. Why should we allow the Frenchman such an advantage over our own soldier in the use of the bayonet, which we have always excelled in? May we not have to regret the neglect of this kind of training, spite of the bull-dog courage and naturally excellent stamina of the English infantry? Who could doubt the havoc that would be caused by a handful of trained pugilists in a *melee*, although opposed to unarmed men of any calibre? Might it not be to a certain extent the same with the bayonet? Could it not be possible to introduce into the English army some instruction and place of exercise corresponding to the French regimental 'salle d'armes,' and by this means accomplish the double aim of improving the efficiency and occupying the idle time of our soldiers? W. E. U."

The London Times on the Address of Napoleon III.

The London *Times* of May 4th indulges in comments on the late address of the Emperor of the French on departing to take command of the army in Italy. After a summary of the address, the *Times* thus speculates as to the purposes and probable results of the war:

"It is utterly beyond human forethought what will be the relative position of France, Austria, Sardinia, and other states of Italy and Europe, at the close of this war, whenever it may be. It may be remembered that even at the termination of the late Russian war, one of a singularly definite character, it was impossible to argue from any supposed original objects what the final settlement should be; and the language of the treaty of Paris was rather to take for its basis the then existing state of things. Who can pretend to say how the belligerents will find themselves situated after two or three campaigns, or even who the belligerents will be? Besides Lombardy and Venice, besides Piedmont, Genoa, Savoy, and Sardinia, there are also Tuscany, the Duchies and the Papal States directly involved in the quarrel. Is it possible that the Two Sicilies should not be absorbed into it? Will the other powers of Europe stand aloof? As the war proceeds new matter will be imported into the quarrel, if quarrel that can be called which is simply a trial of strength between all who choose to join in the strife. Objects, as they are called, claims, grievances, rights, justice itself, disappear in the mere clash of arms; and ten years of such confusion drive the original objects into as remote an antiquity as the claims of a banished pretender or the title deeds of a landowner dispossessed centuries ago. What we see before us is war. The end of that no man can see.

"France and her Emperor can be no stranger to these considerations. They are well aware that the end of a war is not to be conjectured or limited by its beginning. They know the questions of reward and punishment, of annexation and combination that grow out of a war. Even supposing so simple a result as the immediate expulsion of the Austrians from Lombardy and Venice, and their submission to that disaster, it would be urged that something more was necessary than to leave Italy to itself. Large portions of the classic soil, for which France avows so much sympathy and interest, and with which it boasts historical connection, would be actually going a begging. Either Sardinia would be made a first-rate power, or a new kingdom would have to be founded in the North, very much larger and richer than any one now in the peninsula. With all this to be done in the event of a more remote settlement, Napoleon III. must be aware that territory will be thrust on the victorious and successful ally who has made Italy her debtor, added one more link to her ancient connection with that country, and left one more track of glory on her oft-trodden soil. With this consequence in view, almost within grasp, in what sense, and with what degree of resolution, does the Emperor repudiate all thought of conquest? Not to doubt his sincerity, what is his meaning? Will he refuse Savoy under all circumstances, and will his hatred of foreign interference carry him so far as to refuse a throne or a ducal crown for his cousin or his son? Will he object to a Bonaparte as well as a Bourbon on the throne of Naples? We need only allude to the questions which would arise in case the war crossed the Alps and descended the Rhine. All that is to be said, and it ought to be borne in mind, is that with all these contingencies in view—with conquests probably thrust upon him—Napoleon III. now repudiates it. Come what may, he will not accept more territory, even though all nations should be scrambling for it. He will not stain his honor or his friendship by any such gross calculation. We wish we could believe him sincere in this wise and honorable declaration. At any rate, it will be remembered that he made it."

Italians in America.

While the "Italian question" is passing the ordeal of arms, and its possible solution occupies the minds of all liberal and thinking men in Europe and America, there is an obvious propriety as well as duty in the Italian exiles among us giving expression to their sympathy and affording practical aid to their countrymen. From the days of Lorenzo Daponte, who wrote *libretos* for Mozart, there has been an honorable representation of the natives of Italy in New York; her scholars have taught, her musicians delighted, her patriots interested our citizens; the name of Felix Forresti is still a household word among us; Maroncelli, Silvio Pellico's fellow captive, died here; Gonfalieri, Castiglia, and other noble victims of Austrian tyranny found among us a temporary home. At present we have quite a circle of honorable merchants and accomplished scholars natives of Italy. These gentlemen have recently held a meeting for the purpose of organizing a committee to receive subscriptions for the families rendered necessitous by the war, and in other ways promote the cause of their country, which, under the enlightened and patriotic auspices of Sardinia, is seeking to drive from her soil the foreign soldiery who so long has crushed and darkened her life. The musical artists will give a grand concert at the Academy in behalf of this noble object; the Mayor of the city, many leading clergymen, lawyers, and other eminent citizens have consented to act in unison with the following Italian members of the committee recently appointed:

Prof. Botta, No. 31 West Thirty-first street; M. Ottavio Fabricotti, No. 34 Beaver street; MM. G. Albinola, Murray street; G. Ciocherini, No. 57 Beeckes street; E. P. Fabri, No. 56 Broadway; G. Gajani, No. 43 Wall street; M. Pastincidi, No. 57 Pearl street; V. Squarza, No. 75 Fulton street.

Prophecy Nearly Fulfilled.—A book was published in Philadelphia in 1813, and written by P. N. J. Elisha, which the Pittsburg *Dispatch* says contains these words:

"The time will come when people will travel in stages moved by steam engines, from one city to another, almost as fast as birds fly—fifteen or twenty miles an hour. A carriage will set out from Washington in the morning, passengers will breakfast at Baltimore, dine at Philadelphia, and sup at New York the same day. To accomplish this, two sets of railways will be laid, so nearly level as not in any place to deviate more than two degrees from a horizontal line, made of wood or iron, on smooth paths of broken stone or gravel, with a rail to guide the carriages so that they may pass each other in different directions, and travel by night as well as by day; and the passengers will sleep in these stages as comfortably as they now do in steam stage boats. Twenty miles per hour is about thirty-two feet per second; the resistance of the air will then be about one pound to a square foot, but the body of the carriages will be shaped like swift swimming fish to pass easily through the air. A steam engine that will consume from a quarter to a half a cord of wood, will drive a carriage one hundred and eighty miles in twelve hours, with twenty or thirty passengers, and will not consume six gallons of water. The carriages will not be overloaded with fuel or water. These engines will drive boats ten miles per hour, and there will be many hundred steamboats running on the Mississippi and other Western waters as prophesied thirty years ago by one who could predict them better than the poet can now. But the velocity of boats through water can never be made to equal the velocity of carriages through air, because the resistance of the water is eight hundred times the resistance of air."

A Fish Story.—We know we have a good many readers who are fond of fish story, while not a few of them can tell pretty good yarns of that kind themselves. These gentlemen will find the following, from an English paper, hard to beat:

A Miraculous Draught of Fishes.—On the 16th April, while a fisherman in one of the boats belonging to Ferryden, was hauling his line at a considerable distance from the shore, a circumstance occurred which illustrates the voracity with which the different kinds of piscatory animals prey upon one another. While the fisherman was drawing up a haddock that was on one of the hooks, he noticed a large halibut making an attempt to devour the smaller fish as he was drawing it up. He immediately seized a clip and laid hold of the halibut, but he had hardly got a proper hold of it when he perceived a ling trying to seize the halibut. Having freed one hand, he immediately seized the ling with the other, and proceeded to pull it on board, when he noticed a large sea cat making strenuous attempts to seize the ling. This animal was also successfully laid hold of and taken on board, concluding this remarkable chase.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The Weather.—The thermometer yesterday noon stood at 82° Fahrenheit. Every thing looks very "dry," excepting, of course, the grog-shops and their habitués, the topers. A little rain would be very refreshing.

The Amphitheatre.—This is the only theatre open this evening. The Marsh Juveniles play their select pieces, the "Naiad Queen" and "Trip to Coney Island."

City Mortality.—There were 120 deaths in the city of New Orleans for the week ending Sunday morning, the 22d inst.

The River Still Falling.—The river at our wharf, we are gratified to announce, continues to fall at the rate of two or three inches every twenty-four hours. The waters from above can hardly check its falling.

