

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS

DIGITAL COMPUTER

LIBRARY ROUTINE AUX. N 9 - 196

TITLE Matrix Modifying Input

TYPE Closed subroutine with one program parameter which utilizes routine N - 2. The link is

$$\begin{array}{|l} 50 \text{ kF} \\ 50 \text{ pF} \\ \hline 26 \text{ xF} \end{array}$$

where k is the location beginning at which the non-zero elements of matrix A are stored and x is the first word of this routine.

NUMBER OF WORDS 43 words plus the 26 words of N - 2.

TEMPORARY STORAGE 0, 1, 2, S⁴, ..., (q - 1) S⁴ where q is the number of columns in A.

PRESET PARAMETERS S³, S⁴, S⁶. During the input of this routine, locations 3, 4, and 6 must contain the following quantities:

3) 00 F 00 nF n is the number of rows in the matrix A

4) 00 F 00 aF The locations (a + i) (i = 0, 1, ..., q - 1) are used as temporary storage for each successive row of A before its nonzero elements are stored in their modified form.

6) 00 F 00 cF c is the location of the first word of routine N - 2.

ACCURACY A maximum of 9 decimal places.

DURATION Approximately the reading time.

DESCRIPTION The role of this routine is to take in a matrix, modify its nonzero elements so that the last ten bits of the element indicate the row and column in which the element appears and then store

consecutively only the modified non-zero elements. It will handle matrices punched out in row form where a zero element is represented by a plus sign and each row except the last is terminated by the symbol N. The last row of the matrix is terminated by the symbol J. For example, the matrix

```
+ .1    0    0
      0    0  -.1
+ .2    0    0
```

is punched as

```
+1  +  +  N
+   +  -1 N
+2  +  +  J
```

The elements of the matrix are read in a row at a time by means of Routine N - 2. The number of locations needed to store the matrix A is equal to the number of non-zero elements in the matrix plus one. While the size of the matrix which can be stored depends upon the number of non-zero elements, the maximum matrix which this routine will handle correctly is a matrix with 511 columns. There is no restriction on the number of rows.

METHOD

The last 10 bits of the non-zero elements of the matrix are discarded, for these bits are used to indicate the row and column in which these non-zero elements appear. The first non-zero element of each row has one in the 2^{-30} th position of the word while the remaining non-zero elements of the row have zero in this 2^{-30} th position. The remaining 9 bits 2^{-31} through 2^{-39} indicate the particular column of this row in which this non-zero element appears. These non-zero elements are stored rounded off to 30 binary bits. A one is placed in the 2^{-29} th position if the unmodified number is greater in absolute value than | the modified

number + $1/2 \cdot 2^{-29}$ | otherwise a zero is placed in this
 2^{-29} position.

DATE	October 5, 1955
PROGRAMMED BY	R. P. Polivka
APPROVED BY	<i>J. P. Nash</i>

RPP/mge
October 5, 1955

LOCATION	ORDER		NOTES	PAGE 1
0	K5 F 42 30L		Set link	
1	10 20F 42 17L			
2	L5 3F L4 4F		Form a + n	
3	42 36L 26 38L			
4	10 1F 40 37L		2^{-30}	
5	50 S4 50 5L			
6	26 S6 40 33L		to N2	
7	26 40L F5 32L		Column counter	
8	40 32L L3 (S4)			
9	36 19L 50 (S4)		→ element = zero	
10	J0 34L L5 32L		Modify the non-zero	
11	L4 37L S4 S4		elements	
12	40 F L4 35L			
13	40 1F L4 F			
14	10 1F 40 37L		Round-off test	
15	L7 37L L2 S4			

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES	PAGE 2
16	32 22L		
	41 37L		
17	L5 1F		
	40 ()F		
18	F5 17L		
	40 17L	Increase	
19	F5 8L		
	40 8L	Addresses	
20	42 9L		
	42 15L		
21	L0 36L		
	36 24L	At end of row?	
22	22 7L		
	41 37L		
23	L5 F		
	22 17L		
24	L5 11L		
	42 8L	Reset addresses for	
25	42 9L	new row	
	42 15L		
26	L3 33L		
	36 39L		
27	L5 17L		
	42 29L	Insert word indicating	
28	L5 35L	end of matrix.	
	10 1F		
29	32 29L		
	40 ()F		
30	50 S4	waste	
	22 ()F	link	
31	40 ()F		
	L5 8S6		

LOCATION	ORDER	NOTES
32	00 F	
	00 F	
33	00 F	
	00 F	Constants
34	LL 4095F	
	LL 3072F	
35	00 F	
	00 1024F	
36	40 32L	
	L3 F	
37	00 F	
	00 F	
38	00 20F	
	46 31L	
39	L5 35L	
	26 4L	
40	L5 31L	
	L0 8S6	Does each row have the
41	40 32L	number of elements in
	L3 32L	input?
42	32 7L	
	FF F	

RPP/mge
10/4/55