#### **MANAGEMENT SUMMARY**

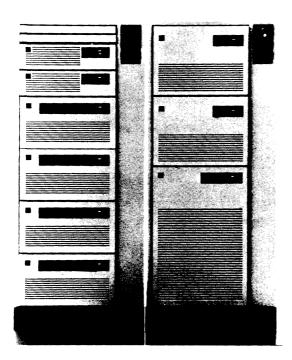
**UPDATE:** Since Datapro's last report on the 9370, IBM has increased the functionality of its 9370 Information System. Significant changes have made in the data communications and the peripheral product base.

IBM has extended the range of systems support, flexibility, and distributed processing capabilities of the 9370 with the introduction of products such as Advanced Communication Function/VirtualTelecommunicationsAccessMethod(ACF/VTAM) Version 3, NetView Release 3, and NetView Network Definer, which allow peer-to-peer communications and centralized network management.

The addition of high-performance, high-capacity DASD devices and high-performance DASD controllers enhance the price/performance and functionality of the 9370.

Introduced in October 1986, the 9370 Information System is IBM's strategic departmental processing system. It arms IBM with a more competitive product for office and departmental computing.

The 9370 delivers mainframe-class performance in a low-cost, compact package. It offers greater price/performance than the IBM System/36 (S/36) and System/38 (S/38), a group of non-System/370-compatible office systems, and is



IBM's 9377 Model 90, the top-of-the-line 9370 Information System, rivals the lower end IBM 4381 systems in processing power. It supports up to 384 local workstations and can attach a maximum of 7742GB of DASD storage.

The IBM 9370 is a compact, office-environment system that maintains full compatibility with IBM System/370-architecture-based(S/370-architecture-based) systems. It offers a higher level of price/performance and cost effectiveness than other entry-level S/370 systems. Designed for use as a departmental system, the 9370 is primarily intended to run VM/SP, IBM's primary enduser, interactive operating system for S/370 machines. Also, the 9370 supports Ethernet, IBM Token-Ring, and SNA networks, making the system suitable for departmental computing.

MODELS: 9373 Model 20, 9375 Model 40 and Model 60, and 9377 Model 90. MAIN MEMORY: 4MB to 16MB. DISK CAPACITY: 368MB to 7742GB.

WORKSTATIONS: Up to 384.

PRICE: \$31,000 to \$190,000 (base system

prices).

#### **CHARACTERISTICS**

MANUFACTURER: International Business Machines Corporation, Old Orchard Road, Armonk, New York 10504. Contact your local IBM representative.

CANADIAN ADDRESS: IBM Canada Ltd., Markham, 3500 Steeles Avenue East, Markham, Ontario, Canada L3R 2Z1. Telephone (416) 474-2111.

#### **DATA FORMATS**

BASIC UNIT: An eight-bit byte. Each byte can represent one alphanumeric character, two BCD digits, or eight binary bits. Two consecutive bytes form a "halfword" of 16 bits, while four consecutive bytes form a 32-bit "word."

FIXED-POINT OPERANDS: Can range from one to 16 bytes (one to 31 digits plus sign) in decimal mode; one halfword (16 bits) or one word (32 bits) in binary mode.

FLOATING-POINT OPERANDS: One word, consisting of 24-bit fraction and seven-bit hexadecimal exponent, in "short" format; two words, consisting of 56-bit fraction and seven-bit hexadecimal exponent, in "long" format; or four words, in "extended precision" format.

INSTRUCTIONS: Two, four, or six bytes in length, specifying 0, 1, or 2 memory addresses, respectively.

The 9370 processors employ the S/370 Universal Instruction Set. The instruction set includes complete arithmetic facilities for processing variable-length decimal and fixed-point binary operands, as well as instructions which handle loading, storing, comparing, branching, shifting, editing, radix conversion, code translation, logical operations, packing, and unpacking. In addition, a group of "privileged

#### **CHART A. SYSTEM COMPARISON**

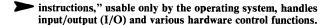
MODEL	9373 Model 20	9375 Model 40	9375 Model 60	9377 Model 90
SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS				
Date of introduction	October 1986	October 1986	October 1986	October 1986
Date of first delivery	3rd Quarter 1987	4th Quarter 1987	3rd Quarter 1987	4th Quarter 1987
Operating system	VM/SP; IX/370; VSE/SP	VM/SP; IX/370; VSE/SP	VM/SP; IX/370; VSE/SP; MVS/SP	VM/SP; IX/370; VSE/SP; MVS/SP
Upgradable from	Not applicable	Not applicable	9375-40	Not applicable*
Upgradable to	Not applicable	9375-60*	Not applicable*	Not applicable
MIPS	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Relative performance	1.0	1.0-1.4	2.2-3.0	4.5-5.2
(based on a rating of	1			
the 9373-20 at 1.0 )				
MEMORY				
Minimum capacity, bytes	4M	8M	8M	8M
Maximum capacity, bytes	16M	16M	16M	16M
Type	1M-bit	1M-bit	1M-bit	1M-bit
Cache memory	None	None	16KB	16KB
Cycle time, nanoseconds				_
Bytes fetched per cycle		_	<u> </u>	
INPUT/OUTPUT CONTROL				
Number of channels	1	4	4	6
High-speed buses	1	2	2	16
Low-speed buses	3	14	14	12
MINIMUM DISK STORAGE	368MB	368MB	368MB	368MB
MAXIMUM DISK STORAGE	6.5GB	968GB	968GB	7742GB
NUMBER OF WORKSTATIONS	64	192	192	384
COMMUNICATIONS PROTOCOLS	BSC, SDLC, X.21,	BSC, SDLC, X.21,	BSC, SDLC, X.21,	BSC, SDLC, X.21,
	HDLC, X.25, IBM To-	HDLC, X.25, IBM To-	HDLC, X.25, IBM To-	HDLC, X.25, IBM To-
	ken-Ring, Ethernet,	ken-Ring, Ethernet,	ken-Ring, Ethernet,	ken-Ring, Ethernet,
	SNA	SNA	SNA	SNA

Note: A dash (---) in a column indicates that the information is unavailable from the vendor

more powerful and less costly than the 4361, IBM's previous office-level System/370 (S/370)-architecture system. Additionally, the 9370 is less costly than the IBM 4381, the entry point for high-performance S/370 computing.

Besides delivering better cost effectiveness and greater price/performance than IBM's other departmental and distributed processing solutions, the 9370 provides greater functionality. For example, the 9370 supports several types of database management systems; in contrast, the \$/36 cannot support a DBMS. Furthermore, the 9370 delivers a much improved communications architecture when compared to other IBM departmental offerings, such as the S/ 36 and S/38. Besides using SNA and the IBM Token-Ring Local Area Network (LAN), the 9370 also supports the IEEE 802.3-recommended Ethernet LAN; the S/36 and S/ 38, at the present, only are equipped with SNA and Token-Ring LAN communications facilities, thus limiting distributed processing functionality. The de facto industrystandard Ethernet network offers a wider range of connectivity than the Token-Ring; i.e., Ethernet supports a wide variety of systems from a variety of vendors. By not supporting Ethernet, the S/3X products cede ground to the 9370.

One of the most important advantages of the 9370 is that it is software compatible with IBM S/370-architecture systems such as the 4381 superminicomputers and 3080 and 3090 mainframes, in selected environments such as VM. The S/3X systems do not offer S/370-compatibility, thus



Also standard are extended-precision floating-point, dynamic address translation, and Virtual Telecommunications Access Method (VTAM) instructions.

INTERNAL CODE: Extended Binary-Coded Decimal Interchange Code (EBCDIC).

#### **MAIN STORAGE**

TYPE: The 9370 main memory employs 1-megabit chips.

CYCLE TIME: Information unavailable from the vendor.

CAPACITY: The 9373 supports 4MB, 8MB, or 16MB of main storage; the 9375 and 9377 models support either 8MB or 16MB.

CHECKING: Single-bit errors are detected and corrected automatically, and multiple-bit errors are detected.

STORAGE PROTECTION: The Store and Fetch Protection features, which guard against inadvertent overwriting or unauthorized reading of data in specified blocks of storage, are standard in all models.

RESERVED STORAGE: Similar to that in the S/370. Main memory is reserved for interrupt routines, program status words, CPU timer logout area, machine-check interrupt code, and register save area.

Key-controlled storage protection provides both store and fetch protection, preventing unauthorized access or modifi-



<sup>\*</sup>The 9375 Models 40 and 60 can be converted to the 9377 Model 90; the conversion requires a processor cage swap so that a second rack can be added.

#### **CHART B. MASS STORAGE**

MODEL	9332	9335	3370	3375	3380 Models AD4, BD4
Туре	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
Controller model	DASD/Tape Subsys- tem Controller	A01 Device Function Controller	3880-1, -2, or -4	3880-1, -2, or -4	3880-3 or -23
Drives per subsystem/controller	4	4 per A01	16-32	16-32	8-16
Formatted capacity per drive, megabytes	368	824	571-730	819.7	2520 (1260 per HDA)
Number of usable surfaces	8	6	_	_	
Number of sectors or tracks per surface	1,349 tracks	3,926 tracks	_	<u> </u>	_
Bytes per sector or track	512/sector	512/sector		_	_
Average seek time	23-25 ms	18 ms	19 or 20 ms	19 ms	15 ms
Average rotational/relay time	9.6 ms	8.28 ms	10.1 ms	10.1 ms	8.3 ms
Average access time	32.6-34.6 ms	26.28 ms	29.1 or 30.1 ms	29.1 ms	23.3 ms
Data transfer rate	2.6MB/sec.	3MB/sec.	1.86MB/sec.	1.86MB/sec.	3MB/sec.
Supported by system models	Ail	All	All	All	All except 9373-20
Comments		A01 Controller atta-	Model A units in-	Model A1 includes	AD4 can control up
		ches to DASD/Tape	clude logic and pow-	logic and power for	to three BD4 or BE4
		Subsystem Control-	er for up to three B	up to three B1s or	drives.
		ler, supporting 4 B01 drive units.	units.	two B1s and one D1.	

Note: A dash (---) in a column indicates that the information is unavailable from the vendor.

placing them at a disadvantage in terms of application development and distributed processing within the host-based S/370 environment.

IBM is counting on the 9370 to provide the S/370-architecture compatibility needed for delivering the top-to-bottom, entry-level-to-mainframe application portability and distributed processing that have enabled competitors such as Digital Equipment to seriously cut into IBM's share of the medium-scale systems marketplace.

Even though the 9370 has just reached general availability status, IBM is making moves to ensure its success within the mid-range system marketplace. To increase the 9370's competitiveness and functionality, IBM has recently enhanced its 9370 products by introducing new and improved communications and networking offerings and new peripheral devices.

Significant communications and networking announcements include the following: a new release of Advanced Communication Function/Virtual Telecommunications Access Method (ACF/VTAM), a new release of NetView, the introduction of VM/Distributed Systems Node Executive (DSNX), the introduction of NetView Network Definer, IBM Token-Ring Local Area Network (LAN) enhancements, and X.25 support. Such offerings add connectivity and network management functions that were previously missing in the IBM distributed systems networking solution.

The presence of the enhanced ACF/VTAM Release 3 enhances cross-system connectivity and makes it easier to implement and manage distributed applications. ACF/VTAM Release 3 provides peer-to-peer communications among SNA Physical Unit Type 2.1 (PU2.1) devices. It enables distributed IBM VM-, MVS-, and VSE-based S/370-architecture systems to communicate with one another; with distributed IBM S/3X, Series/1, and System/88

➤ cation of information in central storage. Store protection prevents the contents of main storage from being altered by storage addressing errors in programs or input from I/O devices. Fetch protection prevents the unauthorized fetching of data and instructions from main storage. Up to 15 programs and their associated main storage areas can be protected at one time. A 7-bit storage key, acting as a security lock, protects each 4K-byte block of storage. Key-controlled protection is standard on all 370-based machines.

CACHE MEMORY: Only the 9375 Model 60 and the 9377 Model 90 include cache memory. Refer to Chart A for the sizes of the cache on those models.

#### **CENTRAL PROCESSOR**

GENERAL: The four 9370 processors support the performance enhancements of Extended Control Program Support (ECPS) for the Virtual Machine/System Product (VM/SP) operating system (ECPS:VM), as well as assists for the Interactive Executive for System/370 (IX/370) operating system. The 9375 Model 60 and the 9377 Model 90 processors support ECPS:MVS, for the Multiple Virtual Storage/System Product (MVS/SP) operating environment.

The 9370 processors differ from one another primarily in physical packaging, performance, and number of attachable devices. Each processor is a rack-mountable, modular unit. Memory and integrated I/O controllers are packaged on logic cards. On the 9373 and 9375 processors, these cards fit into slots inside the processor unit. On the 9377 processor, the memory cards fit into slots inside the processor unit, but the integrated I/O controllers reside in slots in a separate I/O card unit, which may be mounted in the same or an adjacent rack enclosure. The cards are flat—7.64 inches by 8.12 inches by 0.64 or 0.68 inches (191 mm by 203 mm by 16 or 27 mm) and are enclosed in protective casings.

The entry-level 9373 Model 20 includes a floating-point facility to speed execution of floating-point instructions.

The two models (40 and 60) of the 9375 processor are the intermediate systems in the 9370 family. In both 9375 models, a high-performance arithmetic unit provides hardware support for single- and double-precision floating-point operations. This facility contains eight 64-bit floating-point



CHART B. MASS STORAGE (Continued)

MODEL	3380 Models AE4, BE4	3380 Models AJ4, BJ4	3380 Models AK4, BK4	3380 Model CJ2
Туре	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Fixed
Controller model	3880-3 or -23; 3990–1, -2, or -3	3880-3 or -23; 3990–1, -2, or -3	3880-3 or -23; 3990–1, -2, or -3	Integrated controller offering 3880/3990 functionality
Drives per subsystem/controller	8-16	8-16	8-16	4
Formatted capacity per drive, megabytes	5040 (2520 per HDA)	2520	7560	1260
Number of usable surfaces				
Number of sectors or tracks per surface		<del></del>		<u> </u>
Bytes per sector or track				
Average seek time	17 ms	12 ms	16 ms	12 ms
Average rotational/relay time	8.3 ms			
Average access time	25.3 ms		· <u> </u>	—
Data transfer rate	3MB/sec.	3MB/sec.	3MB/sec.	3MB/sec.
Supported by system models	All except 9373-20	All except 9373-20	All except 9373-20	Ali
Comments	AE4 can control up to	AJ4 can control up to	AK4 can control up	CJ2 can control up to
	three BD4 or BE4	three BJ4 or BK4	to three BJ4 or BK4	three BJ4 or BK4
	drives.	drives.	drives.	drives.

Note: A dash (---) in a column indicates that the information is unavailable from the vendor.

minicomputers; with distributed PC and PS/2 microcomputers; and with other non-IBM SNA-compatible systems without host assistance.

Although the new version of ACF/VTAM will not be delivered until 1988, it is very important. Because ACF/ VTAM Release 3 avoids host intervention in system-tosystem communications, the complexities and performance degradations experienced when interconnecting systems, when sharing resources, when uploading and downloading files, and when passing data between programs are reduced.