A Bear Story.—In the early history of New Orleans there is a story of a pretty young widow who took a great fancy to a bear, and in truth became warmly attached to it, so much so, indeed, that she petted it with the greatest care, teaching it many odd tricks, till it became in many respects as knowing as herself. Bear in turn was quite enamored of its gentle mistress, and followed her wherever she went about the streets, much to the dread of children and other women, and even of those of the sterner sex who dared to approach her save with looks of the utmost kindness. It was ever kind and gentle to its mistress, and, at night particularly, would keep ceaseless vigils over her peaceful slumbers, scarcely touching her with its huge paws, nor ever making a noise to disturb her. But, like bears generally, our pretty widow's was fond of *eau de vie*, and had learned its way into a cask of the most superb brandy peaches. These once tasted, its appetite for them proved insatiable, and the good widow had finally to humor it with some of them whenever it willed, which of course required no small number several times during the day to gratify its growing voraciousness. The result finally was that bear had to have its brandy peaches regularly, or its mistress got a by no means gentle slap on the shoulder. Locking the cask up would avail nothing, for a fuss was certain, and a rough one at that, if bear did not get his peaches, and the lady was too fond of her pet and too dearly prized its protection to lose it, even to save her cask of liquored nectarines. So bear reveled on in its intoxication, growing worse and worse every day, till eventually it turned upon her in the most savage manner imaginable, and made her cry out in the greatest agony. The neighbors around never once dreamed that her cries were occasioned by her hirsute companion, though they had seen it drink often, and some of the grocers around had frequently to treat it to a dram to get it to leave their premises without an attack, so very presumptuous was this same bear when once it found out that they kept liquor on their premises. The widow had of course regarded with growing apprehension this growing propensity of her bear for liquor; but she was so fond of her pet that she could not help, for the life of her and the love of it, from humoring its strange bestial appetency, till she was now forced to claim protection rather than seek to find it in the arms of her bear. She had indeed to cry out in the greatest agony, for it was biting and tearing and scratching her with a vengeance, and such was her cry—"Oh, that I had never married Mr. Bear!"

Child Bit by a Dog.—A child, the little son of a washerwoman, was admitted to the Charity Hospital yesterday, having been badly bit on the back of the neck by a dog on Gasquet street.

Another Heavy Robbery.—A gentleman of our acquaintance was robbed in this city last week of $4580 in gold. Out of policy, we do not give the particulars for the present, in the hope that some clue may be had to the robbery.

Fire.—A fire occurred last night somewhere far up-town; we did not learn where.

Fire Alarm Telegraph.—Mr. Gamewell will make an experiment at the City Hall this evening of the operations of his patented fire alarm telegraph, just before the meeting of the City Council.

The Robbery of Mr. Brindley's Residence.—A pillow-slip, table cloth, some towels and other articles, which Mr. L. D. Brindley recognizes as his property, were yesterday found in the trunk of Mary Molloy, the white servant in his employ who was arrested on suspicion of having stolen $5000 from his residence, Sunday.

Died at His Own Hands.—The unknown man who was taken to the Charity Hospital last Saturday with his throat cut in two places, died yesterday of the wounds—which are supposed to have been inflicted with his own hands. The Coroner had not held an inquest up to a late hour last evening. Who the unfortunate man is has not been ascertained.

Driving Over a Child.—Joe Fisher, driver of an omnibus, was arrested yesterday for driving carelessly over a child and injuring him severely.

If any people in the world ever needed an apostle to cast their devils out, it is ours who live in this water-logged country. The miasmatic poison of our swamps and marshes becomes a veritable devil in the blood, to revel in the Agues and Fevers which shake and scorch us all. "Ayer's Ague Cure" is said to be the apostle we need, and some of our neighbors who have tried it confirm the report.—*Journal, Plano, Ill.* my24 1t4&c

WHAT, OR WHICH IS THE BEST, Vermifuge or Worm Destroyer?
Is a question daily and hourly asked by parents, anxious for the health of their children. All who are at all acquainted with the article will immediately answer,
DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURG, PA.
It has never been known to fail, and is one of the safest remedies that can be used.
New York, September 25th, 1857.
Gentlemen—A young lady of my acquaintance had been for a long time very much troubled with worms. I advised her to try Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburg, Pa. She took one vial, which caused her to discharge an unusual large quantity of worms. She rapidly recovered her usual health. The young lady does not wish her name mentioned; her residence, however, is 320 Fifth street, and she refers to Mrs. Hardie, No. 3 Manhattan place.
☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., Pittsburg, Pa. All other Vermifuges in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* Fleming Bros.
SCOVIL & MEAD, Wholesale Agents for the South, my21 6t 111 and 113 Chartres st.

Fever and Ague is a terrible disease. Of "all the ills that flesh is heir to," it is the most unrelenting in its progress, and the most defiant of medical skill. Fever and Ague is more destructive of life than consumption, because it is more easily induced, and therefore more prevalent. Day by day the sufferer grows weaker and weaker, and each hour does he fear a strong consciousness of approaching the tomb. We have said that the disease is one of those which has nearly always defied medical science—a few cases once in a while having been cured and reported. Doctor J. Hostetter, of Pittsburg, has prepared a compound that has never been known to fail in curing the worst cases of this terrible disease. DR. J. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS are a sure and speedy specific.
For sale by Druggists and dealers generally everywhere.
See advertisement. my23 6t

Holloway's Pills.—Mark this fact, attested by the best medical periodicals of Europe, that cases of confirmed dyspepsia, abandoned as hopeless by the faculty yield to a short course of these pills. Sold 80 Maiden Lane, N. Y. my24 6t

☞ Look out for imitations of Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons.

Wanted.
A WET NURSE, with a fresh breast of milk. The best testimonials required. Apply at 178 Hood street, near Carondelet. my24 2t

A NEW STORE OF STRAW GOODS.
The Paul Morphy Hat, FOR SALE, AT RETAIL, BY J. B. MENNY & CO., 72 Chartres street. my24 1w

Notice.
I, BLAISE JACQUOT, hereby give notice that my Military Land Warrant, No. 84,264, for 120 acres issued in my name, under act of Congress of March 3d, 1855, has been lost, and has never been assigned by me; and that I intend, at the expiration of six weeks from this May 24th, 1859, to apply to the Commissioner of Pensions for a duplicate thereof. my21 3t [illegible]

STAR CANDLES—In lots to suit purchasers, of the well known brands of Verdin, Werdemer, Thos. Emery, etc., for sale by JACOB & DUSSUMIER, my24 corner Conti and Old Levee streets.
LARD—300 kegs prime leaf for sale by JACOB & DUSSUMIER, corner Conti and Old Levee sts.
SOAP—436 boxes, Winchester and other brands, for sale by JACOB & DUSSUMIER, my24 corner Conti and Old Levee sts.
COFFEE—350 sacks Havana, Java and Rio, for sale by JACOB & DUSSUMIER, my24 corner Conti and Old Levee sts.
SPERM CANDLES—100 boxes fours, fives and sixes, for sale by JACOB & DUSSUMIER, my24 corner Conti and Old Levee sts.
HAMS—36 tierces Duffield's, Maggs's, Throbridge & Beaker's and other celebrated brands, for sale by JACOB & DUSSUMIER, my24 corner Conti and Old Levee.
CLARET—450 boxes, Lampuy, Chateau Beauvoine, Pape Clement, and other celebrated brands, for sale by JACOB & DUSSUMIER, my24 corner Conti and Old Levee.
CHAMPAGNE—75 boxes and baskets of the celebrated brands of Charles Farre, Veuve Clicquot, &c., for sale by JACOB & DUSSUMIER, my24 corner Conti and Old Levee.
MACARONI AND VERMICELLI—50 boxes macaroni; 400 do vermicelli; 50 half do macaroni and vermicelli; 100 do do do; 100 do fine pastes, live assortment, landing and for sale by LANATA BROS, 9 and 11 Jefferson st. my24
BRANDY FRUITS AND FRUITS IN JUICE—100 boxes fruits in juice; 50 assorted brandy fruits; 200 do brandy cherries; landing and for sale by LANATA BROS., my24 9 and 11 Jefferson st.
STRAW HATS—100 dozen Italian straw hats, double trims, landing and for sale by my24 LANATA BROS, 9 and 11 Jefferson st.
TOBACCO—25 bales superior Havana Tobacco; 25 bales superior Mexican Tobacco, for wrappers and fillers, in store and for sale by ANTONIO COSTA & CO., my23 16 Customhouse st.
COFFEE—130 sacks Havana Coffee, in store and for sale by ANTONIO COSTA & CO., my23 16 Customhouse st.
SUGAR—9 boxes white Havana sugar, on board brig Toccoa, for sale by ANTONIO COSTA & CO., my23 16 Customhouse st.
COCOA—40 sacks Guayaquil Cocoa, entitled to drawback, for sale by ANTONIO COSTA & CO., my23 16 Customhouse st.
TO ARRIVE per ship Uraguay, from Marseilles—400 boxes bright blue soap rebolled; 725 baskets sweet oil, J. Plagniol. For sale by my21 8t C CAVAROC & CO, 144 Royal st
TO ARRIVE per ship Mary Annah, from Havre—50 baskets champagne, Eug Clicquot; 200 boxes absynth, E. Pernod; 100 do do, E. Roger. For sale by C CAVAROC & CO, my21 8t 144 Royal st
TO ARRIVE per ship Jeanne Albert, from Bordeaux—10 qr pipes cognac, J. B. Baron, 1827. For sale by C CAVAROC & CO, my21 8t 144 Royal st
LARD—100 tierces and bbls prime leaf; 250 kegs do; for sale by GALLIOSO & PASCAL, my19 57 and 58 Old Levee st.
OILS—50 barrels Whale; 50 do Tanners'; 50 do Linseed; for sale by E J HART & CO, my20 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.
COLZA OIL—Received by the undersigned: 4 casks clarified Colza Oil, for Moderateur and Carcel lamps. For sale by the gallon. LION & PINSARD, 66 and 68 Royal st, my20 corner Bienville.
BRIET'S SEIZER-WATER APPARATUS—The only one approved by the Medical Academy, for instantaneous domestic use of Vichi Seltzer water, lemonade, sparkling wine, soda water, &c. Received by LION & PINSARD, 66 and 68 Royal st, my20 corner Bienville.
RHEUMATIC POMATUM—100 small pots. Radical cure. Sole depot at LION & PINSARD'S, my20 66 and 68 Royal st, corner Bienville.
QUININE—4000 ounces, for sale by E. J. HART & CO, my20 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st
PORTER AND ALE—500 packages, quarts and pints, in casks and in boxes; for sale by E. J. HART & CO, my20 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st
CLOVES—50 bales, for sale by E. J. HART & CO, my20 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st
WHITE LEAD—15 tons Wetherill's pure; 20 do Lewis's, warranted; 10 do do L W Zinc; 10 do Montague do.; for sale by E J HART & CO, my20 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st
CHOCOLATE—100 boxes Menier & Co's, of Paris; for sale by E J HART & CO, my20 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st
CODFISH—20 half drums, 25 qr do, and 150 boxes; for sale by GALLIOSO & PASCAL, my19 57 and 58 Old Levee st.
TO ARRIVE per ship Lemuel Dyer, from Havre—100 baskets champagne wine, Eug. Clicquot. For sale by C CAVAROC & CO, my21 8t 144 Royal st
TO arrive per ship Minerva, from Bordeaux—25 packages cognac, W. Leroy & Co.; 20 qr pipes do, 1827, J. B. Baron; 64 casks claret; 16 do Chateau Dillon claret; 37 boxes Margaux claret; 25 qr pipes brandy, C. Marquet; 25 do do, J. Boral, 1825; 10 do cognac, Coq Pere & fils, 1802; 15 eighth pipes do do do; 116 qr boxes sardines, Pigot; for sale by my21 8t C. CAVAROC & CO., 144 Royal st
BACON—50 casks prime sides and shoulders, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO, my19 15 Tchoupitoulas st
LARD—200 tierces prime, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO, my19 15 Tchoupitoulas st
HAMS—50 tierces sugar-cured, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO, my19 15 Tchoupitoulas st
LARD OIL—50 bbls winter strained, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO, my19 15 Tchoupitoulas st
WHISKY—300 bbls rectified, for sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO, my19 15 Tchoupitoulas st
PORK—1500 bbls mess, prime and rumps; 50 half do family pig pork; for sale by GALLIOSO & PASCAL, my19 57 and 58 Old Levee st
BEEF—50 bbls and 100 half do family Mess, Davis; for sale by GALLIOSO & PASCAL, my19 57 and 58 Old Levee st.
HAMS—50 tierces Duffield's S. C.; for sale by GALLIOSO & PASCAL, my19 57 and 58 Old Levee st.

