

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME										
CENTRE NUMBER						DIDAT IBER	Έ			_

0580/04 **MATHEMATICS**

Paper 4 (Extended) October/November 2009

2 hours 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments

Mathematical tables (optional) Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 130.

For E	Examiner's Use

This document consists of 21 printed pages and 3 blank pages.

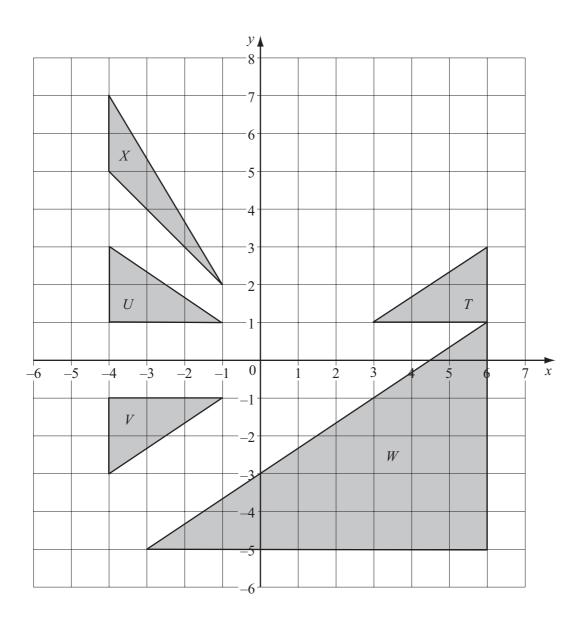


1

Chr	is go	es to a shop to buy meat, vegetables a	and fruit.									
(a)	(i)	The costs of the meat, vegetables an	d fruit are in th	e ratio								
		meat : vegetables : fruit = 2 :										
	The cost of the meat is \$2.40.											
		fruit.										
			Answer(a)(i)	\$ <u> </u>								
	(;;)	Chris pays with a \$20 note.	71113 WET (U)(1)	Ψ[2]								
	(ii)		49									
		What percentage of the \$20 has he s	pent?									
			Answer(a)(ii)	% [2]								
(b)	The	e masses of the meat, vegetables and f	ruit are in the r	atio								
		meat : vegetables : fruit = 1 :	8:3.									
	The	e total mass is 9 kg.										
	Cal	culate the mass of the vegetables.										
			Answer(b)	kg [2]								

[3]
[2]

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- (a) Describe fully the **single** transformation which maps
 - (i) triangle T onto triangle U,

Answer(a)(i) [2]

(ii) triangle T onto triangle V,

Answer(a)(ii) [3]

(iii) triangle T onto triangle W ,			
Answer(a)(iii)		 	[3]
Answer(a)(iv)		 	[3]
(b) Find the metric representing the trans	afamaatian which mana		
(b) Find the matrix representing the trans(i) triangle U onto triangle V,	sformation which maps		
(i) triangle o onto triangle v,			
(ii) triangle U onto triangle X .	Answer(b)(i)		[2]
	Answer(b)(ii)		[2]

[3]

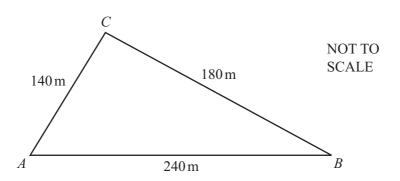
3

		1		1		6		7		11	12	
Six	cards	s are nu	mbered	d 1, 1, 6,	7, 11 a	nd 12.						
In t	his q	uestion	, give	all proba	abilitie	s as frac	ctions.					
(a)	One	e of the	six car	ds is cho	sen at r	andom.						
	(i)	Which	numb	er has a p	orobabi	lity of b	eing cho	osen of	$\frac{1}{2}$?			
							Answei		3		 	[1]
	(ii)			orobabilit at least t					mber wh	nich is		
							Answei	r(a)(ii)			 	[1]
(b)	Two	o of the	six car	ds are ch	osen at	t randon	n, witho	ut repla	cement.			
	Fine	d the pro	obabili	ty that								
	(i)	they as	re both	numbere	ed 1,							
							Answei	<i>r(b)</i> (i)			 	[2]
	(ii)	the tot	al of th	ne two nu	mbers	is 18,					 	

Answer(b)(ii)

	(iii) the first number is not a 1 and the second number is a 1.		For Examiner's Use
	Answer(b)(iii)	[2]	
(c)	Cards are chosen, without replacement, until a card numbered 1 is chosen.		
	Find the probability that this happens before the third card is chosen.		
	Answer(c)	[2]	
(d)	A seventh card is added to the six cards shown in the diagram. The mean value of the seven numbers on the cards is 6.		
	Find the number on the seventh card.		
	Answer(d)	[2]	





The boundary of a park is in the shape of a triangle ABC. AB = 240 m, BC = 180 m and CA = 140 m.

