Centre Number	Candidate Number	Name

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

BIOLOGY 0610/02

Paper 2

May/June 2005

1 hour 15 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No additional materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces provided at the top of this page. Write in dark blue or black pen in the spaces provided on the Question Paper. You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

If you have been given a label, look at the details. If any details are incorrect or missing, please fill in your correct details in the space given at the top of this page.

Stick your personal label here, if provided.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
TOTAL		

This document consists of **15** printed pages and **1** blank page.



Answer **all** the questions.

1 Fig. 1.1 shows a mayfly nymph (a larva) that lives in water.

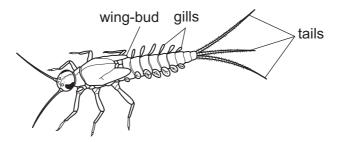


Fig. 1.1

(a) (i) List two features, visible in Fig. 1.1, that show this is an insect.

1	
- 1	

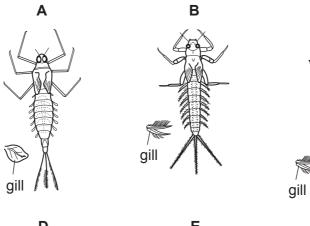
2. _______[2]

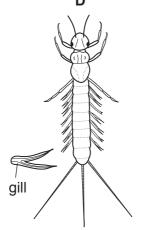
(ii) What special adaptation does the insect shown in Fig. 1.1 have that allows it to live in water?

[1]

C

(b) Fig 1.2 shows five mayfly nymphs.





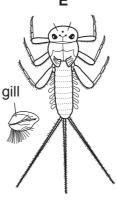


Fig.1.2

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Use the key below to identify the species of each mayfly.

		species
1	Rear pair of legs point towards tails ———— go to 2	
	Rear pair of legs point forwards or sideways ——— go to 3	
2	Gills project sideways from body Gills folded over body	Paraleptophlebia Ephemera
3	Each gill a single flat plate go to 4 Each gill divided into two strands	Potomanthus
4	Tails "feather" like in shape Tails "needle" shaped	Centroptilum Ecdyonurus

Write the diagram letter of each of the species in the correct box of Table 1.1.

Table 1.1

species	diagram letter
Centroptilum	
Ecdyonurus	
Ephemera	
Paraleptophlebia	
Potomanthus	

[4]

[Total: 7]

2 A large number of seeds were germinated on damp sand. Random samples of 10 seedlings were taken every two days. The fresh mass and the dry mass of each sample were measured and are shown in the graph, Fig. 2.1.

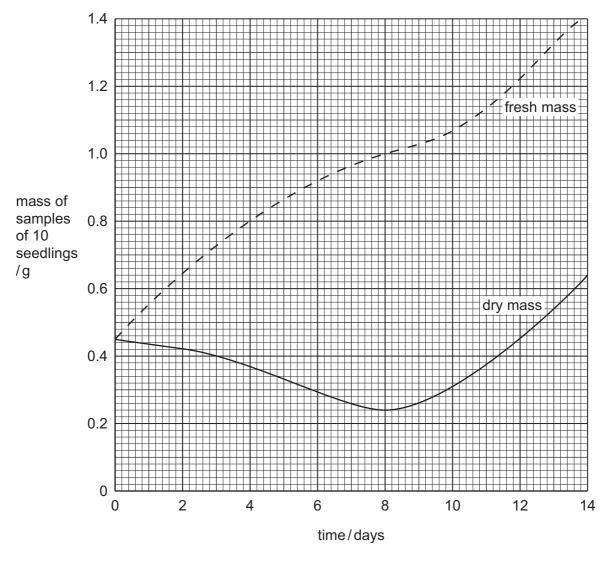


Fig. 2.1

(a) (i) State why the fresh mass and dry mass of a seedling are different.