Railroad Supplies.
Cop Waste, Locomotive Head Lights, Engine Oilers, Gauge Cocks, Steam Gauges, Head Light Chimneys, Coach Candles, Tender Hose, Hose Couplings, Rubber Springs, Wood Saws with frames, Steam Whistles, Salter's Balances, Gong Bells, &c.
For sale by D. C. LOWBER & CO., my24 2t 73 Camp street.

Southern Pacific Railroad.

THE undersigned is *positively* instructed by the proper authority, to close the agency in this city for receipt of loan on stock, and for surrendered stock, on the FIRST DAY OF JUNE NEXT. The instruction will *positively* be complied with. It does not apply, however, to parties at a distance, who may be making remittances by mail, nor to those whose certificates of stock were sent some months since to the office at Marshall, and have not yet been returned.

Continued favorable action on the part of New Orleans stockholders *who are known to have been the greatest sufferers in the misfortunes and alleged mismanagement of the road*, will powerfully influence stockholders at other points, and aid the President of the Company in his negotiations.

The undersigned is directed to respectfully call the attention of stockholders who have not as yet made the loan, or surrender of stock, to the subjoined preamble and resolution, passed at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held at Marshall, on the 1st of April last. The Board claim to have *amply provided* for carrying out this branch of the "new policy:"

"*And whereas* many of the stockholders of the company have made in the late exigencies a loan of fifty cents per share upon each share held by them, to aid and help the company to protect itself against the demands of creditors and of adverse claimants; and whereas others, who were not able to make their advance, were invited, and they surrendered one-half of their shares to the company as a donation; and whereas others have neither made the loan nor the surrender of stock, but have stood aloof, not willing to risk, but seemingly willing to accept the beneficial results of other stockholders' labor and money, which is unjust and improper, as a common burthen for the protection of common rights and interests should be borne equally by all; now therefore,

"*Be it resolved*, That each stockholder who has neither made the loan nor the surrender of stock, is hereby required to do the one or the other, and that the President and Secretary of this company are hereby prohibited from and instructed not to recognize, by a release, any stock upon which there has not been loaned to the company fifty cents per share, or one-half of the shares previously owned or held have not been surrendered to the company, as required by justice, good faith and duty to fellow-stockholders, now indispensable to the relief and security of the company, and the advancement of the enterprise."

H. S. FULKERSON, Agent, my23 2t 84 Common street.

For Sale.
A GOOD BILLIARD TABLE, for families or a club, complete. Apply to PAUL LACROIX, No. 13 Toulouse st. my23

Wanted.
IN a retail drug store, an intelligent and active young man, from 16 to 18 years of age, who can speak and write the German and English or the German and French languages. It is a good opportunity for one who would like to become an apothecary. A good elementary education is indispensable. Apply, with references, to Box R, No 98, Post-Office. my23

Wanted.
TO hire or purchase, a Negro man—must be a good gardener. Apply at this office. my21 3t

EXCHANGE, Sight or Time, on—
Paris, Strasburg, Bordeaux, Metz, Toulouse, Nimes, Marseilles, Rheims, Nantz, St. Etienne, Rouen, St. Quentin, Havre, Valenciennes, Nancy, Tarbes, Lyons, Pau, Mulhouse, Bayonne, Amiens, La Rochelle.
For sale by C CAVAROC & CO. my20 3m 144 Royal st

For Sale.
A NEGRO WOMAN, an excellent cook, washer and ironer; together with her two sons, six and three years of age, fully guarantied. Apply at No. 78 Canal street. my20 4t

OCEAN RESTAURANT.
THE proprietors of this establishment, situated at the corner of Madison and Conde streets, give notice to the public and their friends that this RESTAURANT will be open on THURSDAY, the 19th instant under the management of that first rate caterer, Mr. GARZIA. They hope that they will receive their share in the patronage of the connoisseur. my19 10t

For Sale, on Account of Departure,
A SPLENDID PROPERTY containing five lots of ground, measuring each 30 feet front, by 120 in depth, in Carrollton, at the corner of Fourth and Madison streets, with flower and vegetable gardens, fruit trees, shade plants, &c.; a large frame house built on pillars 8 feet high, and containing 6 rooms, bath-rooms, cellars, kitchens, two cisterns, yard paved with bricks and cemented, chicken-house, &c. Also, a separate house for the use of servants. The property can be examined daily. For terms, apply to J. J. ALBERT, my19 1m 31 Chartres street.

Mandeville Fancy Groceries.
The undersigned respectfully announces to the public that he is about opening at Mandeville a grocery, wine, preserve and liquor store.
Families spending the summer at the above place are informed that they will constantly find on his establishment all the necessary provisions, which will be offered at the lowest prices.
my18 B. RENAUD.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR SALE ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS.
THIS establishment consists in first and second-hand Hardware, Tinware, Kitchen Utensils, Stoves, &c. Apply at No. 240 ST. PETER STREET, corner of Treme. my18 15t

FOR SALE.
TWO COFFEE-HOUSES AND A GROCERY, well located, in the second District, and having a good run of customers. For more particulars apply at JUSE RABELL'S, corner of Barracks street and Front Levee, opposite the U. S. Mint, Second District. my17 10t

Great Reduction.
LINEN! LINEN! LINEN! CHEAP LINEN.
400 PIECES, 30 yards each at $3 50; 200 do 7 8 and 4 4 shirtings, very low; 500 do Britannia, at $1 25.
Linen Sheetings and Pillow case Linen, all descriptions.
Will be sold in the same proportion.
Bareges at 25 cents a yard.
Double skirt Organdy Robes;
Do do Jaconet do;
Do do English Barege do;
lately received per steamship Philadelphia, and offered at $2 to $4 50 a Robe.
Also, a large invoice of Embroideries, Piccolomini Lace Points.
The ladies are respectfully invited to call and examine these goods, which are really offered very cheap. CARROLLTON STORES, corner Baronne and Poydras streets, my16 U. LAROUSSINI & CO.

