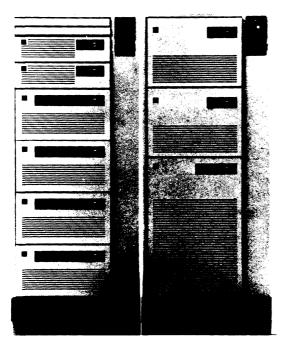
MANAGEMENT SUMMARY

UPDATE: Since Datapro's last report on the 9370, IBM has extended its range of systems support and the product's flexibility and distributed processing capabilities. The company introduced products such as Advanced Communication Function/Virtual Telecommunications Access Method (ACF/VTAM) Version 3, NetView Release 3, and NetView Network Definer, which allow peer-to-peer communications and centralized network management. The addition of high-performance, high-capacity Direct Access Storage Device (DASD) devices and high-performance DASD controllers also enhances the price/performance and functionality of the 9370.

Introduced in October 1986, the 9370 Information System is IBM's strategic departmental processing system. It arms IBM with a more competitive product for office and departmental computing.

The 9370 delivers mainframe-class performance in a lowcost, compact package. It offers greater price/performance than the company's office systems that are not part of the System/370 family—the IBM System/36 (S/36) and System/38 (S/38)—and is more powerful and less costly than the 4361, IBM's previous office-level System/370 (S/370)architecture system. Additionally, the 9370 is less costly than the IBM 4381, the entry point for high-performance S/370 computing.



IBM's 9377 Model 90, the top-of-the-line 9370 Information System, rivals the lower end IBM 4381 systems in processing power. It supports the new 7.6G-byte 3380 DASDs and accommodates up to 384 local workstations. The IBM 9370 is a compact, office-environment system that maintains full compatibility with IBM System/370 architecturebased systems. It offers a higher level of price/performance and cost-effectiveness than other entry-level S/370 systems. Designed for use as a departmental system, the 9370 is primarily intended to run VM/ SP, IBM's primary end-user, interactive operating system for S/370 machines. Also, the 9370 supports Ethernet, IBM Token-Ring, and SNA networks, making the system suitable for departmental computing.

MODELS: 9373 Model 20, 9375 Model 40 and Model 60, and 9377 Model 90. CONFIGURATION: From 4M bytes to 16M bytes of main memory, one to six I/O buses, 368M bytes to 120G bytes of disk storage, and up to 384 workstations. COMPETITION: Digital Equipment Micro-

VAX and VAX 8000, Data General Eclipse MV family, and Unisys 2200/200. PRICE: \$31,000 to \$190,000 (base system prices).

CHARACTERISTICS

MANUFACTURER: International Business Machines Corporation, Old Orchard Road, Armonk, New York 10504. Contact your local IBM representative.

CANADIAN ADDRESS: IBM Canada Ltd., Markham, 3500 Steeles Avenue East, Markham, Ontario L3R 2Z1. Telephone (416) 474-2111.

DATA FORMATS

BASIC UNIT: An eight-bit byte. Each byte can represent one alphanumeric character, two BCD digits, or eight binary bits. Two consecutive bytes form a "halfword" of 16 bits, while four consecutive bytes form a 32-bit "word."

FIXED-POINT OPERANDS: Can range from 1 to 16 bytes (1 to 31 digits plus sign) in decimal mode or 1 halfword (16 bits) or 1 word (32 bits) in binary mode.

FLOATING-POINT OPERANDS: One word, consisting of 24-bit fraction and 7-bit hexadecimal exponent, in "short" format; two words, consisting of 56-bit fraction and 7-bit hexadecimal exponent, in "long" format; or four words, in "extended precision" format.

INSTRUCTIONS: Two, four, or six bytes in length, specifying 0, 1, or 2 memory addresses, respectively.

