MTM, OFFICER DAILY, POT GHOM, IN ACCOUNTY PAPER, PUBLISHED THE WESELY. ent. and Public Projec correto HENRY JOHNSON.

NEW-URLEANS: THURSAY MORNING, JAN'Y. 27, 1965 OFFICIAL.

LEGISLATURE OF LOUISIANA. JOURNAL OF THE SENATE.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 19th, 1842. Wessenary, Jaruany 18th, 1842.

The Senate met agreeably to sulportrument:
Members present: Messex. Felix Garcia, president;
Bessier, Dupré, Downe, Davidson, Hoa, Hiriset,
Bosto of Feliciana, Sparrow, Thiobeleaux, Walker,
and Weggaman.
The Secretary requested the concurrence of the
Heune, to 'an art to authorise the Parish Judges of
the parishes of Medison and Caroli to appoint deputy
Clarks of the Probate Courts of their respective Parisles.

on motion of Mr. Thibodeaux, leave of absence ras granted for few days to Mr. Declouet, Senator from the parish of Attakapas. On motion of Mr. Hos, the Senate took up the bill

James C. Kendall."
Which bit underwent its first reading.
The President submitted a petition from the police
Jury of the Parish of Orleans, in relation to the creation of a correctional Police Court.
On session of Mr. Hoa, said petition was faid indefinistey on the table, together with the bill entitled.
An actic create a Police Court for the parish of Orleans.

Said bill was read for the first time.
On motion the rules were dispensed with, it underwent its secund reading, and was amended.
On motion, the rules were again dispensed with, it was read for the third time and passed as amended.
On motion of Mr. Downs, the title was amended by substituting in its place. Are act to provide more effects and for the time and operation of the substituting in its place. Are act to provide more effects and for the first was an adopted.

Mr. Cuvillier, Clerk of the House informed the Senate that the House had concurred with amendments to the bills entitled. An met to prevent the further violation of law by the Banks, and An act to repeal the act entitled An act relative to sheriffs' sales, approved the March, 1841.

He also requested the concurrence of the Senate to the following bills and resolutions.

An act to fix the time for making sheriffs' and coroners' sales as of for other purposes.

An act to fix the time for making sheriffs' and coroners' sales as of for other purposes.

An act to grant certain powers to the Police Jury of the parish of Plaquemines.

He also requested the concurrence of the Sernate to the following bills and resolutions.

An act for the relief of N. M. Block.

"An act to fix the time for making sheriffs and exconories sales and for other purposes.

An act to grant certain powers to the Police Jury of the genith of Plaquemines.

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And act of the service of the sense of the relief of the Senate to the sense of the sense with regard to our relations with regard to our relations with grant of the sense, miled. An act to extend the signature of the President of the Senate to the sense follow the sense, miled. An act to extend the signature of the President of the sense to the sense of the sense to the s

Touse met agreeably to adjustrament, spice, bodesux of St. James.
Mr. Hos: lat before the House a memorial of W.S.
Upten praying that a claim of \$100 for professional services may be allowed him, which, on motion, was proceed by the Committee on Claims.

residing on to morrow.

No. Morse, in behalf of the Judicinery Committee

CURRANTS-worste Zante in store for rate by
MORGROSS & FORDICK, so Graviers t

was read not are time, and our manufacture for a second reading on to mortow.

On motion; the House having dispensed with its rules, My. Gouvillon in behalf of the select committee to whom was referred the patition of the citizens of Avogelles, praying to change the solid entitled. An act to change the seat of Justice of the parish of Avogelles, which was read a first time.

The House having again dispensed with its value, said till undertwent's accound reading, and, on motion, was haid on the table subject to the dail of the House, said till undertwent's accound reading, and, on motion, was haid on the table subject to the dail of the House, said till undertwent's account reading, and supplementary to an act providing the stenner to which meeting the area of the committee to a boon year referred the bill entitled fan, act supplementary to an act providing the stenner to which meeting the area of the committee to the committee of the committee of the committee to a set the committee of the committee to the committee to a set the committee of the committee to th with its

m, ordered that the same do pass and re-On means, ordered that the same do pass and re-ain its titls.

The Clerk was directed to request the poncurrence of the Senate them. of the Senate therein the Senate by Mr. Horstie Davis their Secretary, the Benna was informed of the essecurence in the till essibled. An act for the relief of W. B. Lewis.

ORDERS OF Term.

ORDERS OF Term.

ORDERS OF THE DAY. The Homes reasoned this consideration of the bill payments by the banks of this State, hand to grace and for sain by G DOANE & CO. 40 Poydras of ToBACCO. 40 bases Virginia manhestured tobacco payments by the banks of this State, hand to grace the banks of this banks which have excepted of their character. Her. Thomas movied to lave hand to be the control of the payment of the Homes and have appeared to the control of the Homes and have appeared to the control of the Homes and have appeared to the control of the Homes and have appeared to the control of the Homes and have appeared to the control of the Homes and have appeared to the control of the Homes and have appeared to the control of the Homes and have appeared to the control of the Homes and Homes and the control of the Homes and Homes and

or, Lowry, Laraux, Morse, Raillf, Slenser, Thomes, Philosepana of Terribanae, and Telaner and wot disthe affirmative—30 year.