$25 Reward.
NOTICE.—Lost by the undersigned, about six months ago, a promissory note subscribed by F. Clavel, in New Orleans, on the — of February, 1858, for $2500, payable ninety days after date, to the order of the undersigned. Said note has been paid to me by the drawer. The above reward will be paid for its delivery to the undersigned. ANTONIO CARDENAS, my14 3t1m Corner St. Philip and Rampart streets

NOTICE.
THE undersigned, having purchased the entire stock of the late firm of OEHMICHEN & LOEFFLER, gives notice that he will continue the same kind of business, at the same place No. 142 Chartres street, between Toulouse and St. Louis streets.
He has constantly on hand, from the best manufactories in the United States, England and France, a large and well selected supply of Gas Fixtures, Pipes, and Glass Shades, of every description, suitable for stores, offices, residences and gardens. my14 1m CHARLES LOEFFLER.

MEYER'S MIRACULOUS VERMIN DESTROYER.
The Only Remedy in the Whole World SURE TO EXTERMINATE
RATS, MICE, COCKROACHES, BUGS, ANTS, MOSQUITOES, FLEAS, MOTHS, MOLES, GRAIN WORMS, AND GARDEN INSECTS, &C.
50,000 BOXES SOLD IN ONE MONTH.
These Celebrated Remedies have been extensively used for twenty two years in all parts of Europe, and their miraculous power has been attested by the Courts of Russia, France, England, Austria, Prussia, Bavaria, Saxony, Belgium, Holland, Naples, &c., and their Chemical properties examined, and approved by the most distinguished Medical Faculties all over the world.
Their destructiveness to all kinds of vermin and insects has been certified in this country by the Directors of the various Public Institutions, Planters, Farmers, Proprietors of Hotels, Warehouses, Manufactories, and by various distinguished private Citizens.
Numerous Testimonials and Certificates of the efficacy of these Remedies can be seen at the Depot.
For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by the Inventor and Proprietor, JOSEPH MEYER, Practical Chemist.
Depot No. 612 Broadway, Cor. Houston street, N. Y. — General Agent for the United States and Canada, FREDERICK V. RUSHTON, Druggist, No. 10 Astor House, and 417 Broadway, New York.
☞ For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by J. WRIGHT & CO, 21 and 151 Chartres st.
Wholesale and retail, JAS. SYME, 134 Canal street.
Wholesale, G. N. MORRISON & CO., 12 Magazine street.
Wholesale, O. O. WOODMAN, Corner Common and Magazine streets
ja7 6m&w

India Rubber Goods!
THE undersigned have just received a large and well assorted stock of INDIA RUBBER GOODS, consisting of—
Merchants' India Rubber Port-folios;
Ladies' India Rubber Port-folios, with lock and key;
Merchants' India Rubber Bankers' Cases, with lock and key;
Merchants' India Rubber Pocket-books;
Gentlemen's India Rubber Porte-monnaies;
Gentlemen's India Rubber Handle Penknives;
India Rubber Round and Flat Rulers;
India Rubber Sand Boxes;
India Rubber Wafer Cups;
India Rubber Paper Folders;
India Rubber Inkstands;
India Rubber Penholders;
India Rubber Pencil Cases;
India Rubber Bands;
India Rubber Rings;
India Rubber in square pieces, pure, white and black, to clean paper.
P. DUREL & CO., Stationers, Binders and Printers, mh29 37 Chartres street.

RICORD'S INJECTION—150 vials Ricord's Injection, curing completely in five days. For sale by LION & PINSARD, my20 66 and 68 Royal st., corner Bienville.
LAROZE'S SYRUP—300 flasks, (Bitter Orange Peels) for nervous diseases. It is not a medicine, but the most powerful natural agent, and requiring no diet. Sole depot in New Orleans, at LION & PINSARD, my20 66 and 68 Royal st., corner Bienville.
WESSON'S TONIC OIL—160 flasks of this Oil, which strengthens and thickens the hair, when the roots are not entirely destroyed. Sole depot, at LION & PINSARD, my20 66 and 68 Royal st., corner Bienville.
BACON—80 casks shoulders and sides; for sale by GALLIOSO & PASCAL, my19 57 and 58 Old Levee st.

AMERICAN PARTY NOMINATIONS.

ELECTION MONDAY, JUNE 6, 1859.

For Controller: VALERY DUPLESSIS.

For Aldermen:
First District ... E. COX
Second ... NORMAN WHITNEY
Third ... S. P. DELABARRE

Assistant Aldermen:
First District—First Ward ... W. S. PETTINGILL.
—Second ... JOHN MORGAN HALL.
—Third ... ROBINSON YEATMAN.
Second District—Fourth Ward ...
—Sixth ... ADOLPHE DUPRE.
Third District—Ninth ... J. MAGIONI.
my 16

The Union Insurance Company of New Orleans.

SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT of the Union Insurance Company, published as required by law and their charter.

Amount of premiums received during the year ending 30th April, 1859, to wit:

Premiums on Fire Risks	$113,101 23	
River Risks	70,514 66	
Marine Risks	84,393 25	$268,012 24
Unearned Premiums on 30th April, 1858		34,167 00
Total Premiums		$302,179 24
Less Return Premiums		4,533 18
Net Premiums		$297,646 06
Paid Losses during the year, to wit—		
Fire Losses	$33,792 35	
River Losses	17,784 57	
Marine Losses	57,792 37	
Total Losses	$109,369 29	
Paid for Reinsurances	14,780 06	
" in 10 and 15 per cent. Return	5,569 54	
" Expenses, less Discounts and Interest	12,907 92	$142,356 81
Gross Profits		$15[illegible] 25
Reserved for Risks not terminated and Losses not paid		50,712 00
Net Profits		$104,546 25

The Assets of the Company are:

Capital Stock Notes	$185,000 00
Loans secured by Mortgage	54,434 45
Loans secured by Pledge of Bank Stocks	59,500 00
Bills Receivable at Short Time for Premiums	33,788 24
Premiums in Course of Collection	27,684 47
Scrip of other Companies	4,590 00
Cash on hand	71,946 24
Total Assets	$482,941 49

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Be it remembered that, on the 12th day of May, 1859, before me, the subscriber, a Justice of the Peace, in and for the city aforesaid, personally came and appeared A. Chiapella, President, and Jules Dolhonde, Secretary, of the Union Insurance Company of New Orleans, who, being duly sworn according to law, do depose and say that the above accounts are just and true, and a correct transcript from the books of the Company.

A. CHIAPELLA, President. JULES DOLHONDE, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 12th day of May, 1859. ARTHUR SAUCIER, Third Justice of the Peace for the parish of Orleans.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, it was resolved to declare a dividend of 35 per cent. to the insured, for which scrip will be issued on and after the 1st of July next; and 35 per cent to the stockholders on the capital paid in, payable according to the 19th Section of the Charter of the Company, on and after the 1st of June next.

Holders of scrip (upon which interest is due and payable since the 1st inst.) are requested to call and receive the same.

A. CHIAPELLA, President. JULES DOLHONDE, Secretary.
New Orleans, May 11th, 1859. my12 1m

SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE HOPE INSURANCE COMPANY of New Orleans.

Office, corner of Canal street and Exchange Alley.

IN conformity with the requirements of their Charter, the Hope Insurance Company make the following statement:

Amount of premiums received for the year ending April 30th, 1859		$106,497 27
Amount of unterminated risks April 30th, 1858		13,440 00
		$119,937 27
Premiums on fire risks	$69,433 48	
marine do	38,034 21	
river do	12,469 58	
		$119,937 27
Less premiums on risks not terminated	$21,058 00	
Less return premiums	869 60	
		$21,927 60
Amount of earned premiums for the year ending as above		$98,009 67
Losses paid during the same period, viz:		
On fire risks	$6 168 00	
On marine risks	8,408 88	
On river risks	1 820 20	
		$16,397 08
Fifteen per cent. returned to parties insured	$12,329 13	
Reinsurance	4,759 97	
Expenses less interest	9,326 92	
		$26,416 02
		$42,813 10
Net profits		$55,196 57
The Company have the following assets:		
Stock notes		$175,000 00
Invested in notes secured by mortgage on real estate worth double the amount loaned thereon		70,731 06
Bills receivable on pledges		4,840 12
Bank stock, cost		2,487 50
Bills receivable at short date for premiums		10,944 25
Due for premiums in course of collection		22,604 75
Cash on hand		39,642 90
		$326,254 57

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Be it remembered that, on the fourth day of May, 1859, before me, the undersigned a Justice of the Peace in and for the parish of Orleans, personally appeared Henry Peychaud, President, and Louis Barnett, Secretary of the Hope Insurance Company of New Orleans, who, being duly sworn, depose and say that the foregoing accounts are just and true, and correctly extracted from the books of said Company.

H. PEYCHAUD, President. LOUIS BARNETT, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this fourth day of May, 1859. ARTHUR SAUCIER, Third Justice of the Peace for the Parish of Orleans.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a cash dividend of TWENTY-THREE per cent on the capital paid in of this Company, out of the net earnings of the year ending on the 30th of April, 1859, payable in accordance with Article 12th of the Charter of said Company, as follows: TEN PER CENT. on the amount paid in, payable on demand to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 15th May instant, and the balance to be credited as an installment on the unpaid stock notes.

H. PEYCHAUD, President. S. PLASSAN, Vice-President. LOUIS BARNETT, Secretary.

DIRECTORS: S. Plassan, Thos N. Blake, A. Lafon, A. Xiques, P. Malochée, B. Nautré, C. H. Kernion, Geo. Heaton, Henry Peychaud. my4

BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS.

