



Management  
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# Asset Life Cycle Management

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**“The more extensive a man's knowledge of what has been done, the greater will be his power of knowing what to do”**

**Benjamin Disraeli (1804 - 1881), British Prime Minister**

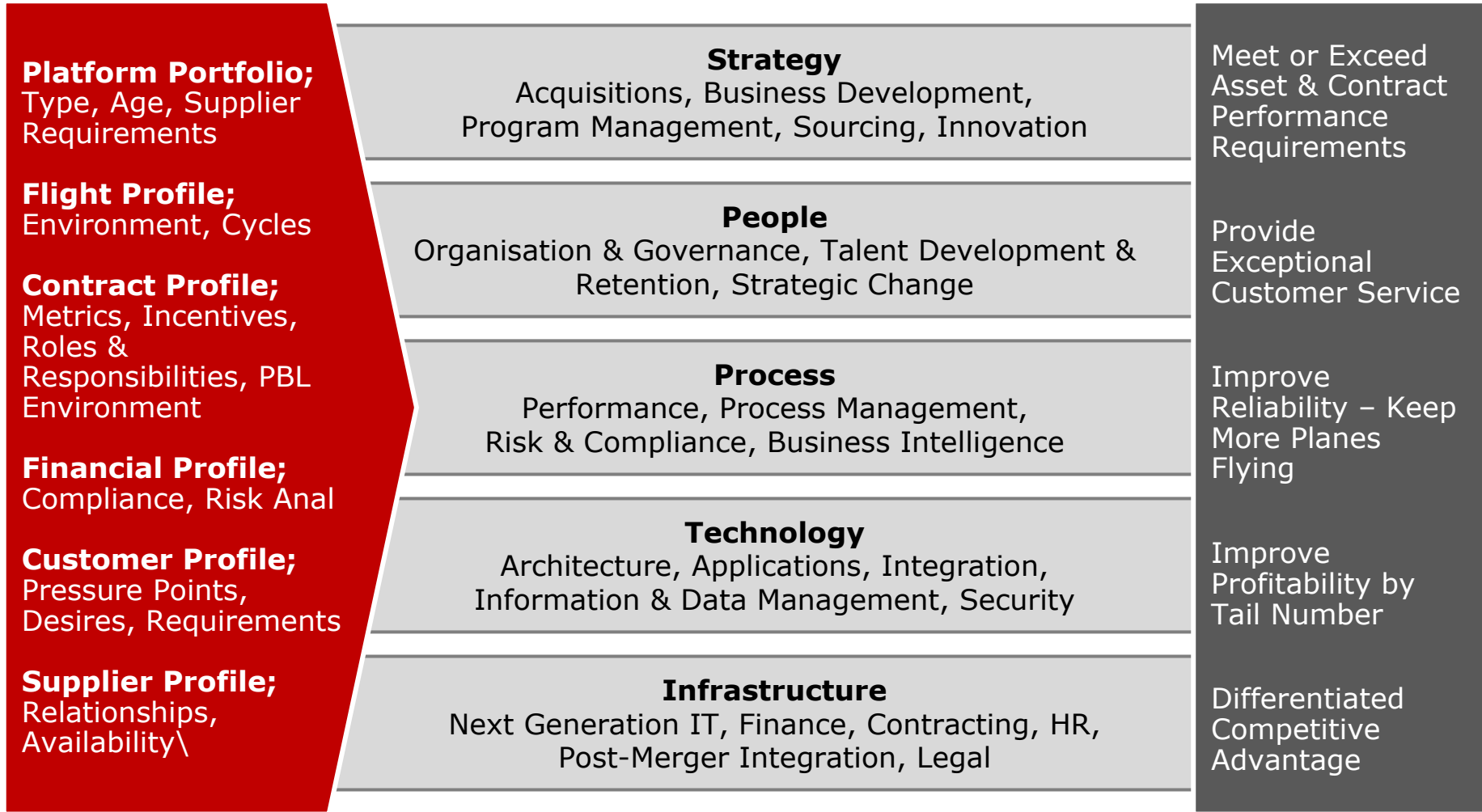
# Asset Life Cycle Management

Asset Life Cycle Management balances **costs** and **risks** across an asset's entire life span. In Aerospace and Defence, this pursuit is more challenging due to many factors;

- Long useful asset life
- Increasingly effective new platform launches
- Traceability and serialization requirements
- Regulatory and compliance issues (e.g., ITAR)
- Warfighter and Operator support and reclamation
- Network capacity and aircraft availability
- Asset value chain spanning commercial & defence
- IT infrastructures that have not kept pace