And that Mesers Bedford, Contrad of Baton Rouge Larier, Concess of Orisans, Panga, De. Blanc, Ellis Tarbour, Herdessoy, Time, Philip Thyron, Swenay, Walte, and Williambours had wondern

15 nays.
Said motion consequently prevailed.
On incition of Mr. Thomas, that the House dispense with its raise to take up the bill from the Senate emitted. An act to review the charters of the severe banks located in the City of New Orleam and to they morphore.

banks located in the City of New Orleans and for other purposes,

Mr. Baylies called for the yeas and page upon said gasion, when it appeared that Means, Rubert, Baylies, Bickham, Clark, Carter, Cornay, Creighton, Couvillon, Deshields, Edwards, Friend, Fatmer, Hardeny, Lowry, Lannuy, Mense, Ratiff, Speaser, Thomas, Thibodeaux of Terretonne, and Tanter had voted in the affirmative—21 yeas.

And that Means, Bedford, Boodousquié, Corrad of Baton Rouge, Conrad of Orleans, Dugué De Blanc, Ellis, Harbour, Hunt, Philips, Rogers, Sweazy, Wells, and Wischesser had voted in the segative—14 nays.

ty, Wells, and Winchester had vited in the sega-tive—14 nays.

Said anotion was consequently lost, the rule re-quiring four fifths to suspend its operation.

During the discussion of the 10th section of the riviginal bill, on motion the house adjourned until to morrow at 10 o'clock A. M.

Tuesday, 18th January, 1812. re. The Speaker appointed Meesrs. Caster, Hardesty arbour, Sweezy, and Boudousquić on sold com

Harbour, Sweezy, and Boulousquid on said committee.

Mr. Harlest jiad before the House a counter prition of the citizens of East Felicians, remonstraing against the proposed division of said parish, which was, on motion, referred to the same committee.

On motion of Mr. Moore, the House having dipensed with its rules, took up the luft entitled. An act to fix the time for making a shrifts, promers, and constables sales and for other purposer. The several sections were read and amended, and on motion, the House having again dispensed with its rules, soldbill as amended underwent a third realing and was adopted.

On motion, ordered that the same do pass under the following title; "An act to fix the tiple for making

the House.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Grand Jury of the parish of East Pelicians, concerning the Public Schools in said perish which, on meston, was referred to the Committee of Poblic Education.

which, on metion, was referred to the Committee on Public Education.

The Speaker also laid before the Home the following report from the State Treasurer in answer to a resolution adopted on the 15th December last.

**The Speaker of the Treasurer in answer to a resolution adopted on the 15th December last.

On motion, ordered that one hundred and fifty copies of said report be printed in pamphiet form together with the following bills reported by the Treasurer in accordance with the instructions contacted in the aferementiesned resolution; i. e., 'An act to provide a fund for the support of the Charity Houjital' 'An act to retrench the expanditures of the State' and 'An act to increase the revenue of the State'.

Mr. Ratiff for the tenth section of the original bill, was read for the third time and passed as amende it. On motion of Mr. Hoa, the bill entitled 'An act aupplementary to the several acts relative to election and to digest the same into one act 'w.a made the special order of the day, for tomorrow at 10 clock, the bill entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled An act (cloting to the relative to lections without having given previous notice thereof, a bill entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled An act (cloting to the Police Jury of the parish of Accession, the lock and buildings erected by the State, at the town of Donaldsen/ville, commonly called, the State I flower, approved March 30th, 1833.

Said bill was read for the sucond time and amended.

On motion the rules were again dispensed with, it sunderwest its third reading and passed as amended and or clock A. M.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, January 17, 1842.

Monday, January 17, 1842.

The House met agreeaby to adjairment at.

On motion, leave of a basence hor a few day.

services may be allowed him, which on motion, was referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Bayles I said before the House a jettite n of the Montpellier A cademy, praying to assend the charter of mid institution, which on motion was referred to the Committee on Paidic Education.

The Speaker has before the House a communication from the Board of the Jefferron College traffic and the Board of the Jefferron College traffic middle behaves to ocertain information required by a resolution of this House.

Om motion of Mr. Winchester ordered that the report accompanying the same be printed.

Mr. Wijehester, in behalf of the Judiciary Cogmittees to whom was referred the bill from the Senate matified. As set to repeat the act englised An act relative to sheriff is sales, approved March et al., 1841.

Mr. As set to repeat the act englished An act relative to sheriff is also, approved March et al., 1841.

Mr. As set to repeat the act english of the Judiciary Cogmittees to whom was referred that the relative to sheriff is also, approved March et al., 1841.

Mr. As set to repeat the act english of pars as appended, and prates in the state of the House.

The Clerk was directed to inform the senate thereford the House of the House.

Mr. Ristiff, with the leave of the House into the Assemblement of the House.

Mr. Ristiff, with the leave of the House into the Assemblement of the House. of the Hons.