Besides reducing system interconnection complexities, ACF/VTAM Release 3 reduces network management tasks. It provides the routines for automating network configuration management tasks, thus freeing the communications programming and operations staff from the timeconsuming programming tasks associated with configuring and reconfiguring networks. It also provides facilities for reducing the amount of communications programming needed to recover from a system crash or communications error.

NetView Release 2, the new NetView release, and VM/ DSNX, a new VM-based software product, reduce the expenses of managing a network by providing centralized system and network management. NetView Release 2 permits departmental and distributed 9370 systems to run virtually unattended, with almost all network and systems management being performed by a central operations staff. VM/DSNX provides for centralized software development, implementation, and maintenance; i.e., it manages the distribution of new software, software changes, files, and maintenance through the SNA network to distributed 9370 systems and other VM-based processors, further enhancing the ability of customers to run distributed VMbased systems unattended. By using products that perform centralized system and network management, the customer registers and provides hardware for addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division as well as for square root functions.

The 9377 Model 90—the top-of-the-line 9370 processor provides 2.1 times the commercial throughput of the 9375 Model 60; in compute-intensive or engineering/scientific applications, the 9377 delivers 1.9 times the 9375 Model 60's throughput in short-precision floating-point operations and 2.0 times its throughput in long-precision floating-point functions.

A hardware floating-point accelerator in the 9377 executes add, subtract, multiply, divide, and square root long- and short-precision floating-point instructions. A High Accuracy Arithmetic (ACRITH) facility for solving problems in numerical analysis with verified accuracy and verified results is also standard. The ACRITH consists of 20 arithmetic instructions that supplement those in the S/370 floating-point instruction complement.

Each 9370 CPU includes a cable-attached Processor Console, which uses a specially configured IBM PC. The console initializes and monitors the system; analyzes machine checks; handles errors; supports manual operations; aids in problem determination; supports the automatic/secure power control feature of the systems' 9309 rack, which allows automatic or remote system start-up, shutdown under control of the operating system, and automatic restart after a power outage; and 3270 display emulation, which lets the console be attached to a Work Station Subsystem Controller or a 3274 Control Unit to serve as a user workstation.

Other standard features on the 9370 processors include automatic restart after power failures and time-of-day clock and calendar.

**CONTROL STORAGE: The 9375 Model 60 incorporates** a microinstruction store containing a translation lookaside buffer (TLB) and a 16KB high-speed buffer storage that acts as a smaller and faster subset of processor storage.

The 9377 Model 90 includes 8KB of microinstruction storage that holds complex and less frequently used microinstructions. Frequently used microinstructions are executed directly in hardware.



**CHART C. WORKSTATIONS (Continued)** 

MODEL	3151	3161, 3163, 3164	3162	PC Models 5150, 5160, 5162, 5170	PC Models 5371 and 5373	PS/2 Models 8530, 8540, 8560, and 8580
DISPLAY PARAMETERS						
Max. chars./screen	_	2000	1920, 2240, 3168, or 3696	2000	4000	2000 or 7446
Buffer capacity	_	_	_		_	_ :
Screen size (lines x chars.)	_	25 x 80	24 x 80, 28 x 80, 24 x 132, or 28 x 132	25 x 80	50 x 80	25 x 80 or 51 x 146
Tilt/swivel screen	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard
Symbol formation	_	8 x 16 dot matrix	9 x 13 dot matrix	7 x 9 dot matrix	12 x 20 dot matrix	9 x 16, 12 x 20, or 7 x 15 dot matrix
Character phosphor	Green or amber- gold	Green or ambergold on 3161 and 3163; Color on dark on 3164	Color on dark			_
Total colors/no. simult. displayed  KEYBOARD PARAMETERS	Not applicable	8 on 3164	Not applicable	_	Up to 16	Up to 64 shades of gray or up to 256 colors out of a color base of 256,000
Style	Typewriter	Typewriter	Typewriter	Typewriter	Typewriter	Typewriter
Character/code set	ASCII	ASCII	ASCII	ASCII	ASCII	ASCII
Detachable	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Program function keys	12 to 36	12 to 24	12 to 24		"	
TERMINAL INTERFACE	ASCII Subsystem Controller; 7171 Control Unit.	ASCII Subsystem Controller; 7171 Control Unit.	ASCII Subsystem Controller; 7171 Control Unit.	Work Station Subsystem Con- troller; 3174 or 3274 Control Unit.	Work Station Subsystem Con- troller; 3174 or 3274 Control Unit.	Work Station Subsystem Con- troller; 3174 or 3274 Control Unit.
COMMENTS	Supports up to 10 terminal emulations.	Supports DEC VT200/100/50, TeleVideo 900, Wyse 50, and IBM 3101 termi- nal emulation fea- tures/options.	Supports DEC VT200/100/50, TeleVideo 900, Wyse 50, and IBM 3101 termi- nal emulation.			Resolution of 720 x 400 pels in text mode and 640 x 480 pels in graphics mode.

Note: A dash (---) in a column indicates that the information is unavailable from the vendor

reduces the staffing requirements needed to run the distributed system and the skill levels needed to maintain and operate a distributed processor.

VM-based networks can be built and maintained in a more time-effective manner with the NetView Network Definer. The Netview Network Definer reduces the effort and skills needed to build and maintain VM-based SNA networksan important feature in the 9370's target VM environment.

With the enhancements made to the VSE operating system and ACF/VTAM, the VSE-based 9370 now can function on the IBM Token-Ring LAN. Previously, only a 9370 running VM/IS or VM/SP could function on the Token-Ring LAN; a 9370 working under the VSE environment could not employ the IBM Token-Ring LAN, the IBM-developed LAN which provides a common communication path among distributed IBM and non-IBM information systems and workstations. By providing the VSE-oriented 9370 systems with the facilities to communicate across the Token-Ring LAN, IBM is increasing distributed processing functionality. The VSE-based 9370 has access to a greater amount of application environments through the Token-Ring LAN. In addition, system interconnectivity expenses for the 9370 are reduced through the Token-Ring LAN's cabling, connection, and communications carrier schemes.



REGISTERS: The 9370 processors incorporate 16 generalpurpose registers.

ADDRESSING: Three types of addresses are recognized: absolute, real, and logical. The dynamic address translation facility, standard in all models, is the mechanism that translates the virtual storage addresses contained in instructions into real main storage addresses as each instruction is executed. All models can address a virtual storage space of 16MB.

Translation between the virtual and real addresses is accomplished by a hardware-implemented table-lookup procedure that accesses tables in main storage which are created and maintained by the operating system. The translation process is sped up by the TLB, a group of high-speed registers, which holds recently referenced virtual storage addresses and their real storage equivalents. The 9373 and 9375 translation lookaside buffers can hold addresses for 512KB of processor storage; the buffer on the 9377 can hold addresses for up to 128KB.

INTERRUPTS: Classes of interrupts include I/O, external, program, supervisor call, machine check, and restart. Classes of interrupts are distinguished by the storage locations at which the old program status word (PSW) is stored and from which the new PSW is fetched.



#### **CHART C. WORKSTATIONS (Continued)**

MODEL	3192 Model C	3192 Model D	3193 Model F	3192 Model G	3192 Model L	3193 Models 1 and 2
DISPLAY PARAMETERS						
Max chars./screen	1920 or 2560	1920, 2560, 3440, or 3564	1920, 2560, 3449, or 3564	1920 or 2560	1020 or 2560	3840
Buffer capacity	_	_		_		_
Screen size (lines x chars.)	24 or 32 x 80	24 x 80, 32 x 80, 43 x 80, or 27 x 132	24 x 80, 32 x 80, 43 x 80, or 27 x 132	24 or 32 x 80	24 or 32 x 80	48 x 80
Tilt/swivel screen	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard
Symbol formation	_		_	_		11 x 24 dot matrix
Character phosphor	Red, green, blue, yellow, tur-	Green	Red, green, blue, yellow, tur-	Red, green, blue, yellow, tur-	Red, green, blue, yellow, tur-	White on black
	quoise, white on black		quoise, white on black	quoise, white on black	quoise, white on black	
Total colors/no. simult. displayed	7	Not applicable	7	7	7	Not applicable
KEYBOARD PARAMETERS	[			l		l
Style	Typewriter or IBM Enhanced	Typewriter or IBM Enhanced	Typewriter or IBM Enhanced	Typewriter or IBM Enhanced	TYpewriter or IBM Enhanced	Typewriter
Character/code set	94	94	94	94	94	_
Detachable	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Program function keys	24	24	24	24	24	24
TERMINAL INTERFACE	Work Station	Work Station	Work Station	Work Station	Work Station	Work Station
	Subsystem Con-	Subsystem Con-	Subsystem Con-	Subsystem Con-	Subsystem Con-	Subsystem Con-
	troller; 3174,	troller; 3174,	troller; 3174 or	troller; 3174 or	troller; 3174 or	troller; 3174 or
	3274, or 3276	3274, or 3276	3274 Control	3274 Control	3274 Control	3274 Control
	Control Unit	Control Unit	Unit	Unit	Unit	Unit
COMMENTS	Can support a	Can support a	Has the record/	Can support a	Has the record/	Provides up to
	mouse and a	mouse and a	play/pause	mouse and a	play/pause	880 x 1200 dots
	printer or	printer or plotter.	feature.	printer or plotter.	feature.	of image. The
	plottter.					display screen
						supports two
						logical terminals.

Note: A dash (---) in a column indicates that the information is unavailable from the vendor.

The addition of the X.25 protocol to the 9370 communication and networking architecture extends distributed data processing functions. It permits the 9370 to communicate with those information systems using networks based on the International Standards Organizations' Open Systems Interconnect (OSI) standards or the U.S. Department of Defense's (DOD's) networking recommendations (the DDN network).

By adding such products as ACF/VTAM Release 3 and IBM Token-Ring LAN support for the VSE operating system, IBM is better able to meet networking requirements at the departmental level of organizational processing; such functions reduce the complexities, expenses, efforts, and skills required for having departmental and distributed processors communicate with one another and with the host, and provide for greater connectivity options at the departmental level.

Furthermore, the addition of ACF/VTAM, Netview, VM/ DSNX, and NetView Network Definer to the SNA network makes IBM's distributed processing network more competitive with other networking solutions such as Digital Equipment's DECnet, a decentralized (or peer-to-peer) network.

The 9370's competitiveness and capabilities are further increased with the addition of new DASD subsystems and 3270-compatible workstations. Of the peripheral device announcements, the most significant announcements involve the availability of higher density DASD drives and higher performance DASD controllers. The addition of the



	Height (inches)	Width (inches)	Depth (inches)	Weight (pounds)
9373	14	19	28	132
	(35.6 cm)	(48.3 cm)	(71.1 cm)	(60 kg)
9375	28	<b>19</b>	31	280
	(71.1 cm)	(48.3 cm)	(78.2 cm)	(127 kg)
9377	28	` 19 ´	31	268
	(71.1 cm)	(48.3 cm)	(78.2 cm)	(122 kg)
	Temperatur degrees F (C	*	Rela Hum	

The 9370 processors are housed in IBM's 9309 Rack Enclosure, which comes in Models 1 and 2; any of the proces-

sors can be mounted in either model. Model 1 stands 39.3

inches (1 m) high; Model 2 is 62.9 inches (1.6 m) tall.

50 to 105 (10 to 40.6)

50 to 90 (10 to 32.2)

60 to 90 (15.6 to 32.2)

The 9370 processors and the 9309 Rack Enclosure use single-phase power. All processor models can operate on 220 V power. The 9373 processor Model 20 can also operate on 120 V power; the 9309 Rack Enclosure Model 1 can be ordered with either power supply module.

The logic of the 9377 processor is housed in an air-cooled thermal conduction module (TCM). Raised-floor construction and special electrical and plumbing facilities are not required for this processor.

8 to 80 percent

8 to 80 percent

8 to 80 percent

#### **CHART C. WORKSTATIONS**

MODEL	3178	3179 Model G	3180	3191 Models A and B	3191 Models E and F	3191 Model L
DISPLAY PARAMETERS Max. chars./screen	1920	1920 or 2560	1920, 2560, 3440, or 3564	1920	1920 or 2560	1920 or 2560
Buffer capacity Screen size (lines x chars.)	24 x 80	24 or 32 x 80	24 x 80, 32 x 80, 43 x 80, or 27 x 132	24 x 80	24 or 32 x 80	24 or 32 x 80
Tilt/swivel screen Symbol formation Character phosphor	Standard 7 x 14 dot matrix —	Standard  Red, green, blue, white, yellow, turquoise, pink on black	Standard 9 x 11 dot matrix	Standard 7 x 14 dot matrix Green or amber- gold	Standard —— Green or amber- gold	Standard  Green
Total colors/no. simult. displayed KEYBOARD PARAMETERS	Not applicable	8 total colors	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Style	75-key data en- try or 87-key typewriter	Typewriter or typewriter/APL2	Typewriter, data entry, or type- writer/APL	Typewriter	122-key type- writer, 102-key typewriter, or 104-key type- writer	122-key type- writer, 102-key typewriter, or 104-key type- writer
Character/code set	94		_	94	—	— I
Detachable	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Program function keys	10 (data entry keyboard) or 24 (typewriter key- board)	24	_	24	24	24
TERMINAL INTERFACE	Work Station Subsystem Con- troller; 3274 Control Unit	Work Station Subsystem Con- troller; 3274 Control Unit	Work Station Subsystem Con- troller; 3274 Control Unit	Work Station Subsystem Con- troller; 3174 or 3274 Control Unit	Work Station Subsystem Con- troller; 3174 or 3274 Control Unit	Work Station Subsystem Con- troller; 3174 or 3274 Control Unit
COMMENTS		Provides 720 x 384 pixel resolu- tion; can add mouse, color jet- printer, and plot- ter through 3979 Expansion Unit.		Sint	Has record/play/ pause feature and vertical/hori- zontal rule expan- sion feature.	Has selector light pen option and a printer port. Also has the rule expansion feature and the record/play/pause feature.

Note: A dash (---) in a column indicates that the information is unavailable from the vendor.

3990 Storage Controller increases overall system performance since that controller is 30 percent more powerful than the 3880 Storage Controller, the predecessor to the 3990. The addition of the high-density 3380 DASD increases the amount of on-line storage that the 9370 can support, thus allowing larger databases and bigger work loads than before. The newest high-end 3880 DASD offers approximately 50 percent more storage than the 5GB-3380 DASD model, the previous high-end 3380 DASD: i.e., the new high-end 3380 contains 7.6GB of storage whereas the former top-of-the-line 3380 contains 5GB of storage. Furthermore, the new DASD controller and 3880 DASDs offer better price/performance than their predecessors. For example, the entry-level 3990 Storage Control costs almost as much as the entry-level 3880 Storage Controller, the DASD controller it effectively replaces, but the 3990 provides 30 percent more processing power than the 3880. As another example, the 7.6GB-3380 DASD costs \$128,000, or \$16,842 per GB; the previous high-end 3380 DASD, offering 5GB of storage, is priced at \$124,480, or \$24,896 per

#### **COMPETITIVE POSITION**

IBM positions its 9370 Information System against the MicroVAX and VAX 8000 systems from Digital Equip-



#### **►** INPUT/OUTPUT CONTROL

The 9373 processor includes one internal I/O bus; the system provides an estimated aggregate I/O capacity of up to 5.5MB per second. I/O slots for attachment of up to seven card features are provided inside the processor unit.