		[1]
(ii)	Fresh mass is not reliable as a measure of plant growth.	
	Suggest why dry mass is a more reliable measure of plant growth.	
		[1]

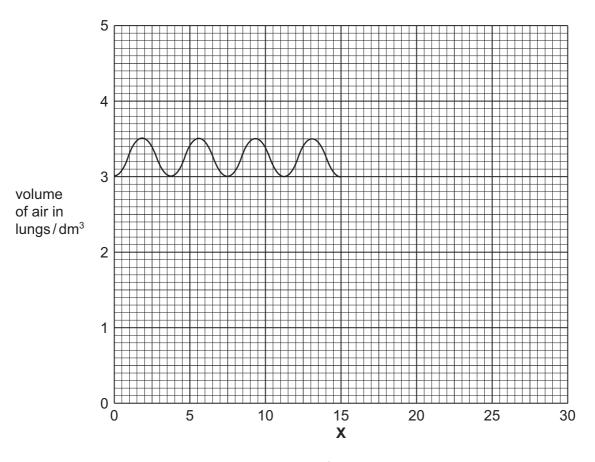
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	(iii)	iii) Explain why 10 seedlings, rather than 1, were used for each sample.			
		[1]			
(b)	(i)	Describe what happens to the fresh mass of the seedlings in the first 2 days after the seeds were set to germinate.			
		[2]			
	(ii)	Suggest a reason for this change in mass.			
		[1]			
(c)	(i)	Describe what happens to the dry mass of the seedlings during the first 8 days.			
		[1]			
	(ii)	Suggest a reason for this change in mass.			
	` ,				
		[2]			
(d)		gest which processes begin in the living seed during the early stages of mination.			

		[4]			

3			ah is a predator that feeds on small antelopes. When chasing its prey, the cheet ry fast but can only keep this up for a short time.	ah
	(a)	(i)	Name the hormone that would be released in large quantities into the cheetal blood to prepare it for the chase.	h's
				[1]
		(ii)	State two ways in which this hormone can help to provide extra energy for t cheetah to run very fast.	the
			1	
			2.	••••
				[2]
	(b)	То	run very fast the cheetah releases energy by both aerobic and anaerobic respiration	on.
		(i)	Complete the equation below to show anaerobic respiration in the cheetah's mus	cles
			+ energy	[1]
		(ii)	State two disadvantages of anaerobic respiration.	
			1	••••
			2.	
				[2]

(c) Fig. 3.1 is a graph of the volume of air flowing into and out of the lungs of a human while breathing at rest.



time/seconds

Fig. 3.1

(i)	State how many breaths are inhaled in 15 seconds.	
		[1]
(ii)	State the volume of air breathed in during each breath.	
		[1]
(iii)	Calculate the volume of air breathed in during one minute. Show your working.	
		[2]
(iv)	At time X the person began to exercise. Sketch on the graph five more breaths this person during this exercise	for

[Total: 12]

[2]

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4	The te	mperature of mammals is normally kept fairly constant.
		oplain how each of the following processes helps to keep the body temperature instant.
	(i)	sweating
		[3]
	(ii)	vasoconstriction
		[4]
	(b) Ex	xplain the value to mammals of maintaining a constant body temperature.

[2]

5	(a)	Select the correct term	from the list below	and write it in the b	ox next to its description.
---	-----	-------------------------	---------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------------

allele	dominant	gene	genotype	heterozygous
homo	ozygous	pher	notype	recessive

description	term
a form of a gene that always has its effect when it is present	
a form of a gene that codes for one of a pair of contrasting features	
an organism having two different forms of a gene for a particular feature	
the alleles that an organism has in its chromosomes	

[4]

(b)	Two red flowered plants were crossed. The seeds produced were germinated and grew
	into 62 white flowered plants and 188 red flowered plants.

(i)	Which flower colour is controlled by the recessive form of the gene?	
		[1]

(ii) Using the symbols ${\bf R}$ and ${\bf r}$, construct a genetic diagram to explain the results of this cross.

