

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME		
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER
ACCOUNTING	i de la constante de	9706/22
Paper 2 Struct	ured Questions	October/November 2009
		1 hour 30 minutes
Candidates ans No Additional M	swer on the Question Paper. laterials are required.	

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** questions. All accounting statements are to be presented in good style. Workings must be shown. You may use a calculator.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use		
1		
2		
3		
Total		

This document consists of 14 printed pages and 2 blank pages.



Tł	ne following is a summary of Harry's balance sheet at 30 April 20	08.	
		\$000	\$000
A	ssets		
Fi	xed assets Furniture and equipment at net book value		208
Сι	urrent assets Stock	1500	
	Debtors	610	
т.	Cash	6	<u>2116</u>
IC	DIAI ASSETS		<u>2324</u>
Ec Ec	quity and liabilities		
Ō	wner's capital		1096
Сι	urrent liabilities		
	Creditors for supplies	920	
	Creditors for expenses Bank overdraft	98 210	1228
	Baincovordian		2324
Tł	ne following information is available for the year ended 30 A	pril 2009:	\$ 000
1	Amount paid into bank (This included \$50 000 from the sale of furniture and equipmen which had a net book value of \$48 000.)	t	\$000 2950
2	Cash from Harry's sales was used to pay for the following.		
_	Expenses		152
	Drawings		70
3	Amounts paid from the bank:		
	Purchases		1750
	Interest on overdratt		30 810
			010
4	Balances at 30 April 2009:		540
	Creditors for expenses		510 90
	Debtors		400
	Stock		720
	Cash		5
5	During the year, Harry brought into the business a motor vehicl	e.	12
6	A provision for doubtful debts of 4% of debtors is to be made.		

7 Depreciation on all fixed assets was to be provided for at 25% using the reducing (diminishing) balance method. Full depreciation would be provided for in the year in which an asset was introduced but none would be applied in the year of disposal.

1

RE	QUIRED	For
(a)	Explain, briefly , the difference between a liability and a provision.	Examiner's Use
	[3]	
(b)	Calculate, showing all workings, the total sales for the year ended 30 April 2009.	
	[4]	

(c)	Calculate, showing all workings, Harry's bank balance at 30 April 2009.

 [3]
. [0]

(d)	Prepare Harry's tra 30 April 2009.	ading and	profit a	nd loss	account	for the	year	ended
								[12]

(e) Prepare Harry's balance sheet at 30 April 2009. Use a layout similar to the balance sheet at the beginning of the question.

For Examiner's Use

[8]
[Total: 30]

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7

Question 2 is on the following page.

2 Alex's fixed asset accounts and provision for depreciation on fixed asset accounts for the year ended 30 April 2008 were as follows:

	Fur	niture and e	equipment acc	count	
		\$000			\$000
2007			2007		
1 May 3 June	Balance b/d Bank	2 700 720	5 July 2008	Disposal	450
		2.400	30 April	Balance c/d	<u>2 970</u>
2008		<u>3 420</u>			<u>3 420</u>
1 May	Balance b/d	2 970			
	Provision for depr	eciation on	furniture and	equipment account	
		\$000			\$000
2007			2007		
5 July 2008	Disposal	345	1 May 2008	Balance b/d	945
30 April	Balance c/d	<u>897</u> 1 242	30 April	Profit & loss	<u>297</u> 1 242
		<u> </u>	1 May	Balance b/d	897
		Motor ver	nicles account		
		Motor veł \$000	nicles account		\$000
2007		Motor veł \$000	nicles account 2007		\$000
2007 1 May 3 Oct	Balance b/d	Motor veh \$000 1 560 570	nicles account 2007 3 Oct 2008	Disposal	\$000 330
2007 1 May 3 Oct	Balance b/d Bank	Motor veh \$000 1 560 570	nicles account 2007 3 Oct 2008 30 April	Disposal Balance c/d	\$000 330 <u>1 800</u>
2007 1 May 3 Oct	Balance b/d Bank	Motor veh \$000 1 560 570 <u>2 130</u>	nicles account 2007 3 Oct 2008 30 April	Disposal Balance c/d	\$000 330 <u>1 800</u> <u>2 130</u>
2007 1 May 3 Oct 2008 1 May	Balance b/d Bank Balance b/d	Motor veh \$000 1 560 570 <u>2 130</u> 1 800	nicles account 2007 3 Oct 2008 30 April	Disposal Balance c/d	\$000 330 <u>1 800</u> <u>2 130</u>
2007 1 May 3 Oct 2008 1 May	Balance b/d Bank Balance b/d Provision for	Motor veh \$000 1 560 570 <u>2 130</u> 1 800 depreciatio	nicles account 2007 3 Oct 2008 30 April	Disposal Balance c/d hicles account	\$000 330 <u>1 800</u> <u>2 130</u>
2007 1 May 3 Oct 2008 1 May	Balance b/d Bank Balance b/d Provision for	Motor veh \$000 1 560 570 <u>2 130</u> 1 800 depreciatio \$000	nicles account 2007 3 Oct 2008 30 April	Disposal Balance c/d hicles account	\$000 330 <u>1 800 2 130</u> \$000
2007 1 May 3 Oct 2008 1 May 2007 3 Oct	Balance b/d Bank Balance b/d Provision for Disposal	Motor vef \$000 1 560 570 <u>2 130</u> 1 800 depreciatio \$000 285	nicles account 2007 3 Oct 2008 30 April n on motor ve 2007 1 May	Disposal Balance c/d hicles account	\$000 330 <u>1 800</u> <u>2 130</u> \$000
2007 1 May 3 Oct 2008 1 May 2007 3 Oct 2008	Balance b/d Bank Balance b/d Provision for Disposal	Motor veh \$000 1 560 570 <u>2 130</u> 1 800 depreciatio \$000 285	nicles account 2007 3 Oct 2008 30 April n on motor ve 2007 1 May 2008	Disposal Balance c/d hicles account Balance b/d	\$000 330 <u>1 800</u> <u>2 130</u> \$000 675
2007 1 May 3 Oct 2008 1 May 2007 3 Oct 2008 30 April	Balance b/d Bank Balance b/d Provision for Disposal Balance c/d	Motor veh \$000 1 560 570 2 130 1 800 depreciatio \$000 285 <u>840</u> 1 125	nicles account 2007 3 Oct 2008 30 April n on motor ve 2007 1 May 2008 30 April	Disposal Balance c/d hicles account Balance b/d Profit & loss	\$000 330 <u>1 800</u> <u>2 130</u> \$000 675 <u>450</u> 1 125
2007 1 May 3 Oct 2008 1 May 2007 3 Oct 2008 30 April	Balance b/d Bank Balance b/d Provision for Disposal Balance c/d	Motor veh \$000 1 560 570 2 130 1 800 depreciation \$000 285 840 1 125	nicles account 2007 3 Oct 2008 30 April n on motor ve 2007 1 May 2008 30 April 1 May	Disposal Balance c/d hicles account Balance b/d Profit & loss Balance b/d	000 330 1800 2130 000 675 450 1125 840