The two 9375 processor models each have four I/O buses. Each system provides an estimated aggregate I/O capacity of up to 22MB per second. Up to 17 card features can be configured in the available I/O slots in the processor unit.

The 9377 processor accommodates from two to six buses; depending on the configuration chosen, the number of available I/O card slots ranges from 10 to 54. The 9377 processor offers an estimated aggregate I/O capacity of up to 39MB per second.

The 9370 processors have an integrated I/O control structure. All integrated I/O is compatible with the S/370 I/O control structure of channel and control unit.

The 9370 I/O controller is used to attach I/O devices to the 9370 processor. An I/O controller consists of the following components:

• An I/O processor (IOP). The IOP provides the means to handle I/O commands from the CPU and pass data to system memory. It communicates with the CPU over the internal I/O bus.



#### **CHART D. PRINTERS**

MODEL	3262 Models 3/ 13	3268 Models 2 & 2C	3287 Models 1, 1C/2, 2C	3812	3820	4224
Туре	Band	Matrix	Matrix	Nonimpact (LED)	Laser	Dot matrix
Speed	650/325 lpm	340 cps	80/120 cps	12 ppm	22 ppm	200 or 400 cps
Bidirectional printing	Not applicable	Yes	Yes	Not applicable	Not applicable	Yes
Paper size	3.5 to 16 in.	Up to 16 in. wide	3 to 14% in.	7 to 8.5 in. wide;	Up to 8.5 in.	3 to 15 in. wide
			wide	10.1 to 14 in.	wide; Up to 14	
				long	in. long	
Character formation	Full	4 x 8 dot matrix	4 x 8 dot matrix	Electrophoto-	Full	Up to 12 x 13
		1		graphic		dot matrix
Horizontal character spacing	10	10 or 16.7	10	Variable	Variable	10, 12, 15; 11.5
(char./inch)		[	(			optional
Vertical line spacing (char./inch)	6 or 8	3, 4, 6, or 8	6 or 8	Variable	Variable	6 or 8
Character set	48, 64, 96, or	48, 64, 96, or	EBCDIC; ASCII	Variable fonts	Variable fonts	
	128	128	opt.	(62 std.)	(Prestige Elite	
					std.)	
Controller/Interface	Workstation	Workstation	Workstation	Telecommunica-	System/370	Workstation
	Subsystem Con-	Subsystem Con-	Subsystem Con-	tions Subsystem	Block Multiplexer	Subsystem
	troller; 3174 or	troller; 3174 or	troller; 3174 or	Controller; Sys-	Channel; Tele-	Controller
	3274 Control	3274 Control	3274 Control	tem/370 Block	communications	
	Unit	Unit	Unit	Multiplexer	Subsystem	
				Channel	Controller	
No. of printers per controller/	_	<u> </u>	_		<u> </u>	_
interface				İ		
Printer dimensions, in. (h x w x d)	_		_	15 x 27 x 19	47 x 60 x 26.5	10.5 x 25.3 x 14.0
Graphics capability	No	Yes	Yes	240 x 240 dpi	240 x 240 pixels	144 x 144 dpi
Comments	Model 13 is con-	Model 2C has	Models 1C & 2C		Permits two-sid-	Four models
	vertible to Model	color print capa-	have color print		ed printing.	available.
	3.	bility.	capability.		'	

Note: A dash (---) in a column indicates that the information is unavailable from the vendor

ment, IBM's chief rival within the medium-scale marketplace. The 9370 Model 20 is positioned against the Digital Equipment MicroVAX II and the VAX 8250. The 9375 Model 40 is positioned against the Digital Equipment VAX 8250 and VAX 8350. The 9375 Model 60 goes up against the VAX 8350 and the VAX 8530. The 9377 Model 90 competes against both the 8530 and the 8550.

The 9370 remains competitive with the VAX 8000's in functionality. For example, as previously stated, the new IBM communications and networking products enable IBM to present a distributed 9370 processing solution that is competitive with Digital Equipment's DECnet, the distributed processing solution for its VAX systems. With the addition of the new connectivity and network management functions, SNA will be able to deliver the same level of network functionality as Digital Equipments's DECnet—i.e., peer-to-peer communications that reduces system interconnection complexities, connection costs, and network management complexities and expenses.

It should be noted that the products that enable SNA to support peer-to-peer communications across the entire network are not readily available. The required products that support SNA peer-to-peer networking will be delivered in approximately six months; thus, these new SNA facilities do not readily solve IBM's networking problems. Even so, these new SNA products will force those customers looking for peer-to-peer distributed system solutions to consider the 9370 and IBM's SNA products since they enable IBM to deliver the same level of functionality as DECnet.

In addition to the 9370's capabilities to remain competitive with the VAX 8000s in functionality, the 9370 systems



 An I/O adapter (IOA). The IOA provides the control mechanisms and channels needed for transferring data between the IOP and I/O device. It communicates with the devices over the respective external interface.

The IOP and IOA may be combined on a single card, or they may exist on multiple cards. In multiple-card configurations, the IOP is on one card and the IOAs are on one or more additional cards.

Those I/O controllers classified as I/O subsystem controllers directly attach I/O device units without using separate control units for I/O device control and data transfer. The I/O channel attaches I/O devices through separate control units.

The 9370 employs four principal types of I/O controllers:

- DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller
- Work Station Subsystem Controller
- System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel
- Communications Subsystem Controller

The DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller attaches IBM's 9332 and 9335 Direct Access Storage Device (DASD) disk products and 9347 magnetic tape units to the 9370 processor. This controller employs the IBM Intelligent Peripheral Interface (IPI) Level 3 standard interface, which conforms to the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standard for IPI Level 3.

The DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller combines the IOP and IOA functions on a single card. It is supported by the VM/SP, VSE/SP, and IX/370 operating environments.

The Work Station Subsystem Controller allows attachment of IBM 3270-type devices (such as PCs, display stations,



#### **CHART D. PRINTERS (Continued)**

MODEL	4234 Model 1	4245 Model D12/D20	4245 Models 12/20	4248 Model 2	4250	5210 Models G1/G2
Туре	Dot band	Band	Band	Band	Nonimpact	Daisywheel
Speed	410 lpm	1200/2000 lpm	1200/2000 lpm	2200/3200/ 4000 lpm	Variable; 1 page each 1.5 to 2.5 min. is avg.	40/60 cps
Bidirectional printing	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Yes
Paper size	Up to 16 in.	3.5 in. wide; 6 to	3.5 to 22 in.	3.5 to 22 in.	Up to 12.99 in.	Up to 15.4 in.
	wide; 14 in. long	24 in. long	wide; 3 to 24 in.	wide	wide	wide
	1		long			
Character formation	Dot matrix	Full	Full	Full	Electro-erosion	Full
Horizontal character spacing (char./inch)	10 or 15	10	10	Variable	Variable	10, 12, 15, or proportional
Vertical line spacing (char./inch)	3, 4, 6, or 8	6 or 8	6 or 8	Variable	Variable	3.4 to 48
Character set	_	48 to 127	48 to 124	Variable	Variable	96
Controller/Interface	Workstation	Workstation	System/370	System/370	Workstation	Workstation
'	Subsystem	Subsystem Con-	Block Multiplexer	Block Multiplexer	Subsystem	Subsystem
	Controller	troller; 3274	Channel	Channel	Controller	Controller
		Control Unit				
No. of printers per controller/interface		_		<u> </u>		_
Printer dimensions, in. (h x w x d)	37.75 x 26.0 x 30.25	_	_		_	_
Graphics capability	No	No	No	None	Yes	Not applicable
Comments		OCR printing is a		OCR capability is	Provides typeset-	
		standard feature;		standard.	quality pages at	
		4 models			600-dpi address-	
		available.			able resolution.	

Note: A dash (-) in a column indicates that the information is unavailable from the vendor.

remain competitive with the VAX systems in configurability and cost effectiveness. For example, the entry-level 9370 Model 20 offers greater expansion capabilities and is less expensive than the MicroVAX II. The 9370 Model 20 supports up to 6.5GB of disk storage and 64 workstations, whereas the MicroVAX II only accommodates 2GB of disk storage and 48 workstations. A 9370 Model 20 with 8MB of memory, 1.6GB of DASD storage, cartridge tape unit, associated DASD and tape controllers, 24 workstations, one 410-line-per-minute (lpm) printer, associated workstation and printer controllers, and the VM/IS system control package costs \$151,755, or \$6,323 per user. A similarly configured MicroVAX II, with the MicroVMS system control package, costs \$181,360, or \$7,566 per user, which is \$1,243 more per user than the 9370 Model 20.

The high-end 9377 Model 90 is more cost effective than the VAX 8530. For example, the 9370 Model 90 featuring 16MB of memory, 5GB of DASD storage, a cartridge tape drive, a 1600-bpi tape subsystem, 128 display workstations, a 20-page-per-minute (ppm) laser printer, a 3,600-lpm printer, and the VM/IS system control package, costs \$900,640, or \$7,036 per user. A similarly configured Digital Equipment VAX 8530, with the VAX/VMS system control packages, costs \$982,228, or \$7,674 per user.

Although the 9370 provides IBM with a more competitive and highly functional product for office and departmental computing than previously available, one must question how much this machine will do to assist IBM in recapturing the medium-scale market share it has ceded to Digital Equipment.

A major advantage that the VAX 8000 systems have over the 9370 is that the VAX 8000s have been available for awhile. The Digital Equipment VAX systems are a proven and printers) and OEM devices for special-purpose applications, such as factory or laboratory automation, data acquisition, process control, and communications. Attachable 3270-type devices include the 3178, 3180, 3191, 3192, 3193, and 3278 Display Stations; 3179, 3279, and 3192 Color Display Stations; 3194 Advanced Function Color Display; 3290 Information Panel; 5150, 5160, 5170, 5371, and 5373 PC microcomputers; 8530, 8540, 8560, and 8580 PS/2 microcomputers; and 3262, 3268, 3287, 4224, 4234, 4245, and 4250 printers. Both the 3270-type and the OEM devices attach either directly or through 3299 Terminal Multiplexers.

OEM devices must be attached to the Work Station Subsystem Controller through an appropriate, customer-supplied OEM adapter; the adapter must perform control functions and protocol conversion between the Work Station Subsystem Controller and the appropriate industry standard. IBM's Serial OEM Interface (SOEMI), which supports Multibus and other devices, is an example of such an adapter.

The Work Station Subsystem Controller comprises two cards. One contains the Work Station Processor and the other contains the Work Station Adapter. Each installed Work Station Subsystem Controller requires two card slots.

The Work Station Adapter has six coaxial ports for the attachment of a workstation or an OEM adapter. Each port supports one workstation or OEM adapter.

For greater device attachment, terminal multiplexers like IBM's 3299 can be attached to four of the ports; each multiplexer can support up to eight stations or OEM adapters, allowing configuration of 32 devices per controller. However, if the multiplexers are attached to four of the ports, the other two ports on the Work Station Adapter cannot be used.

The Work Station Subsystem Controller is supported by the VM/SP and Virtual Storage Extended/System Package (VSE/SP) operating environments. The SOEMI is sup-



#### CHART E. MAGNETIC TAPE EQUIPMENT

MODEL	9347	1589	3420 Model 3	3420 Model 5	3420 Model 7
TYPE	Streaming	Reel-to-reel	Reel-to-Reel	Reel-to-reel	Reel-to-reel
FORMAT					
Number of tracks	_	9	7; 9	7; 9	7; 9
Recording density, bits per inch	1600	1600/6250	556/800; 1600/800	556/800; 1600/800	556/800; 1600/800
Recording mode	PE	NRZI; PE	NRZI, PE/NRZI	NRZI; PE/NRZI	NRZI; PE/NRZI
CHARACTERISTICS				·	·
Controller model	DASD/Tape Subsys-		3803 (per S/370	3803 (per S/370	3803 (per S/370
	tem Controller		Block Mux Channel)	Block Mux Channel)	Block Mux Channel)
Drives per controller	1	_	1-8	1-8	1-8
Storage capacity, bytes	44M	_		_	<u> </u>
Tape speed, inches per second	100	75	75	125	200
Data transfer rate, units per second	160KB streaming;	120KB at 1600-bpi;	41.7KB at 556 bpi;	69.5KB at 556 bpi;	111KB at 556 bpi;
	40KB non-streaming	468KB at 6250-bpi	60KB at 800 bpi;	100KB at 800 bpi;	160KB at 800 bpi;
			120KB at 1600 bpi	200KB at 1600 bpi	320KB at 1600 bpi
Streaming technology	Yes	No	No	No	No
Start/stop mode; speed	Yes 25 ips	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Switch selectable	Not applicable	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Comments	Contains integral de- vice function controller.				

Note: A dash (---) in a column indicates that the information is unavailable from the vendor.

product for departmental and distributed processing. The 9370 systems, on the other hand, are not proven products. Since the 9370 has been shipping for only a few months, it is safe to say at this time that the units have not been on the market long enough to determine their effectiveness in departmental and distributed processing.

Because the Digital Equipment VAX 8000s have been around for awhile, these departmental and distributed processing systems have accumulated a substantial portion of the mid-range systems marketplace. Since the VAX 8000s are a proven product for departmental and distributed processing in either a Digital Equipment or IBM environment, IBM will have a difficult time replacing the VAX 8000s. Customers will not be willing to part with their VAXs just to acquire an IBM processor. Moreover, such a migration would be costly since hardware, software, and communications investments are lost. Most of IBM's sales will be in those IBM processing arenas that have yet to invest in Digital Equipment VAX 8000s—the software compatibility with certain IBM mainframe environments would be a definite attraction in this regard.

In addition to competing against Digital Equipment for sales within the medium-sized system marketplace, IBM is competing against itself. Sales of 9370 systems will be limited because IBM is selling against itself at both the low and high ends of the medium systems scale. That is, IBM is using both the System/36 and the 9370 Model 20 to address small-scale business, office, and departmental computing. Customers neither requiring nor anticipating 9370 performance and functionality will purchase the less expensive, the System/36, thus reducing 9370 sales revenue.

According to performance figures provided by IBM, the 9370 encroaches on the 4381's turf. The 9377 Model 90, the 4381 Model Group 11 (which serves as the entry-level 4381 at the present time), and the 4381 Model Group 21 (the entry-level 4381 which will replace the 4381 Model Group 11 in 1988) all function within the same performance range.



ported by VM/SP and VSE/SP through the IBM/SOEMI Access Method software facility.

