## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	MATHEMATICS		
	Paper 3 (Core)	0580/0	03 0581/03
	Candidates answer o Additional Materials:	n the Question Paper. Electronic calculator Geometrical instruments Mathematical tables (optional) Tracing paper (optional)	May/June 2005 <b>2 hours</b>
Candidate Name			
Centre Number		Candidate Number	
Write your Ce Write in dark You may use	entre number, candidat blue or black pen in the a pencil for any diagra	e number and name on all the work you have spaces provided on the Question Paper.	and in.
DO <b>NOT</b> WR	ITE IN THE BARCODE		

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 104.

Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is

not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Given answers

in degrees to one decimal place.

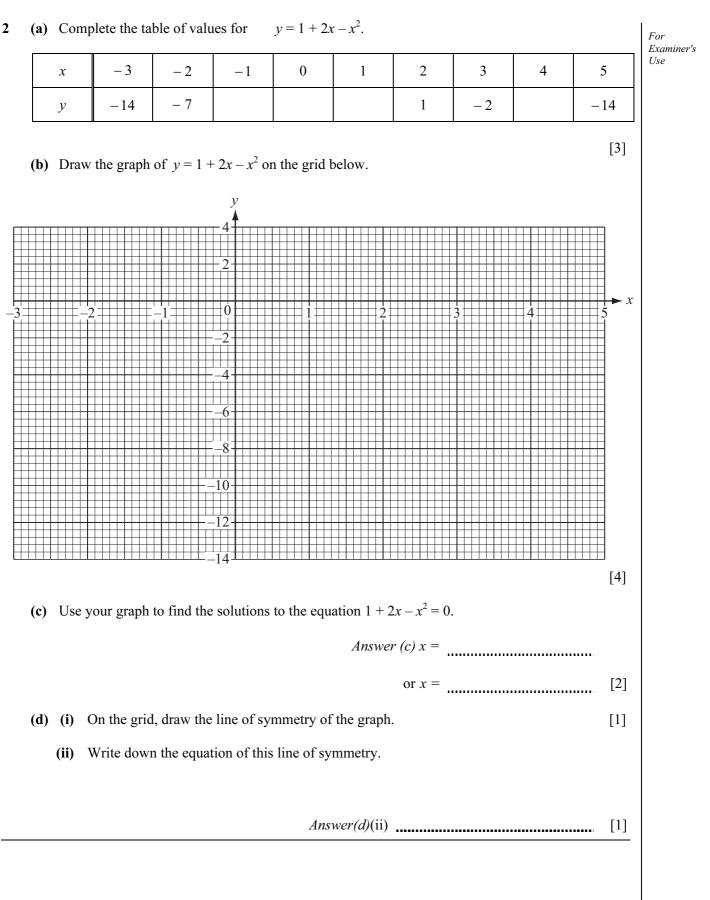
For  $\pi$ , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

This document consists of 15 printed pages and 1 blank page.



For Examiner's Use

1	Juana is travelling by plane from Spain to England.					
	(a)	Her case weighs 17.2 kilograms. The maximum weight allowed is 20 kilograms. By how much is the weight of her case below the maximum allowed?	Examiner's Use			
		<i>Answer (a)</i> kg [1]				
	(b)	She changes 150 euros ( $\in$ ) into pounds ( $\pounds$ ). The exchange rate is $\notin 1 = \pounds 0.71$ . Calculate how much she receives.				
		Answer (b) $\pounds$ [1]				
	(c)	She travels from her home to the airport by train.				
	(C)	She catches a train at 0955 and the journey takes 45 minutes.				
		(i) Write down the time she arrives at the airport.				
		Answer (c)(i) [1]				
		<ul><li>(ii) She has to wait until 12 10 to get on her plane. Work out how long she has to wait.</li></ul>				
		Answer (c)(ii) h min [1]				
	(d)	The plane takes off at 1240 Spanish time, which is 1140 English time. The flight takes $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ hours				
		The flight takes $2\frac{1}{4}$ hours. What is the time in England when she arrives?				
		Answer $(d)$ [1]				
	(e)	The plane has seats for 420 passengers. 15% of the seats are empty. How many passengers are on the plane?				
		Answer (e) [3]				



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Use	

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Minimum temperature °C	4	6	0	-2	-4	2	
Maximum temperature °C	8	10	5	7	2	7	