2007		Dr	Cr	Balance \$000
2007 1 May	Balance h/d	4000	4000	φ000 2 700 Dr
3 June	Bank	720		3 420
5 July	Disnosal	720	450	2 970
obary	Diopoodi		100	2010
Provisio	n for depreciation or	n furniture an	d equipment a	account
		Dr	Cr	Balance
2007		\$000	\$000	\$000
1 May	Balance b/d			945 Cr
5 July	Disposal	345		600
2008				
30 April	Profit and loss		297	897
	Motor ve	hicles accou	nt	
		Dr	Cr	Balance
2007		\$000	\$000	\$000
2001		\$000	\$000	4000
1 May	Balance b/d			1 560 Dr
3 Oct	Disposal		330	1 230
	Bank	570		1 800
Pro	vision for depreciation	on on motor y	vehicles acco	unt
110		Dr	Cr	Balance
2007		\$000	\$000	\$000
1 May	Balance b/d	ÇÖÖÖ	*************	675 Cr
3 Oct	Disposal	285		390

ALTERNATIVE PRESENTATION USING RUNNING BALANCE

Eurniture and equipment account

During the year ended 30 April 2009 the following transactions took place:

On 1 June 2008 new equipment was purchased for \$540 000.
On 3 December 2008 new furniture was purchased for \$80 000.
On 3 September 2008 equipment which had been purchased on 31 March 2006 for \$300 000 was sold for \$132 000.

450

840

2 On 1 February 2009 three new motor vehicles were purchased for \$80 000 each. On the same date a vehicle which had cost \$56 000 on 15 May 2005 was sold for \$20 000.

A full year's depreciation is provided for on all fixed assets in use at the end of the financial year but none is provided for in the year of disposal of a fixed asset.

The rates of depreciation applied on cost for the year ended 30 April 2008 continue to be applied for the year ended 30 April 2009.

2008

30 Apr

Profit and loss



(iv)	Provision for depreciation on motor vehicles
	۱۳J
(v)	Disposal of furniture and equipment
	141
	[4]
(vi)	Disposal of motor vehicles.
	[4]

(b)	Explain the term 'depreciation' and give one example.
	[5]
	[Total: 30]

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13

Question 3 is on the following page.

3 Cariokae Ltd is a specialist manufacturer of steel rods for use in the construction industry. The company has three different machines each of which is capable of producing the rods. When a company receives a new order it has to decide which of the three machines to use.

Data regarding the machines is as follows:

MACHINE	А	В	С
Set-up costs per order	\$200	\$330	\$600
Number of rods produced per machine-hour	100	150	200
Number of machine operators	4	5	6

Variable factory overhead for each machine is \$12 per direct labour hour. Direct material needed to produce 100 rods is \$300, whichever machine is selected. Machine operators are paid \$10.50 per hour.

REQUIRED

- (a) Order P235 has been received for 3000 rods.
 - (i) Calculate the costs of producing order P235 on **each** machine.

	MACHINE			
DATA FOR ORDER P235	А	В	С	
Order quantity				
Production rates per hour				
Operating hours				
Number of operators				
Direct labour hours worked				
COSTS FOR P235	\$	\$	\$	
Direct materials				
Direct labour				
Variable overheads				
Set up costs				
Total costs				



(c) (i) State how your advice to the production manager should differ if the additional operator is employed. Examiner's [2] (ii) State whether the additional operator should be retained for each machine. Explain your reasoning.

[2]

[Total: 30]

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