The System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel (BMPX) allows attachment of one to eight control units for both IBM and non-IBM DASD, tapes, displays, printers, and other devices. Attachable I/O subsystems include those such as the following:

- The 3880 Storage Control Unit, which controls IBM's 3370, 3375, and 3380 DASD
- The 3430 Model A1 Magnetic Tape Subsystem
- The 5080 Graphic System
- The IBM 3270 Information Display System
- The 3800 Printing Subsystem

The single-card BMPX allows several I/O devices to operate concurrently at high speeds. Devices attached to the BMPX that cannot employ block multiplexing (such as IBM's 3420 magnetic tape unit) will act as if they were attached to a selector channel. The BMPX can operate in data streaming mode for attaching high-speed DASD like the 3380. Data streaming permits a data rate of up to 3MB per second and cable lengths of up to 400 feet (122 meters) between the 9370 and the last control unit.

The System/370 BMPX allows the 9373 to attach devices with transfer rates of up to 1.5MB per second; the 9375 and 9377 can attach 1.5MB-, 1.9MB-, and 3MB-per-second devices.

The BMPX is supported by the VM/SP, VSE/SP, IX/370, and MVS/SP operating environments.

The Communication Subsystem Controllers handle remote workstation support, computer-to-computer linking, public data network connectivity, private network attachment, digital private branch exchange/computerized branch exchange (PBX/CBX) interfacing, ASCII device communications, and Ethernet and Token-Ring local area network (LAN) interfacing. A detailed discussion of the Communication Subsystem Controllers is found in the "COMMUNICATIONS CONTROL" subsection of this report.

OCTOBER 1987

Although the 9370 offers a better price/performance ratio than the 4381 Model Group 11 and outperforms the 4381 Model Group 21 in engineering/scientific computing and commercial processing, users will select the entry-level 4381s if they anticipate the need to expand computing and processing beyond the performance and functionality levels given by the 9377 Model 90. The entry-level 4381 models provide customers with entry points into IBM's high-performance computing realm. With the entry-level 4381s, customers are provided with a cost-effective migration path to higher performance systems within and beyond the 4381 family.

Furthermore, even though the 9370 Model 90 offers better price/performance than the entry-level 4381s, it does not provide a cost effective migration path to higher performance computing. The move from a 9370 Model 90 to a 4381 requires a processor box swap, a more costly move than an upgrade for an entry-level 4381.

## **ADVANTAGES AND RESTRICTIONS**

One of the most significant advantages of the 9370 is its communications and networking scheme. The 9370 delivers a much-improved communications architecture when compared to other IBM departmental offerings, such as the S/36 and S/38. Ethernet, Token-Ring Network, and SNA deliver the openness required in departmental processing. The Ethernet and the Token-Ring LANs provide the connectivity solutions that permit IBM and non-IBM systems and workstations to communicate and share resources with one another.

Of particular importance within the 9370's communication scheme is its Ethernet connectivity. Ethernet LANs are one of the most popular schemes for interconnecting information systems and workstations, especially at the department level; cases in point being Digital Equipment Corporation's Ethernet facilities for VAX minicomputers, MicroVAX, and VAX workstations and Data General's Ethernet facilities for Eclipse MV minicomputers.

The SNA networking facilities running on the 9370 permit the 9370 to serve as either a host or remote system within the SNA network. Permitting distributed IBM and non-IBM systems to gain access to MVS and VM resources is essential within the departmental and distributed processing scheme, where such systems are frequently called upon to access applications, files, and data residing on MVS- and VM-based hosts.

A significant component within SNA is the LU6.2 and PU2.1 support facility for peer-to-peer communications. This facility reduces the complexities and performance degradations experienced when interconnecting systems, when sharing resources, when uploading and downloading files, and when passing data between programs. It also reduces the application development effort for writing distributed processing applications.

#### **CONFIGURATION RULES**

The 9309 Rack Model 1 can hold 19 Electronic Industries Association (EIA) standard RS-310-B units; one EIA unit is equal to 1.75 inches (4.4 cm). Model 2 can accommodate 32 EIA units. The number of EIA units required by each rack-mountable 9370 device is shown in the following table.

Device	EIA Units
9373 Processor	8
9375 Processor	16
9377 Processor	16
9377 Processor I/O Card Unit	8
9335 A01 DASD Controller	3
9335 B01 DASD	6
9332 DASD	3
9347 Magnetic Tape Unit	5

The 9373 Processor has one card enclosure that holds the processor logic, storage, and I/O controller cards; the enclosure has seven slots for the I/O controller cards. The single I/O bus on the 9373 Processor can accommodate up to four I/O controllers. The maximum number of each controller supported is as follows:

- Up to two DASD/Subsystem Controllers
- Up to two Work Station Subsystem Controllers
- Up to two Communications Subsystem Controllers
- One System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel

The 9375 Processor employs two card enclosures. The basic enclosure holds the processor logic and storage cards and provides five slots for I/O controller cards; the expansion enclosure, positioned below the basic enclosure, has 12 slots for I/O controller cards.

The 9375 permits configuration of up to four I/O buses, to which 16 I/O controllers can be attached. The 9375 supports the following maximums for each controller:

- Up to four DASD/Tape Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to six Work Station Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to four Communications Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to two System/370 Block Multiplexer Channels.

The 9377 Processor has one enclosure. The lower half holds the processor logic module. The upper half holds the I/O card unit connection and storage cards. I/O controller cards are in separate I/O card units. I/O card units can be in the same rack as the processor, or in another rack. The 9377 Processor can have up to six I/O buses, to which a maximum of 16 I/O controllers can be attached. The number of each controller that can be supported is as follows:

- Up to 12 DASD/Tape Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to 12 Work Station Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to 12 Communications Subsystem Controllers.







By employing this communications facility, distributed VM, VSE, and MVS systems can establish communications with each other without experiencing the complexities caused by host intervension. Furthermore, applications in VM, VSE, and MVS environments can establish communications with those LU6.2-based applications on IBM minicomputers, special-purpose processors, and microcomputers without incurring major interfacing difficulties.

Another advantage of the 9370 is its configurability. The 9370 delivers a flexible operating environment for commercial, office, engineering/scientific, and industrial computing. End users select the operating system that best suits application needs and task handling requirements. The VM/IS and VM/SP offerings are best suited for interactive processing in departmental and workgroup environments. IX/370, based on the UNIX System V operating system developed and licensed by AT&T, is employed where UNIX System V functionality is required. The VSE/SP offering is designed primarily for intensive batch and online transaction processing in either a centralized or distributed environment. The MVS/SP product is designed to handle the system control programming functions in a large user community.

Although the 9370 supports MVS/SP, the 9370 does not support MVS/XA, the MVS-based operating system designed for upper-ended S/370-type systems. Because the 9370 does not support MVS/XA, application portability between the 9370 and upper-ended S/370-architecture is limited.

Even though MVS/SP and MVS/XA are compatible, applications cannot be ported directly from one environment to another because of the differences between MVS/SP and MVS/XA. Applications being moved between the MVS/SP and MVS/XA environments must undergo modifications in order to run in the designated environment. Such a move requires additional expenditures in application development.

When required, more than one operating system can run on the 9370. The VM/SP offering contains the system programming controls that permit it to run IX/370, VSE/SP, MVS/SP, and VM/SP itself. Also, VM/SP can also accommodate SVS/VSE and OS/VS1, the primary operating systems of the old 4361; by accommodating the primary operating systems of the old 4361, VM/SP provides 4361 installations with a migration path to the 9370.

VM/SP runs the guest operating systems concurrently. By allowing the guest operating systems to run simultaneously, application processing or application development taking place under a particular environment is not disturbed; users under each operating environment have continual access to applications and services within that domain.

Installations configure more than one operating system on a 9370 to satisfy application development and execution requirements. The multiple operating system structure simplifies application system migration, preserves the life



➤ • Up to 16 System/370 Block Multiplexer Channels.

I/O card units with either one or two internal buses are available for the 9377. A card unit with one internal I/O bus can hold 11 DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller, Work Station Subsystem Controller, or Communications Subsystem Controller cards. A unit with two internal buses can hold 10 cards, supporting all of the aforementioned controller types, plus the System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel.

The maximum configuration of I/O card units for the 9377 Processor can be one of the following:

- · One dual-bus unit and four single-bus units.
- · Three dual-bus units.
- · Two single-bus units and two dual-bus units.

The 9375 Model 40 can be upgraded in the field to the 9375 Model 60 processor through a simple card exchange. Either 9375 model can be converted to the 9377 Model 90; the conversion requires a processor cage swap, because a second rack must be added.

WORKSTATIONS: The 9370 supports the 3270 Information Display System and IBM's ASCII-oriented display stations. In addition, IBM PC, PS/2, and 75XX Industrial Computer microcomputers can be attached to the 9370. (Microcomputer connectivity requires the appropriate terminal emulation and microcomputer support software.)

The Work Station Subsystem Controller provides for local attachment of 3270-type devices, PC microcomputers, PS/2 microcomputers, and 75XX microcomputers. In addition, IBM terminal subsystem controllers such as the 3174 and 3274 provide for 3270-device and microcomputer connectivity. The IBM 3174 and 3274 connect to the 9370 through a port on the System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel, through a port on the Telecommunications Subsystem Controller, or through an IBM 37XX communication processor which attaches to the System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel or IBM 372X communication processor.

Besides supporting 3174, 3274, and 37XX-based terminal attachment, the Telecommunications Controller also supports the direct attachment of remote 3270-compatible workstations, ASCII devices, and IBM printer subsystems such as the 3800 and 3820.

The ASCII Subsystem Controller, a type of Communication Subsystem Controller, provides connectivity for ASCII devices. In addition, the 7171 ASCII Device Attachment Unit can be used for ASCII device attachment. A System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel is required to configure a 7171 on the 9370.

Furthermore, IBM Token-Ring and IEEE 802.3 Ethernet networks can be used to connect workstations to the 9370.

The primary support devices for 9370 workstations are the Work Station Subsystem Controller and the ASCII Subsystem Controller. As previously stated, the 9373 supports up to two Work Station Subsystem Controllers; the 9375 supports up to six and the 9377 supports up to 12. Up to two ASCII Subsystem Controllers can be configured on the 9373; up to four can be configured on the 9375; and 12 can be configured on the 9377.

IBM does not provide specific ranges for the number of simultaneously active users supported on each model of the 9370; that figure varies with the system's work load and



of existing applications, widens the application base, and increases operational capabilities. For example, an installation would run IX/370 as a guest under VM/SP to gain access to UNIX application development tools and applications; run VSE/SP under VM/SP to meet transaction processing requirements; and, at the same time, run VM/SP itself to gain access to business professional producivity tools and office automation facilities. As another example, an installation would run OS/VS1 from the 4361 system under VM/SP until the OS/VS1 applications have been converted over to the formats needed for running under VM/SP.

IBM has reduced the level of data processing expertise needed to run a 9370 installation. The VM and VSE system offerings are bundled into packages that simplify operating environment software installation. The VM/IS version of VM/SP, for instance, includes all the functions of VM/SP, but reportedly does not require anywhere near the 44 hours of system programmer time that VM/SP requires in its nonintegrated version.

Additionally, the VM/IS and VSE/SP offerings incorporate tools which simplify system operation and maintenance. Facilities are available for reducing the amount of time required to perform problem diagnosis and service routines.

Furthermore, VSE/SP and VM/IS packages offer system interfaces that simplify system administrator, system operator, and end-user interaction with the system. These interfaces feature consistent access to system functions, menu- and prompt-driven dialogs, system-guided operations, and on-line help and referencing facilities. Such interfaces can reduce the learning times and skill levels required for system administrators, operators, and general users to manage and use the system.

As an option, customers can off-load system control programming to a remote site, thus eliminating system operations concerns. The remote system programming site performs system and application start-ups and shutdowns, system operations, performance monitoring, problem diagnosis, and corrective fixes.

The IBM-supplied customer/product support services also reduce system management complexities. For a fee, IBM will perform remote system programming for the VM/IS system; provide telephone consulting; provide remote online problem diagnosis and off-line analysis; apply microcode changes to the system from the remote site; and conduct pre-installation planning, installations, and post-installation support.

All these ease-of-use facilities and centralized system management features are of primary importance in the departmental processing environment, where lower overhead is a necessity.

Another advantage of the 9370 is its compatibility with System/370-based superminicomputers and mainframes.

actual user activity levels. The company does state that the 9373 can support 20 continuously active users; 100 such users can be supported by the 9377. Assuming that some users are only sporadically active, the 9373 can support over 50 users and the 9377 over 200.

DISK STORAGE: The 9370 supports the 368MB 9332 and the 824MB 9335 DASD fixed disk drives through the DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller. The drives have physical capacities of 400.6MB and 855.8MB, respectively; because the 9370 processor reserves some of the disk for system use, 368MB and 824MB are the drives' respective usable capacities. The 9335 A1 Device Function Controller can support up to four 9335 B1 DASD.

At least one DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller must be configured on a 9370 when any I/O controller other than the System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel is used. As previously stated, the 9373 supports up to two DASD/Tape Subsystem Controllers, the 9375 supports up to four, and the 9377 supports up to 12. The configuration options on the DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller are as follows:

- One to four 9332-400 DASD
- One to four 9332-400 DASD and one 9347 magnetic tape unit
- · One 9335 A1 and one to four 9335 B1 DASD
- One 9347 magnetic tape unit

The 9370s also support high-speed and -capacity disk drives and controllers through the System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel.

MAGNETIC TAPE: The 9370 supports the 9347 streaming tape drive through the DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller. Higher speed and higher capacity tape devices can be configured using the System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel.

PRINTERS: Printers can be attached to the 9370 through the Work Station Subsystem Controller, the Telecommunications Subsystem Controller, the System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel, ASCII Subsystem Controller, and IBM 3270 control devices.

OTHER: The 3737 Remote Channel-to-Channel Unit is a stand-alone control unit that allows System/370-type hosts to communicate over unlimited distances with each other via public or private T1 facilities at speeds up to 1.5M bits per second (bps). Communications between host systems is supported by the VTAM channel-to-channel program. The 3737 is transparent to the host, requiring no host modifications and allowing the hosts to communicate with each other as though they were channel-to-channel (CTC) connected. The MVS, VSE, and VM operating systems view the 3737 as a (local) channel-to-channel adapter (CTCA). The 3737 attaches to the 9370 and another System/370-type processor via a System/370-type block multiplexer channel.

The 9370 attachment to the IBM 3088 Multisystems Channel Communications Unit provides high-speed communications with 4300, 3080, and 3090 processors and other 9370 processors. The 3088, a stand-alone I/O controller, provides the capabilities for interconnecting up to eight processor channels.

The 9370 can be up to 800 feet from the 3088. The interprocessor cable attaches to the System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel and the interface on the 3088. The 3088 is compatible with CTCA's.

The 9370's hardware and software compatibility with the 4381, 3080, and 3090 systems makes it valuable as a departmental or distributed system. Because of the software compatibility between the 9370 and higher performance S/370-class machines, VM, MVS, VSE, and IX/370 applications can be moved to or down from the same environments on 370-based mainframes or 370-based superminicomputers.

Furthermore, the 9370 maintains hardware compatibility with the System/370-type mainframes and superminicomputers. The System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel-attached peripheral storage subsystems, workstations, printers, and specialized I/O systems; the 3270-type terminals and printers; and 37XX communication processors employed on the 9370 models can be moved over to higher performance S/370-based models, thus preserving investments in peripheral subsystems and devices.