The 9370 processors employ the System/370 Universal Instruction Set. The instruction set includes complete arithmetic facilities for processing variable-length decimal and fixed-point binary operands, as well as instructions which handle loading, storing, comparing, branching, shifting, editing, radix conversion, code translation, logical opera-

Besides delivering better cost-effectiveness and greater \triangleright price/performance than IBM's other departmental and distributed processing solutions, the 9370 provides greater functionality. For example, the 9370 supports several types of data base management systems; in contrast, the S/36 cannot support a DBMS. Furthermore, the 9370 communications architecture is much improved over other IBM departmental computers such as the S/36 and S/38. The 9370 supports the IEEE 802.3-recommended Ethernet Local Area Network (LAN), the IBM Systems Network Architecture (SNA), and the IBM Token-Ring LAN that provides a common communications path among distributed IBM and non-IBM information systems and workstations. At present, the S/36 and S/38 are equipped only with SNA and Token-Ring LAN communications facilities, thus limiting distributed processing functionality. The de facto industry-standard Ethernet network supports more systems from various vendors than the Token-Ring network. By not supporting Ethernet, the S/3X products cede ground to the 9370.

One of the most significant advantages of the 9370 is its software compatibility with IBM S/370-architecture systems such as the 4381 superminicomputers and 3080 and 3090 mainframes, in selected environments such as VM. The S/3X systems do not offer S/370 compatibility, thus placing them at a disadvantage in terms of application development and distributed processing within the hostbased S/370 environment. IBM is counting on the 9370 to provide the top-to-bottom, entry-level-to-mainframe application portability and distributed processing needed to challenge competitors such as Digital Equipment Corporation that have seriously cut into IBM's share of the medium-scale systems marketplace.

Even though the 9370 has just now become generally available, IBM is making moves to ensure its success within the mid-range system marketplace. Significant communications and networking enhancements include the following: a new release of Advanced Communication Function/Virtual Telecommunications Access Method (ACF/VTAM), a new release of NetView, the introduction of VM/Distributed Systems Node Executive (DSNX), the introduction of NetView Network Definer, IBM Token-Ring Local Area Network (LAN) enhancements, and X.25 support. These enhancements add connectivity and network management functions that were previously missing in the IBM distributed systems networking solution.

The presence of ACF/VTAM Release 3 enhances crosssystem connectivity and makes it easier to implement and manage distributed applications. ACF/VTAM Release 3 provides peer-to-peer communications among SNA Physical Unit Type 2.1 (PU2.1) devices. It enables distributed IBM VM-, MVS-, and VSE-based S/370-architecture systems to communicate with one another; with distributed IBM S/3X, Series/1, and System/88 minicomputers; with distributed PC and PS/2 microcomputers; and with other non-IBM SNA-compatible systems without host assistance. tions, packing, and unpacking. In addition, a group of "privileged instructions," usable only by the operating system, handles input/output and various hardware control functions.

Also standard are extended-precision floating-point, dynamic address translation, and Virtual Telecommunications Access Method (VTAM) instructions.

INTERNAL CODE: Extended Binary-Coded Decimal Interchange Code (EBCDIC).

MAIN MEMORY

STORAGE TYPE: Information unavailable from the vendor.

CAPACITY: The 9373 supports 4M bytes, 8M bytes, or 16M bytes of main storage; the 9375 and 9377 models support either 8M bytes or 16M bytes.

CYCLE TIME: Information unavailable from the vendor.

CHECKING: Single-bit errors are detected and corrected automatically, and multiple-bit errors are detected.

RESERVED STORAGE: Similar to that in the System/ 370. Main memory is reserved for interrupt routines, program status words, CPU timer logout area, machine-check interrupt code, and register save area.

Key-controlled storage protection provides both store and fetch protection, preventing unauthorized access or modification of information in central storage. Store protection prevents the contents of main storage from being altered by storage addressing errors in programs or input from I/O devices. Fetch protection prevents the unauthorized fetching of data and instructions from main storage. Up to 15 programs and their associated main storage areas can be protected at one time. A seven-bit storage key, acting as a security lock, protects each 4K-byte block of storage. Keycontrolled protection is standard on all 370-based machines.

