

From the June 2007 session, as part of CIE's continual commitment to maintaining best practice in assessment, CIE has begun to use different variants of some question papers for our most popular assessments with extremely large and widespread candidature, The question papers are closely related and the relationships between them have been thoroughly established using our assessment expertise. All versions of the paper give assessment of equal standard.

The content assessed by the examination papers and the type of questions are unchanged.

This change means that for this component there are now two variant Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiner's Reports where previously there was only one. For any individual country, it is intended that only one variant is used. This document contains both variants which will give all Centres access to even more past examination material than is usually the case.

The diagram shows the relationship between the Question Papers, Mark Schemes and Principal Examiner's Reports.

Question Paper

Introduction First variant Question Paper Second variant Question Paper

Mark Scheme

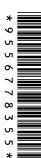
Introduction
First variant Mark Scheme
Second variant Mark Scheme

Principal Examiner's Report

Introduction
First variant Principal Examiner's Report
Second variant Principal Examiner's Report

Who can I contact for further information on these changes?

Please direct any questions about this to CIE's Customer Services team at: international@cie.org.uk





UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

MATHEMATICS

Paper 1 (Core)

0580/01, 0581/01

May/June 2007

1 hour

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: E

Electronic Calculator Geometrical Instruments Mathematical tables (optional)

Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 56.

For Examiner's Use

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This document consists of 11 printed pages and 1 blank page.



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First variant Question Paper

2

1	Work out the value of	$\frac{9-3\times7}{3\times2}$.
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1	Γ1
Answer	- 11
	 L -

2 Write the following in order, with the smallest first.

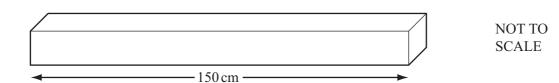
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 0.58 62%

3 Jamal arrived at work at 0920 and left at 1715.

How long, in hours and minutes, did he spend at work?

Answer h min [1]

4



A piece of wood is 150 centimetres long.

It has to be cut into equal lengths of $6\frac{1}{4}$ centimetres.

How many of these lengths can be cut from this piece of wood?

Answer [1]

5	Daniel	nlote a	scatter	diagram	of speed	against	time	taken
3	Daniel	piois a	Scauci	ulagraili	or speed	agamsi	unic	taken

As the time taken increases, speed decreases.

Which one of the following types of correlation will his scatter graph show?

Positive Negative Zero

Answer [1]

Examiner's Use

6 The average temperatures in Moscow for each month are shown in the table below.

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Temperature °C	-10.2	-8.9	-4.0	4.5	12.2	16.3	18.5	16.6	10.9	4.3	-2.0	-7.5

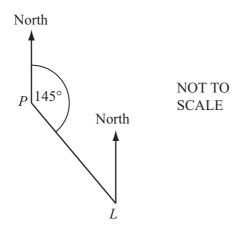
(a) Which month has the lowest average temperature?

Answer(a) [1]

(b) Find the difference between the average temperatures in July and December.

Answer(b) $^{\circ}$ C [1]

7

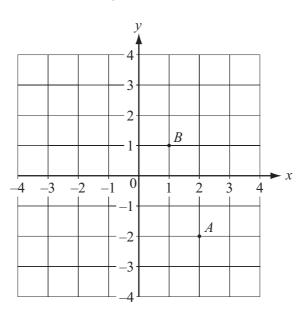


The bearing of a lighthouse, L, from a port, P, is 145°.

Find the bearing of P from L.

Answer [2]

8 The points A and B are marked on the diagram.



(a) Write \overrightarrow{AB} as a column vector.

Answer(a)
$$\overrightarrow{AB} = \left(\right)$$
 [1]

Examiner's Use

(b)
$$\overrightarrow{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$
.

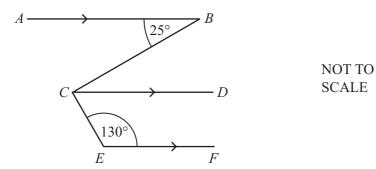
Write down the co-ordinates of *C*.

Answer(b) $($ $,$ $)$ $[$

9 Expand the brackets and simplify

$$3x^2 - x(x-3y)$$
.

Answer [2]



In the diagram, AB, CD and EF are parallel lines.

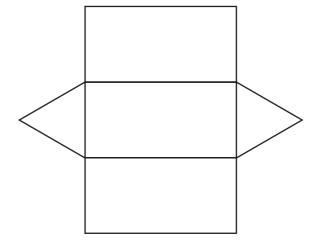
Angle $ABC = 25^{\circ}$ and angle $CEF = 130^{\circ}$.