Although the 9370 is compatible with IBM's more powerful 4381 and 30XX systems, it still lacks full compatibility with the S/36 and S/38—very significant players in the mid-range system marketplace. There is no direct software compatibility between the 9370 and S/3X systems. The problem of top-to-bottom compatibility will not begin to be solved until at least 1988, when IBM starts delivering products conforming to the company's Systems Application Architecture (SAA), which will permit applications conforming to a specific set of standards to run on any IBM system. It could take several years before fully functional, SAA-compatible facilities become generally available, and, even then, these overlay products will only help to bloat IBM's already heavy operating environments.

Although the 9370 and S/3X operating environments are incompatible, the 9370 does provide more of a bridge between the S/3X machines and the S/370-class systems than 4361, the previous entry-level S/370-based machine. S/3X users who want to move up to a S/370-class machine can now bring some of their peripherals with them, rather than start over with new storage devices and workstations in addition to new processors. For example, the 9332 and 9335 DASD devices and the 3178 display stations employed on the S/36 Model 5362 or 5360 can be carried over to the 9370 during a system migration. □

The 3044 Fiber Optic Extender Link permits low- and medium-speed peripheral subsystem control units, switching units, and CTCAs to be positioned further "down the line" for the purpose of reducing central processing complex floor space requirements and reducing peripheral connectivity costs. With this link extender, I/O equipment such as terminals and printers can be placed further away from the host system without employing the costly communications equipment needed for connectivity to the host. Employing fiber optic cable for peripheral subsystem connectivity increases data throughput and improves communication channel reliability, availability, and integrity as compared to traditional peripheral subsystem connectivity cables and buses.

The 3044 Fiber Optic Extender Link consists of two units that are connected by up to 1.2 miles (or 2 km) of fiber optic cable. The 3044 Model C01 attaches the processor channel

to one end of the fiber optic cable. The 3044 Model D01 connects the other end of the cable to the "remote I/O control unit".

The 9370 attachment to the 3814 Switching Management System permits the 9370 to share channel-attached devices with other System/370-type processors. The peripheral device sharing capabilities minimize the amount of I/O devices required for peak demand and critical device backup, reduce the impact from device failures, and minimize the complexities of data processing operation control by providing greater security of configurations.

#### **MASS STORAGE**

Information on the available mass storage devices for the 9370 can be found in Chart B.

#### **INPUT/OUTPUT UNITS**

For information on available input/output units, please refer to Chart C (Workstations), Chart D (Printers), and Chart E (Magnetic Tape Equipment).

#### COMMUNICATIONS CONTROL

The 9370 employs four principal Communications Subsystems Controllers: the Telecommunications Subsystem Controller, the ASCII Subsystem Controller, the IBM Token-Ring Subsystem Controller, and the IEEE 802.3 Local Area Network Subsystem Controller. All four subsystems are based on the same communications processor card, plus one or more communications adapter cards and the appropriate microcode for the specific subsystem. As previously mentioned, the 9373 supports up to two of these controllers, the 9375 supports up to four, and the 9377 accommodates up to 12.

The Telecommunications Subsystem Controller allows attachment of local communications lines to the 9370 or allows the 9370 to be attached to public networks. The controller permits attachment of two types of adapters: the Multi-Protocol Two-Line Adapter and the Asynchronous Four-Line Adapter. The adapter configuration options for this controller are as follows:

- · One to three Four-Line Adapters.
- · One to three Two-Line Adapters.
- A combination of up to three Two-Line and Four-Line Adapters.

The Telecommunications Subsystem Controller supports the following types of line interfaces:

- EIA RS-232-C/CCITT V.24/V.28, supporting asynchronous, BSC, and SDLC protocols at line speeds from 75 bps to 19.2K bps.
- EIA RS-422-A/CCITT V.11, supporting asynchronous, BSC, BSC/SDLC, and SDLC protocols at line speeds from 75 bps to 64K bps.
- EIA RS-366/CCITT V.25, supporting asynchronous, BSC, and SDLC protocols at line speeds from 75 bps to 19.2K bps.
- CCITT V.35, supporting BSC and SDLC protocols at line speeds from 2.4K bps to 64K bps.





 CCITT X.21, supporting SDLC, HDLC, and X.25 protocols at line speeds from 600 bps to 64K bps.

The maximum number of lines supported by one Telecommunications Subsystem Controller depends on the combination of protocols and line speeds selected and the number of I/O slots available. The controller is supported by the VM/SP and VSE/SP operating environments.

The ASCII Subsystem Controller supports up to 16 ASCII devices operating at 50 bps to 19.2K bps in full-duplex mode either on local lines without modems or on switched and leased communications lines with modems. The controller comprises a Communications Processor and up to four Asynchronous Four-Line Adapter cards.

Three modes of operation—ASCII support, ASCII/3270 conversion, and ASCII/3270 transparent mode—are available. In ASCII mode, all attached ASCII devices appear to software as native devices; this mode is supported by the IX/370 operating system. In addition to IX/370, the Telecommunications Subsystem Controller is supported by the VM/SP and VSE/SP environments.

The ASCII Subsystem Controller's asynchronous adapter can be connected to a Rolm Computer Branch Exchange (CBX) through a Rolm DataCom Module (DCM) or Data Terminal Interface (DTI).

The IBM Token-Ring Subsystem Controller provides access to a 4M-bps baseband IBM Token-Ring Network compatible with the IEEE 802.5 standard for interconnecting information processing equipment. The network uses the IBM cabling system, including Type 3 (telephone twisted pair) specified media, for physical interconnection; it employs a token-ring access protocol for network traffic control. The two-card Token-Ring Subsystem Controller comprises a Communications Processor and a Token-Ring Adapter. The adapter provides both a physical link and access control to the IBM Token-Ring Network; programming support must be equivalent to the International Standards Organization's (OSI) Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Layer 3 and above.

The IBM Token-Ring Subsystem Controller is supported by either the VM/SP or VSE operating system and the Transport Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP).

The IEEE 802.3 Local Area Network (LAN) Subsystem Controller—comprising a Communications Processor card and an IEEE 802.3 LAN Adapter card—is used for communicating with other 9370 Information Systems, other vendors' systems, and workstations using the IEEE 802.3 standard or the Ethernet LAN; it provides both a physical link and access control. This controller supports a network with a transmission speed of 10M bps using Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD). Programming support for the LAN adapter must be equivalent to OSI Layer 3 and above.

The LAN Subsystem Controller is supported by VM/SP and TCP/IP.

The System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel, Telecommunications Subsystem Controller, and the 9370-based LAN controllers permit attachment of a range of other IBM communications devices, including the 3174 Subsystem Control Unit and the 3274 Control Unit, the 3299 Terminal Multiplexer; and the 3720 and 3725 Communications Controllers. For details on those devices, refer to DATAPRO REPORTS ON DATA COMMUNICATIONS.

#### **SOFTWARE**

All 9370 systems run under IBM's VM/SP, VSE/SP, and IX/370 operating systems. The IX/370 is supported only under control of VM/SP. The MVS/SP operating system is supported only on the 9375 Model 60 and the 9377 Model 90; this support enables users to develop applications on a host system and transport them, without changes, to distributed workgroup locations.

VM/Integrated System (VM/IS) is IBM's preferred delivery vehicle for the interactive VM/SP operating environment in departments and end-user workgroups.

VM/IS comprises the following components:

 VM/SP. This function, for basic system control and data management, manages the real system resources of processor time, real storage, and I/O devices, making them available to all VM users at the same time. It provides an interactive computing environment for general problem solving and program development. An editor and an interpretive language are also included.

VM/SP accommodates IBM guest operating systems, including VSE/SP, MVS/SP, other VM/SP releases, and IX/370, for purposes such as application testing and execution of applications restricted to specific environments.

- VM Batch Subsystem. This function controls background execution of user processes.
- VM Directory Maintenance. This utility provides interactive facilities that enable the system administrator to manage the VM system directory.
- VM Interactive Productivity Facility (IPF). This provides a simplified interface to the VM system and an interface that allows addition of user-written or IBM programs to the system.
- VM/IS Productivity Facility (VM/IS PF). This product
  provides end-user menus containing task-oriented, introductory, and navigational dialogs leading to the functions
  of other programs in VM/IS. VM/IS PF uses the functions of underlying products like IPF without duplicating
  or changing them.
- Interactive System Productivity Facility (ISPF). A dialog manager, this product controls the flow of the end-user interface provided by VM/IS. Programmers can use ISPF to produce interactive applications with menu-driven dialogs and dialog functions.
- VM File Storage Facility (FSF). This tool allows users to share data files with other VM users, store and retrieve files, send them to other users, and perform other file management functions.
- VM Real-Time Monitor (RTM). This provides performance monitoring and statistical analysis presented in realtime on any VM/IS-supported monitor.
- VM Performance Monitor Analysis Program (VM MAP). This utility provides reports and graphics on performance and use of a running VM system. VM MAP requires the general support routines contained in another integral product, PL/1 Transient Library.





- Document Composition Facility/Foreground Environment Feature (DCF/FEF). This is a facility for production of text documents. A document formatted by DCF can be printed, displayed, or used as input to other text documents.
- Graphical Data Display Manager (GDDM). This facility
  is a host system program for creating, showing, and storing pictures, including graphics, images, and numerics.
  GDDM drives displays, printers, plotters, and scanners.
  Another GDDM product included in VM/IS is GDDM/
  Graphics Presentation Function (GDDM/GPF), which
  provides methods for producing business and other charts.

Nine optional applications packages are available for VM/IS, providing 33 licensed programs. The packages are the following:

- Text Office Support (TXTO). This package includes IBM's Professional Office System (PROFS), which provides facilities for mail handling, appointment scheduling, and document, memo, graphics, business forms, and report preparation; IBM's DisplayWrite/370 document processing facility; and IBM's Application Support (AS), which provides facilities for business data access, data and text integration, exchange, and display management, mathematical and statistical analysis, business graphics, and business planning and modeling.
- Engineering/Scientific Problem Development Support (E/SPDS). This package includes VS Fortran language, debug, and utilities; ISPF/Program Development Facility (ISPF/PDF); Graphics Attachment Support Program (GASP); Graphical Data Query Facility (GDQF); ACRITH; and Elementary Math Library (EML).
- APL Language Support (ALS). This allows use of the APL2 language for development of mathematical and statistical applications.
- Problem-Solving Languages (PSL). This provides Basic and Pascal/VS for development of applications addressing business problems.
- Data Base Query (DBQ). This facility provides for creation and management of relational databases. It includes IBM's Structured Query Language/Data System (SQL/DS), Database Edit Facility (DBEDIT), and Query Management Facility/VM (QMF/VM).
- Intelligent Workstation Support (IWS). This product allows PC users to take advantage of VM/SP facilities, and to transfer files between the PC and the VM host. This product requires that the user obtain additional PC programs, such as PC/VM Bond, for the individual PCs.
- Networking Support (NTWK). This serves as an "operating system" for the data communications network. It is comprised of IBM's Advanced Communications Function/Virtual Telecommunications Access Method (ACF/VTAM), Remote Spooling Communications Subsystem (RSCS) Networking, VSE/Virtual Storage Access Method (VSE/VSAM), and NetView communications utility packages.
- Remote Communications Support. Comprised of Remote Spooling Communications Subsystem (RSCS) Networking, CVIEW, and PVM, this component provides computer interconnection support for sending and receiving information between sites, logging on to remote sites, and establishing teleconferencing sessions with other users. RSCS Networking controls the transfer of files, messages,

and commands. PVM permits users to log on to their system from another system in the network. CVIEW permits VM/SP users to share the same interactive session

 Communication Controller Support (COM). COM is comprised of the Advanced Communications Function/ Network Control Program (ACF/NCP), ACF/System Support Program (ACF/SSP), and IBM 3725 Emulation Package (EP3725). It provides SNA networking to those customers with IBM 3725, 3270, and 3705 communications processors.

VM/SP System Offering is a VM package structured for installation and customization on larger 9370 systems. It consists of VM/SP and a set of optional feature program products. With only a few exceptions, all products supported by VM/IS are supported by VM/SP System Offering. However, VM/SP System Offering requires a higher level of data processing expertise than VM/IS.

Additional products available through VM/SP System Offering include the following:

- Application development systems such as Application Prototype Environment (APE), Cross System Product/ Application Development (CSP/AD), CSP/Application Execution (CSP/AE), CSP/Query (CSP/Q), Interactive Instructional Presentation System (IIPS), and Development Management System/Conversational Monitor System (DMS/CMS)
- OS PL/1 and VS Cobol II compilers, debuggers, and libraries
- GDDM-Interactive Map Definition (GDDM-IMD), a tool for graphics processing
- VM Backup Management System (VMBACKUP-MS) and VM Tape Management System (VMTAPE-MS) system control support packages
- Contextual File Search/370 (CFSearch/370) data/file management tool
- Printer support packages including the Font Library Service Facility (FLSF), Overlay Generation Language (OGL), Page Printer Formatting Aids/VM (PPFA/VM), Printer Services Access Facility (PSAF), and Printer Services Facility
- Info Center/1 (IC/1) information management system
- Document Composition Facility, a text processing package

VSE/SP is a pregenerated, load-and-go operating system most desirable for departments and end-user workgroups with intensive batch and transaction processing requirements. It is IBM's primary production system for intermediate systems and the operating system base for distributed processingnodes. Itreplaces IBM's Small Systems Executive/VSE (SSX/VSE) as the VSE entry system for data centers and distributed environments.

VSE/SP includes task-oriented menus, including those to identify and correct on-line transaction failures; intelligent workstation support for IBM PCs and 3270 PCs; virtual address extension, providing up to three virtual address spaces for up to 40MB of virtual storage; and system startup and remote operation control, allowing unattended operation of departmental systems.



The VSE/SP product incorporates the following components:

- VSE/Advanced Functions (VSE/AF), for basic system
- ACF/VTAM and Basic Telecommunications Access Method-Extended Support (BTAM-ES), for workstation and network control. They support attachment of local and remote workstations and processors; VTAM also supports channel-to-channel attachment.
- VSE/Interactive Computing Control Facility (VSE/ ICCF) and Customer Information Control System (CICS/ DOS/VS) for interactive system control and transaction processing, respectively.
- · VSE/Priority Output Writers, Execution Processors, and Input Readers (VSE/Power) for spooling, networking, and remote job entry control.
- VSE/VSAM and VSE/VSAM Space Management Feature, for data management; they control data storage and access to DASD, and also manage DASD space.
- Three utilities: VSE/VSAM Backup and Restore Feature; VSE/Fastcopy; and Data Interfile Transfer, Testing, and Operations Utility (Ditto).

Optional products for VSE/SP are available in the following areas:

- · Business professional applications, including Distributed OfficeSupportSystem(DISOSS), DisplayWrite/370(DW/ 370), Personal Services/370 (PS/370), and Decision Support/VSE (DS/VSE).
- Application development, including DOS/VS Cobol, DOS PL/1, DOS/VS RPG II, and Cross System Product/ Application Development (CSP/AD).
- · Database management and query, including the hierarchical DBMS product Data Language/One DOS/VS (DL/1 DOS/VS), the relational SQL/DS, Query Management Facility/VSE (QMF/VSE), and DOS/VS Sort/Merge II.
- · Systems networking and distributed data processing, including Distributed Systems Executive (DSX), ACF/ VTAM, ACF/NCP, and Network Communications Control Facility (NCCF).