CENTRAL PROCESSOR

The four 9370 processors support the performance enhancements of Extended Control Program Support (ECPS) for the Virtual Machine/System Product (VM/SP) operating system (ECPS:VM), as well as assists for the IX/370 operating system (IXA). The 9375 Model 60 and the 9377 Model 90 processors also support ECPS:MVS, for the Multiple Virtual System/System Product (MVS/SP) operating environment.

The 9370 processors differ from one another primarily in physical packaging, performance, and number of attachable devices. Each processor is a rack-mountable, modular unit. Memory and integrated I/O controllers are packaged on logic cards. On the 9373 and 9375 processors, these cards fit into slots inside the processor unit. On the 9377 processor, the memory cards fit into slots inside the processor unit, but the integrated I/O controllers reside in slots in a separate I/O card unit, which may be mounted in the same or an adjacent rack enclosure. The cards are flat—7.64 inches by 8.12 inches by 0.64 or 0.68 inch (191 mm. by 203 mm. by 16 or 27 mm.) and are enclosed in protective casings.

The entry-level 9373 Model 20 includes a floating-point facility to speed execution of floating-point instructions.

The two models (40 and 60) of the 9375 processor are the intermediate systems in the 9370 family. In both 9375 models, a high-performance arithmetic unit provides hardware support for single- and double-precision floating-point operations. This facility contains eight 64-bit floating-point

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MODEL	9373 Model 20	9375 Model 40	9375 Model 60	9377 Model 90
SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS				
Date announced	October 1986	October 1986	October 1986	October 1986
Date first delivered	3rd quarter 1987	4th quarter 1987	3rd quarter 1987	4th quarter 1987
Field upgradable to	Not applicable	9375 Model 60	Not applicable*	Not applicable
Relative performance	1.0	1.0 to 1.4	2.2 to 3.0	4.5 to 5.2
Number of processors	1	1	1	1
Cycle time, nanoseconds	90	90	90	90
Word size, bits				· · · · · ·
Operating systems	VM/SP, IX/370, VSE/SP	VM/SP, IX/370, VSE/SP	VM/SP, IX/370, VSE/SP, MVS/SP	VM/SP, IX/370, VSE/SP, MVS/SP
MAIN MEMORY	-			
Туре	1M-bit	1M-bit	1M-bit	1M-bit
Minimum capacity, bytes	4M	8M	8M	8M
Maximum capacity, bytes	16 M	16M	16M	16M
Increment size, bytes	4M or 8M	8M	8M	8M
Cycle time, nanoseconds		— —		
BUFFER STORAGE				
Minimum capacity, bytes	Not available	Not available	16K	16K
Maximum capacity, bytes		— —	16K	16K
Increment size	_		Not applicable	Not applicable
INPUT/OUTPUT CONTROL				
Number of channels:				
Byte multiplexer	0	0	0	0
Block multiplexer	1	2	2	12
Word	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	0	0

TABLE 1. SYSTEM COMPARISON

*The 9375 Models 40 and 60 can be converted to the 9377 Model 90; the conversion requires a processor cage swap so that a second rack can be added.

► Although the new version of ACF/VTAM will not be delivered until 1988, it is very important. Because ACF/ VTAM Release 3 avoids host intervention in system-tosystem communications, it reduces the complexities and performance degradations experienced when interconnecting systems, when sharing resources, when uploading and downloading files, and when passing data between programs.

ACF/VTAM Release 3 also reduces network management tasks. It provides the routines for automating network configuration management tasks, thus freeing the communications programmers and operating staff from the timeconsuming tasks associated with configuring and reconfiguring networks. It also provides facilities for reducing the amount of communications programming needed to recover from a system crash or communications error.