New Orleans, 11th May, 1859.

AT a meeting of this Board held on the 5th instant the following resolution was adopted, and ordered to be published:

RESOLVED, That a difference of ONE HALF OF ONE PER CENT per annum will be made from and after the 1st of September, 1859, between STORES and WAREHOUSES (and their contents) having iron shutters on all the openings above the ground floor, and those without such protection. Said iron shutters to be hung upon hinges anchored in the walls, and to be not less than No. 14 sheet iron in thickness.

JAMES H. WHEELER, my11 1m Secretary Board of Underwriters.

Office of the Southern Oil Company.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors held on the 14th instant, a DIVIDEND OF EIGHT PER CENT. on the Capital Stock was declared, payable on and after the first day of June next, at the office of A. MOULTON, Esq., Treasurer, No. 31 Natchez street.

The Transfer Book will be closed from the 27th instant, until the 2d day of June. my16 td G. C. BOGERT, Secretary.

CAROLINA COW PEAS—2000 bags fresh genuine South Carolina Cow Peas, in store and for sale, in lots to suit, by F. A. GONZALES & CO, my14 No. 11 Front Levee, near Bienville st
CORN—1500 bags prime mixed Corn, in store and for sale, in lots to suit, by F. A. GONZALES & CO, my14 No. 11 Front Levee, near Bienville st
CORN—800 bags prime white, in store and for sale, in lots to suit, by F. A. GONZALES & CO, my14 No. 11 Front Levee, near Bienville.
CORN—500 bags prime yellow, in store and for sale, in lots to suit, by F. A. GONZALES & CO, my14 No. 11 Front Levee, near Bienville.
OATS—500 bags prime Canada West Oats, in store and for sale, in lots to suit, by F. A. GONZALES & CO, my14 No. 11 Front Levee st, near Bienville.
500 BAGS prime black Prince Edward Island Oats, in store and for sale, in lots to suit, by F. A. GONZALES & CO, my14 No. 11 Front Levee st, near Bienville.
FULTON MARKET BEEF—25 half bbls Fulton marked family beef, just landing ex ship St. Louis; for sale by L. MALUS & CO, my12 No. 42 Old Levee st
CREOLE RICE—100 bbls fresh creole rice, in store and for sale by L. MALUS & CO, my12 No. 42 Old Levee st
LITTLE GIANT CORN AND COB MILLS—50 mills complete, for sale by T BAILLY BLANCHARD, Jr, my11 15t 39 Old Levee st
LANDING ex ship Investigator, from Bordeaux—5 packages superior Swiss Absynth; 50 cases, 100 quarter boxes, Nantz sardines; 60 casks St. Julien Medoc wine; 20 do St. Estephe family do; 25 bbls Haut Sauterne white wine; 25 boxes fine wine, Haut Brion; 50 do, Chateau Belair; 50 do, Margaux; 25 do Chateau Larose, 300 do St. Julien Medoc claret; 200 do Haut Sauterne white wine. For sale by PIAGGIO & VIOSCA, Jr., my16 29 Conti street.
LANDING ex ship Kearsage, from Havre—50 boxes, 12 each, Dutch cheese; 50 do absynth, E Pernod; 2000 lbs, three, two and one gallon demijohns; 15 pipes Holland gin; 100 baskets Leforrestier champagne, quarts; 100 do do do, pints. For sale by PIAGGIO & VIOSCA, Jr., my16 29 Conti street.

Cigars. Cigars.
PURCHASERS will always find in store an assortment of the well known brands Injenuidad, Flor de Fajadas, Meridianas, Flor de Pancho, Rodowa, Cabarga, Partagas, Know-Something, Washington, Dos Hermanos, Mano Habano etc., etc., at the lowest prices. P. PRATS & CO., fe1-1y 20 Commercial Place

TRUFFLED PIES—3 cases, quarter boxes, J. Peneau, Nantz, landing ex ship Isaac Newton, from Bordeaux, and for sale by PREAU & COUTURIE, ap26 21 and 23 Gravier street
PRUNES—20 cases, landing ex ship Hannah Crocker, from Bordeaux, and for sale by PREAU & COUTURIE, ap26 21 and 23 Gravier st
COGNAC JULIEN LAFERRIERE—6 quarter pipes pale, third proof. COGNAC JOHN MARTHON—34 quarter and 10 eighth pipes pale. For sale by T. BAILLY BLANCHARD, Jr., my11 15 39 Old Levee st

INDEPENDENT CITIZENS' TICKET.

ELECTION MONDAY, JUNE 6, 1859.

For Controller: P. A. GUYOL.

For Aldermen:
First District ... WM. HENDERSON.
Second ... W. ALEX. GORDON.
Third ... JAMES PHILIPS, Sr.
Fourth ...

Assistant Aldermen.
First District—First Ward ... CHAS. G. WRIGHT.
—Second ... THOS. S. LEE.
—Third ... G. W. HOLME.
Second District—Fourth ... EDWARD PILSBURY.
—Sixth ... HENRY PEYCHAUD.
Third District—Ninth ... EDGARD MONTEGUT

Belle Cheney Springs.
THIS delightful watering place, situated in the parish of St. Landry, is a beautiful rolling piney woods, distant about thirty-six miles from Opelousas, will be opened on the 15th of June next, for the reception of visitors.
These Springs are favorably known among the people of Western Louisiana as mineral waters of great efficacy in the cure of diseases of various kinds—their medicinal virtues having been fully tested by the innumerable cures they have performed.
The services of an excellent cook, a good steward, and polite and attentive servants have been secured, and a fine band of music engaged for the season.
Two lines of omnibuses will connect with the Opelousas boats on and after the 15th of June, to take passengers to the Springs.
Persons visiting the above establishment may have their letters and papers sent to them to "Bayou Chicot" P. O., and we will send for them.
Board and lodging per month ... $35
.. .. week ... 10
.. .. day ... 2
Children and servants half price.
PATIN & DELAHOUSSAYE, Proprietors. my13 2m

COAL OIL.
COAL OIL of superior quality, manufactured by the Breckenridge Coal and Oil Company, Ky., and guarantied to be equal to "Kerosene" which is only a trade mark, or any other Coal Oil made in the United States, and as safe as Sperm or Lard Oil, as oil made from Coal will not explode if it has not been tampered with; it affords a better light, and burns twice as long as other Oils. This Oil is for sale by the gallon or barrel. Also, Coal Oil LAMPS of every style, with all the necessary articles to be used with them. At the New Lamp Store, No. 28 Camp street. my12 1m ARTEMON HILL.

Esplanade Store.
THIS new store, already so much in vogue in the Third District, and which justifies the furor of the public by the CHEAPNESS OF ITS GOODS, has just received a case of English Barege, to be sold at 25 cents a yard!
Also, a new selection of Double Jupe Organdy Robes; and Black Lace Points, at unheard of low prices.
DE MONTROND & CO., corner of Esplanade and Victory streets.
NOTA—The assortment of Linen Goods for housekeepers' use, and for shirting, has also been increased and is most complete. my9

Notice.

IN conformity with a recent act of the Legislature, the style of our firm from this date will be JACOB & DUSSUMIER.

F. JACOB, DUSSUMIER & CO. New Orleans, May 2d, 1859. my2 1m

Notice.

I HAVE admitted Mr. PETER ANDERSON and Mr. ALBERT THIELE as partners in my house from this date.

The dry goods and commission business heretofore carried on in my individual name will now be conducted under the firm of O. B. GRAHAM & CO.

New Orleans, May 2, 1859. my3 1m O. B. GRAHAM 9 Gravier st.

THE undersigned, agent for the French Specialists, has received, per ships Logan and Kearsage, from Havre, and ship Investigator, from Bordeaux
500 kilos Quinine,
2000 flasks Rogé's Powder;
500 .. Chable's Depurative;
250 .. Bonjean's Ergotine;
500 .. Raquin's Capsules;
480 bottles Labelonye's Syrup;
1000 .. Laroche's Quinquina;
500 boxes Vichy Pastilles;
1000 .. Mothes's Capsules;
20 0 .. Dehaut's Pills.
25 kilos. Extract of Quinquina;
15 .. .. of Ypecacuanha.
Per Investigator, from Bordeaux—500 bottles Fauré & Marino's Cod Liver Oil. EDOUARD GUILLOT, my19 d&c 148 Royal street

New Spring Goods.
No. 81 (old 91), CHARTRES STREET.
JUST RECEIVED, and ready for inspection, a large assortment of new FANCY and MILLINERY GOODS, such as
LADIES' CRAPE AND STRAW BONNETS AND BLOOMERS;
MEN AND BOYS' STRAW HATS AND CAPS;
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS OF ALL KINDS;
LACE SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS;
TARLATANS AND TULLE OR SILK NET;
FRENCH AND ENGLISH CRAPE,
BONNETS AND BELT RIBBONS;
PLAIN AND FLUTED RIBBONS;
THREAD AND VALENCIENNE LACE;
BLACK AND WHITE BLOND LACE;
MOSQUITO BOBBINET;
REAL FILET GLOVES AND MITS;
PARASOLS, &c., &c.
and all sorts of MILLINERY TRIMMINGS.
To be sold at reduced prices, by J. DERBES, Jr., mh23 81 (old 91) Chartres street