Calculate angle BCE.

|--|

Examiner's Use

11 The net of a solid is drawn accurately below.



Write down the special name for

(a) the triangles shown on the net,

Answer(a) [1]

(b) the solid.

Answer(b) [1]

For Examiner's Use

12	Wrı	Trite down the equation of the straight line through $(0, -1)$ which is parallel to $y = 3x + 5$.								
			F0.7							
		$Answer y = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	[2]							
13	(a)	$4^p \times 4^5 = 4^{15}$. Find the value of p.								
		Answer(a) p =	[1]							
	(b)	$2^7 \div 2^q = 2^4$. Find the value of q.								
		A_{1}, \dots, A_{n}	Γ1 1							
		Answer(b) q =	[1]							
	(c)	$5^r = \frac{1}{25}$. Find the value of r .								
		Answer(c) r =	[1]							
14	(a)	Alex changed \$250 into euros (ϵ) when the rate was $\epsilon 1 = 1.19886$.								
		How many euros did he receive?								
		$Answer(a) \in$	[2]							
	(b)	Write 1.19886 correct to 3 significant figures.								
		Answer(b)	[1]							

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	7	
15	The diagram shows a regular hexagon and a square.	
	NOT TO SCALE Calculate the values of x and y .	
	$Answer x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	
	y =	[3]
16	Aminata bought 20 metres of cloth at a cost of \$80.	
	She sold 15 metres of the cloth at \$5.40 per metre and 5 metres at \$3 per metre.	
	(a) Calculate the profit she made.	
	Answer(a) \$	[2]
	(b) Calculate this profit as a percentage of the original cost.	[4]
	(w) Curediate this profit as a percentage of the original cost.	

For Examiner's Use

		8		
17	(a)	The surface area of the earth is approximately 510 000 000 square kilometres.		
		Write this number in standard form.		
	(b)	Answer(a)29.4% of the surface area of the earth is land. Calculate the area of land.	km ²	[2]
		Answer(b)	km ²	[2]
18		900 m NOT TO SCALE		
	A h	ot air balloon, M , is 900 metres vertically above a point N on the ground.		
	A b	oy stands at a point O , 1200 metres horizontally from N .		
	(a)	Calculate the distance, OM, of the boy from the balloon.		

Answer(a) OM = m[2]

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(b) Calculate angle *MON*.

Answer(b) Angle MON = [2]

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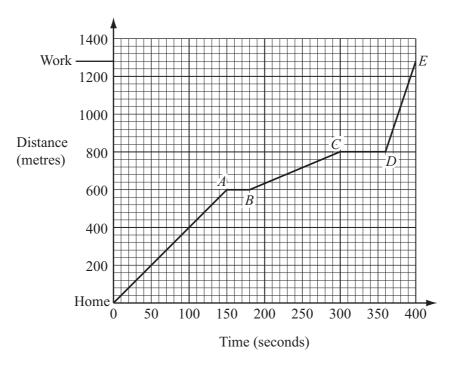
111	triangle ABC , $AB = 110$ mm, $AC = 65$ n	nm and $BC = 88$	mm.	
(a)	Calculate the perimeter of the triangle	e ABC.		
		Answar(a)		mm [
<i>a</i> >				111111 [
(b)) Construct the triangle <i>ABC</i> , leaving in	n your construction	on arcs.	
	The side AB is drawn for you.			
	\overline{A}	110 mm		
				[2
(c)			etre.	
	Write down the shortest possible leng	gth of AB .		
		Answer(c)		mm [

20	15 stude	nts estimated	the area of the	rectangle	shown bel	low.			
	Their est	imates, in squ	are centimetre	s, were					
			45	44	50	50	48		
			24	50	46	43	50		
			48	20	45	49	47		
	(a) Wor	rk out							
	(i)	the mode,							
	(40)				Answer	<i>(a)</i> (i)		 cm ²	[1]
	(ii)	the mean,							
					Answer	<i>(a)</i> (ii)		 cm ²	[2]
	(iii)	the median.							
					Answer	(a)(iii)		 cm ²	[2]
	(b) Exp	olain why the	mean is not a s	uitable av	erage to re	present	this data.		
		wer(b)			C	1			
									[1]

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The graph shows the distance travelled by a cyclist on a journey from Home to Work.

(a) The cyclist stopped twice at traffic lights.

For how many seconds did the cyclist wait altogether?