Mr. Ratiff, with the leave of the House, introduced without previous notice a bill entitled. An act for the relief of Magaret Puery, which was read for the first time and on motion, ordered, for a second Molasses (ANSA-26) neteroist of Magaret Puery.

Mr. Ratiff, with the leave of the House, introduced without previous notice a bill entitled. An act for the relief of Magaret Puery, which was read for the first time and on motion, ordered, for a second Molasses (ANSA-26) neteroist on the previous reading on to-morrow.

Mr. Morse, in behalf of the Joddinary Committee to whom was referred the following livil entuited. An act to repeblishe act relative to adverging-ments of the periods of the period of the periods of the period of the periods of the period of the periods of the period of the periods of the p

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C DOANE & CO. 60 Poydres of TOBACCO—se boxes Virginia manhestared tobacc
se tocce and for sale by W C WHITRIDGE, 78 Magratine
W C WHITRIDGE, 78 Magratine

STATE TREASURER'S REPORT.

Treasury Department. To the Honorable Wm. C.C. Claiborne, Speaker of the House of Representati

Sir:

In obedience to a resolution of the House of Representatives, adopted on the 10th December, 1841, worded as follows, to wir:

"Resolved, that the State Tressures be and he is hereby requested, at as early a period as practicable, to communicate to this House such information as he may possess on the critical situation of the finances of the State, with his suggestions as to the best mode of relieving the embarrassed condition of the Treasury and that he accompany his communication with a bill drawn up in conformity with his views."

I have the honor to submit the annexed communication with the bills drawn up in conformity with the views therein set forth:

REPORT.

The present condition of the finances of the State is fruly critical, and nothing

The present condition of the finances of the State is truly critical, and nothing that prompt and efficient action on the part of the General Assembly can save the State from its difficulties: it is deemed necessary to recur to the causes that have brought about the evils under which we labor, except so far as to serve as a beacon for the future. I have no hesitation in saying that the financial difficulties of the State are owing to a series of wasteful and useless expenditures, and an attempt, in imitation of outer more powerful States, at enterprises, undertakings and systems far beyond the resources of the State and its slender population, and the State can only be kept from increasing difficulties by abandoning this imitation of institutions and enterprises which can only be sustained by older and more powerful States.—To find adequate remedies is now the main object.

The debt of the State to the Banks is ... 1,100,000

To which must be added Bonds to Nashville Rail Company. 500,000

"Port Hudson and Rail Road Company 498,000 g Vacant estates, 30,238 63 \$2,406,238 63
Thave included the bonds issued for the relief of the Clinton and Port Hudson

Thave included the bonds issued for the relief of the Clinton and Port Hudson Rail Road Company as an absolute debt due by the State. It is possible that some part of this sum may be recovered from that company, but as it cannot be realized for a considerable time to come, and on the final liquidation of the company's affairs any re-payment must be placed among the contingent assetts of the State. The deficit for the year 1842, as appears by the following estimates, will be \$226,427 66-000.

The Deficit for the year 1842, as appears by the following Estimate, will be 8226,437 66.

EXPENDIT	JRES.	EXPENDITURES—Continued.		
Legislature, Expenses of same, Salaries, Commissions, Deductions, Taxes due by Non Readents Criminal Prosecutions, Assessors, Pensions, Maintenance of Convicts is	100,00 25,00 15,00 55,00 12,00	W (Galcasieu river,)	2,000 1,000 1,000 2,500 1,000	u de
Penitentiary, Salaries to Officers of do., Slaves Executed for Crimes, Expenses of Supreme Court, Contingent Expenses of the	30	Balance due on appropriations on as por Statement of Dec	**	636,850 77,937
Executive, Ditto of the State, Militia, Militia, Purchase of Arms, State Printer, Divisions in Supreme Court, netrost on Notes of the State in Bank, In State Bonds Nany, Market Railroad Company,	5,00 3,54 2,00 4,00 5,44	00 00 00 00		714,047
Do Port Hudson & Clinton Railroad Company, Constity Hospital, (pur- chase of ground,) to (donation,) O New Orleans Draining Company,	9,375 5,000		.	, is
Oo Heirs of Thos. Jefferson, tate Library, commercial Library,	1,000 1,000	RECEIPTS.	4.54	
Iedisal Society, egion of Louisiana, lale Orphan Asylum, spenses of Comment Court, sternal Improvements, shouls,	90 000 48,000	Tates on Land, Slaves, &c., Duty on Slaves at Auction, Taxes on Professions (Orlins) Do. on Bank and other Co's, Do. Poreign Insurance Co.	275,000 75,000 60,000 13,250 2,000	ines (
ollege of Louisiana, " of Jefferson, " of Alon Rouge, " of Alexandria, hn-on Female Academy, pring Creek-Academy,	20,000 15,000 3,000 1,000 1,000	Dividend from Ls. State B'k, Tax on Hawkers and Pedlars Rents of State Property, interest received from the Municipalines, Other sources,	2,400 6,000 12,000 11,000	15 kg
attorne Academy, oydras Academy, ovidence Academy, inden Seminary, ringfield Institution,	1,000 1,500 1,000 1,000 3,000	To which add the available	\$ 0,650	***

It is therefore indispensible not only to provide for the deficit, but also for the sayment and extinguishment of the debt.