IX/370 is IBM's implementation of AT&T's UNIX System V operating system. It is a multiuser, multitasking operating system that runs as a guest under VM/SP. IX/370 includes the Bourne Shell command language and provides virtual addressing, a hierarchical file system, file and logical record locking, full-screen file editing, and on-line reference documentation. The block size of IX/370 files is 4,096 bytes.

Another feature is multiple IX/370 system support, which allows several IX/370 subsystems to co-reside on the same processor. The subsystems operate independently of one another.

IX/370 provides the full set of UNIX programmer-productivity tools, such as the Source Code Control System (SCCS) and symbolic debugger. A full set of UNIX text processing tools is also provided. For message and file transfer, the mail and uucp (UNIX-to-UNIX copy) facilities are provided. Interactive Systems Corporation's INmail and INnet programs are provided as electronic mail facilities for communications among computers in a network.

The local/remote file transfer support facilities of IX/370 allow users to send files to and receive files from other users in a RSCS network. In particular, these facilities allow IX/370 users to receive files sent by an IBM Conversational Monitor System (CMS) user, an MVS/Time Sharing Option (MVS/TSO) user, or any other IX/370 user. Similarly, an IX/370 user can send files to any other user accessible through the RSCS network.

MVS/SP is used only on the 9375 Model 60 and the 9377 Model 90, primarily where operating system compatibility with a central computer is required for transporting program packages between the host and distributed systems. MVS/ SP does not support fixed-block architecture DASD, such as the 9332 and 9335; it also lacks support for any of the 9370's integrated I/O controllers. All I/O devices must be attached through standard System/370 Block Multiplexer Channels and control units.

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM: Structured Query Language/Data System (SQL/DS), designed for use with VM/SP and VSE systems, is a relational DBMS with integrated query and report writing facilities. It is broadly compatible with IBM's DB2 product in MVS environments. In the VM environment, SQL/DS provides remote relational access support, allowing users on one CPU to access an SQL/DS database on another locally or remotely connected CPU. For VSE, SQL/DS provides an extract facility that enables users of IBM's DL/1 DOS VS to select portions of DL/1 DOS/VS data and copy them into SQL/DS tables.

Data Language/1 (DL/1) (also called DL/1 DOS/VS) is intended for the VSE environment, for applications with complex processing requirements and highly structured, fixed data relationships; it complements the relational SQL/ DS product. An adjunct product, Query.DL/1, provides a simplified facility for making queries against DL/1 data-

Database 2 (DB2), for the MVS/SP environment, is intended for applications with dynamic requirements and data structures. Multiple users can concurrently access and change data within the same DB2 table; data remains consistent not only within the database, but also as it is perceived by each user. This product uses SQL for programming in either high-level language or interactive mode; the same syntax is used to define and control the system.

Information Management System/VS Data Base Facility (IMS/VS-DB) is a full-function database management system (DBMS) used to create an environment for complex applications like transaction processing; it runs under MVS operating systems. It is most often combined with either IMS/VS-DC or CICS/VS (see the "COMMUNICA-TIONS" subsection below) to achieve a complete database/ data communications system. IMS/VS-DB executes as an application and interfaces between user application programs and databases.

LANGUAGES: Languages available for the VM, VSE, and MVS operating environments include VS Fortran, PL/1. Cobol, and RPG II. Available for the VM and MVS environments only are APL2, Pascal/VS, and Basic. Lisp/VM is available for VM only.

COMMUNICATIONS: IBM offers a wide range of communications products for the VM, VSE, and MVS environments. Key products are described in the following



paragraphs; those provided as integral or optional facilities for specific operating systems are mentioned in this "SOF-TWARE" section.

The 9370 participates in IBM's Systems Network Architecture (SNA). The base for major communications subsystems in the VM, VSE, and MVS environments is ACF/VTAM. Together with ACF/NCP, when applicable, provides an operating system for the network. The functions of the network operating system are analogous to those of a host operating system for resource sharing and logical handling of user requests.

ACF/VTAM supports concurrent execution of multiple telecommunications applications and controls the sharing of telecommunications resources among the programs in one or more systems. It supports logically direct transmission of data between application programs and terminals in session and supports data transfer between two application programs residing in the same system or in distributed systems.

ACF/VTAM, working in conjunction with ACF/NCP, supports peer-to-peer communications among SNA nodes; that is, programs residing on distributed systems can communicate with one another without host application assistance.

Advanced Program-to-Program Communications (APPC) is provided by the VTAM Application Program Interface (API). The API allows S/370-type applications using LU6.2 sessions to communicate over an SNA network with APPC applications running on the following: S/370-architecture mainframes and intermediate-sized processors; IBM System/36, System/38, and Series/1 minicomputers; IBM System/88 fault-tolerant/on-line transaction processors; the IBM RT PC workstation; the IBM PC and PS/2 microcomputers; and other manufacturers' systems which support LU6.2 communications.

ACF/NCP resides in the IBM 372X Communication Controller and provides physical management of the communications network. It controls attached lines and terminals, performs error recovery, and routes data through the network. It communicates with the host through ACF/VTAM, or, in the case of a remote 372X, through another ACF/NCP.

The Non-SNA Interconnection network program allows the connection of BSC-oriented remote job entry (RJE) workstations to be connected to a 37XX communications processor. The Network Terminal Option allows non-SNA terminals to access ACF/VTAM-based applications.

The X.25 NCP Packet Switching Interface (X.25 NPSI) allows ACF/NCP users to communicate over packet-switched data networks that have interfaces complying with CCITT Recommendation X.25 (1980 and 1984). This product allows SNA host processors to communicate with either SNA or non-SNA equipment over such networks.

The Distributed Systems Executive (DSX), a network program for VSE- and MVS-based host systems, helps the central site plan, schedule, and track the distribution of data and software among the nodes in an SNA network. It provides centralized support and control for resource distribution between the host and selected SNA nodes, maintains control over the maintenance of software at the remote site, allows the scheduled distribution of node software, distributes data between the host and nodes, initiates processing at the nodes and host, and provides wider security coverage.

The VSE/Distributed Systems Node Executive (DSNX), a network program for VSE-based systems, provides support for the central site management of a network of distributed

systems. VSE/DSNX is installed at the remote site to receive and to implement software and data objects received from the VSE- or MVS-based host which is running DSX.

Like VSE/DSNX, VM/DSNX provides support for the central site management of a network of distributed systems. VM/DSNX is installed at the remote site to receive and to implement software and data objects. It also provides limited function for distributing objects from the VM-based central site to distributed VM-based systems.

NetView, a product for VM, MVS, and VSE environments, is a network management program that provides a cohesive set of SNA host network management services. Fully compatible with IBM's SNA network management architecture, Netview performs the network management functions of NCCP, Network Logical Data Manager (NLDM), and Network Problem Determination Application (NPDA), and functions of the program offerings VTAM Node Control Application (VNCA) and Network Management Productivity Facility (NMPF).

NetView contains the following components:

- Command facility. This component provides command, messaging, and other capabilities for executing network management functions. The facility supports single-domain, multiple-domain, or interconnected SNA networks which allow system operations to be centralized at a single location or distributed at different points.
- Session monitor. This component gathers information on session activities for performance evaluation, system tuning, and system accounting.
- Hardware monitor. This component collects and displays alerts, events, and statistical data to assist in identifying failing resources in the network, determine probable cause, and recommend action for specific problems related to alerts and events.
- Status monitor. This component allows the operator to view the status of all domain resources.
- On-line help facility. This component provides operator information without requiring the use of the operation reference library.
- Help Desk Facility. This component is an on-line guide that provides problem diagnosis and network operation techniques.
- Network Log and Data Set Browse. This facility stores network messages and permits the operator to review the messages. Through user specification, messages being flagged by an "important message indicator" may be color coded or highlighted to designate severity, type, or source.

The NCCF, which operates as an application program under ACF/VTAM, provides the network operator with functions for controlling a communications network. It also provides services for IBM or user-written network management programs.

The *NLDM* and the *NPDA* are NCCF applications which collect session-related information that is useful for identifying and isolating network problems.

The Network Performance Monitor (NPM) aids network support personnel in managing the performance and growth of VTAM-based networks. The Network Design and Analysis (NETDA) is an interactive program product designed to



assist customers in the definition, performance analysis, and optimization of SNA networks.

The Routing Table Generator (RTG) assists users in defining networks and routing tables. The NetView Network Definer, a NetView application, assists users in building and maintaining definition tables for VM-based SNA networks. The Teleprocessing Network Simulator (TPNS) tests on-line application programs, communications access methods, control programs, subsystems, and networks.

VM/Conversational Monitor System (VM/CMS), in conjunction with the VM operating system, provides an interactive computing system; it can also be used as a base for interactive applications. It provides full timesharing in either a distributed system or a centralized environment with a dedicated processor, or in conjunction with other operating systems.

The Customer Information Control System (CICS) is a general-purpose data communications monitor for terminal-oriented transaction processing applications in VSE and MVS environments. It interfaces among user-written application programs, transaction processing access methods (such as ACF/VTAM), and database managers (such as DB2 in MVS). The user can generate a CICS/VS system configuration applicable to specific needs and define the environment in which the system is to execute.

IMS/VS-Data Communications (IMS/VS-DC) is a data communications management system that supports multiple terminal-oriented applications using a common database in the MVS environment. Among other features, it provides support for SNA and SDLC terminals, and allows simplified migration to SNA. IMS/VS-DC is generally used in conjunction with IMS/VS-DB (see the "DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM" subsection above).

UTILITIES: Utility and special functions for the 9370 systems are handled both through intrinsic operating system capabilities and through specialized software products supplied with the operating systems. Those adjunct facilities are listed in the "Operating System" subsection above.

OFFICE AUTOMATION: Professional Office System (PROFS), for the VM/SP environment, provides distribution services, such as document transfer; library services, such as storage and retrieval of notes, documents, and statistics; personal services, such as calendaring and appointment scheduling; final-form and revisable-form document interchange with DISOSS users; and an integrated interface to DisplayWrite/370 as an additional document preparation facility.

Distributed Office Support System (DISOSS) runs under MVS or VSE in IBM's CICS environment. It allows users to exchange text, data, and images through electronic mail and central filing. A DISOSS-PROFS bridge supports the exchange of both final-form and revisable-form documents with VM-based systems. DISOSS provides distribution and library services, personal services, and an Application Program Interface (API) that interfaces DISOSS and userwritten CICS applications. Together with DISOSS, Personal Services/370 (PS/370) provides office system functions on a 3270, 3270-PC, 3270-PC AT, or 3270-PC AT/G or /GX display termninal. Operating as a CICS/VS application, PS/370 supports DisplayWrite/370.

DisplayWrite/370, operating in the MVS and VSE environments, provides a full-screen text editor/formatter supporting the 3270 Information Display System and the 3270-PC display terminal.

APPLICATIONS: A range of proprietary commercial, office, engineering/scientific, and industrial applications is available for the VSE, VM, and MVS operating environments. The 9370 supports any S/370 applications program, provided that it is not time dependent; does not require the presence of system facilities (such as storage capacity, I/O equipment, or optional features) when the facilities are not included in the configuration; and does not require the absence of system facilities when the facilities are included in the configuration. (For example, the program must not depend on interruptions caused by invalid operation codes.)

With the announcement of the 9370, IBM began selling the SolutionPac series of software offerings. SolutionPacs are predefined software packages comprising predetermined combinations of the following elements:

- · Integrated, pregenerated system and application software.
- Snap-on application software for standard operating environments.
- Customized or fixed pricing for the following services:
  - -Application integration and customization services.
  - -Design, installation, and education services.
- —Maintenance services, including a single point of contact for the total offering.
- · Application competency center support.
- · Customer support telephone service.

#### **PRICING**

POLICY: The 9370 systems are available for sale or monthly rental. During the first six months following installation, 50 percent of the monthly rental charges may be applied as a credit toward the purchase of the machine, not to exceed 50 percent of the purchase price applicable at the time of purchase. Volume purchasing is available under the Volume Procurement Amendment (VPA) to Agreement for Purchase of IBM Machines. Term leases and installment payment plans are available through IBM Credit Corporation.

Discounts are available for purchasers aggregating required quantities of System/36, System/38, 9370, and 4300 processors.

A 25 percent educational allowance is available to qualifying institutions in accordance with IBM's Educational Allowance Amendment. The educational allowance may not be added to any other discount or allowance.

VM, VSE, and cross-system licensed software products are subject either to a onetime charge or to a monthly license charge. The one-time charge varies according to the processor group to which the target machine belongs. IBM has defined four processor groups—10, 20, 30, and 40—for 370-based machines; 9373 Model 20 and 9375 Model 40 belong to Processor Group 10, while 9375 Model 60 and 9377 Model 90 belong to Processor Group 20. Graduated group-to-group and version-to-version upgrade charges also apply. Volume discounts are available for onetime-charge products, starting with a quantity of three.

SUPPORT: The 9370 systems are covered by a one-year warranty, and are eligible for IBM On-Site Repair. Service is provided by IBM's National Service Division.

The 9370 processors are designated customer setup (CSU) equipment. Processors and rack-mountable devices or fea-



tures ordered with the IBM 9309 Rack Enclosure are installed in the rack enclosure at the factory. The customer is responsible for determining system configuration requirements, unpacking the processor or the rack assembly, positioning the processor or the rack enclosure in the prescribed location, setting up stabilizing hardware, routing power and signal cables, and performing a device operational checkout.

Step-by-step instructions lead the customer through setup of the processor console and rack-mounted units, as well as through connection to external units and communications facilities. Some system elements, such as S/370 channel-attached I/O devices, require installation by IBM service personnel.

IBM 9370 systems are in IBM's maintenance plan group D. The minimum period of maintenance service is nine consecutive hours between 7 a.m. and 6 p.m., Monday through Friday. Charges for maintenance coverage outside this period are based upon percentages of the minimum monthly maintenance charge (MMC) added to the MMC.

IBM also has a Corporate Service Amendment to the IBM Maintenance Agreement providing discounts on service for qualifying systems and network customers.

For users without a maintenance contract or requiring maintenance beyond contracted hours, the 9370 comes under IBM Hourly Service Rate Classification 2. The per-call charge during regular hours is \$158 per hour; outside regular hours, the charge is \$180 per hour.

IBM's Customer Assistance Group can be contacted to help determine and resolve system problems. This group provides step-by-step guidance through a problem determination activity requiring trained personnel to interpret results.

The SDLC communications adapter in the 9370 processor console allows attachment of an external modem to provide data link communications with a remote IBM service system. Remote IBM service personnel can perform on-line diagnosis of the system; logout data stored on the processor console can be transferred and saved at the remote IBM support site for later off-line analysis. IBM support personnel can also apply microcode corrections to the system from the remote site.

