## Formulae Sheet

## Learning curve

$Y=a x^{b}$
Where $Y=$ cumulative average time per unit to produce $x$ units
$a=$ the time taken for the first unit of output
$x=$ the cumulative number of units
$b=$ the index of learning $(\log L R / \log 2)$
$\mathrm{LR}=$ the learning rate as a decimal

## Regression analysis

$y=a+b x$
$b=\frac{n \sum x y-\sum x \sum y}{n \sum x^{2}-\left(\sum x\right)^{2}}$
$a=\frac{\sum y}{n}-\frac{b \sum x}{n}$
$r=\frac{n \sum x y-\sum x \sum y}{\sqrt{\left(n \sum x^{2}-\left(\sum x\right)^{2}\right)\left(n \sum y^{2}-\left(\sum y\right)^{2}\right)}}$

## Demand curve

$$
\begin{aligned}
& P=a-b Q \\
& b=\frac{\text { change in price }}{\text { change in quantity }} \\
& a=\text { price when } Q=0 \\
& M R=a-2 b Q
\end{aligned}
$$