There are but two ways to relieve the Treasury; an increase of Taxes and diminition of expenses. nution of expenses; an increase of Direct tax, to wit: On landed property and ves cannot at this time be recommended; the difficulty experienced in collecting

undersigned respectfully recommends retrenchment in the

ranches of expenditures.

1st. A reduction of twenty per cent on the salaries of all public officers which are

guaranteed by the constitution.

2nd. A reduction on the sums appropriated for education.

3rd. The repeal of the appropriation for internal improvements.

4th. The reduction of the price allowed for the maintenance of prioners.

5th. The repeal of all laws appropriating monies for works not yet commenced SALARIES OF PUBLIC OFFICERS. The amount paid annually is \$100,000; a deduction of twenty

It is believed that the sularies of the public officers are not too high to It is believed that the sclaries of the public officers are not too high to command men of the proper grade of talent, ability and integrity to fill them, and there could be no just ground for reducing the salaries particularly with regard to the present incumbrances except the absolute necessity of saving the honor and credit of the State by such retrenchments as are absolutely necessary for that purpose, and when the financial condition of the State will allow of it; this is the first class of expenditures which should be reinstated in full.

Some states of the state of Louisiana; the amount paid to colleges, institutes and schools, from 1831 to 1841 is \$1,620,032 70. The topographical formation of the State and our sparse population render it almost impossible successfully to follow the plans of public schools adopted in any other State in the Union. We have no system of primary instruction; with the exception of a very few parishes, expenditure for public schools has not been productive of any practical benefit whatsoever, and many parishes do now actually draw from the Treasury of the State for schools and local academics, more money than is collected from them—it is suggested to repeal all the bets making appropriations to academics, institutes or schools, and to allow to each parish in the State, the sum of five hundred dollars annually for the support of primary schools, on condition that a like sum be raised by the parish—it is believed that such a provision will secure the proper vise and disbursements of the money appropriated, for those who will impose the tark will take care that it be disbursed to the best advantage and for the purpose for which it is intended. The organization of our schools might be continued in this man ner, until the school lands to which the State is, entitled for their support might be readered available. The number of colleges which the State has undertaken to foster is not in proportion either with our means or our population. If it is considered nexessary to extend to them an equal support, the appropriations to the colleges of Jefferson and Louisiana ought to be reduced to the sun of five thousand dollars annually to each. The lands appropriated by Congress for seminary of learning, now at the disposal of the Legislature, ought also to be used to relieve the Treasury from the burthen created by these institutions. The sum saved will be \$60,000.

The annual appropriations to the Board is (\$20,000) twenty thousand dollars; the repeal of the provision making this

iny from the, burthen created by these institutions. The sum saved will be \$60,000. INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

The annual appropriations to the Board is \$20,000 twenty thousand dollars; the repeal of the provision making this appropriation is strongly recommended. The board has been in full operation for seven years. The amount disbursed during that time, including purchase of slaves, is \$489,273 62100. The amount received from the federal Government is \$193,130 77-00. The sum of \$291,944 90-00 was paid out of the public Treasury. It is also recommended to sell the slaves and carry on the work with the colored convicts (bond or free) now detained in the penitentiary or that may be reafter be sentenced to hard labor; sound policy require that slaves sentenced to hard labor should not be confined with white convicts. The works contemplated may be carried on with the money received from the Federal Government and which can only be applied to that special object. The proceeds of the land to be received under the 8th section of the distribution act, is also specially to apply to internal importance of the section of the distribution act, is also specially to apply to internal importance. The section of the distribution act, is also specially to apply to internal importance of the section of the distribution act, is also specially to apply to internal importance. The section of the distribution act, is also specially to apply to internal importance, which can be done, it is believed more economically by contracting for the works to be done, with individuals, than by slave labor, which requires a heavy and perishable capital. Of 134 slaves purchased for the sum of \$109,000, there are 74 left.

MAINTENANCE OF STATE PRISONERS.

It is proposed to reduce the price from thirty-seven and a half cents per day now allowed to slavelite and the price from the recovery of the prisoners (before trial) to

MAINTENANCE OF STATE PRISONERS.

It is proposed to reduce the price from thirty-seven and a half cents per day now allowed to sheriff's and jailors for the maintenance of State prisoners (before trial) to twenty-five cents per day; this would be a saving of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000). wenty-five cents per day; this would be a saving of ten thousand do
REPEAL OF CERTAIN APPROPRIATIONS.

REPEAL OF CERTAIN APPROPRIATIONS.

By a reference to the statement of appropriations not yet called for, it will appea that the sum of \$34,000, for certain works, is unpaid. It is respectfully suggested repeal these appropriations, the works contemplated to be done not having been commenced, can be postpened to a time when the means of the State will justify them.

The amount area of the state will justify them. \$34.000

The amount saved would be.

The amount saved would be.

It is also recommended to repeal the annual appropriation in favor of the New Orleans Mechanics' Society, Medical College and Commercial Library one thousand dollars each, would save.