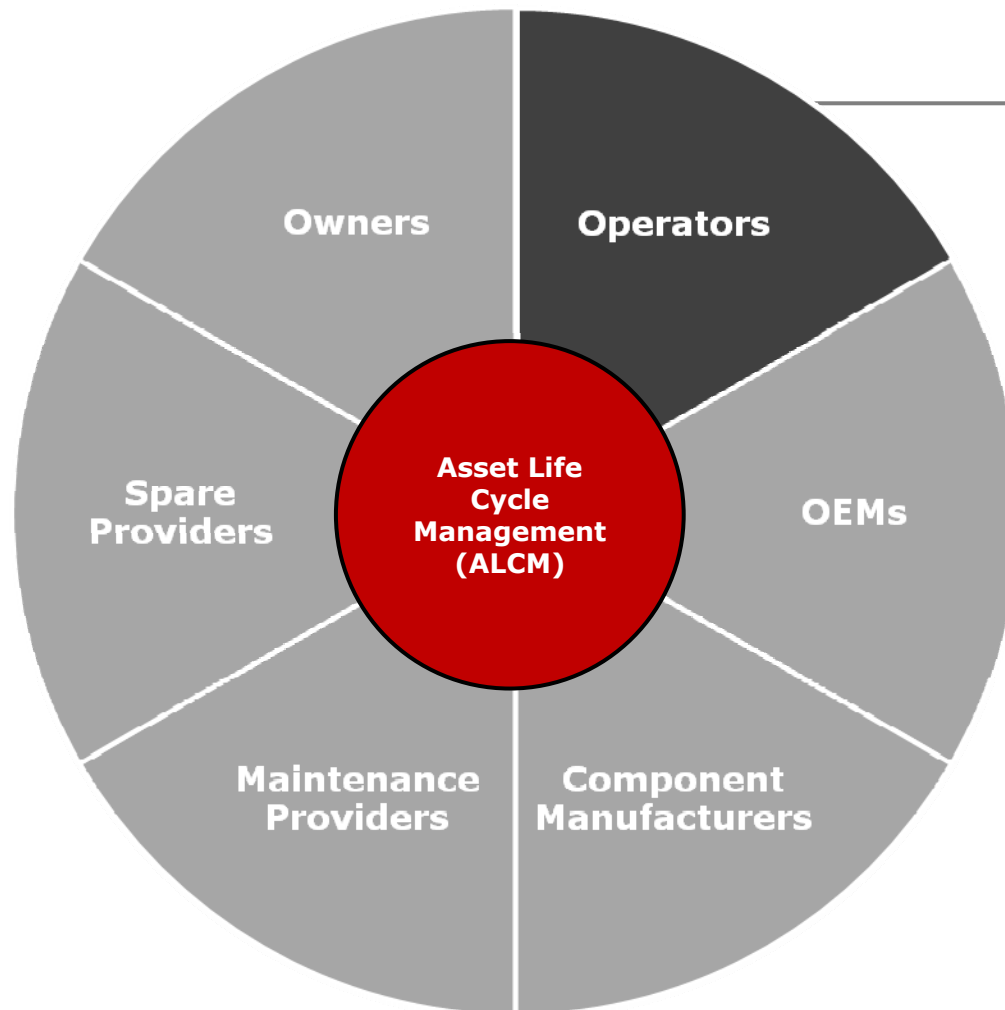


# What are the key challenges driving the need for better Life Cycle Management?



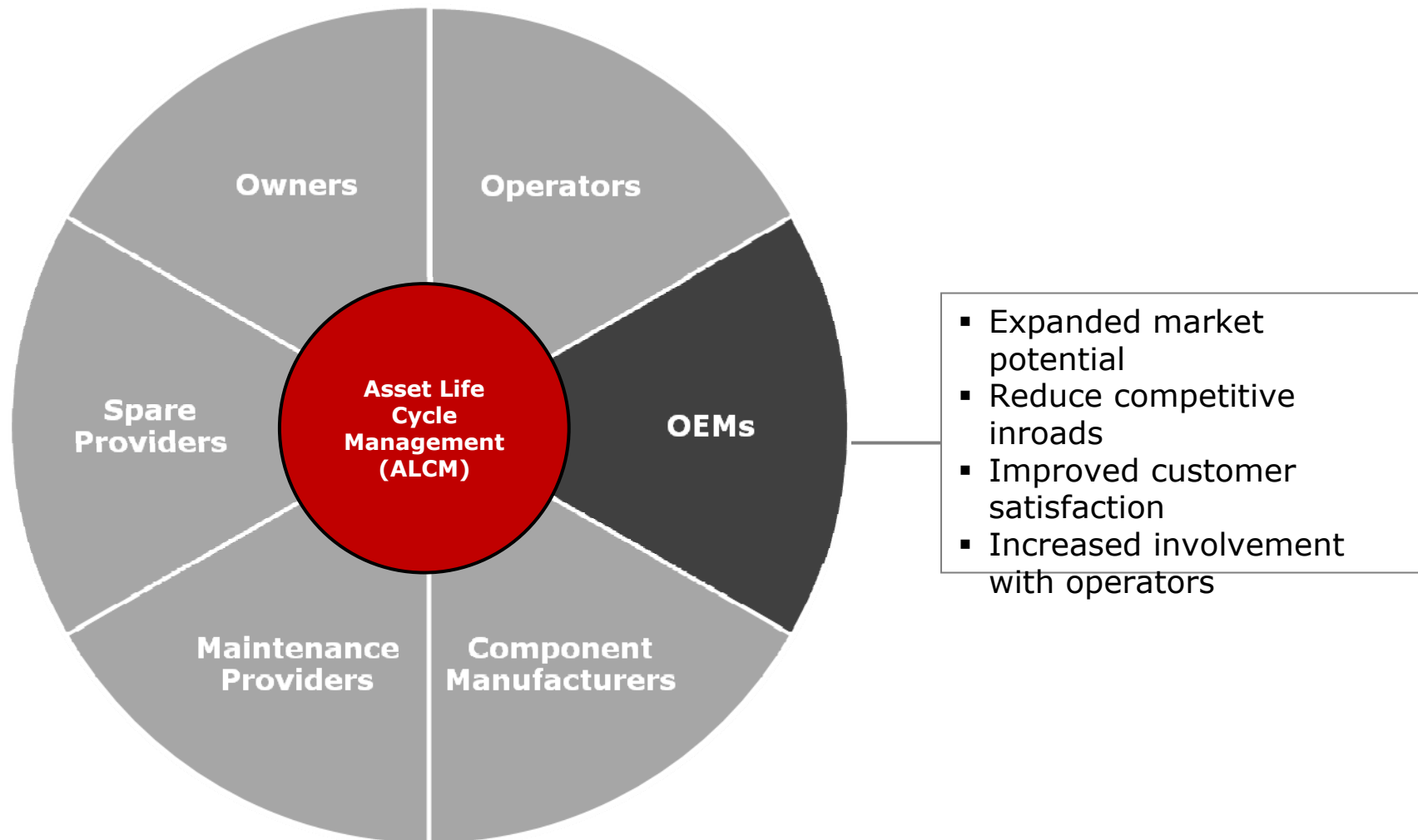
**Drivers** → **Execution** → **Outcomes**