The new NetView Release 2 and VM/DSNX, a new VMbased software product, reduce the expenses of managing a network by providing centralized system and network management. NetView Release 2 permits departmental and distributed 9370 systems to run virtually unattended, with almost all network and systems management being performed by a central operations staff. VM/DSNX manages the distribution of new software, software changes, files, and maintenance through the SNA network to distributed 9370 systems and other VM-based processors, further enhancing users' ability to run distributed VMbased systems unattended. Using these products reduces the staffing requirements needed to run the distributed system and the skill levels needed to maintain and operate a distributed processor. registers and provides hardware for addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division, as well as for square root functions.

The 9377 Model 90—the top-of-the-line 9370 processor provides 2.1 times the commercial throughput of the 9375 Model 60; in compute-intensive or engineering/scientific applications, the 9377 delivers 1.9 times the 9375 Model 60's throughput in short-precision floating-point operations and 2.0 times its throughput in long-precision floating-point functions.

Control storage on the 9375 Model 60 is incorporated as a microinstruction store containing a translation lookaside buffer (TLB) and a 16K-byte high-speed buffer storage that acts as a smaller and faster subset of processor storage. The 9377 Model 90 includes 8K bytes of microinstruction storage that holds complex and less frequently used microinstructions. Frequently used microinstructions are executed directly in hardware.

The 9370 processors incorporate 16 general-purpose registers.

Three types of *addresses* are recognized: absolute, real, and logical. The dynamic address translation facility, standard in all models, is the mechanism that translates the virtual storage addresses contained in instructions into real main storage addresses as each instruction is executed. All models can address a virtual storage space of 16,777,216 bytes.

Translation between the virtual and real addresses is accomplished by a hardware-implemented table-lookup procedure that accesses tables in main storage which are created and maintained by the operating system. The translation process is sped up by the TLB, a group of high-speed registers, which holds recently referenced virtual storage addresses and their real storage equivalents. The 9373 and 9375 translation lookaside buffers can hold addresses for 512K

> VM-based networks can be built and maintained more timely with the NetView Network Definer. The Netview Network Definer reduces the effort and skills needed to build and maintain VM-based SNA networks-an important feature in the 9370's target VM environment.

With the enhancements made to the VSE operating system and ACF/VTAM, a 9370 running VSE can now function on the IBM Token-Ring LAN. Previously, only a 9370 running VM/IS or VM/SP could use the Token-Ring LAN.

By adding such products as ACF/VTAM Release 3 and IBM Token-Ring LAN support for the VSE operating system, IBM is better able to meet networking requirements at the departmental level of organizational processing. These functions reduce the complexities, expenses, efforts, and skills required for having departmental and distributed processors communicate with one another and with the host and provide for greater connectivity options at the departmental level. Furthermore, the addition to the SNA network of ACF/VTAM, NetView, VM/DSNX, and NetView Network Definer makes IBM's distributed processing products more competitive with other networking solutions such as Digital Equipment's DECnet, a decentralized (or peer-to-peer) network.

The addition of the X.25 protocol to the 9370 communications and networking architecture also extends distributed data processing functions. It permits the 9370 to communicate with those information systems using networks based on the International Standards Organization's Open Systems Interconnect (OSI) standards or the U.S. Department of Defense's (DOD's) networking recommendations (the DDN network).

The 9370's competitiveness and capabilities are furthered by new DASD subsystems and 3270-compatible workstations. Among the new peripheral devices, the most significant are the higher density DASD drives and higher performance DASD controllers. The 3990 Storage Controller increases overall system performance. It is 30 percent more powerful than the 3880 Storage Controller, the predecessor to the 3990. The high-density 3380 DASD increases the amount of on-line storage that the 9370 can support, thus allowing larger data bases and bigger work loads than before. The newest high-end 3880 DASD model offers approximately 50 percent more storage than the previous high-end 3380 DASD; i.e., the new high-end 3380 contains 7.6 gigabytes of storage whereas the former top-of-the-line 3380 contains 5 gigabytes of storage.