G. LAVIE,
St. Charles street, No. 31, between Canal and Common streets.
RECEIVED by late arrivals from Europe a full and complete assortment of—
All Linen Shirts, and Shirts with linen bosoms. [Charvet;
Colored Shirts, latest style, Charvet;
Flannel, Merino and Cotton Drawers;
Do do do Undershirts;
Do do do Half Hose;
Kid Gloves, Jouvin & Co.;
Beaver, Woolen, Merino and Cashmere Gloves;
Silk Gloves all descriptions;
Lined Silk Gloves, Kid Satin Gloves;
A varied selection of Square Cravats, Scarfs and Cravat Collars;
White and Figured Cambric Handkerchiefs;
Canes, Umbrellas, Cutlery, Perfumery, Fancy Goods, &c., &c. nov29

WHISKY—100 bbls rectified for sale by GALLIOSO & PASCAL, my19 57 and 58 Old Levee st.
RECEIVED per ship Logan, from Havre—42 boxes Absynth, C Lecoultre; 24 do do, C F Berger; 1 ton Gruyere cheese; for sale by J N CURIEN, ap27 23 Toulouse st.
FLOUR—650 bbls extra superfine and fine; for sale by GALLIOSO & PASCAL, my19 57 and 58 Old Levee st.
SARDINES IN OIL—200 cases half and quarter boxes, Nantz and Rochelle, for sale by T. BAILLY BLANCHARD, Jr., my11 15t 39 Old Levee st
CIGARS—185,000 landing from brigs Margaret and A. Stevens, from Havana, comprising various sizes, such as Regalias, Half Regalias, Brevas, Londres, Conchas, Cilindrados Regalia Chica, &c. of the following brands, viz: Una Nina, Nacional, [illegible], and many others for sale by BORNIO & BROTHER, my3 24 Gravier st

POTATOES—300 barrels and sacks new creole fresh.
ONIONS—250 barrels and sacks new creole, landing.
FLOUR—200 barrels extra, in store.
COW PEAS—250 sacks Carolina, for seed.
RED BEANS—200 barrels, Northern and Western.
RICE—50 tierces prime Carolina, in store.
POTATOES—100 barrels choice old, in store.
DRIED APPLES—300 barrels and sacks Northern and Western.
DRIED PEACHES—150 barrels and sacks half and quarter cut.
WHITE BEANS—500 barrels navy, medium, egg and kidney, in store.
PEAS—50 barrels first quality Canada, in store.
SPLIT PEAS—100 barrels and half barrels first quality Northern.
BARLEY—100 half barrels and kegs first quality Northern pearl, in store.
BLACK-EYE PEAS—200 sacks genuine, in store.
GARLIC—100 bunches large creole, in store.
For sale by A. CHOPARD & CO., my12 14 Poydras st

DAILY expected per ship Howard Everett—30 bbls vinegar; 30 boxes prunes in glass jars; 56 casks claret. For sale by B. TALAMON, 181 Royal st. my13

* To Distillers.
TO arrive, per ship Elizabeth Ellen, from Bordeaux—150 boxes, 12 bottles each, White, English; 75 do do do do gilt; 10 cases, 100 half boxes each, Garres, Jr., For sale by DUPRIME & DEFFEZ, feb9 5 Old Levee

TOMATO SAUCE—10 cases, 24 half bottles each, superior; 5 do, 50 qr do do, do. In store and for sale by HENRY VALETON, my16 27, 29 and 31 Bienville st
CATALONIA WINE—10 casks very thick claret; 30 half casks do do do; in store and for sale by HENRY VALETON, my16 27, 29 and 31 Bienville st
LANDING ex ship Investigator, from Bordeaux—34 casks good ordinary claret; 8 qr. pipes fine champagne brandy; 100,000 very fine bottle corks. For sale by B. TALAMON, my13 181 Royal st
BEEF—50 packages Mess Beef, of Fulton market, Bolf and Davies's brands, in bbls and half bbls. For sale by L. MALUS & CO., my19 15t 42 Old Levee st
FLOUR—200 barrels of choicest brands of extra and superfine Flour; in store and for sale by my19 15t L. MALUS & CO, 42 Old Levee st
WHISKY—200 barrels Whisky of the brand of Wiltshire; Old Bourbon and Monongahela; for sale by L. MALUS & CO., my19 15t 42 Old Levee st
WINCHESTER SOAP—200 boxes Winchester soap No. 1, in store and for sale by my19 15t L. MALUS & CO, 42 Old Levee
CASTILE SOAP—50 boxes Castile soap, in store and for sale by L. MALUS & CO., my19 15t 42 Old Levee
CANDLES—200 boxes Star candles, Proctor & Gamble, for sale by L MALUS & CO. my19 15t 42 Old Levee
CANDLES—100 boxes Leonard's sperm candles, for sale by L. MALUS & CO, my19 15t 42 Old Levee
HOSTETTER'S BITTERS—200 boxes Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters, in store and for sale by X. LAMBERT, my16 62 Magazine street.
LANDING ex ship Investigator, from Bordeaux—34 bbls. White Wine, Haut Sauterne, 100 casks Claret Wine, St. Julien Medoc. 44 do do Pauillac do. For sale by X. LAMBERT, my16 No. 62 Magazine st.
DOMESTIC LIQUORS—50 qr pipes Imitation Brandy; 75 bbls New York do; 40 .. Gin; 150 .. Fetzner's Whisky. For sale by X. LAMBERT, my16 62 Magazine street.
MADEIRA, PORT AND SHERRY WINES—1 pipe very old and superior Madeira wine; 10 qr do do do; 5 qr do do sherry wine; 1 do do Port wine; 5 do do do; 8 qr do do do. In store and for sale by HENRY VALETON, my16 27, 29 and 31 Bienville st
SARDINES—50 cases sardines in oil, R. Gilloux, half and quarter boxes; 10 do boneless do do, Lemarchand, do do do. In store and for sale by HENRY VALETON, my16 27, 29 and 31 Bienville st
CHAMPAGNE—150 baskets Champagne Wine, Anchor brand of Benj. & Bug. Parrier; for sale by T. BAILLY BLANCHARD, Jr., my11 15t 39 Old Levee st
OLD COGNAC—30 demijohns old Cognac; 5 do superior old Port Wine. For sale by T. BAILLY BLANCHARD, Jr., my11 15t 39 Old Levee st
TO arrive per ship Edward Everett, from Bordeaux—50 quarter pipes real Cognac, J Fauré & co; for sale by T BAILLY BLANCHARD, Jr., my11 15t 39 Old Levee st

AMUSEMENTS.
Spalding & Rogers's AMPHITHEATRE & MUSEUM. ST. CHARLES STREET.
Only Theatre open in the city. Last Week of MARSH'S LITTLE ACTORS, and Last Week of the season.
TUESDAY EVENING, May 24th, 1859—Will be presented the fairy spectacle of THE NAIAD QUEEN, or the Nymphs of the Rhine. To conclude with the farce of A TRIP TO CONEY ISLAND.
☞ Admission, 50 cents. Children and servants in attendance, half price on Saturday noon only.
☞ Performance EVERY NIGHT and EVERY SATURDAY NOON.
Doors open at night at 7; curtain rises at a quarter to 8 o'clock. my24

Consulate of Sardinia.

SUBSCRIPTION IN FAVOR OF FAMILIES OF SARDINIAN SOLDIERS.

New Orleans, 24 May, 1859.

THE undersigned, under the authority of the Minister of Foreign Affairs at Turin has opened a subscription at this Consulate in favor of the families of the Sardinian soldiers who have been called upon to serve their country under existing circumstances.

An appeal is hereby made to all those who feel sympathy for our national cause. All contributions will be remitted in due course to the Minister of Foreign Affairs, to be applied to the above mentioned purpose.

JOSEPH LANATA, Sardinian Consul, 11 Jefferson st.

Subscription lists will be found at JOHN BOCCHI, No. 2 Carondelet street; BERNARD AVEGNO, 24 Carondelet street; J. AVEN, Old Levee corner Bienville street. my4 3taw

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Executive Office.

WHEREAS, by virtue of an Act of the Legislature of the State of Louisiana, approved March 15th, 1855, entitled "An act to establish Quarantine for the protection of the State"—

I have thought proper to issue this my Proclamation, upon the advice of the Board of Health, declaring all vessels coming from Rio de Janeiro, Trinidad, St. Vincent, St. Thomas, Porto Rico, St. Domingo, Jamaica, and Cuba, Vera Cruz, Tampico and Aspinwall, subject to a quarantine of not less than ten days.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State at Baton Rouge, this 15th day of April, [L. S.] A. D., 1859, and of the Independence of the United States of America the eighty third.

By the Governor: R. C. WICKLIFFE. ANDREW S. HERRON, Secretary of State. my6 1m

To the Stockholders of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company.

New Orleans, May 7, 1859.