# What are the primary benefits?

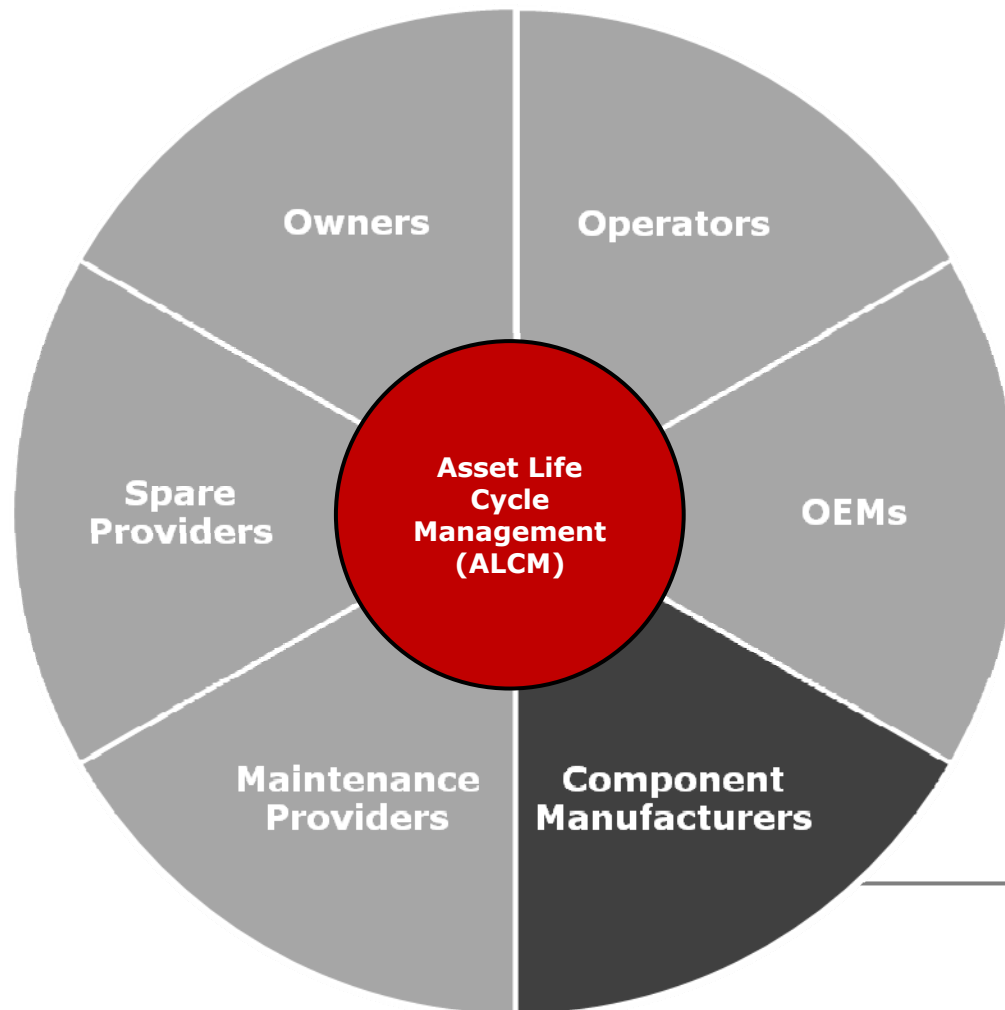


- Reduced operating costs / cost caps
- Improved availability and predictability
- Maximise asset value
- Streamline operations