In part (a), show clearly all your construction arcs.

(a) (i) Using a scale of 1 centimetre to represent 20 metres, **construct** an **accurate** scale drawing of triangle *ABC*. The line *AB* has already been drawn for you.

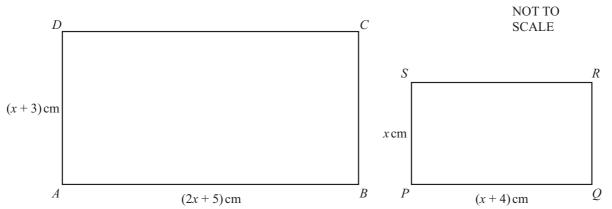
A B

[2]

- (ii) Using a straight edge and compasses only, **construct** the bisector of angle ACB.
 - Label the point D, where this bisector meets AB. [2]
- (iii) Using a straight edge and compasses only, construct the locus of points, inside the triangle, which are equidistant from A and from D.
- (iv) Flowers are planted in the park so that they are nearer to AC than to BC and nearer to D than to A.
 - Shade the region inside your triangle which shows where the flowers are planted. [1]

You	art (ı mu t (a).	(b), use trigonometry. st show your working and must NOT use any measurements from your construction in .	For Examiner's Use
(b)	(i)	Show clearly that angle ACB is 96.4° .	
		Answer(b)(i)	
		[2]	
	(ii)	[3] Calculate the area of the park.	
	()		
		$Answer(b)(ii) \qquad m^2 [2]$	
((iii)	Use the sine rule to calculate angle <i>ABC</i> .	
		Answer(b)(iii) Angle ABC = [3]	
		Answer(v)(III) Aligie ABC – [5]	

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The diagram shows two rectangles ABCD and PQRS.

AB = (2x + 5) cm, AD = (x + 3) cm, PQ = (x + 4) cm and PS = x cm.

- (a) For one value of x, the area of rectangle ABCD is $59 \,\mathrm{cm}^2$ more than the area of rectangle PQRS.
 - (i) Show that $x^2 + 7x 44 = 0$. Answer(a)(i)

(ii) Factorise $x^2 + 7x - 44$.

Answer(a)(ii) [2]

(iii) Solve the equation $x^2 + 7x - 44 = 0$.

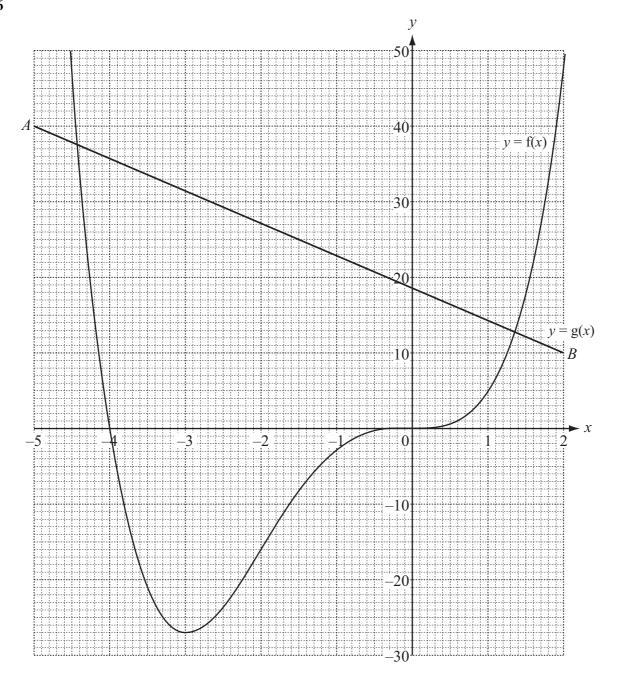
(iv) Calculate the size of angle *DBA*.

