CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
International General Certificate of Secondary Education

ECONOMICS

0455/02

Paper 2 Structured Questions

May/June 2003

1 hour 30 minutes

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet. Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of **3** printed pages and **1** blank page.

Answer all questions.

Private home ownership is increasing in China. For years the urban Chinese relied on 1 overcrowded housing rented from the state and often waited a long time to have their own apartment. Now, with the increase in the market economy, the government is encouraging citydwellers to buy their own homes by giving cheap loans and tax-relief. Home buying will help China's economy. New home-owners need to spend money on furniture, appliances and decorating. GDP grew by 8% in 1999, of which the housing industry contributed about a fifth.

The housing changes will affect social and political issues as well as the economy. In the old system people had to live close to their work, and it was difficult to change jobs because no other housing was available. Single people had no hope of being allocated an apartment. Now anyone with money can buy a home and choose where they wish to live.

(a)	Explain what is meant by the market economy.	[4]
(b)	Explain the meaning of complements and substitutes, giving an example of each from passage.	the [4]
(c)	Identify four factors that might influence a worker's choice of occupation.	[4]
(d)	How far do you think the change in the provision of housing is likely to affect a worker's choor of occupation?	oice [3]
(e)	Discuss whether the change in the provision of housing is likely to benefit everybody.	[5]

2 The most important status symbols for the emerging black middle class in South Africa are clothing and footwear, together with certain perfumes, hair-styles, cell-phones and household appliances. Some of these are expensive products that can be linked to a luxurious life style.

- (a) According to economic theory, what determines the demand for a product? [5]
- (b) Discuss why different income groups have different spending patterns. [5]
- 3 Some car manufacturers are multi-national companies with plants in several countries. These plants produce thousands of cars a year and are capital-intensive.

(a)	Define the term 'capital-intensive'.	[3]

- (b) Why are some organisations capital-intensive and others labour-intensive? [7]
- 4 In 2001 it was announced that two German organisations responsible for training personnel were to merge to form a new organisation with a staff of 900. It was said that this would make the organisation more efficient.
 - (a) Why might companies spend money on training to increase the skills of their workforce? [4]
 - (b) Discuss whether the provision of education and training should be the responsibility of the government. [6]

- **5** The mining and export of minerals and precious stones is a very important part of the Namibian economy. It was reported that despite a sharp decrease in the quantity of these exports between 1995 and 1999 the export value of the items rose in that period.
 - (a) Where would the minerals and precious stones be recorded in the Namibian balance of payments? [2]
 - (b) Discuss whether it is beneficial for a country to specialise in the production and export of a limited range of products. [8]

BLANK PAGE