# What are the primary benefits?

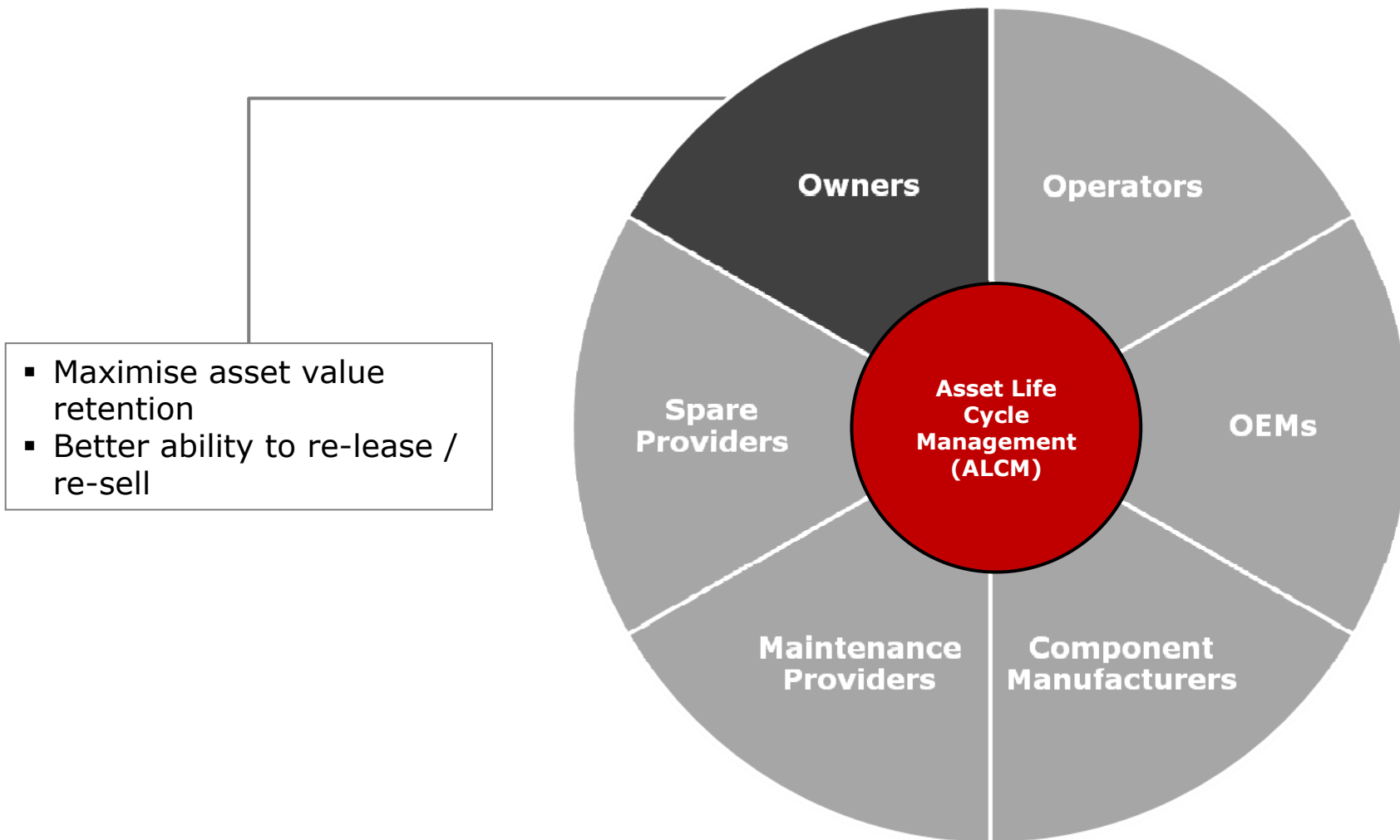


# What are the primary benefits?



- Expanded market potential with OEMs