Furthermore, the new DASD controller and 3880 DASDs offer better price/performance than their predecessors. For example, the entry-level 3990 Storage Controller costs almost as much as the entry-level 3880 Storage Controller, the DASD controller it effectively replaces, but the 3990 provides 30 percent more processing power than the 3880. As another example, the 7.6G-byte 3380 DASD costs \$128,000, or \$16,842 per gigabyte; the previous high-end 3380 DASD, offering 5G bytes of storage, is priced at \$124,480, or \$24,896 per gigabyte.

bytes of processor storage; the buffer on the 9377 can hold addresses for up to 128K bytes.

Classes of interrupts include I/O, external, program, supervisor call, machine check, and restart. Classes of interrupts are distinguished by the storage locations at which the old program status word (PSW) is stored and from which the new PSW is fetched.

SPECIAL FEATURES: A hardware floating-point accelerator in the 9377 executes add, subtract, multiply, divide, and square root long- and short-precision floating-point instructions. A High Accuracy Arithmetic (ACRITH) for solving problems in numerical analysis with verified accuracy and verified results is also standard. The ACRITH consists of 20 arithmetic instructions that supplement those in the System/370 floating-point instruction complement.

Each 9370 CPU includes a cable-attached Processor Console, which uses a specially configured IBM PC. The console initializes and monitors the system; analyzes machine checks; handles errors; supports manual operations; aids in problem determination; supports the system's automatic/ secure power control feature, which allows automatic or remote system startup/shutdown under control of the operating system, and automatic restart after a power outage; and provides 3270 display emulation, which lets the console be attached to a Work Station Subsystem Controller or a 3274 Control Unit to serve as a user workstation.

Other standard features on the 9370 processors include automatic restart after power failures and time-of-day clock and calendar.

PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS: The physical dimensions and weights of the 9370 models are as follows:

	Height,	Width,	Depth,	Weight,
	inches	inches	inches	pounds
	(centi-	(centi-	(centi-	(kilo-
	meters)	meters)	meters)	grams)
9373	14 (35.6)	19 (48.3)	28 (71.1)	132 (60)
9375	28 (71.1)	19 (48.3)	31 (78.2)	280 (127)
9377	28 (71.1)	19 (48.3)	31 (78.2)	268 (122)

The 9370 systems require the following operating environment:

	Temperature, degrees F (C)	Relative Humidity			
9373	50 to 105 (10 to 40.6)	8 to 80 percent			
9375	50 to 90 (10 to 32.2)	8 to 80 percent			
9377	60 to 90 (15.6 to 32.2)	8 to 80 percent			

The 9370 processors are housed in IBM's 9309 Rack Enclosure, which comes in Models 1 and 2; any of the processors can be mounted in either model. Model 1 stands 39.3 inches (1 m.) high; Model 2 is 62.9 inches (1.6 m.) tall.

The 9370 processors and the 9309 Rack Enclosure use single-phase power. All processor models can operate on 220-V power. The 9373 processor Model 20 can also operate on 120-V power; the 9309 Rack Enclosure Model 1 can be ordered with either power supply module.

The logic of the 9377 processor is housed in an air-cooled thermal conduction module (TCM). Raised-floor construction and special electrical and plumbing facilities are not required for this processor.

COMPETITIVE POSITION

IBM positions its 9370 Information System against the MicroVAX and VAX 8000 systems from Digital Equipment, IBM's chief rival within the medium-scale marketplace. The 9370 Model 20 is positioned against the Digital Equipment MicroVAX II and the VAX 8250. The 9375 Model 40 is positioned against the Digital Equipment VAX 8250 and VAX 8350. The 9375 Model 60 goes up against the VAX 8350 and the VAX 8530. The 9377 Model 90 competes against both the 8530 and the 8550.

The 9370 remains functionally competitive with the VAX 8000s. For example, as previously stated, the new IBM communications and networking products enable IBM to present a distributed 9370 processing solution that is competitive with Digital Equipment's DECnet, the distributed processing solution for its VAX systems. With the addition of the new connectivity and network management functions, SNA will deliver the same network functionality as Digital Equipments's DECnet—i.e., peer-to-peer communications that reduces system interconnection complexities, connection costs, and network management complexities and expenses.