[4]

(iii)	One of the white flowered offspring was crossed with a red flowered offspring. Predict the two possible ratios of red and white flowered plants that their seeds would produce.
	1
	2. [2]
	[Total: 11]

6 Fig. 6.1 shows a food web from the Antarctic.

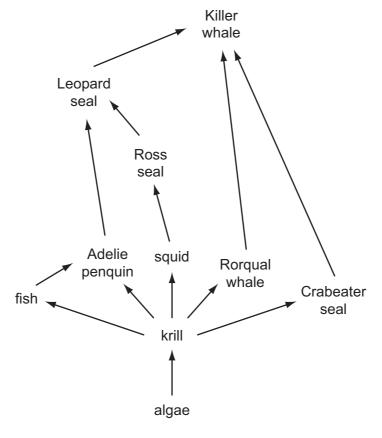
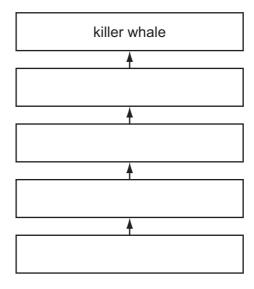


Fig. 6.1

(a) (i) State the original source of energy for this food web.

(ii) Name an organism in this food web that is both a secondary and a tertiary consumer.

- [1]
- **(b)** Write in the names of organisms from Fig. 6.1 to form a complete food chain.



[1]

[1]

(c)	There is concern that pollution of the environment may change the breeding grounds of the Adelie penguin.
	State and explain the effect this might have on the populations of the Leopard seal and the Ross seal.
	Leopard seal
	Ross seal
	[4]
	[Total: 7]

7

(a)	Fib	re in the human diet contains a lot of cellulose that humans cannot digest.
	(i)	State two advantages to humans of including fibre in the diet.
		1
		2
		[2]
	(ii)	Suggest which level in a food chain has organisms that have a means of digesting cellulose.
		[1]
((iii)	Name the form of energy that is present in cellulose.
		[1]
((iv)	What is cellulose used for in plants?
		[1]
(b)	Mic	ronutrients are components of the diet that are only needed in very small quantities.
	Nar tee	me two micronutrients that are essential for the healthy development of bones and th.
	1	
	2	[2]
		[Total: 7]

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[Total: 8]

8 Fig. 8.1 shows a diagram of a section through the heart.

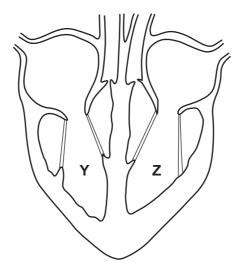


Fig. 8.1

(a)	On	Fig.	8.1	:
٠.	,	•		• • •	

	(i)	label an atrium;	[1]
	(ii)	label the pulmonary vein;	[1]
	(iii)	shade in the chambers that contain deoxygenated blood.	[1]
(b)	Exp	olain why the wall around chamber Z needs to be thicker than that around chamber	· Y .
			••••
		[[2]
(c)	Nar	ne the blood vessel that delivers blood to the muscles of the heart.	
			[1]
(d)	Stat atta	te two preventive actions a person could take to reduce the chance of a heack.	art
			••••
		[[2]

9 Fig. 9.1 shows changes in the population of rabbits after a few of them were released into a new habitat.

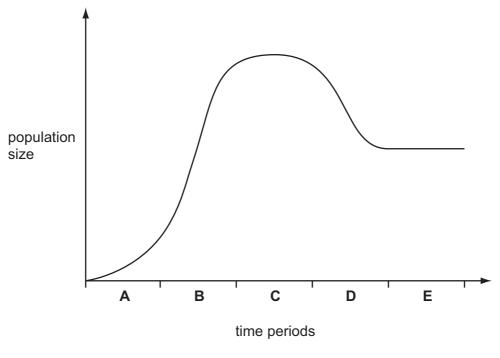


Fig. 9.1

- (a) (i) On the graph mark with an **X** a point when the birth rate is much greater than the death rate. [1]
 - (ii) On the graph mark with an **Z** a point when the birth rate and the death rate are the same. [1]
- (b) During time period **D** there is a decrease in the size of the population.

Outline the factors that may have caused this decrease in population.
ГД

[Total: 6]

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