- Increase product reliability
- Improved customer satisfaction
- Increase OEM business

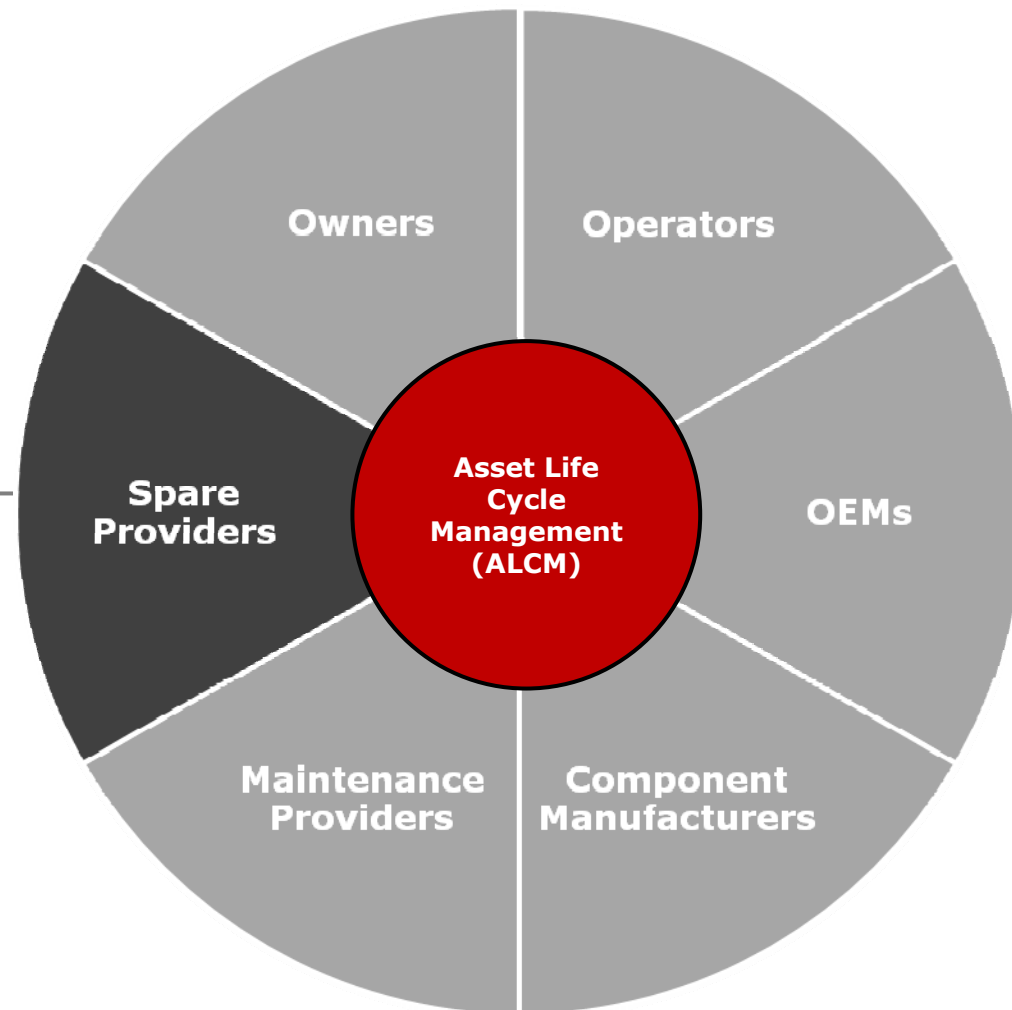
# What are the primary benefits?