The products that enable SNA to support peer-to-peer communications across the entire network, however, will not be delivered for six months. These new SNA facilities, therefore, do not immediately solve IBM's networking problems. Even so, these new SNA products will encourage those customers looking for peer-to-peer distributed system solutions to consider the 9370 and IBM's SNA products as an alternative to DECnet.

In addition to the 9370's functional parity with the VAX 8000s, it is also competitive with the VAX systems in configurability and cost-effectiveness. For example, the entry-level 9370 Model 20 offers greater expansion capabilities and is less expensive than the MicroVAX II. The 9370 Model 20 supports up to 6.5G bytes of disk storage and 64 workstations, whereas the MicroVAX II only accommodates 2G bytes of disk storage and 48 workstations. A 9370 Model 20 with 8M bytes of memory, 1.6G bytes of DASD storage, cartridge tape unit, associated DASD and tape controllers, 24 workstations, one 410-lineper-minute (lpm) printer, associated workstation and printer controllers, and the VM/IS system control package costs \$151,755, or \$6,323 per user. A similarly configured MicroVAX II, with the MicroVMS system control package, costs \$181,360, or \$7,566 per user, \$1,243 more per user than the 9370 Model 20.

The high-end 9377 Model 90 is more cost effective than the VAX 8530. For example, the 9370 Model 90 featuring 16M bytes of memory, 5G bytes of DASD storage, a cartridge tape drive, a 1600 bpi tape subsystem, 128 display workstations, a 20-page-per-minute (ppm) laser printer, a 3,600-lpm printer, and the VM/IS system control package costs \$900,640, or \$7,036 per user. A similarly configured Digital Equipment VAX 8530, with the VAX/VMS system control packages, costs \$982,228, or \$7,674 per user.

CONFIGURATION RULES

The 9309 Rack Model 1 can hold 19 Electronic Industries Association (EIA) standard RS-310-B units; one EIA unit is equal to 1.75 inches (4.4 cm.). Model 2 can accommodate 32 EIA units. The number of EIA units required by each rackmountable 9370 device is shown in the following table.

Device	EIA Units
9373 Processor	8
9375 Processor	16
9377 Processor	16
9377 Processor I/O Card Unit	8
9335 A01 DASD Controller	3
9335 B01 DASD	6
9332 DASD	3
9347 Magnetic Tape Unit	5

The 9373 Processor has one card enclosure that holds the processor logic, storage, and I/O controller cards; the enclosure has seven slots for the I/O controller cards. The single I/O bus on the 9373 Processor can accommodate up to four I/O controllers. The maximum number of each controller supported is as follows:

- Up to two DASD/Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to two Work Station Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to two Communications Subsystem Controllers.
- One System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel.

The 9375 Processor employs two card enclosures. The basic enclosure holds the processor logic and storage cards and provides five slots for I/O controller cards; the expansion enclosure, positioned below the basic enclosure, has 12 slots for I/O controller cards.

The 9375 permits configuration of up to four I/O buses, to which 16 I/O controllers can be attached. The 9375 supports the following maximums for each controller:

- Up to four DASD/Tape Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to six Work Station Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to four Communications Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to two System/370 Block Multiplexer Channels.

The 9377 Processor has one enclosure. The lower half holds the processor logic module. The upper half holds the I/O card unit connection and storage cards. I/O controller cards are in separate I/O card units. I/O card units can be in the same rack as the processor, or in another rack. The 9377 Processor can have up to six I/O buses, to which a maximum of 16 I/O controllers can be attached. The number of each controller that can be supported is as follows:

- Up to 12 DASD/Tape Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to 12 Work Station Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to 12 Communications Subsystem Controllers.
- Up to 12 System/370 Block Multiplexer Channels.