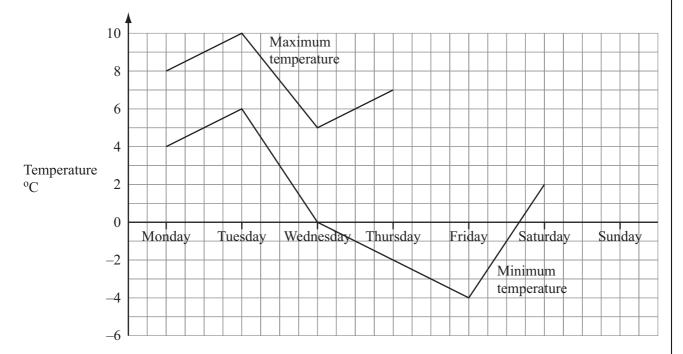
4

The table shows the minimum and maximum temperatures on six days of a week.

- (a) (i) On Sunday the minimum temperature was 5 °C lower than on Saturday. The maximum temperature was 2 °C higher than on Saturday. Use this information to complete the table.
  [2]
  - (ii) Find the difference between the minimum and maximum temperatures on Thursday.

*Answer(a)*(ii) \_\_\_\_\_ °C [1]

(b) Use the table to complete the graphs below for all seven days.



[2]

 $F = \frac{9C}{5} + 32.$ 

Use the formula to change 6 degrees Celsius to degrees Fahrenheit. Show all your working.

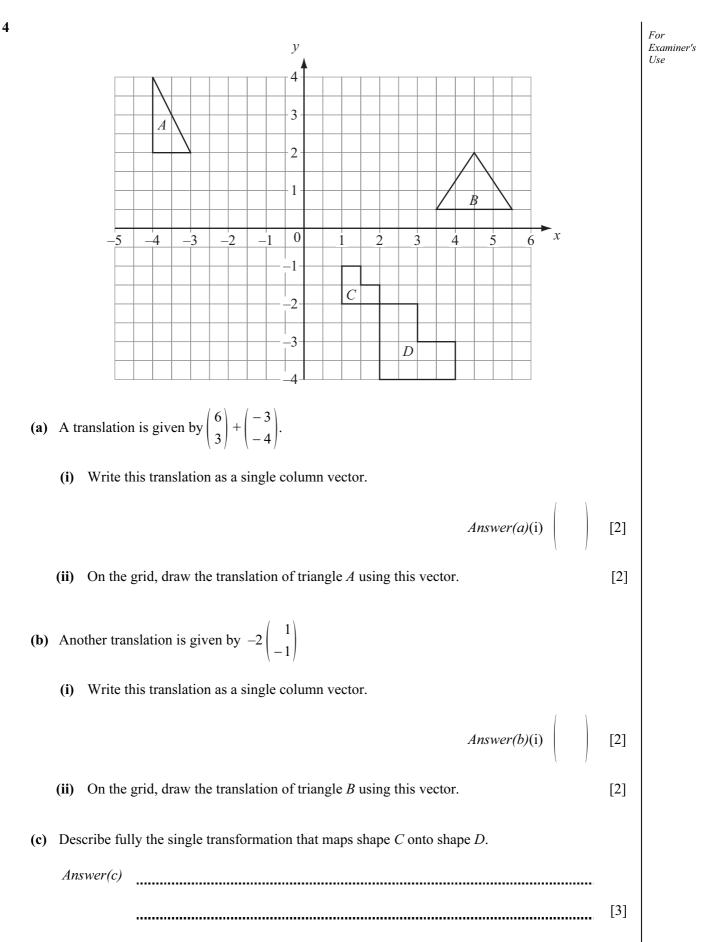
(c) Use your graphs to find

Answer(d) [2]