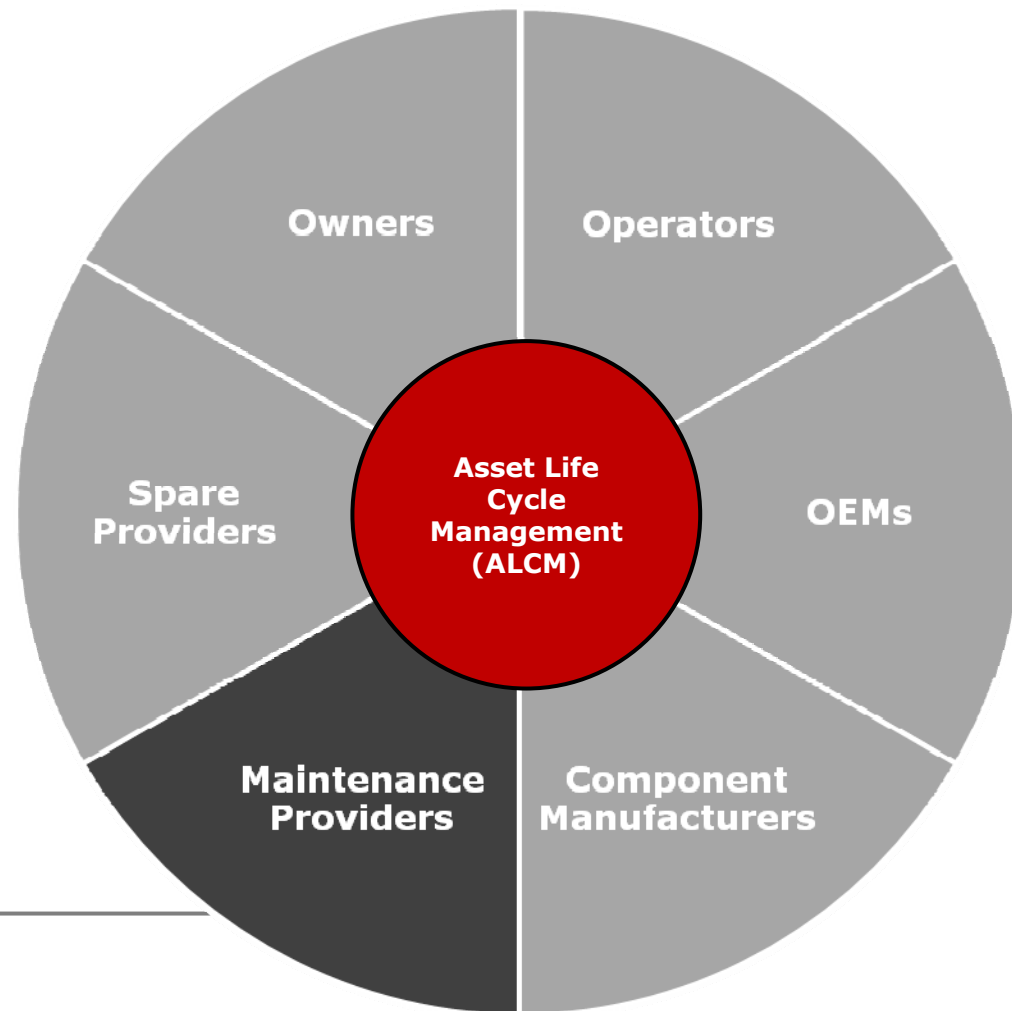
# What are the primary benefits?

- Optimize inventories at depots
- Increased business potential
- Improved market penetration
- Greater bulk purchasing power



# What are the primary benefits?

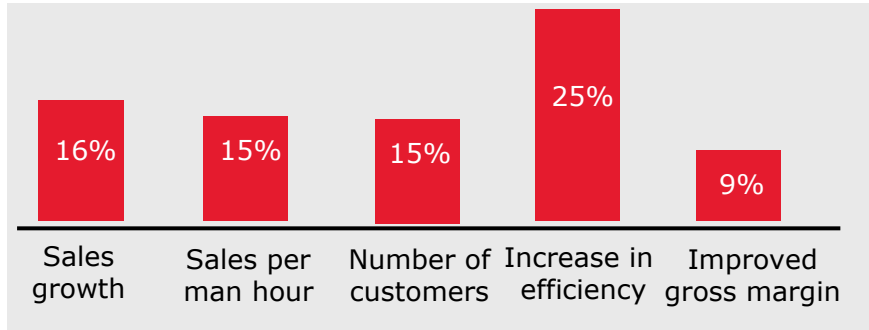
- Automated configuration management
- Increased business potential
- Steady workflow and execution