Answer(a)(iv) Angle DBA = [2]

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(b)	For a different value of x , the rectangles $ABCD$ and $PQRS$ are similar.								
	(i)	Show that this value of x satisfies the equation $x^2 - 2x - 12 = 0$.	Examiner's Use						
		Answer(b)(i)							
		[2]							
	(ii)	Solve the equation $x^2 - 2x - 12 = 0$, giving your answers correct to 2 decimal places.							
	(11)	solve the equation x 2x 12 0, giving your answers correct to 2 decimal places.							
		Answer(b)(ii) x =							
((iii)	Calculate the perimeter of the rectangle <i>PQRS</i> .							
		Answer(b)(iii) cm [1]							

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The graphs of y = f(x) and y = g(x) are shown above.

1	(a)	Find	the	val	lue	αf
V.	а	, i iiiu	uic	v a	luc	$\mathbf{v}_{\mathbf{I}}$

(i) f(-2),

Answer(a)(i) [1]

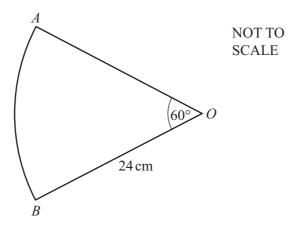
(ii) g(0).

Answer(a)(ii) [1]

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(b) Use the graphs to solve	
(i) the equation $f(x) = 20$,	
Answer(b)(i) x = or x =	[2]
(ii) the equation $f(x) = g(x)$,	
Answer(b)(ii) x =	[2]
(iii) the inequality $f(x) < g(x)$.	
Answer(b)(iii)	[1]
(c) Use the points A and B to find the gradient of $y = g(x)$ as an exact fraction.	
Answer(c)	[2]
(d) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = g(x) - 10$.	[2]
(e) (i) Draw the tangent to the graph of $y = f(x)$ at $(-3, -27)$.	[1]
(ii) Write down the equation of this tangent.	
Answer(e)(ii)	[1]
(f) A region, R , contains points whose co-ordinates satisfy the inequalities	
$-3 \le x \le -2$, $y \le 40$ and $y \ge g(x)$.	
On the grid, draw suitable lines and label this region R .	[2]

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(a) The sector of a circle, centre O, radius 24 cm, has angle $AOB = 60^{\circ}$.

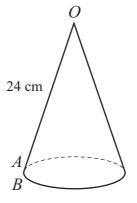
Calculate

(i) the length of the arc AB,

Answer(a)(i)	cm	[2]	

(ii) the area of the sector *OAB*.

(b) The points A and B of the sector are joined together to make a hollow cone as shown in the diagram. The arc AB of the sector becomes the circumference of the base of the cone.



NOT TO SCALE

	Cal	culate	For
	(i)	the radius of the base of the cone,	Examiner's Use
		Answer(b)(i) cm [2]	
	(ii)	the height of the cone,	
		Answer(b)(ii) cm [2]	
	(888)		
	(iii)	the volume of the cone. [The volume V of a cone of radius r and height h is $V = \frac{1}{2}\pi r^2 h$.]	
		[The volume, V , of a cone of radius r and height h is $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$.]	
		Answer(b)(iii) cm ³ [2]	
(c)	A d	ifferent cone, with radius x and height y , has a volume W .	
	Fine	d, in terms of W , the volume of	
	(i)	a similar cone, with both radius and height 3 times larger,	
		$Answer(c)(i) \qquad \qquad [1]$	
	(ii)	a cone of radius 2x and height y.	
		Answer(c)(ii) [1]	

8 Fifty students are timed when running one kilometre.

The results are shown in the table.

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Time (t minutes)	$4.0 < t \le 4.5$	$4.5 < t \le 5.0$	$5.0 < t \le 5.5$	$5.5 < t \le 6.0$	$6.0 < t \le 6.5$	$6.5 < t \le 7.0$
Frequency	2	7	8	18	10	5

(a) Write down the modal ti	ime interval.
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Angwar(a)	min	Г17	ı
Answer(a)	 ШШ	111	ı

(b) Calculate an estimate of the mean time.

(c) A new frequency table is made from the results shown in the table above.