I LEAVE this evening for Memphis; but to accommodate the stockholders, I have authorized Mr. H. S. FULKERSON, 84 Common street, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M., to deliver my official receipts to all who may wish to make the loan, until otherwise ordered by the President of the Company. C. S. TODD, my9 Vice-President S. P. R. R. Co.

MEDICAL CARD.
W. BODENHAMER, M. D., having this day closed his office in New Orleans, will open it again at No. 160 Canal street, on the 15th of December next. It will be exclusively for the Medical and Surgical treatment of Chronic Diseases, especially those of the Lower Bowel—such as *Piles, Constipation, Fistula, Fissure, Falling of the Bowel, Stricture of the Bowel, Ulceration of the Bowel, &c.* His office at 854 Broadway, New York will be opened on the 15th May instant, and continue open till the 1st of December next. my6 3m

Notice.

TO conform with a recent act of the Legislature, L. H. DUNCAN'S name is withdrawn from our firm and W. C. C. Claiborne having transferred his interest in commendam to his son, William C. C. Claiborne, Jr., who becomes an active partner in our house, the same business will be continued under the name and style of LOGAN, SONIAT & CLAIBORNE. DUNCAN & LOGAN.

New Orleans, April 30, 1859. my2 1m

ALMA HOTEL, Paris,
Rue St. Arnaud, No. 11, corner Boulevard des Capucines.
Under the direction of Mrs. VARNEY, a Creole from New Orleans. All the rooms furnished anew. Special cooking for Americans. my2 1m

Pellevoisin Brandy.
THE SOLE GENUINE
The undersigned, sole agent of Messrs. PELLEVOISIN Aîné & Co, of Rochelle, for the sale of their celebrated high flavor and high proof ROCHELLE BRANDY, begs leave to advise the trade that they will have constantly on hand a good supply of this superior brand in the U. S. BONDED WAREHOUSE, on the most liberal terms.
The COGNAC PELLEVOISIN was first imported into this city in 1838, and has always kept its good name.
And also Agent for G. V. Bernard & Co., Evert, Jne., Henry Mounier, of Rochelle; and J. Fauré & Co., of Cognac.
Orders for direct importation solicited and promptly attended to. T. BAILLY BLANCHARD jr., an30 1y 39 Old Levee street

Champagne Chas. Farre,
SUCCESSOR TO MAX SUTAINE & CO., RHEIMS.
M. A. MAURICE, representing the above firm, is ready to fulfill all orders which may be addressed to him, No. 20 Customhouse street. ap28 1m1p

Notice to Tax-Payers.

THE Treasurer is now prepared for the collection of all the City Tax bills on Real Estate, Slaves and Personal Property for the year 1859. Tax-payers will oblige by coming forward early. ap11 2m ADAM GIFFEN, City Treasurer.

CHEAPNESS! ELEGANCE! COMFORT!
THE LATEST FRENCH AND NEW YORK STYLES OF MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING.
Opening of Spring and Summer Goods AT R. CHAMPAGNE'S, No. 1 Pontalba Buildings, opposite the French Market, Second District.
R. CHAMPAGNE is now receiving a large and choice assortment of Men and Boys' Clothing of the very latest Parisian and New York fashions selected and ordered by himself.
Also, every article of gentlemen's Toilet and Furnishing Goods which will be sold at the very lowest prices for cash, or good city paper.
The attention of ladies is respectfully solicited to his elegant and cheap stock of Boys and Children's Clothing.
The very best workmen engaged to attend to the Tailoring department. mh30 3m 1stp

Office of Merchants' Mutual Insurance Company.

New Orleans, April 15, 1859.

FROM the 18th inst. the office of this Company will be temporarily removed to the building No. 131 Canal street, between Carondelet and St. Charles streets. LOUIS LE BARBIER, ap18 Secretary.

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm of "H. TITUS," by an act passed before Mr. P. Lacoste, notary public, dated January 7, 1859. H. TITUS, BRADISH JOHNSON, in commendam. my7 1m

Ribbons .... Ribbons.
RECEIVED via the North, per steamship Quaker City, from New York—2 cases fresh Ribbons; 1 do Fans; 1 do Fillet Tapes, white Scotch Thread and fancy Buttons; for sale by LION & PINSARD, 54 and 56 (late 66 and 68) Royal street, cor. Bienville. my10

To Cotton Planters.
I TAKE pleasure in announcing that Messrs. MANDEVILLE & McILHENNY are my authorized agents in this city to make contracts for the use of MY INVENTION FOR SPINNING UP THE SEED COTTON ON PLANTATIONS INTO YARNS, AND ALL BUSINESS IN RELATION TO IT.
I will only say here that I make the same capital, the same location, the same steam power, the same expenses very nearly that now raises, gins and bales the cotton, to spin it; that, with the addition of machinery costing about half what the increased value of the yarns the first year will be, and which is attended by surplus labor of the plantation, in little girls of 8 to 10, women, and old men inefficient as field-hands, I DOUBLE, OR MORE THAN DOUBLE, THE PLANTER'S NET INCOME.
We spin the best yarns in the world. The danger from fire of the gin house is immensely reduced, with many other advantages of great value. And what is of great importance is, that all this is fully demonstrated by its successful daily operation on the plantation of Col Geo. S. Yerger, near Yazoo City.
Planters desiring more full particulars are referred to my agents, as above.
Applicants for agencies will please address them, inclosing testimonials. my5 tf GEO. G. HENRY.

TO TRAVELERS.
GUILBAUX & GIEFERS, 131 ...... ROYAL STREET 133
HAVE on hand a splendid assortment of TRUNKS for ladies and gentlemen, VALISES, CARPET-BAGS, from the best manufactories in France and Philadelphia, de very moderate terms.
TO AMATEURS.
GUILBAUX & GIEFERS offer a fine selection of Saddles, plain Bridles, double ditto, Martingals, Bits, &c., received per ship Gulf Stream, from Liverpool of the latest style. Amateurs are invited to call and examine these goods before purchasing elsewhere.
☞ Terms very moderate.
TO ARRIVE per ship Mary Ann, from Havre, a full and complete assortment of the Saddles and every article in the line. my5 1m

R. A. STEWART'S NEW PROCESS FOR Defecating and Clarifying Cane Juice, Syrup, Molasses, and all Saccharine Matter.
PLANTERS wishing to use this process can obtain the right to do so by calling on or addressing my agents, Messrs. PILCHER, GOODRICH & CO., No. 25 Factor's Row, New Orleans, where samples of the Sugar may be seen. R. A. STEWART. mh16 3m

J. L. MANCIACQ, *Corner Royal and Orleans streets,*
HAS CONSTANTLY on hand a fresh supply of the finest Wines, Liquors and Preserves. Just received per ship Wm. Prescott, from Havre, SNAILS, SWEETMEATS, JELLIES, LIVAROT and NEUFCHATEL CHEESE, PREVALLEE BUTTER, which are offered at a great reduction. ap22

CARPETING, Floor Oil-Cloth and Matting.
19 ...... CHARTRES STREET ...... 19.
1000 ROLLS checked, white and fancy MATTING, lately received.
FLOOR OIL-CLOTH—of all widths and qualities.
CARPETING—Medallion, Velvet, Brussels, Tapestry, Three-ply, Ingrain, &c.
Druggets for Crumb Cloths, Table Covers, Window Shades, &c., offered at the lowest market prices, by A. BROUSSEAU & Co, 19 Chartres street.

CHAMPAGNE AND BURGUNDY WINES—36 baskets Piper Heidsieck, quarts and pints; 50 do Heidsieck & Co, do do; 30 do Perrier (Anchor) do do; 30 do various brands do do; 14 boxes superior Burgundy wines, Montrachet, Meursault, Clos de Vougeot, Volnay, Romanée; 15 boxes Beaune. In store and for sale by HENRY VALETON, my16 27, 29 and 31 Bienville st

Vera Cruz.
To sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st June, at 8 A. M.
FOR VERA CRUZ.—U. S. Mail Line.—The superior coppered and copper-fastened steamship TENNESSEE, Thomas Forbes, commander, will leave as above, punctually, carrying the U. S. mails.
For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations for cabin and steerage passengers, apply to my24 C. B. PAYNE, 57 Camp street

To sail on THURSDAY 26th inst., at 8 o'clock, A. M. UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.
SOUTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—For Galveston and Matagorda Bay.—The superior coppered and copper fastened steamship CHARLES MORGAN, John Y. Lawless, commander, will sail as above, carrying the United States mails.
For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations for passengers, apply on board, or to C. B. PAYNE, 57 Camp street.
A steamship of this line will leave on every Thursday and Sunday morning for the above ports. my23

Sails on SUNDAY, 29th instant, at 8 o'clock, A. M.
FOR KEY WEST, VIA PENSACOLA, Apalachicola, St. Marks, Cedar Keys, Tampa Bay and Manatee—Southern Steamship Company.—The superior coppered and copper fastened steamship SUWANEE, W. H. Folger, commander, will leave as above.
For freight or passage, having superior state-room accommodations for passengers apply to C. B. PAYNE, 57 Camp street.
Freight to Apalachicola, St. Marks and Tampa Bay subject to lighterage at steamer's expense, but at the risk of the consignees.
No freight received without an order. my21

For Brazos Santiago.
Leaves on FRIDAY, 27th May, at 8 o'clock, A. M.
SOUTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—United States Mail Line—For Brazos Santiago via Indianola. The superior iron steamship ARIZONA, H. Dennison, commander, will sail as above, carrying the United States mails.
For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply on board, or to C. B. PAYNE, 57 Camp st. my14

Passage for Liverpool and Havre.
To sail WEDNESDAY 25th instant.
THE splendid A1 packet ship BELLE CREOLE, Capt. Crowell, will sail as above for Liverpool and has superior cabin accommodations for first-class passengers. Passengers for Havre will be forwarded from Liverpool in first class steamers free of expense. For passage, apply on board of the ship at Post 39, Third District, or to my19 S. JONES & CO. 9 Gravier st.

