THE NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE
BOSQUE & LIBBY, Publishers,
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TERMS OF THE BEE.

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Semi-Weekly Bulletin.

TERMS—PER YEAR.....$5

NEW ORLEANS:
TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 4, 1870.

TRY GERBER ALCOU CIGARS.
126.....Rampart Street.....126

Amusements This Evening.

OPERA HOUSE—"Le Prince Charmant" and "Le Bonhomme et Pobinson."

VARIETIES THEATRE—Shakespeare's Comedy "Twelfth Night."

ST. CHARLES THEATRE—Lydia Thompson Burlesque Troupe—"Ixion; or, the Man at the Wheel," and "Cymbeline, Beggars and Bradshaw."

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Miss Ellen Hale and Burlesque Troupe.

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE IN THE FEDERAL COURTS.

The humiliating spectacle of the stoppage of justice in our courts is again forced upon the community. The Judge of the Fifth District Court, instigated and aided by the Governor of the State, seems determined to provoke conflict against him in some quarter. Two writs of injunction—one issued by Judge Cooley, of the Sixth District, the other by Judge Cottens, of the Seventh District Court, are at the present moment lying dormant in the hands of the Sheriff of the parish, that officer having been ordered by the Judge of the Fifth court to refrain from doing the thing he had been commanded to do by the Judges first named. This time it is Governor Warmoth, an officer sworn to execute the laws of the State, who casts contempt upon the courts and impedes the administration of justice. And he is on his petition urged at his instance that Judge Beaumont has undertaken to interfere with his colleagues of the Bench. The extraordinary writ which Judge Lindsmoot has offered for this extraordinary proceeding is not one which can be given by Governor Warmoth. It is not the duty of a Judge to execute or see to the execution of the laws, but that is the special duty of the Governor.

We have no desire to enter into and shall not discuss the merits of the dispute between the Governor and the Judges of the State. That high matter for the courts or the Legislature to inquire into, but we have a right to ask Governor Warmoth and those who are aiding and abetting him, what they mean by trampling under foot the orders of our Judiciary, and way they place the Sheriff of Orleans in the embarrassing attitude he now occupies towards the Judges of the courts whose executive officer he is. On Friday last the Sheriff was commanded by Judge Cooley, of the Sixth District Court, to perform a certain act. Before the Sheriff had time to execute the writ, Judge Lesaument, of the Fifth District Court, ordered him to refrain from doing the act which Judge Cooley had ordered. The Sheriff was also compelled to at least what he should obey the one or the other order, for one of them he must disobey. He chose to execute the writ last placed in his hands; the other he has returned into the Sixth District Court with a remarkable endorsement, which will be found in another column. The Sheriff informs Judge Cooley of the obstacle placed in his way by Gov. Warmoth, and says the Governor has employed the Metropolitan Police to prevent him from executing the orders of the court. We are therefore justified in alleging that the Governor is employed in arresting the course of justice. We bring him to the bar of public opinion and accuse him of violating his oath of office. The Judges whose orders he has interfered with and nullified, say they will issue no more orders until they know whether they are to be respected or not. What else can they do? The Sheriff has been restrained and the Coroners of the parish, whom duty it is to act when the Sheriff is disabled, have also been restrained from executing the orders referred to, and there is thus a complete dead-lock. What is the remedy? We know of no remedy but by act of the Legislature. There is an immediate necessity for the investigation of this matter and regulating the limits of the conservatory writs of injunction, mandamus, etc., by confining the duty to one court. To furnish a Sheriff to each court would simply be to invite collision. The power of issuing these writs never exercised by each of the judges in this parish, concurrently, without regard to what may have been done in the same matter by another court, is the source of all this trouble. Either limit the power to one court or prohibit the courts from interfering with each other. A remedy can easily be applied.

The Congressional Bulletin.

Our friends of the *Commercial Bulletin* announce in their issue of yesterday that their journal commenced on the 1st inst. the 26th year of its existence, and they take occasion to speak in terms of justifiable pride and satisfaction of its long and honorable career.

The *Bulletin*, we learn, was established by Mr. F. P. Ren, January 1, 1831; was subsequently owned and conducted by Mr. Hendsley and Mr. Wm. Cherry Jones; then by Col. W. L. Hodge; then by Col. Isaac G. Seymour, who actually sacrificed his life on a Virginia battlefield. The paper is now owned and conducted by Messrs. Seymour, Jewell & Co., who are constantly maintaining its ancient prestige. The dignity and stability with which the *Bulletin* has ever been marked is recognized by those of its correspondents throughout the country who are familiar therewith. No paper in the land enjoys a higher character for all the qualities which should adorn a public journal.

We wish our valued contemporary a continuance of the good fortune it so well deserves.

LECTURES ON ENGLISH LITERATURE.—Mr. White has well delivered a lecture this (Tuesday) evening, at Lyceum Hall, at half-past seven o'clock, on "The British Drama in the Age of Queen Elizabeth, as illustrated by Shakespeare, Ben Jonson, Massinger, Beaumont and Fletcher and Ford."

From the Parishes.

LAFOURCHE.—The *Thibodaux Sentinel* of the 1st publishes these items:

THE CROP IN THE PARISH OF LAFOURCHE.—We have received from Mr. Alfred Hoop, giving 5,734 hogsheads as the cane plantations made 5413 hogsheads in 1868.

The engine house on Head Times Plantation, in Assumption, was burned a short time ago. The building belonged to Head Brothers, and the place was leased by Colby & Hannah who had just put up the mill and nearly all ships of it.

JOHN PIERRE GUILLOT, born June 1776, died on the 30th inst., aged 78 years. He was a native of this parish and fought under Gen. Jackson at New Orleans in 1815. The excellent trait of character for which he was always noted, and the part he played in the high esteem of his fellow citizens, is evinced by the large concourse that followed his remains to the grave.

The engine house on Head Times Plantation, in Assumption, was burned a short time ago. The building belonged to Henry