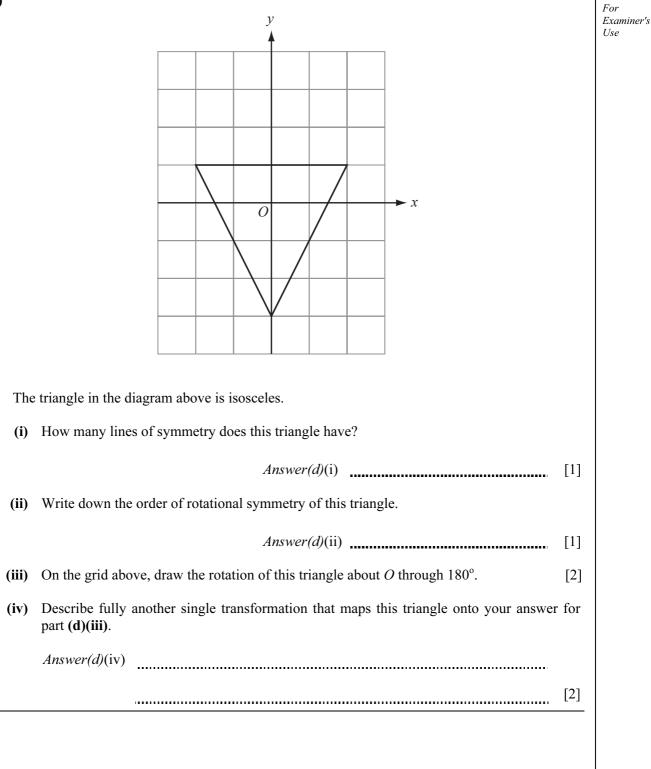
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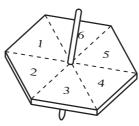


(d)



For Examiner's Use





(a) Asif tests a six-sided spinner.

The results of 60 spins are shown below.

3	3	6	5	6	1	2	6	5	2
3	4	4	4	3	4	6	5	2	1
6	3	6	4	1	5	3	6	2	6
6	6	3	6	1	6	6	5	1	6
1	6	2	5	3	6	4	2	3	5
1	4	4	1	5	4	6	6	2	3

(i) Use these results to complete the frequency table.

Number	Frequency
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	

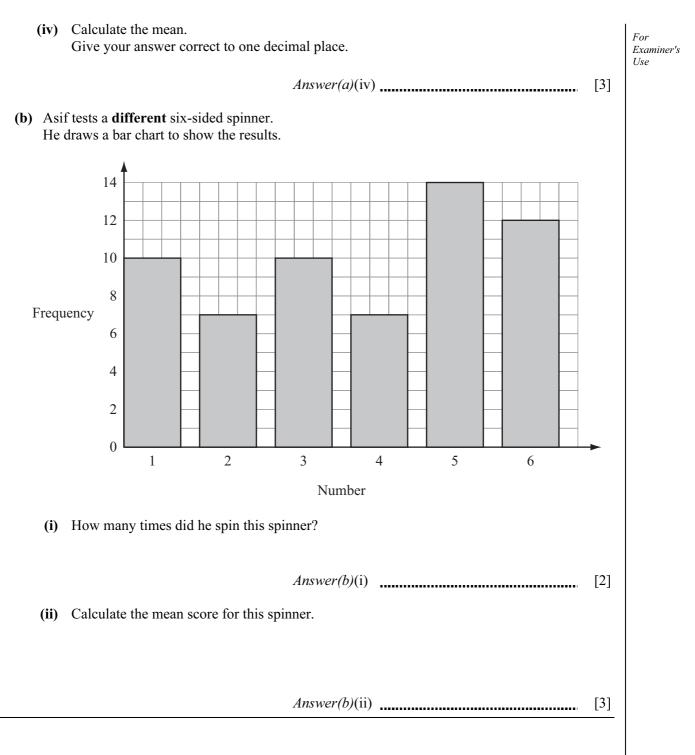
(ii) Write down the mode.