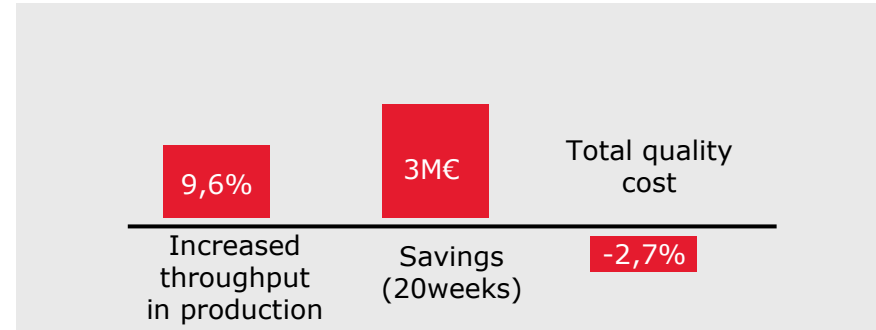
# What do CxOs expect – results!



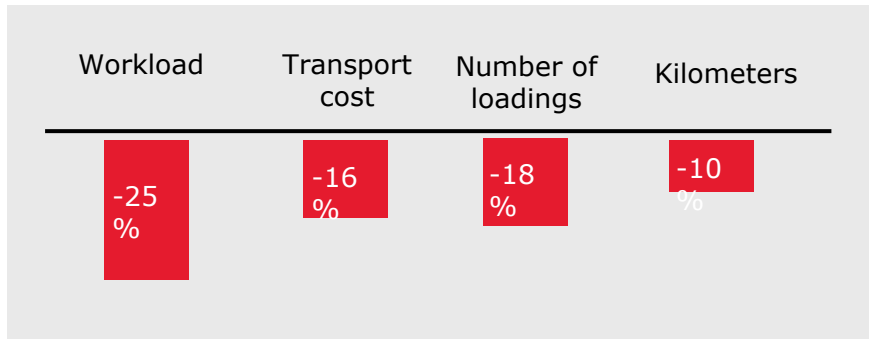
## ALCM in Retail



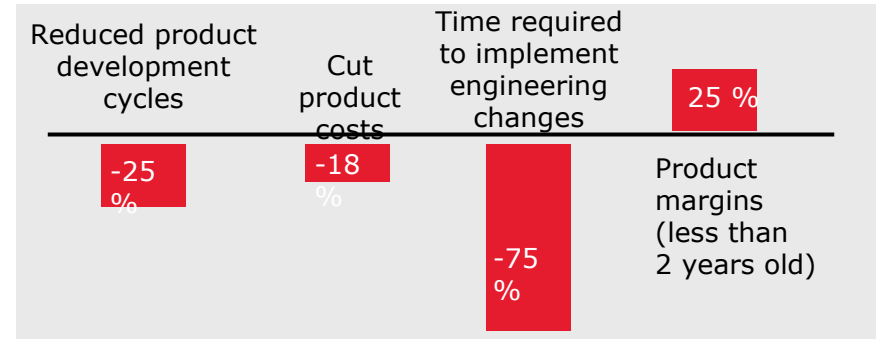
## ALCM in Manufacturing



## ALCM in Transportation / Logistics



## ALCM in New Product Development

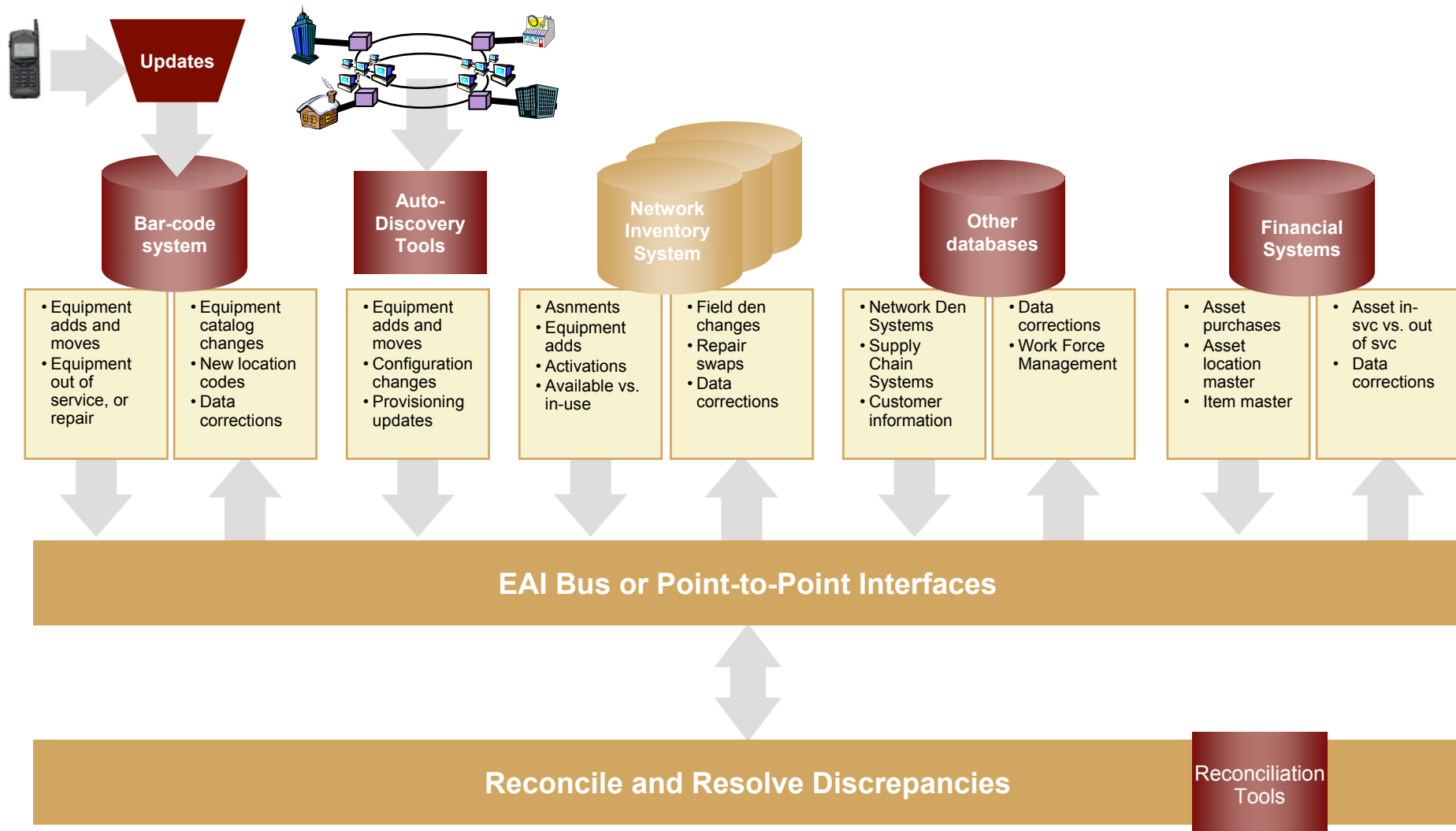


ALCM is a cross functional issue impacting both Finance and Operations organizations



<b>Challenge / Risk</b>	<b>Finance</b>	<b>Operations</b>
<b>Spares management – excess inventory due to fear of shortage or delivery delays</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>Audit exposure - tax and financial</b>	<b>Yes</b>	
<b>Time-consuming reporting processes</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>Lack of support documentation for taking advantageous tax positions or disputing assessments</b>	<b>Yes</b>	
<b>Manual processes to record assets placed in service causing data quality to be in doubt</b>		<b>Yes</b>
<b>No central tracking of warranty provisions or equipment repair history</b>		<b>Yes</b>
<b>Fragmented or non-cost effective purchasing</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>
<b>Difficult to reconcile Operations data</b>		<b>Yes</b>
<b>KPIs do not include capital-relate metrics</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>Yes</b>

# Sample of ALCM architecture supporting continuous data integrity



# Key considerations when initiating ALCM

1. Asset Denation
  - What will be tracked?
  - What will be bar coded / RFID'd vs. tracked by quantity (serialized or not)?
  - Is positional information required?
2. System Configuration
  - Part Categories and Subcategories
  - Locations (Naming conventions: types, status codes and groupings)
  - Users (Security profiles, types and transactions)
  - Repair/Return Codes
  - Device Software (Scan routines and User profiles)
3. Reporting Plan/Den
  - Review standard reports
  - Identify additional reporting needs
  - Den reports
4. Change Management – “Keep it Simple”

# One Golden Rule....



Focus on getting the small things right. It is much easier than trying to tackle the bigger issues.



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