Amount appropriated for bruilding school houses in certain parishes—halance remaining unpaid—
And, finally, the annual appropriations in favor of the Male Orphan Asylum. .. 3,000

.... 3,000 7,000

with the expense s of supporting these corporations.

Every token and parish in the State provide for their own paupers, and if New Orleans, like all other large cities has a greater proportion of that class of people, she should alone bear the burshen of the evil which is compensated by advantages, far

should alone bear the bursten of the evil which is compensated by advantages, far surpassing it.

When the Legislature were about passing the art to prohibit gambling, the undersigned was called upon to suggest's plan to make up the soficit of \$110,000, derived annually from the sale of gaming licenses. Acting upon his suggestion the General Assembly, by a very large vote, passed a bill imposing a tax on passengers a coming into the State, by which a sum amply sufficient would have been realized, for the sole purpose of aiding these charitable institutions; unfortunately the veto of the executive prevented its passage, and since that time the funds of the State have been annually paid out for their support. The views of the undersigned as to the object of imposing such a tax are unchanged, not for creating a revenue for the State but with a view of aiding those charitable institutions, which have been created and are alone for the benefit and comfort of foreigners and non-residents who periodically flock to this city; it is respectfully recommended to the Legislature to adopt that mode of relieving these institutions; such a law has been in force in the State of New York, and if it is not there found in opposition to the federal constitution the undersigned can hardly conceive how it could be considered unconstitutional here.

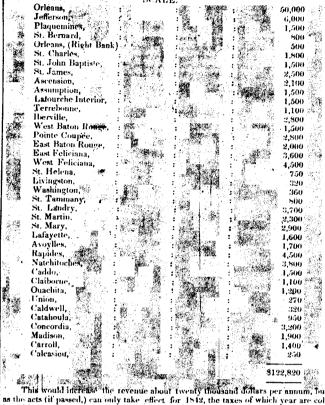
If the foregoing suggestions are favorably received by the Legislature the amount retrenched on expenditures for 1842, would be

1st. Salaries \$20,000 | Salaries | Selation | G0,000 |
2nd. Education	G0,000
3rd. Board of Public Works	20,000
4th. Maintenance of Prisoners	10,000
5th. Repeal of Appropriations	47,000

APPORTIONMENT OF THE LAND TAX.

To make up the deficit, to wit: 870,000, I would first recommend a new appior flonment of the tax on lands which remains the same since it was imposed in 1814, it is nowishes some paying too much, others nothing. It is to perates unjustly on all the parishes, some paying too much, others nothing. It is a difficult subject and one which should be entered into and discussed by the Legislature with liberality and a true spirit of compromise. The following scale is respectfully submitted as being, it is belived, equal and just in its bearing. The amount of the tax on landed property being assessed with a due regard to the revenue of each parish, based in relation to its slave population, except the purishes of Orleans and Jefferson.

SCALE.



NEW TAXES.

NEW TAXES.

Heritofore all the property sold by the Courts of Probates, Sheriffs, as well as that of insolvents have been free from the State duty; no sufficient reason can be assigned for this exemption—it is respectfully recommended and strongly urged on the Legislature, to impose a tax of one per cent on all sales of property at auction, which, by existing laws are sold free of duty. From an examination of the books of the Auditor, from sales at auxtion, in the city of New Orleans, it is ascertained that a tax such as the one proposed, would have yielded to the treasury, for the last traction will produce the sum of \$30,000, annually.

A tax of one per cent on the sale and transfer of real estate and slaves, at private sale, when the amount is ten thousand dollars or under, and of one half of one per

A tax of one per cent on the sale and transfer or real estate and staves, at private sale, when the amount is ten thousand dollars or inder, and of one half of one per cent on all sums above \$10,000 would give a large annual revenue. It is believed that this tax will be less felt than any other that could be imposed, as it will be drawn from the hands of the purchaser, who has the means of paying it, and its collection rom the hands of the part of the registry laws.

It is also recommended to revive the law passed in 1828, imposing a tax of ten eer cent on inheritances, legacies and bequests, accruing to persons residing without

SINKING FUND.

If the system of retrenchment and additional fexation be adopted and persevered in, and the surplus revenue deposited in the Sinking Fund created at the last session of the Legislature, together with the property owned by the State, and which may be applied for that purpose, the debts of the State can in a few years be discharged. The property thus applicable is as follows:

Interest of the State in the Bank of Louisiana, \$1,000,000

Lots, 101d Government Source 1 100,000

Interest of the State in the Bank of Louisiana, \$1,000,000 Lots, (Old Government Square,) 100,000 \$250,000 Stock in Louisiana State Bank, 60,000 There are some other items, to wit:—The interest of the State in the profits of the Consolidated Association, Citizens' Bank, and Union Bank of Louisiana, which can only be ascertained at the final liquidation of their affairs, and which, consequently, is not taken into consideration.

can only be ascertained at the final liquidation of their affairs, and which consequently, is not taken into consideration.

If the Legislature determine on selling the slaves now employed by the Board of Public Works, as recommended, the proceeds thereof should also be paid into that fund, as also whatever monies may be received from the Federal Government, under the second section of the Distribution Act.