4 / /	[0]
Answer(a)	c 171
Answeriai	0 141

(b) For which part of the journey did the cyclist travel fastest?

(c) (i) How far did the cyclist travel from Home to Work?

$$Answer(c)(i)$$
 m[1]

(ii) Calculate the cyclist's average speed for the whole journey.

Answer(c)(ii) m/s [3]

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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

0580/01, 0581/01 **MATHEMATICS**

Paper 1 (Core) May/June 2007

1 hour

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: **Electronic Calculator** Mathematical tables (optional)

Geometrical Instruments Tracing paper (optional)

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DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place.

For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total of the marks for this paper is 56.

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1 Work out the value of $\frac{3\times 2}{3\times 2}$	1	Work out the value of	$\frac{6-3\times12}{3\times2}$
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Angrian	Γ1
Answer	1

2 Write the following in order, with the smallest first.

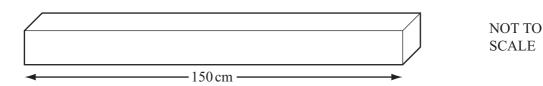
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 0.79 81%

3 Jamal arrived at work at 0940 and left at 1725.

How long, in hours and minutes, did he spend at work?

Answer h min [1]

4



A piece of wood is 150 centimetres long.

It has to be cut into equal lengths of $6\frac{1}{4}$ centimetres.

How many of these lengths can be cut from this piece of wood?

Answer [1]

For
Examiner
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5 Daniel plots a scatter diagram of speed against time taken.

As the time taken increases, speed decreases.

Which one of the following types of correlation will his scatter graph show?

Positive Negative Zero

Answer [1]

6 The average temperatures in Moscow for each month are shown in the table below.

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Temperature °C	-10.2	-8.9	-4.0	4.5	12.2	16.3	18.5	16.6	10.9	4.3	-2.0	-7.5

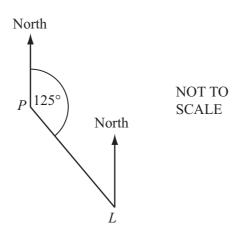
(a) Which month has the lowest average temperature?

Answer(a) [1]

(b) Find the difference between the average temperatures in February and October.

Answer(b) $^{\circ}$ C [1]

7



The bearing of a lighthouse, L, from a port, P, is 125°.

Find the bearing of P from L.

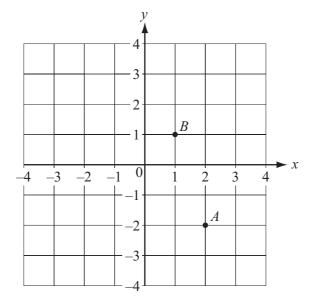
Answer [2]

Second variant Question Paper

4

8 The points A and B are marked on the diagram.

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(a) Write \overrightarrow{AB} as a column vector.

Answer(a) $\overrightarrow{AB} = \left(\right)$ [1]

(b)
$$\overrightarrow{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$
.

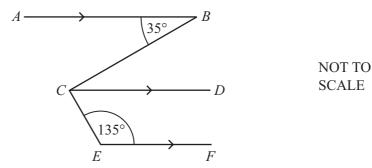
Write down the co-ordinates of C.

Answer(b) (______ , ____) [1]

9 Expand the brackets and simplify

$$4x^2 - x(x - 2y).$$

Answer _____[2]



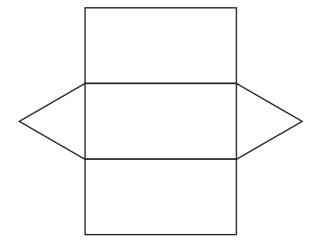
In the diagram, AB, CD and EF are parallel lines.

Angle $ABC = 35^{\circ}$ and angle $CEF = 135^{\circ}$.

Calculate angle BCE.

$$Answer\ Angle\ BCE = \qquad \qquad [2]$$

11 The net of a solid is drawn accurately below.



Write down the special name for

(a) the triangles shown on the net,

Answer(a) [1]

(b) the solid.