TRAINING: IBM offers a range of technically and conceptually oriented training programs covering a variety of subjects, from large-system operating environments to information systems use and management. Educational methods include classroom instruction, self-study, program offerings (computer-based training products running on the 9370 and other systems), and technical update videotapes. Courses are usually given at IBM Education Centers nationwide; some are held at IBM branch offices and, by special arrangement, at user sites.

IBM offers a range of systems, applications, and operations courses for the VSE/SP, MVS, and VM environments; courses on communications systems, database management systems, and distributed processing, among other subjects, are also offered.

TYPICAL CONFIGURATIONS: The following are small, medium, and large 9370 system configurations. More detailed pricing of hardware components and available software is included in the price list that follows.

9373 Model 20:

9373 Model 20 CPU with 4MB of main memory	\$ 31,000
4MB of additional memory	10,000
9309 Rack Model 2	3,000
Two DASD/Tape Subsystem	6,000
Controllers	
9335 A1 Device Function Controller	8,500
9335 B1 824MB DASD fixed disk drive	21,250
9347 1600-bpi streaming tape drive	7,900
Work Station Subsystem Controller	4,200
Three 3299 terminal multiplexers Eight 3179 Model G color display	2,385 22,360
stations	22,300
16 3191 Model A10 monochrome	20,720
display stations	-0,7-0
4234 Model 1 410-lpm dot band printer	8,800
VM/IS Base (Release 5)	28,200
TOTAL DURGULAR BRIGH	<b>***</b> *********************************
TOTAL PURCHASE PRICE:	\$174,315
9375 Model 40:	
9375 Model 40 CPU with 8MB of main	\$ 65,000
memory	<b>AD</b> 000
8MB of additional memory	20,000
Two 9309 Racks Model 2 Two DASD/Tape Subsystem	6,000
Controllers	6,000
9335 A1 Device Function Controller	8,500
Three 9335 B1 824MB DASD fixed	63,750
disk drives	00,700
9347 1600-bpi streaming tape drive	7,900
Two Work Station Subsystem	8,400
Controllers	
Six 3299 terminal multiplexers	4,770
16 3179 Model G color display stations	44,720
16 3191 Model A10 monochrome display stations	20,720
16 3270 PC Model 5371	96,800
4245 Model D20 2000-lpm band printer	35,000
VM/IS Base (Release 5)	28,200
TOTAL PURCHASE PRICE:	\$415,760
TOTAL TURCHASE TRICE.	\$415,700
9377 Model 90:	
9377 Model 90 CPU with 8MB of main	\$ 190,000
memory 8MB of additional memory	20,000
Two 9309 Rack Model 2	6,000
I/O card unit adapter (#5000)	4,200
Two card units (#5010)	15,400
System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel	6,000
3880 Model 3 storage controller	60,270
3380 Model AE4 5.04GB DASD fixed	122,480
disk drive 3480 Model A22 tape control unit	65,430
3480 Model B22 cartridge tape drive	43,120
Four Work Station Subsystem	16,800
Controllers	_3,530
16 3299 terminal multiplexers	12,720
48 3179 Model G color display stations	134,160
48 3191 Model A10 monochrome	62,160
display stations	103 (00
32 3270 PC Model 5371	193,600
3820 20-ppm laser printer 4248 Model 1 3600-lpm band printer	28,350 75,000
VM/SP System Offering	75,000
/or System Onering	7,7-40
TOTAL PURCHASE PRICE:	\$1,063,430

## **EQUIPMENT PRICES**

		Purchase Price (\$)	Monthly Maint. (\$)	Monthly Rental Charge* (\$)	Monthly 2-Year Lease Charge (\$)*
9370 PR	DCESSORS				
9373-020 9375-040 9375-060 9377-090	Processor with 4MB of main memory Processor with 8MB of main memory Processor with 8MB of main memory Processor with 8MB of main memory	31,000 65,000 93,000 190,000	225 280 350 550	3,100 6,500 9,300 19,000	NA NA NA NA
CPU OPT	IONS				
4000	Automated Power Controls	800	NA	80	NA
MEMORY	OPTIONS				
4002 4008 4108	4MB Memory Addition for 9373 Processor 8MB Memory Addition for 9373 or 9375 Processor 8MB Memory Addition for 9377 Processor	10,000 20,000 20,000	NA NA NA	1,000 2,000 2,000	NA NA NA
I/O OPTIO	ons				
5000 5010 5020 6010 6001 6003 6020	I/O Card Unit Adapter I/O Card Unit I/O Card Unit I/O Card Unit 9370 DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller Channel Power Control System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel 9370 Work Station Subsystem Controller	4,200 7,700 11,300 3,000 1,600 6,000 4,200	NA NA NA NA NA NA	420 770 1,130 300 160 600 420	NA NA NA NA NA NA
COMMU	NICATIONS/NETWORKING OPTIONS				
6030 6031 6032 6034 6035 3299 3720	Telecommunications Subsystem Controller Multi-Protocol Adapter for Telecommunications Subsystem Controller Asynchronous Adapter for Telecommunications Subsystem Controller IBM Token-Ring Adapter IEEE 802.3 Adapter Terminal Multiplexer Communications Controller (a front-end communications processor) Model 1: Local Base Model 2: Remote Base	2,400 1,200 825 1,950 2,700 795 36,500 26,000	NA NA NA NA NA NA 2,605 1,855	240 120 83 195 270 NA 2,090 1,705	NA NA NA NA NA
3721	Model 11: Local Base & TR Model 12 Expansion Unit Model 1	42,500 33,000 16,00	3,305 2,285 NA	2,135 1,750 1,145	NA NA NA
3275	Model 2 Communications Controller (a front-end communications processor) Model 1 Model 2	22,500 75,000 60,500	NA **2,795 **2,495	1,605 4,020 3,030	NA NA NA
3726 3227	Communications Control Console Operator Console	32,000 2,390	42 27	1,710 196	524 336
HARDWA	ARE OPTIONS				
9309	Rack Enclosure Model 1; 1.0 Meter Model 2; 1.6 Meter 120V Power Supply for Model 1	2,500 3,000 NC	4 4 NC	250 300 NC	NA NA NC
MASS ST	ORAGE				
3370	Direct Access Storage Device Model A1; Single Disk Drive; 571.3MB Model B1; Add-on Single Disk Drive for attachment to Model A1 Model A12; 729.8MB; contains logic and power for up to three Model B2 units Model B12; connects to a 3370 Model A2 8150 String Switch for 3370 A1 and A2; 2-year lease price applies to A1 string switch only	35,480 26,600 35,480 26,600 3,830	173 129 139 105 2	1,851 1,387 2,405 1,800 181	1,575 1,180 NA NA 154

<sup>\*</sup>Rental/lease prices include equipment maintenance.
\*\*Annual maintenance fee.
NA—Not applicable.
NC—No charge.

•		Purchase Price (\$)	Monthly Maint. (\$)	Monthly Rental Charge* (\$)	Monthly 2-Year Lease Charge (\$)*
3375	Direct Access Storage; 819.7MB per drive:  Model A1; contains logic and power for up to three Model B1 units  Model B1; connects to a 3375 Model A1  Model D1; provides dual controller function in a 3375 string; requires one Model  A1 and two Model B1s	24,730 18,700 23,590	144 109 133	1,851 1,486 1,763	1,575 1,265 1,500
	4951 Model D1 Attachment for Model A1 4952 Model D1 Attachment for Model B1 8150 String Switch Feature for 3375 A1	2,590 NC 3,795	6 NC 2	102 NC 181	87 NC 154
3380	Direct Access Storage; 2.52 billion bytes per unit:  Model AD4; 2.52GB Extended Capability drive; attaches to 3880 Model 3 or 23	88,780	295	5,105	NA
	storage directors  Model AE4; 5.04GB Extended Capability drive; attaches to 3880 Model 3 or 23 storage directors	124,480	295	7,590	NA
	Model BD4; 2.52GB Extended Capability drive; can be attached to AD4, AE4, BE4, or another BD4	64,440	215	3,715	NA
	Model BE4; 5.04GB Extended Capability drive; can be attached to AD4, AE4, BD4, or another BE4	98,140	215	6,190	NA
3880	Storage Control; includes two storage directors:  Model 1; each storage director can attach up to four 3350 A2/A2F, 3370 A1, or 3375 A1 or D1 in any combination	60,270	176	4,124	3,510
	Model 2; provides one storage director for 3350, A2/A2F, 3370 A1, or 3375 storage and one for 3380 storage	60,270	176	4,124	3,510
	Model 3; provides two storage directors for 3380 storage Model 4; provides one storage director which can attach up to four 3375 Mo- del A1s	60,270 30,000	176 83	4,124 2,370	3,510 NA
	Model E21; same as D21, but with 16 megabytes	165,400	600	11,300	NA
	Model G21; same as D21, but with 32 megabytes	237,400	650	15,970	NA
	Model H21; same as D21, but with 48 megabytes Model J21; same as D21, but with 64 megabytes	309,400 381,400	700 750	20,640 25,310	NA NA
	Model D23; includes two cache storage directors for 3380; 8 megabytes	129,400	575	8,965	NA
	Model E23; same as D23, but 16 megabytes	165,400	600	11,300	NA
	Model G23; same as D23, but with 32 megabytes	237,400	650	15,970	NA
	Model H23; same as D23, but with 48 megabytes Model J23; same as D23, but with 64 megabytes	309,400 381,400	700 750	20,640 25,310	NA NA
	6148 Remote Switch Attachment	NC	NC	NC	NC
	6149 Remote Switch Attachment, additional	NC NC	NC	NC NC	NC
	6150 Remote Switch Attachment for Eight-Channel Switch 6550 Speed Matching Buffer for 3380	NC 9,705	NC 40	NC 597	NC 508
	6560 Speed Matching Buffer	11,420	40	518	441
	8160 Two-channel switch	3,850	5	241	NA
	8170 Two-Channel Switch Pair 8171 Two-Channel Switch Pair, additional	6,225 16,610	11 39	421 1,136	358 967
	8172 Eight-Channel Switch	22,850	54	1,563	1,330
9332 9335	368MB Rack Mounted DASD 824MB DASD	14,000 21,250	27 50	1400 2,125	NA NA
MAGNE	TIC TAPE EQUIPMENT				
3420	Magnetic Tape Units: Model 3; 120,000 bytes/sec. at 1600 bpi; 75 ips Model 4; 470,000 bytes/sec. at 6250 bpi; 75 ips Model 5; 200,000 bytes/sec. at 1600 bpi; 125 ips	13,120 16,870 17,600	248 248 272	768 1,075 1,035	645 903 869
	Model 6; 780,000 bytes/sec. at 6250 bpi; 125 ips Model 7; 320,000 bytes/sec. at 1600 bpi; 200 ips Model 8; 1250 bytes/sec. at 6250 bpi; 200 ips	19,710 19,710 21,860	272 326 401	1,235 1,225 1,465	1,037 1,029 1,231
	6420 6250 bpi Density Feature (for 3420 Models 4, 6, and 8) 6425 6250/1600 bpi Density Feature (for 3420 Models 4, 6, and 8) 6631 Single Density Feature (for Models 3, 5, and 7) 3550 Dual Density Feature (for Models 3, 5, and 7) 6407 7-Track Feature (for Models 3, 5, and 7)	1,760 2,425 3,155 4,075 3,155	68 90 68 113 98	95 138 162 211 162	80 116 136 177 136
3422	Magnetic Tape Unit:				
	A1 drive and control unit B1 magnetic tape unit	40,480 19,690	440 181	2,460 1,165	NA NA

<sup>\*</sup>Rental/lease prices include equipment maintenance.
\*\*Annual maintenance fee.
NA—Not applicable.
NC—No charge.

		Purchase Price (\$)	Monthly Maint. (\$)	Monthly Rental Charge* (\$)	Monthly 2-Year Lease Charge (\$)*
	3020 Data Streaming Feature 3005 Two Channel Switch 3010 Two Control Unit Switch (Communicator), primary 3015 Same as 3010, but secondary	1,730 3,575 8,085 5,775	32 4 19 19	111 167 387 282	NA NA NA NA
3430	Magnetic Tape Subsystem: Model A1; Tape Unit and Control Model B1; Tape Unit only	33,400 16,900	251 176	2,575 1,365	NA NA
	4991 Multiple Drive Attachment	600	5	42	NA
3480	Magnetic Tape Subsystem: Model A22 Control Unit Model B22 Magnetic Tape Unit	65,430 43,120	423 264	4,605 3,015	NA NA
	1511 First Channel Attachment 1512 Second Channel Attachment 1513 Third Channel Attachment	5,785 5,785 5,785	21 21 21	357 357 357	NA NA NA
3803	Tape Controller: Model 1; for 3420 Models 3, 5, 7 Model 2; for 3420 Models 3 through 8 drives	22,740 30,300	158 218	1,335 1,945	1,121 1,634
	5310 9-Track NRZI Feature (permits connection of 800-bpi drives to 3803-2) 6320 7-Track NRZI Feature (permits connection of 800-bpi drives to 3803-2; 5310 is prerequisite)	3,385 1,665	2 2	170 85	143 71
	Multiple Tape Control Switches (for switching up to sixteen 3420 tape drives among up to four 3803 control units): 1792 for 2 Tape Controls 1793 for 3 Tape Controls	6,740 8,600	14 23	354 459	297 385
	1794 for 4 Tape Controls	10,110	23	537	451
	6148 Remote Switch Attachment 8100 Two-Channel Switch	1,000 5,060	NA 7	51 262	43 220
9347	Magnetic Tape Unit-40,00 bytes/sec. at 100 ips; 1600 bpi or 160,000 bytes/sec at 25 ips; 1600 bpi. 6010 DASD/Tape Controller	7,900 3,000	78 NA	790 300	NA NA
PRINTER					
3262	Line Printer:  Model 1; 650 lpm  Model 3; 650 lpm (3274)  Model 11; 325 lpm  Model 13; 325 lpm (3274)	15,040 15,040 12,620 12,620	203 203 148 148	806 806 592 592	686 686 504 504
3268	Printer Model 2 Model 2C	7,500 8,990	76 102	498 677	424 NA
3287	Serial Printer: Model 1; 80 cps Model 2; 120 cps Model 1C; 4 colors; 80 cps Model 2C; 4 colors; 120 cps	4,830 5,150 5,210 5,530	41 52 46 57	348 426 431 506	296 362 367 431
	1120 APL/Text 3610 Extended Character Set Adapter 3880 Extended Print Buffer 4110 Friction Feed Paper Handling 8330 3271/3272 Attachment for Models 1 and 2 8331 3274/3276 Attachment for Models 1 and 2 8700 Variable-Width Forms Tractor	165 429 198 151 860 165 151	1 3 1 1 3 1	NA NA NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA NA NA
3812	Nonimpact tabletop page printer Model 1 3060 bisync communication feature for VM attachment	8235 250	126 NA	NA NA	NA NA

<sup>\*</sup>Rental/lease prices include equipment maintenance.
\*\*Annual maintenance fee.

NA-Not applicable.