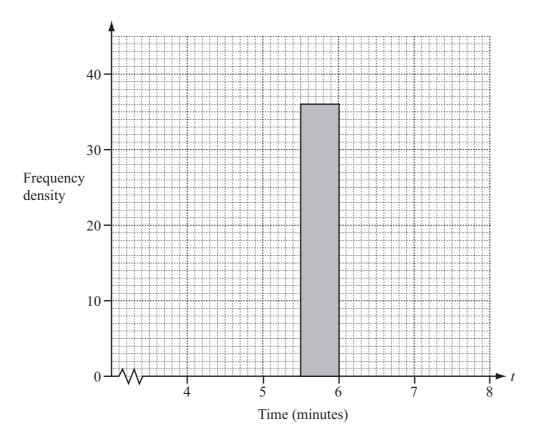
Time (t minutes)	$4.0 < t \le 5.5$	$5.5 < t \le 6.0$	$6.0 < t \le 7.0$
Frequency		18	

(i) Complete the table by filling in the two empty boxes.

[1]

(ii) On the grid below, complete an accurate histogram to show the information in this new table.

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[3]

(iii) Find the number of students represented by 1 cm² on the histogram.

Answer(c)(iii) [1]

9 (a) Solve the equation $\frac{m-3}{4} + \frac{m+4}{3} = -7$.

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Answer(a) m = [4]

(b) (i)
$$y = \frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+3}$$

Find the value of y when x = 5.

Answer(b)(i) [1]

(ii) Write $\frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+3}$ as a single fraction.

Answer(b)(ii) [2]

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(iii) Solve the equation
$$\frac{3}{x-1} - \frac{2}{x+3} = \frac{1}{x}$$
.

$$Answer(b)(iii) x =$$
 [3]

$$p = \frac{t}{q-1}$$

Find q in terms of p and t.

$$Answer(c) q = [3]$$

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										Total		Exc
	Row 1							1	=	1		
	Row 2					3	+	5	=	8		
	Row 3			7	+	9	+	11	=	27		
	Row 4	13	+	15	+	17	+	19	=	64		
	Row 5											
	Row 6											
The	rows above show sets of consecutive odd	d nun	nber	s and	l the	ir tot	als.					
(a)	Complete Row 5 and Row 6.										[2]	
(b)	What is the special name given to the nu	ımbe	rs 1,	8, 27	7, 64	1?						
		1	4nsv	ver(b)						[1]	
(c)	Write down in terms of n ,											
	(i) how many consecutive odd number	s the	re aı	e in	Row	n,						
		1	4nsv	ver(c,)(i)						[1]	
	(ii) the total of these numbers.											
		1	4nsv	ver(c,)(ii)	••••					[1]	
(d)	The first number in Row n is given by	n^2-1	n + 1	۱.								
	Show that this formula is true for Row 4											
	Answer(d)											

[1]

(e)	The total of Row 3 is 27. This can be calculated by $(3 \times 7) + 2 + 4$.
	The total of Row 4 is 64. This can be calculated by $(4 \times 13) + 2 + 4 + 6$.
	The total of Row 7 is 343. Show how this can be calculated in the same way.
	Answer(e)
	[1]
(f)	The total of the first n even numbers is $n(n + 1)$.
	Write down a formula for the total of the first $(n-1)$ even numbers.
	$Answer(f) \qquad [1]$
(g)	Use the results of parts (d), (e) and (f) to show clearly that the total of the numbers in Row n gives your answer to part (c)(ii).
(g)	Use the results of parts (d), (e) and (f) to show clearly that the total of the numbers in Row n
(g)	Use the results of parts (d), (e) and (f) to show clearly that the total of the numbers in Row n gives your answer to part (c)(ii).
(g)	Use the results of parts (d), (e) and (f) to show clearly that the total of the numbers in Row n gives your answer to part (c)(ii).
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(g)	Use the results of parts (d), (e) and (f) to show clearly that the total of the numbers in Row n gives your answer to part (c)(ii).
(g)	Use the results of parts (d), (e) and (f) to show clearly that the total of the numbers in Row <i>n</i> gives your answer to part (c)(ii). Answer(g)
(g)	Use the results of parts (d), (e) and (f) to show clearly that the total of the numbers in Row n gives your answer to part (c)(ii).
(g)	Use the results of parts (d), (e) and (f) to show clearly that the total of the numbers in Row <i>n</i> gives your answer to part (c)(ii). Answer(g)
(g)	Use the results of parts (d), (e) and (f) to show clearly that the total of the numbers in Row <i>n</i> gives your answer to part (c)(ii). Answer(g)

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