For Port au Prince.
GOVERNMENT EMIGRATION COMPANY OF HAYTI.
THE superior A1 three masted schooner A. C. BREWER, Cox, master, will sail the 7th June for balance of freight, or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to P. E. DESDUNES, Agent, [illegible], or to PHILLIPS & WEEKS, 26 St. Charles street. my12

For Marseilles and Genoa.
THE A1 Sardinian ship [illegible] sallo, master, will have quick dispatch. For balance of freight or passage, having fine accommodations, apply to LANATA BROS., my17 9 and 11 Jefferson st

For Attakapas.
Leaves every TUESDAY, at 3 P. M., positively.
REGULAR ATTAKAPAS PACKET.—For Attakapas via Plaquemine—The regular Attakapas packet steamer CERES, J. J. Labarthe, master, will be ready to receive freight every MONDAY MORNING for St. Martinsville, New Iberia, Jeanerett's, Charenton, Franklin, Centreville, Pattersonville, Berwick's Bay and all intermediate ports on the route.
All business entrusted to her care will be promptly attended to. For further particulars apply on board.
J. J. Labarthe takes this opportunity of returning his thanks to the public and his friends for their liberal patronage. ap26

H. Closterman, Tourne & Co., 44 CHARTRES STREET,
Have obtained the Agency for the PERFUMERY of the Hygiophile Society of Paris.
PHILODERMIC WATER to replace all injurious toilet vinegars.
HYGIOCOME POMATUM.
Superfine SOAPS for shaving and washing.
Odontic Powder and Water for the preservation of teeth.
☞ See prospectus given with each article sold. my2 1m

Florida Yellow Pine Lumber Yard.
HAVING sold our stock on hand at the yard on the OLD BASIN, we respectfully request our friends to take notice that our business is confined exclusively to the FLORIDA YELLOW PINE LUMBER YARD, corner CEDAR and JULIA STREETS, NEW BASIN.
Orders left at Box No. 55, Mechanics and Dealers' Exchange, 19 St. Charles street, will be promptly attended to. THOS. MURRAY & CO. THOS. MURRAY. JOHN C. POOLEY. feb 25—tf

THOS MURRAY. JNO C POOLEY.
THOS. MURRAY & CO., (*Successors to Pooley, Nicol & Co.*)
Florida Yellow Pine Lumber Yard, Corner Cedar and Julia streets, New Basin, (Bunt's old yard.)
WE have constantly on hand an assortment of every description of Dressed Flooring and Ceiling, and every description of Scantling, Timber, Shingles, Laths, &c., and every quantity of Lumber necessary for building purposes. feb25 tf THOS. MURRAY & CO

To Hotel Keepers, Restaurants, Druggists, Grocers and the Public.
DR. BRUNON'S BITTERS
Have, from their excellent qualities, been recommended by the MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS as most valuable and never-failing remedy for
DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHEA, DEBILITY, HEARTBURN, BILIOUSNESS, JAUNDICE, LIVER COMPLAINTS, BLOOD DISEASES, &c. &c.
Are also a sure and certain preventive against Fever and Ague, Cholera, Summer Complaints, &c., and is the most valuable and efficacious TONIC and APPETITE-CREATING COMPOUND ever offered to the public.
By the use of these BITTERS ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD will be thoroughly eradicated, and to those who are suffering from early or more recent PROSTRATION OF THE PHYSICAL ENERGIES will be restored to a ROBUST AND VIGOROUS STATE OF HEALTH.
The DIGESTIVE ORGANS will be stimulated and PERMANENTLY STRENGTHENED, APPETITE will be created, and the DEBILITATED SUBJECT RESTORED TO NEW LIFE.
This remedy has a very agreeable taste, and will be taken readily by children as well as adults.
All persons suffering from any of the above complaints are invited to try DR. BRUNON'S BITTERS.
Dose—For an adult, a small wineglassful three times a day, for a child, a small teaspoonful twice a day.
K. CRUGER, SOLE AGENT FOR THE UNITED STATES, 742 Broadway, N. Y.
Sold at 50 cents per bottle, $5 per doz., $2 50 per gallon; extra Bitters for Barrooms, by the gallon or barrel, at the low price of $1 25 per gallon. See Stoughton Bitters $1 25 per gallon.
For Sale by all Druggists and Grocers, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AT 742 BROADWAY, N. Y. jan12 1y 1stp

DR. C. P. CRANE'S SYSTEM OF INHALATION
Of Electro-Chemical and Medicated Vapors, in the Treatment and Cure of CONSUMPTION, and all diseases of the THROAT, LUNGS, and AIR PASSAGES, now well established as the most rational and only reliable method of effecting a cure.
ELECTRO-CHEMISTRY applied to Therapeutics by the newly discovered and only infallible and scientific mode of applying ELECTRICITY in the treatment and cure of chronic and functional diseases. Extraction of Metals and all Foreign Substances from the System.
Office and Residence at the ELECTRO-CHEMICAL INSTITUTE, 146 St. Joseph street, between Camp and St. Charles streets, New Orleans, where the Doctor can be consulted from 8 A. M. till 9 P. M. Families visited at their residences if desired. Special Department for Ladies. feb3 tf

Baronne Street Infirmary.
DR. J. WILSON, *Of London, Paris and other cities of Europe,* and DR. DAVIS, Of New Orleans,
HAVE established an INFIRMARY at No. 8 Baronne street, near Canal, where they can be consulted confidentially for the examination and treatment of every species of Venereal Disease. They will also give special attention to diseases of the EYE, EAR, LUNGS, And other Organic Diseases, including those peculiar to the female sex.
Dr. Wilson having made these special branches his entire study for the last thirteen years, and had an extensive practice in foreign countries, is enabled to perform some of the most remarkable cures in a short space of time. The most intractable and inveterate cases of Syphilis treated and cured upon the new and recently discovered principles of King's College Hospital, London. His experience and resources, therefore, are of no ordinary kind, and which will be rendered available in his specialty.
Dr. Davis having had two years' successful practice in this city, trusts he may, without impropriety, assure the public that his reputation shall be maintained, and will attend to general practice as usual.
We solicit all those cases which have proved intractable, or otherwise baffled the skill of other physicians, as our unlimited experience in the treatment of all such cases will prove satisfactory.
Hours of attendance from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
Persons may be treated at a distance by giving a description of their disease in writing, and addressing WILSON & DAVIS, 8 Baronne street. mh22 6m 1p

To the Ladies.
LUBIN'S CELEBRATED TOILET POWDERS.
THESE powders are unrivaled for preserving the complexion, protecting it, and restore its beauty. They soften the skin, impart to it a delicate whiteness, and protect it from eruptions, and stop too abundant perspiration. Travelers and persons living in hot climates fully appreciate this indispensable toilet article.
For sale by the principal druggists, and especially by F. F. HENRIQUEZ, corner St. Louis and Rampart sts. ED. GUILLOT, 148 Royal st. J. WRIGHT & CO, 21 and 151 Chartres street. F. P. DUCONGE, mh31 39 Chartres street, New Orleans.

GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS—We have in store for sale, 80,000 Londres, 2,000 Medium Regalia, 2,000 Half Regalia, 41,000 Prensed 30,000 conchas, 410 000 of several other classes, of the brands Washington, Trovatore, Bandera de Carolina, Cervantes, Almirante, Ocino, Tres Hermanos, Globo, Comercial, Gutierrez, Tamarindo, Fe and Flor de Donal, and are constantly receiving large assortments of the best brands. CABALLERO & MASCALLO, 36 Old Levee st, my19 between Customhouse and Bienville.
OILS—75 bbls Linseed; 50 do Whale; 50 do Tanners'; 20 do Castor; for sale by E. J. HART & CO, my16 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.
MALT—MALT—MALT—3000 bushels prime malting, for sale by E. J. HART & CO, 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st.
COFFEE—400 sacks Rio, Java, Havana and St. Domingo coffee, for sale by L. MALUS & CO. my19 15t 42 Old Levee
SUNDRIES—An assortment of olives; oil; [illegible] juices, claret in boxes, preserved, assorted liquors, teas, cigars, tobacco, &c, &c, for sale by my19 15t L MALUS & CO. 42 Old Levee
LANDING ex ship Isaac Newton, from Bordeaux—80 casks family claret; 50,000 bottle corks. For sale by E DROUART, 21 St. Louis st. ap27