		Purchase Price (\$)	Monthly Maint. (\$)	Monthly Rental Charge* (\$)	Monthly 2-Year Lease Charge (\$)*
3820	Laser page printer Model 1	28,350	310	1,845	NA NA
	3005 pattern storage memory 256KB	1,050	10	61	NA
	3010 pattern storage memory 512KB	1,700	20	102	NA
	3020 pattern storage memory 1024KB 3025 pattern storage memory 2048KB	3,000 6,000	40 80	184 368	NA NA
	3030 pattern storage memory 3072KB	9,000	120	552	NA
	3035 control storage memory 128KB 3055 System/370 channel interface attachment	750 2,600	10 40	46 164	NA NA
4224	Printer Model 1C2	6,700	50	NA	NA
	Model 1E2	6,500	45	NA	NA
	Model 101	4,200	30	NA	NA
	Model 102	6,000 6,700	40 50	NA NA	NA
	2C2-400 cps max.; expanded storage and color 2E2-400 cps max.; expanded storage	6,700 6,500	45	NA NA	NA NA
	201-200 cps maximum	4,200	30	NA .	NA
	202-400 cps maximum	6,000	40	NA	NA
	3C2-400 cps Color Printer	6,700	50	NA NA	NA
	301-200 cps Printer 302-400 cps Printer	4,200 6,000	30 40	NA NA	NA NA
4234	Dot Band Printer Model 1	8,800	85	NA	NA
4245	Band Printer	21.000	250	2.050	NA
	Model 12; 1200 lpm Model D12; 1200 lpm	31,000 31,000	250 250	2,050 2,050	NA NA
	Model 20; 2000 lpm	35,000	400	2,340	NA
	Model D20; 2000 lpm	35,000	400	2,340	NA
4248	Printer, Model 2; 2200/3200/4000 lpm; 132 print positions	75,000	800	6,205	NA
	3751 Additional 36 Print Positions (plant installation) 3753 Additional 36 Print Positions (field installation)	10,000 15,000	110 110	615 615	NA NA
4250	Nonimpact Printer, Model 1; 600 by 600 dots per square inch	21,000	190	1,520	NA
5210	Printer Model G1	5,420	63	NA	NA
	Model G2	5,835	69	NA	NA
WORKS	STATIONS/TERMINALS				
3178	Monochrome Display Station:				
	Model C10; 75-key keyboard	1,040	NA	NA	NA
	Model C20;87-key keyboard Model C30; 87-key keyboard	1,095 1,095	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	Model C40	1,095	NA	NA	NA NA
3179	Color Graphics Display Station Model G1	2,795	NA	NA	NA
	Model G2	2,795	NA	NA	NA
3191	Monochrome Display Station Model A10; 122-key keyboard, green display	1,295	NA	NA	NA
	Model A10, 122-key keyboard, green display  Model A20, 102-key keyboard, green display	1,295	NA	NA	NA NA
	Model A30; 104-key keyboard, green display	1,295	NA	NA	NA
	Model B10; 122-key keyboard, amber-gold display	1,295	NA	NA	NA
	Model B20; 102-key keyboard, amber-gold display Model B30; 104-key keyboard, amber-gold display	1,295 1,295	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
3192	Color Display Station Model C10; 122-key keyboard	1,895	NA	NA	NA
	Model CTO, 122-key keyboard  Model CDO; same as Model C10, except 3-year warranty	2,045	NA	NA NA	NA NA
	Model C20; 102-key keyboard	1,895	NA	NA	NA
	Model CEO; same as Model C2O, except 3-year warranty	2,045	NA NA	NA NA	NA
	Model C30; 104-key keyboard	1,895	NA	NA	NA

<sup>\*</sup>Rental/lease prices include equipment maintenance.
\*\*Annual maintenance fee.
NA—Not applicable.
NC—No charge.

Monthly

## **IBM 9370 Information System**

		Purchase Price (\$)	Monthly Maint. (\$)	Monthly Rental Charge* (\$)	2-Year Lease Charge (\$)*
	Model CFO; same as C30, except 3-year warranty	2.045	NA	NA	NA
	Model D10; 122-key keyboard	1,795	NA	NA	NA
	Model DDO; same as D10, except 3-year warranty	1,895	NA	NA	NA
	Model D20; 102-key keyboard	1,795	NA	NA	NA
	Model DEO; same as D2O, except 3-year warranty	1,895	NA	NA	NA
	Model D30; 104-key keyboard	1,795	NA	NA	NA
	Model DFO; same as D30, except 3-year warranty	1,895	NA	NA	NA
	Model G10; 122-key keyboard	2,795	NA	NA	NA
	Model GDO; same as G10, except 3-year warranty	2,995	NA	NA	NA
	Model G20; 122-key typewriter or APL2 keyboard	2,795	NA	NA	NA
	Model GEO; same as G2O, except 3-year warranty	2,995	NA	NA	NA
	Model G30; 104-key keyboard	2,795	NA	NA	NA
	Model GFO; same as G30, except 3-year warranty	2,995	NA	NA	NA
	Model G40; 104-key typewriter or APL2 keyboard	2,795	NA	NA	NA
	Model GGO; same as G4O, except 3-year warranty	2,995	NA	NA	NA
3193	Monochrome Display Station				
	Model 1; 122-key keyboard	2,495	NA	NA	NA
	Model 2; 102-key keyboard	2,495	NA	NA	NA
3194	Color Display Station				
	Model H20; 102-key keyboard	2,895	NA	NA	NA
	Model H50; 122-key keyboard	2,895	NA	NA	NA
3278	Monochrome Display Station				
	Model 2	1,572	10	109	93
	Model 3	1,716	11	133	113
	Model 4	1,804	12	136	116
	Model 5	2,060	13	160	136
3290	Information Panel				
	Model 220	6500	**288	NA	NΑ
	Model 230	6500	**288	NA	NA
	Model T30	9300	**360	NA	NA
	3210-Display Panel	3600	NA	184	NA
	4370-Data/Typewriter Keyboard	440	NA	24	NA
	4731-APL Typewriter	440	NA	24	NA
	4830-Numeric Keypad	250	NA	12	NA
	4831-Program Function Keypad	250	NA	12	NA

<sup>\*</sup>Rental/lease prices include equipment maintenance.
\*\*Annual maintenance fee.

NA---Not applicable.
NC---No charge.

## **SOFTWARE PRICES**

		Initial Charge		Initial Charge Monthly Ch		narge	
		Basic License Charge (\$)	DSLO License Charge (\$)	Basic License Charge (\$)	DSLO Charge (\$)	Licensed Program Support Charge (\$)	
	rges are based on the processor group to which the system belongs. The 9373 d the 9375 Model 40 belong to Processor Group 10. The 9375 Model 60 and the						
	90 belong to Processor Group 20.						
5664-167	`VM/SP						
	Group 10	7,740	5,805	500	375	ı	
	Group 20	13,540					
	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	5,800	4,350	NΑ	NA	. NA	
5664-280	ACF/VTAM V3 (VM/SP)						
	Group 10	11,235					
	Group 20	19,60		1,175			
	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	8,425	6,310	NA	NA	. NA	
5664-283	VM/IS PF						
	Group 10	1,140	1,025	107	NA		
	Group 20	2,000		107	NA		
	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	860	775	NA	NA	. NA	
5664-301	VM/IS (Release 5)						
	Group 10	28,200			NA		
	Group 20	49,365	40,243	2,381	NA	. NA	
	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	21,145	17,253	NA	NA	. NA	

<sup>\*</sup>The figure to the right of the slash is a Monthly Multiple Licensed Support Charge. NA-Not applicable

		Initial	Initial Charge		Monthly Cha	
		Basic License Charge (\$)	DSLO License Charge (\$)	Basic License Charge (\$)		Licensed Program Support Charge (\$)
5664-301	System Base Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	13,575 23,765 10, 190	10,175 17,805 7,760	851 851 NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
	Real Time Monitor Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 VMMAP	400 700 300	400 700 300	50 50 NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 PL1	1,600 2,800 1,200	1,600 2,800 1,200	270 270 NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 FSF	440 775 335	320 565 245	37 37 NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 Batch	440 770 330	440 770 330	44 44 NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 GDDM/PGF	440 770 330	440 770 330	44 44 NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 DCF/FEF	4,955 8,670 3,715	3,715 6,505 2,790	320 320 NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
5664-309	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 PROFS V2	4,990 8,735 3,745	4,990 8,735 3,745	384 384 NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 Over 100 currently signed-on terminal users upgrade.	12,800 22,400 9,600	9,600 16,800 7,200	995 995 NA	225 225 NA	NA NA NA
5664-370	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 DW/370 (VM/SP)	NC 400 400	NC 300 300	200 200 NA	150 150 NA	NA NA NA
5666-316	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 VSE/SP Version 3	5,600 9,800 4,200	4,200 7,350 3,150	665 665 NA	500 500 NA	42 42 NA
5666-338	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 DW 370 (VSE/CICS)	29,315 51,305 17,330	NA NA 15,610	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
5668-805	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 VS FORTRAN LIBRARY Version 2	2,400 4,200 1,800	1,800 3,150 1,350	535 535 NA	400 400 NA	71 71 NA
5668-806	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 VS FORT COMP/LIB/IAD Version 2	2,400 4,200 1,800	1,800 3,150 1,350	200 200 NA	150 150 NA	NA NA NA
5668-813	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 MVS	9,000 15,750 6,750	6,755 11,820 5,065	750 750 NA	563 563 NA	NA NA NA
5668-814	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 MVS	6,800 11,900 5,100	6,120 10,710 4,590	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
5668-899	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 APL2	5,200 9,100 3,900	4,680 8,190 3,510	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	5,600 9,800 4,200	5,040 8,820 3,780	695 695 NA	521 521 NA	37 37 NA

<sup>\*</sup>The figure to the right of the slash is a Monthly Multiple Licensed Support Charge. NA—Not applicable.

		Initia	Initial Charge		Monthly Cha	
		Basic Licenso Charge (\$)	DSLO License Charge (\$)	Basic License Charge (\$)	DSLO Charge (\$)	Licensed Program Support Charge (\$)
5668-903	VS FORTRAN IAD Group 10 Group 20	4,475 7,835	3,345 5,855	320 320	240 240	26 26
5668-918	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 CICS/OS/VS Group 10 Group 20	3,360 5,100 8,925	2,510 3,820 6,690	NA 584 584	NA 408 408	NA 15 15
5668-940	Update-Group 10 to Group 20 VS COBOL II LIB Group 10	3,825 5,945	2,870 4,450	NA 425	NA 318	NA 53
5668-958	Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 VS COBOL COMP/LIB Group 10	10, 410 4,465 14,975	7,790 3,340 11,225	426 NA 1,070	318 NA 802	53 NA 53
5668-996	Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 BASIC (VM/SP)	26,210 11,235	19,645 8,420	1,070 NA	802 NA	53 NA
5736-LM4	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 DOS PL/1 RES LIB	2,800 4,900 2,100	2,520 4,410 1,890	375 375 NA	281 281 NA	38 38 NA
3730-EIVI4	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to 20	695 1,215 520	515 900 385	58 58 NA	43 43 NA	7 7 NA
5736-LM5	DOS PL/1 TRAN LIB Group 10 Group 20	405 710 305	300 525 225	34 34	25 25 NA	7 7
5736-PL1	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 DOS PL/1 OPT COMP Group 10 Group 20	3,010 5,720	2,255 3,945	NA 251 251	188 188	NA 39 39
5736-PL3	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 DOS PL/1 COMP & LIB Group 10	2,260 4,125	1,690 3,095	NA 344	NA 258	NA 53
5748-F03	Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 VS FORTRAN COMP, LIB Group 10	7,220 3,095 3,235	5,415 2,320 2,415	344 NA 247	258 NA 186	53 NA 18
5748-LM3	Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 VS FORTRAN LIB	5,660 2,425	4,230 1,815	247 NA	186 NA	18 NA
5748-XXJ	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	945 2,370 715	700 1,755 525	73 73 NA	54 54 NA	7 7 NA
5746-773	SOL/DS Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	5,565 9,740 4,175	4,160 7,285 3,125	464 464 NA	347 347 NA	144 144 NA
5799-BWH	VSE/SP V2 Group 10 Group 20	4,990 4,990 8,740	4,495 4,495 7,865	502 502 502	452 452 452	433 433 433
	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 CICS/DOS Group 10 Group 20	3,753 8,230 14,405	3,370 7,400 12,955	NA 686 686	NA 617 617	NA NA NA
	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 ACF/VTAM Version 2 Group 10	6,175 3,690	5,555 3,325	NA 284	NA 256	NA NA
	Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 VSE/ICCF Version 2 Group 10	6,455 2,765 2,235	5,820 2,495 2,010	284 NA 214	256 NA 192	NA NA NA
	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20 VSE/POWER Version 2	3,915 1,680	3,525 1,515	214 NA	192 192 NA	NA NA
	Group 10 Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	1,550 2,710 1,160	1,395 2,440 1,045	166 166 NA	149 149 NA	NA NA NA

<sup>\*</sup>The figure to the right of the slash is a Monthly Multiple Licensed Support Charge. NA—Not applicable.

		Initial	Initial Charge		nthly Ch	Charge	
			DSLO License Charge (\$)	Basic License Charge (\$)	DSLO Charge (\$)	Licensed Program Support Charge (\$)	
	NOT WOAL						
	VSE/VSAM	COE	625	22	20	NIA	
	Group 10	695 1,215	625 1,095	33 33	30 30	NA NA	
	Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	520	470	NA	NA	NA NA	
	VSE/VSAM SPACE	520	470	IVA	IVA	NA	
	Group 10	285	255	44	40	NA	
	Group 20	495	445	44	40	NA	
	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	210	190	NA	NA	NA	
	DITTO V1					,	
	Group 10	535	480	82	74	NA	
	Group 20	9351	840	82	74	NA	
	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	400	360	NA	NA	NA	
	BTAM (VSE)						
	Group 10	525	480	44	40	NA	
	Group 20	920	840	44	40	NA	
	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	395	360	NA	NA	NA	
	VSE/Fast Copy						
	Group 10	200	180	23	21	NA	
	Group 20	345	310	23	21	NA	
	Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	145	130	NA	NA	NA	
	VSE/VSAM BACKUP RESTORE	175	155	33	30	NA	
	Group 10	305	275	33	30	NA NA	
	Group 20 Upgrade-Group 10 to Group 20	130	120	NA	NA	NA NA	
5667-126	IX/370	130	120	INA	INA	INA	
3007-120	4506 For maximum of 16 concurrently signed-on terminal users (CSTU)	10,000	NA	NA	NΔ */	95/792	
	4507 For maximum of 32 CSTU; features are cumulative, so maximum	10,000	NA	NA		95/792	
	license charge=\$20,000	10,000				00,702	
	4508 For maximum of 64 CSTU; features are cumulative, so maximum	20,000	NA	NA	NA *4	95/792	
	license charge=\$40,000					,	
	4509 For maximum of 65+ CSTU; features are cumulative, so maximum	35,000	NA	NA	NA *4	95/792	
	license charge=\$75,000						

<sup>\*</sup>The figure to the right of the slash is a Monthly Multiple Licensed Support Charge. NA—Not applicable. ■