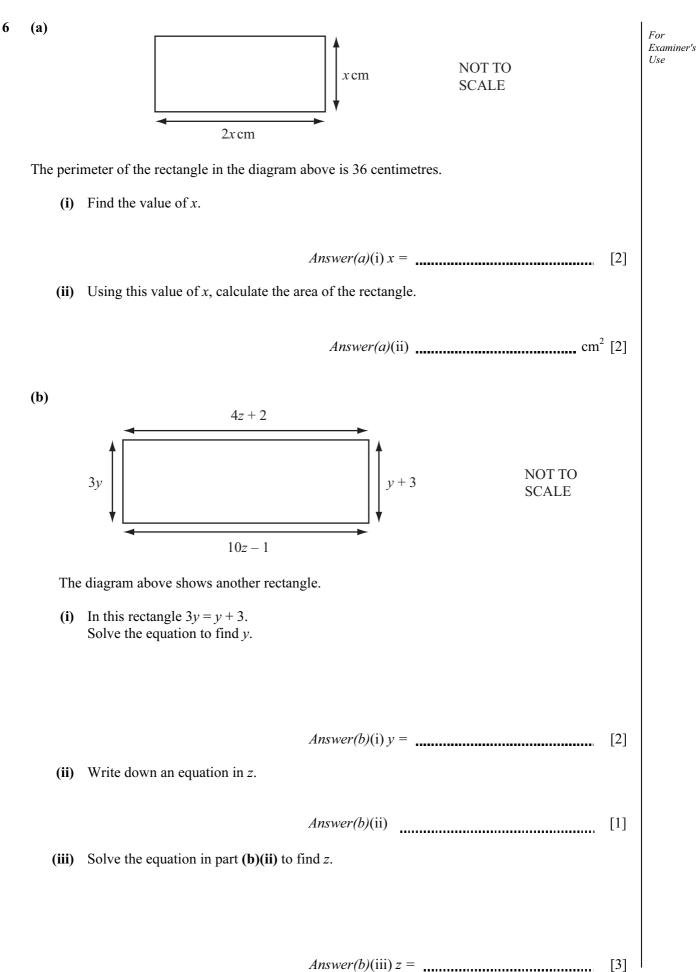
Answer(a)(ii) [1]

[3]

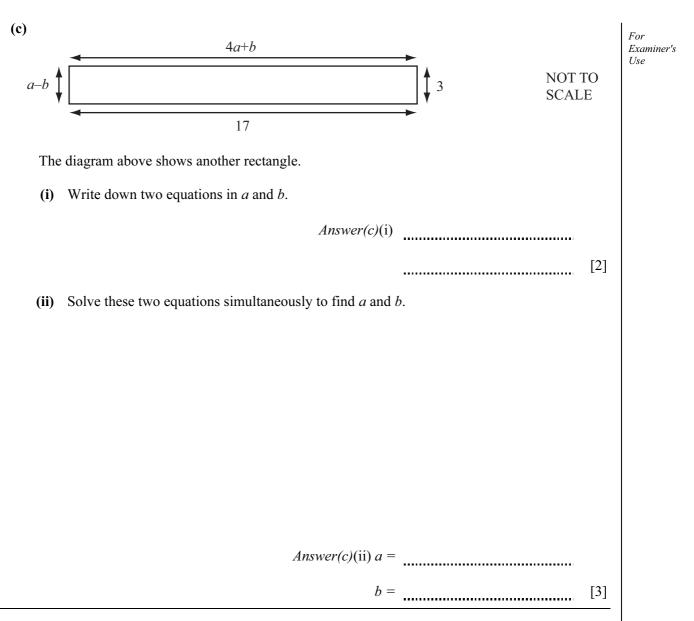
(iii) Find the median.

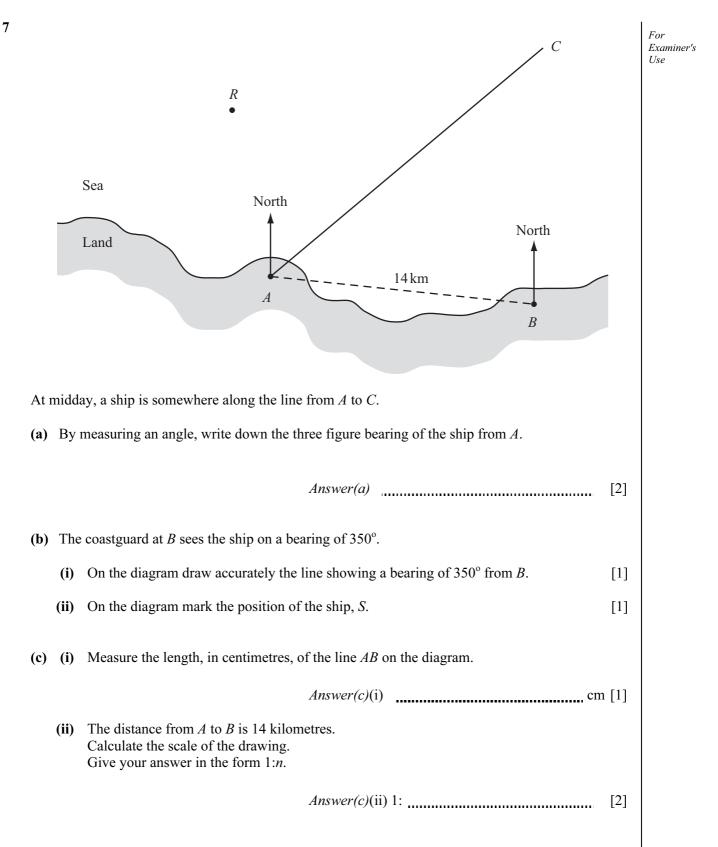
Answer(a)(iii) [2]