The engagements of the State are heavy, and she should husband all her resources to meet them: with strict economy it tean be done—but a reform is imperiously demanded. The Legislature must not promptly and fearlessly, and thereby save the people from heavy taxation or disgraceful insolvency, which will most inevitably happen, if the remedies proposed are not adopted.

All which is most respectfully submitted.

F. GARDERE, State Trensver.

F. GARDERE, State Treamerer.

In obedience to a resolution of the House, the undersigned has prepared Bills embracing the suggestions contained in his report; but as this is a work to which he does not consider himself altogether competent, he craves indulgence for any imperfections which may be found in the bills which he herewith submits. FIRST.

An Act to retrench the expenses of the State of Louisiana.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State Louisiana, in General Assembly concreased; That from and after the first day of April next, with the exception of the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court and of the present Governor of the State, the salaries of all commissioned officers of the State, and also those of the future Governor of the State Treasurer, Secretary of the Senate, Clerk of the House of Representatives, Clerk and Interpreter of the Criminal Court, President of the Board of Public Works, and officers of the Penitentiary, shall be reduced twenty per centum on the amount now paid to each officer. tentiary, shall be reduced twenty per centum on the amount now paid to each office

tentiary, shall be reduced twenty, per centum on the respectively.

Sect. 2. Be it further enacted, &v., That, from and after the first day of April next, all acts or part of acts making appropriations for the support of Colleges, Academics, Iustintes, Seminaries, or Schools be, and the same are hereby repealed; and that hereafter there shall be allowed annually, to each parish of the State (except the parish of Orleans.) for the support of primary schools, the sum of \$500 dollars, to be drawn for quarterly by the President of the Police Jury of each parish, to wit:—On the last days of March, June, September, and December, on condition to wit:—On the last days of March, June, September, and December, on condition that a like sum of \$500 shall be raised by any parish availing itself of the provisions of this section, for the support of public schools, which fact must be made known to the State Treasurer, by a certificate of the Parish Judge, under the seal of the Court, annexed to each warrant, and showing, first, that the person signing the same, is at the time of signing. President of the Police Jury; and secondly, that the amount to be raised by the parish, has actually been collected and paid for the purpose of fostering public schools, according to the true intent and meaning of this section.

this section.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, &c., That the sum heretofore granted to the parish of Orleans, for the support of Primary Schools be limited to five thousand dollars per annum, to be drawn for and distributed among the municipalities, as is provided by the act entitled "An Act to authorize the municipalities of the City of New Orleans to establish Public Schools therein," approved February 16, 1841, and under like restrictions as are set forth in the second section of this act, to wit:—That the said municipalities shall raise a like sum of five thousand dollars, for the support of their schools, except that the certificates establishing that fact shall be signed by the Mayor of New Orleans, in place of the Parish Judge.

Mayor of New Orleans, in place of the Parish Judge.

Sect. 4. Be it further exacted, \(\frac{1}{2} \text{s}_{\text{e}} \). That the sum heretofore granted to the Louisiana and Jefferson Colleges, be limited to the sum of five thousand dollars to each, sinna and Jefferson Colleges, be limited to the sum of the mousand against to each, payable quarterly.

Sect. 5. Be it further enacted, &c., That so much of the second section of an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Board of Public Works, and to create a fund for Internal Improvements," approved March 3, 1833, appropriating the sum of twenty thousand dollars annually, for creating said fund be, and the same is hereby

Sect. 6. Be it further enacted, &c., That sheriffs and jailers throughout the State shall not be entitled to receive more than twenty-five cents per day for the receive nance of each and every prisoner confined by the order of any Court, either before or after trial. Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, &r. That the balance of the sum appropriate

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, 4r. That the balance of the sum appropriated by an act entitled, "An Act relative to public education in the parishes of Concording and St. Bernard," approved April 2, 1835, be and the same is hereby repealed. That the second section of an act entitled "An Act requiring the Board of Public S7,200, exclusive of the salary of the reporter. The undersigned cannot but think that some reduction can be made in this expenditure without injury to the public service. CHARITY HOSPITAL & ASYLUM IN THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS Since the repeal of the law authorizing the sale of gaming licenses in 1835, the Since the repeal of the law authorizing the sale of gaming licenses in 1835, the source, have a plied, and Asylum, which were supported by the revenue derived from that source, have a plied, and successfully, every year for support at the hands of the State. The amount paid since the year 1836 is \$28(),221 05-00. No good reasons corporations.—

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, 4r. That the balance of the sum appropriated by an act entitled, "An Act relative to public education in the parishes of Concording and St. Bernard," approved April 2, 1835, be and the same is hereby repealed. That the second section of an act entitled "An Act requiring the Board of Public and St. Bernard," approved April 2, 1835, be and the same is hereby repealed. That the second section of an act entitled "An Act requiring the Board of Public and St. Bernard," approved April 2, 1835, be and the same is hereby repealed. That the second section of an act entitled "An Act requiring the Board of Public and St. Bernard," approved April 2, 1835, be and the same is hereby repealed. That the second section of an act entitled "An Act requiring the Board of Public and St. Bernard," approved April 2, 1835, be and the same is hereby repealed. That the second section of an act entitled "An Act requiring the Board of Public and St. Bernard," approved April 2, 1835, be and the same is hereby repealed. That the second section of