Answer(b) [1]

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Examiner's Use

For Examiner's Use

12	Wri	te down the equation of the straight line through $(0, -3)$ which is parallel to $y = 2x + 3$.				
			Answer y =	[2]		
13	(a)	$3^p \times 3^5 = 3^{14}$. Find the value of p .				
		o	Answer(a) p =	[1]		
	(b)	$2^8 \div 2^q = 2^3$. Find the value of q .				
	(a)	$6^r = \frac{1}{36}$. Find the value of r .	Answer(b) q =	[1]		
	(c)	$6 - \frac{1}{36}$. That the value of 7.				
			Answer(c) r =	[1]		
14	(a)	Alex changed \$270 into euros (€) when t	he rate was $\ε 1 = \$1.19886$.			
		How many euros did he receive?				
			Answer(a) €	[2]		
	(b)	Write 1.19886 correct to 3 significant fig	gures.			
			Answer(b)	[1]		

15	The diagram shows a regular hexagon and a square.	
	NOT T SCALI	
	Calculate the values of r and v	

Answer x =	
y =	 [3]

For

Examiner's Use

16 Aminata bought 20 metres of cloth at a cost of \$90.

She sold 15 metres of the cloth at \$5.80 per metre and 5 metres at \$3 per metre.

(a) Calculate the profit she made.

Answer(*a*)\$ [2]

(b) Calculate this profit as a percentage of her original cost.

17	(a)	The surface area	of the earth is	approximately	z 510 000 000 s	quare kilometres
1,	(a)	The surface area	or the cartin is	approximatery	310000000	quare knomenes

For Examiner's Use

Write this number in standard form.

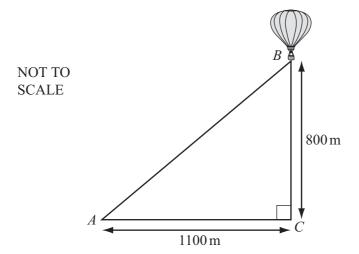
	•	
Answer(a)	km^2	LJ.
Answeriai	KIII	12

(b) 29.4% of the surface area of the earth is land.

Calculate the area of land.



18



A hot air balloon, B, is 800 metres vertically above a point C on the ground.

A girl stands at a point A, 1100 metres horizontally from C.

(a) Calculate the distance, AB, of the girl from the balloon.

$$Answer(a) AB =$$
 m[2]

(b) Calculate the angle *BAC*.

$$Answer(b) Angle BAC =$$
 [2]

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19	In tı	riangle LMN , $LM = 120$ mm, $LN = 70$ mm and $MN = 86$ mm.	For Examiner Use
	(a)	Calculate the perimeter of the triangle <i>LMN</i> .	CSC
		Answer(a) mm [1]	
	(b)	$Answer(a) \qquad \qquad \text{mm} [1]$ Construct the triangle LMN , leaving in your construction arcs.	
	(D)		
		The side LM is drawn for you.	
		L 120 mm M [2]	
	(c)	The side LM is 120 mm, correct to the nearest millimetre.	
		Write down the shortest possible length of LM .	
		Answer(c) mm [1]	

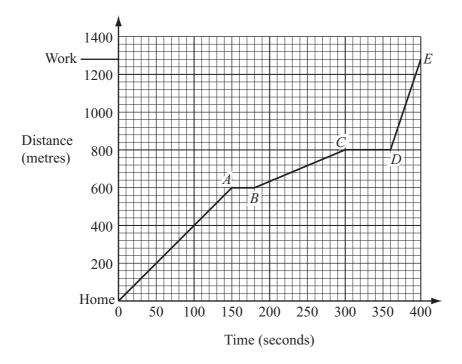
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Examiner's Use

20	15 stude	ents estimated	the area of the r	ectangle	shown bel	low.				
	Their es	timates, in squ	are centimetres	were						
			45	44	50	50	51			
			21	50	46	43	50			
			48	22	45	49	48			
	(a) Wo	ork out								
	(i)	the mode,								
					Answer	(a)(i)			cm ²	[1]
	(ii)	the mean,								
					Aragaway	(~)(;;)			cm^2	[2]
	(iii)	the median.			Answer	(<i>a</i>)(11)		•••••	CIII	[2]
	()									
									2	
					Answer	(a)(iii)		•••••	cm ²	[2]
		plain why the $swer(b)$	nean is not a su	itable av	erage to re	present	this data.			
										[1]

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For Examiner's Use



The graph shows the distance travelled by a cyclist on a journey from Home to Work.

(a) The cyclist stopped twice at traffic lights.

For how many seconds did the cyclist wait altogether?

Answer (a) s	[2]

(b) For which part of the journey did the cyclist travel fastest?

$$Answer(b) [1]$$

(c) (i) How far did the cyclist travel from Home to Work?

$$Answer(c)(i)$$
 m[1]

(ii) Calculate the cyclist's average speed for the whole journey.

Answer(c)(ii) m/s [3]

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