



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		

BIOLOGY 0610/05

Paper 5 Practical Test October/November 2008

1 hour

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: As listed in the Confidential Instructions.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

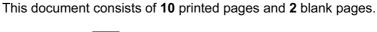
DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

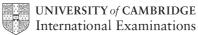
Answer both questions.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use		
1		
2		
Total		





Read the whole question before starting work.

For Examiner's Use

1 You are provided with an active yeast culture in a test-tube with a delivery tube attached.

You are also provided with a test-tube containing hydrogencarbonate indicator which should be a red solution.

If the indicator is NOT red in colour, raise your hand to attract the Supervisor's attention.

 Place the open end of the delivery tube into the hydrogencarbonate indicator, as shown in Fig. 1.1.

Hydrogencarbonate indicator changes colour according to pH. In alkaline solutions the indicator becomes purple and in acidic solutions the indicator becomes yellow.

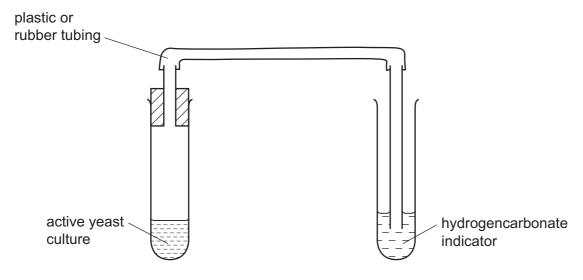


Fig. 1.1

		[1]
(a)	Describe the appearance of the yeast culture.	

- Gently shake the tube with the active yeast culture to mix the contents and observe at intervals of approximately 2 minutes for a total of 10 minutes.
- You may proceed with other parts of this question and Question 2 during this time.

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(b)	(i)	Observe and record any changes which occur in the test-tubes.		
		101		
		[2]		
	(ii)	Explain the changes you have recorded in (b)(i).		
		[2]		
(c)	Describe how you would collect and measure the volume of gas given off per minute by 20 cm ³ of the active yeast culture.			
		[E]		
		[5]		

For Examiner's Use (d) Fig. 1.2 shows a yeast cell reproducing asexually.

For Examiner's Use

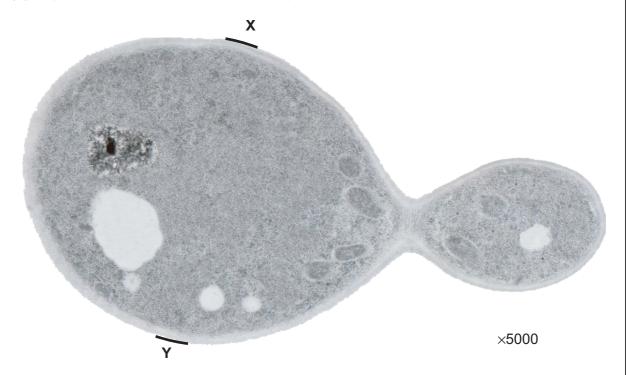


Fig. 1.2

(i) Make a labelled drawing of the yeast cell.

[3]

(ii)	Measure the diameter of the yeast cell in Fig. 1.2 between points X and Y .		
	diameter of cell [distance between X and Y]	•	
	Calculate the magnification of your drawing.		
	Show your working		
	magnification		
		[2]	

For Examiner's Use

[3]

[Total: 16]

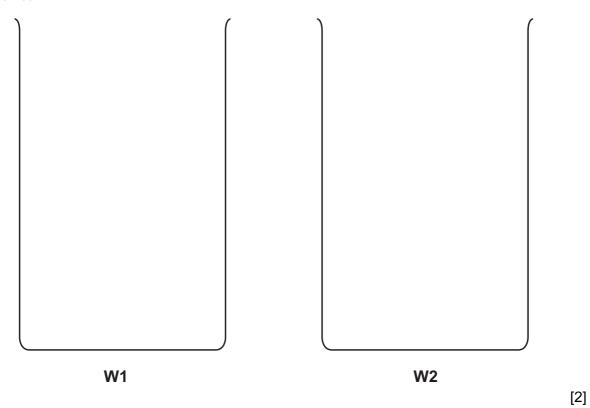
2 Two uncooked hen's eggs of similar size were submerged in acid to dissolve the shell. The contents of the eggs are left intact, enclosed by the egg membrane.

For Examiner's Use

You are provided with one de-shelled egg that has been placed in distilled water for 2 days, labelled **W1**.

The other egg has been placed in salt water for 2 days, labelled **W2**.

(a) (i) Draw the contents of the two containers, W1 and W2, in the outlines shown below.



Observe the two eggs carefully.

(ii) Complete Table 2.1 to compare the two eggs.

Table 2.1

	W1	W2
size of the egg		
position of the egg in the liquid		
appearance of the surface membrane		

[3]

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(iii)	Use the glass rod to gently press the surface of each egg and record your findings.
	[2]
(iv)	Suggest an explanation for these differences.
	[5]

For Examiner's Use **(b)** A student carried out a similar experiment and varied the concentration of salt in different solutions.

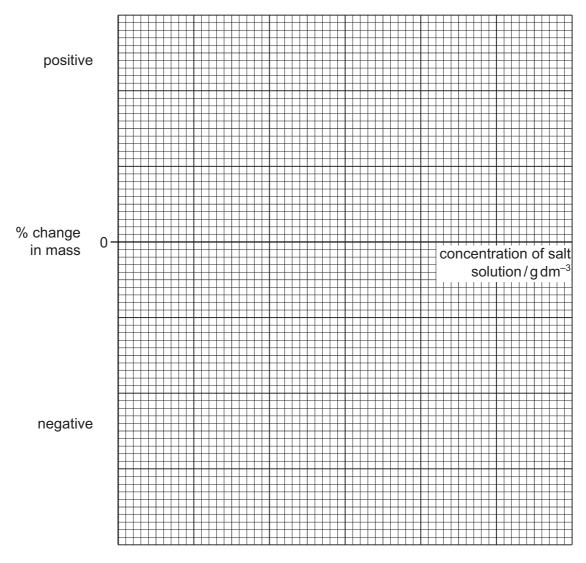
For Examiner's Use

Table 2.2 shows the changes in mass of eggs after 2 days.

Table 2.2

Concentration of salt solution/gdm ⁻³	% change in mass
0.0	+7.3
1.0	+3.2
2.0	+0.8
3.0	-2.5
4.0	-6.4
5.0	-10.8

(i) Draw a graph of this data on the axes shown.



[3]

(ii)	Determine the concentration of salt solution where there is no change in mass.	For Examiner's Use
	[1]	
(iii)	Explain why there is no change in mass at this concentration of salt solution.	
	[3]	

(c)	(i)	Describe how you would carry out a biuret (food) test to show whether protein is present in the 'white' of an egg.					
				[2]			
	(ii)	You are provided egg white.	with two tubes labelled C and D .	Both tubes contain a sample of			
		Carry out the test	you have described in (c)(i) on t	hese samples.			
		Record your resul	ts in Table 2.3.				
			Table 2.3				
			С	D			
		appearance of lent before testing					
	co	lour after testing					
				[2]			
	(iii)	Suggest what you	might conclude from these resu	lts.			
				[1]			
				[Total: 24]			

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