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State Lovisiana, is General Assembly, convened, That for the year one thousand eight hundred and for every year thereafter until otherwise provided for the shall be assessed and collected a direct tax on realestate of one hundred and twent two thousand eight hundred and twenty follars to be divided between the different working the state in the manner following, to wit: on the parish of Orient if the State in the manner following, to wit: on the parish of Orient if the things of the State in the manner following, to wit: on the parish of St. Bernard, and if the parish of Plaquemines, fifteen hundred dollars; on the parish of Plaquemines, five hundred dollars; on the parish of St. Garles, eighteen hundred dollars; on the parish of St. Jarkes, twenty-five hundred dollars; on the parish of St. Jarkes, twenty-five hundred dollars; on the parish of Ascenanion, twenty-one hundred dollars; on the parish of Mest Baton Rouge, fifteen hundred dollars; on the parish of West Baton Rouge, fifteen hundred dollars; on the parish of West Baton Rouge, fifteen hundred dollars; on the parish of West Baton Rouge, fifteen hundred dollars; on the parish of St. Tammany eight hundred dollars; on the parish of St. Helena, seven hundred and fifty dollars; on the parish of St. Martin, twenty-three hundred and twenty dollars; on the parish of St. Martin, twenty-three hundred dollars; on the parish of Rapides, four thousand seven hundred dollars; on the parish of Caldonia, nine hundred

of Carroll, controll numbered dollars; and of the parish of Calcasieu, two-hundred and lifty dollars.

Sec. 2. Be it farther exacted, by., That a tax of one per cent on the price of adjudication of all moveable and immoveable property sold by Parish. Judges, Register of Wills in New Orleans, Auctioneers, Sheriffs or other officers under the order or decree of any court, it shall be, and hereby is imposed, and that it shall be and hereby is made the duty of Parish Judges and Auctioneers in all the parishes of the State, except the parish of Orleans, to make and render to the Sheriff of each parish respectively a quarterly account of all the property sold by them respectively, and to account for and pay over the tax thus imposed and to send a duplicate of said quarterly account of the tax aforesaid and send the same to the State Treasurers within tenidays after the last days of March, June, September and December of each year, and that the Register of Wills, Auctioneers of the parish of Orleans shall render their accounts to the auditor of and Sheriffs of the parish of Orleans shall render their accounts to the auditor of auction sales in like manner as is provided for in the act entitled. "An act to create the office of auditor of auction sales in and for the city of New Orleans, and for other. purposes," approved Merch 18, 1839, and pay over the amount as prescribed want of act, and that fin all such sales the officers aforesaid shall always collect the tax aforesaid at the time of making such sales and all such sales shall be considered to be made for ash to an amount sufficient to pay the tax aforesaid, and any of said officers are hereby directed to refuse to proceed to the sale of any moveable property unless a sum of money sufficient to cover the probable amount of said tax be deposited with him before the sale.

by directed to refuse to proceed to the sale of any movemore property units a conof money sufficient to cover the probable amount of said tax be deposited with him
before the sale.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, \$\sigma_{ci}\$. That in all sales of immoveable property,
no written act of sale or adjudication shall be considered to pass any title to the land
or slaves intended to be sold even be tween the parties thereto, unlessaid act of sale
be recorded in the proper office, and then only from the time of its being so recorded
in the register of conveyances or acts of sale and that no recording officer shall reno written act of side or adjudication shall be considered to pass any title to the land or slaves inched to be sold even be tween the parties thereto, unlessaid act of sale be recorded in the proper office, and then only from the time of its being so recorded in the register of conveyances or acts of sale and that no recording officer shall recorded in the register of conveyances or acts of sale and that no recording officer shall recorded in the register of conveyances or acts of sale and that no recording officer shall recorded in the same time produce and leave with each officer a receipt signed by the Sheriff of the parish in which said act is to be recorded acknowledging the payment to him of the aniquin of the tax, and that the recording officer aforesaid shall within ten days after the quarter days aforesaid forward to the State Treasurer the receipts shall be sumbered, that the margin of said receipt book shall contain a summary of said receipts, to wit: the number and date of said receipt, the date of the act, the names of the seller and purchaser, the nature of the property, the amount of the price and the amount of the tax, which book aforesaid shall be furnished by the State Treasurer to the Sheriffs of the several parishes of this State, and that the Sheriff shall within ten days after the quarter days aforesaid forward to the Treasurer and pay over the same to the Treasurer aforesaid, that the collector of State taxes in the parish of Orleans shall perform the same duties which are hereby imposed on the Sheriffs of the other parishes of the State.