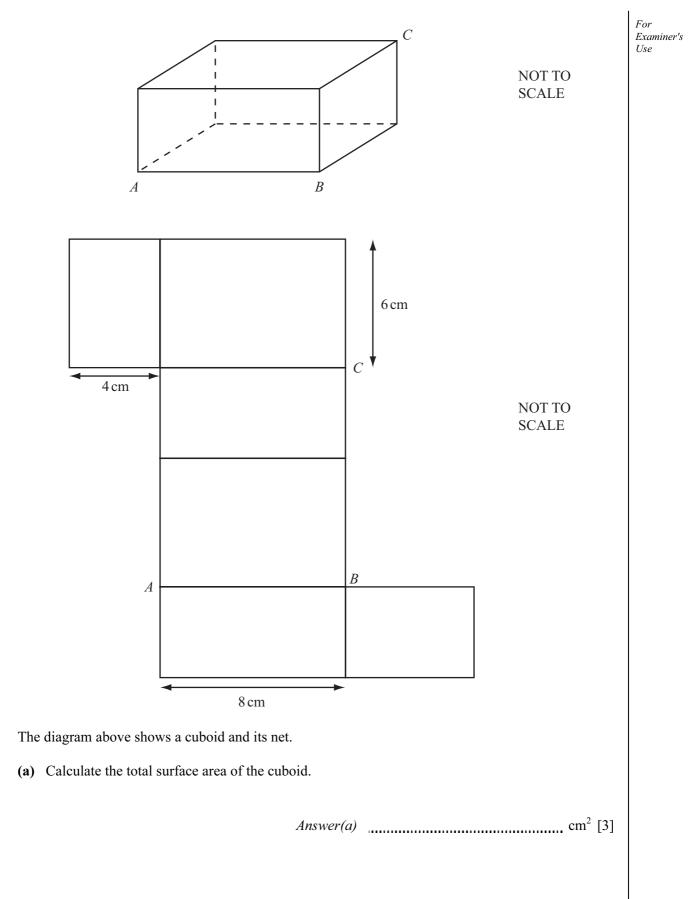


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(d)	The	e ship is sailing straight for the rocks, <i>R</i> . ere is a lighthouse at <i>A</i> . e range of the light from the lighthouse is 10 kilometres.	For Examiner's Use
	(i)	Using your scale, draw the locus of points that are 10 kilometres from <i>A</i> . [2]	
	(ii)	Draw the line <i>SR</i> on the diagram. How far is the ship from the rocks when the light from the lighthouse is first seen on the ship?	
		<i>Answer(d)</i> (ii) km [2]	
(e)		the ship does not alter course it will hit the rocks at $1240$ . if the feboat sets off from the coastguard station, <i>B</i> , at $1200$ and sails straight towards the rocks.	
	(i)	Measure and calculate the distance, in kilometres, from the coastguard station, $B$ , to the rocks, $R$ .	
	(ii)	<i>Answer(e)</i> (i) km [2] Calculate the speed, in kilometres per hour, at which the lifeboat must sail to reach the rocks by 1240.	
	(iii)	<i>Answer(e)</i> (ii)km/h [3] A knot is 1 nautical mile per hour. One nautical mile is equal to 1.85 kilometres. Calculate the speed found in part (e)(ii) in knots.	
		Answer(e)(iii)knots[2]	



(b) Calculate the volume of the cuboid. Answer(b)	m <sup>3</sup> [2]	For Examiner's Use
(c) An ant walks directly from $A$ to $C$ on the surface of the cuboid.		
(i) Draw a straight line on the net to show this route.	[1]	
(ii) Calculate the length of the ant's journey.		
<i>Answer(c)</i> (ii) c (iii) Calculate the size of angle <i>CAB</i> on the net.	m [3]	
Answer(c)(iii) Angle CAB =	[3]	

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