On all sums of \$10,000 and under, one per cent, and all sums above that sum one half of one per cent; and that no written act, shall have the effoct of transferring the property office of the parish in other parts thereto, until the regulations proscribed in the foregoing section, for the safe of hards and moveable property sold at private sale, a tax is hereby imposed as follows, to wit:

On all sums of \$10,000 and under, one per cent, and all sums ab

they may administer the same, shall be bound under their responsibility, to retain in their hands ten per cent on all the sums which may accrue to any person of the above description, as an heir, legater or donce in the successions by them administered; and to pay over the same, to wit:—To the State Treasurer, with respect to the succession which may be opened in the parish of Orleans, and to the Judge of 5 the Court of Probaces of the parish where the succession may be opened, with respect to the other parishes of the State, and when the said legacy, inheritance or donation, shall be or consist of specific property, the same shall be taken at the appraised value, as made in the inventory of the succession from which the same shall accome.

Sect. 6. Be it further enacted, &c., That it shall be the duty of all the Parish Sect. 6. Be it further exacted, 5c., That it shall be the duty of all the Parish Judges in the several parishes of this State, except the parish of Orleans, to pay over to the State Treasurer, every six months, the sums which they may have received as such, for the ten per cent mentioned in the preceding article, or as belonging to any vacant estate of which the heirs are absent or not represented; and if any of the judges should fail or neglect to pay the said sums at the time fixed by this act, they shall be subject to a fine of five hundreddollars, the payment of which shall be procedured in behalf of the State, by the District Attorney of the district where the parish of said judge is situated, one half to the benefit of the informer, and the other half to the benefit of the State.



Whereas, the present means of the Charity Hospital are insafequate for its support and maintenance; and inasmuch as by far the greater number of patients that are yearly admitted into said institution conce from the other States of the Union, and from foreign countries, it is but just that persons arriving in this State from abroad, should in some measure, contribute towards raising a hospital fund therefor, Section 1. Be it enucted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly convened. That the President and Adventor of the State of

Section 1 Be denacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana in General Assembly conversed. That the President and Administrators of the Charity Hospital be; and they are hereby-sauthorized and empowered to demand and receive, and in case of neglect or refusal to pay, to sue for and recover, in their corporate style and imme, the following sums from the master of every vessel that 1. From the master of every vessel that 1. From the master of every vessel from a foreign port, for himself and each cabin passenger, one dollar and fifty cents; for each steerage passenger, mate, sailor

or mariner, one dollar.

2. From the mister of each coasting vessel, for each person on board, twenty-five cents; but no coasting vessel from the States of Mississippi and Alabama, shall pay for more than one voyage in each month, computing from the first voyage in

pay for more than one voyage in each month, computing from the first voyage in each year.

Sec. 2. Be it finither enacted, &v., That the monies so received, shall be denominated a "Hospital Fund," and shall be appropriated to the use of the Charity Hospital.

Sect. 3. Be it further enacted, &v., That each master of a vessel paying hospital monies, as provided in the first section of this act, shall be entitled to demand and recover from each person from whom they shall be paid, the sum paid on his account expects of the paying the paying the treasurer of the said Charity Hospital, at his office in the city of New Orleans, within twenty-four hours after the arrival of his vessel in the port, such hospital money as shall there be demanded from him, under the provisions of this not one hundred dollars for the benefit of said Charity Hospital, which sum may be recovered at the suit of said corporation, before any civil court of competent jurisdiction. Sect. 5. Be it further cruated, &v., That it shall be lawful for the President and Administrators of the Charity Hospital to appoint a Collector of said hospital monies,

Sect. 5. Be it facther enacted, &c., That it shall be lawful for the President and administrators of the Charity Hospital to appoint a Collector of said hospital monies, whose duty it shall be to collect and pay over to the Treasurer of the Charity Hospital, all sums by him received, and who shall enter into bond and centrify for the faithful discharge of his duty in the sam of ten thousand dollars, which bond and security shall be approved by the President of the said hospital. 98.4

	IMPROVEVENT BANK, New Orlean, January 24th, 1612.) At the coming year, vill be held at the Bank, on Settraday, 26th February neal, between 10 o'clock, a m. and 12 By order of the Directors. L BERNARD, Cathier.	place on Monday, the 14th instant is postpaned to the 7th February next, () MILTENBERGER, 136 (ashier.
	P. ALPUENTE. Jr. flector of the Faculty of Medicine of Parts, has established blaresidence at New Orleans with a rive of exercising his profession. Jo 1m. or of exercising his profession. NOTICE—O DAUMER, having returned to Louisiana, where he has established his residence, attends in person to his affirs, and hereby namula all powers heredefore vested by him in others. JOS ONE on Street.	I for transacting a teneral Auction Business, under the style of Philips, Dubertrand & Co, and respectively solice the patranage of their facehol as it the public. Real series, negroes, gueenies, and every other description of property received on the and prompt despetch given to all business confided to their charge. Other 8s Common street, Three doors about Vernadah Hotel.
	TO LET—The whole or part of the store 99 Campatreet. For terms, which will be moderate, apply to Jan TO LET—The whole or part of the store 99 The store The st	P DUBLETRAND, New Oreans, January 21, 1842–194 CARMOLLTUN BANK—NOTICE, TO SE RENTED—A commedium elect in Magazine et peur Portare street, side, a bouse corner of Nayades
l	The well known Dry (load Store, situated cor- ner St. Anne and Burgundy streets. Apply on the	

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