I/O card units with either one or two internal buses are available for the 9377. A card unit with one internal I/O bus can hold 11 DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller, Work Station Subsystem Controller, or Communications Subsystem Controller cards. A unit with two internal buses can

MODEL	9332 DASD	9335 DASD	3370 DASD	3375 DASD	3380 DASD
Cabinets per subsystem	1 to 4	1 to 4	16 to 32	16 to 32	8 to 16
Disk packs/HDAs per cabinet	1 fixed	1 fixed	1 HDA	1 HDA	1 or 2 HDAs
Capacity, bytes	368M	824M	729.8M	819.7M	1260M, 2520M, or 3786M per HDA
Tracks/segments per drive unit	_				·
Average seek time, msec.	23 to 25	18	19	19	12 to 17
Average access time, msec.	32.6 to 34.6	26.28	29.1	29.1	20.3 to 25.3
Average rotational delay, msec.	9.6	8.28	10.1	10.1	8.3
Data transfer rate	2.6MB per sec	3.0MB per sec	1.86MB per sec	1.86MB per sec	3.0MB per sec
Controller model	Integrated	Model A1 Device Controller	3880-1 or -4	3880-1 or -4	3880-3 or -23; 3990
Comments	Attaches to 9370 DASD/Tape Subsys- tem Controller.	Model A1 attaches to 9370 DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller.	Model A units in- clude logic and power for up to three B units.	Model A1 includes logic and power for up to three B1 units or two B1 units and one D1 unit.	"A" and "C" models include logic and power for up to three "B" models. Not supported by the 9373 Model 20.

TABLE 2. MASS STORAGE

► Although the 9370 is a more competitive and highly functional product for office and departmental computing than previously available from IBM, we question how much this machine will assist IBM in recapturing the medium-scale market share it has ceded to Digital Equipment.

A major advantage for the VAX 8000 systems is that they are a proven product for departmental and distributed processing. The 9370 systems, on the other hand, are not proven in the field. Since the 9370 has been shipping for only a few months, it has not been on the market long enough to determine its effectiveness in departmental and distributed processing.

The Digital Equipment VAX 8000s have captured a substantial portion of the mid-range systems marketplace for departmental and distributed processing systems. Since the VAX 8000s are proven in either a Digital Equipment or IBM environment, IBM will have a difficult time replacing the VAX 8000s. Customers might not part with their VAXs just to acquire an IBM processor. Moreover, such a migration would be costly, since hardware, software, and communications investments are lost. Most sales will be to organizations having an IBM computer that have yet to invest in Digital Equipment VAX 8000s—the 9370 software compatibility with most IBM mainframes is a definite advantage in those environments.

In addition to competing against Digital Equipment within the medium-sized system marketplace, IBM is competing against itself. Sales of 9370 systems will be limited at both the low and high ends of the medium systems scale because, at the low end, IBM is using both the System/36 and the 9370 Model 20 to address small-scale business, office, and departmental computing. Customers neither requiring nor anticipating 9370 performance and functionality will purchase the less expensive System/36, thus reducing 9370 sales revenue.

At the high end, according to IBM's performance figures, the 9370 encroaches on the 4381's turf. The 9377 Model 90, the 4381 Model Group 11 (which serves as the entry-level 4381 at the present time), and the 4381 Model Group 21 (the entry-level 4381 which will replace the 4381 Model **>>** hold 10 cards, supporting all of the aforementioned controller types, plus the System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel.

The maximum configuration of I/O card units for the 9377 Processor can be one of the following:

- One dual-bus unit and four single-bus units.
- Three dual-bus units.
- Two single-bus units and two dual-bus units.

The 9375 Model 40 can be upgraded in the field to the 9375 Model 60 processor through a simple card exchange. Either 9375 model can be converted to the 9377 Model 90; the conversion requires a processor cage swap, because a second rack must be added.

INPUT/OUTPUT CONTROL

The 9373 processor includes one internal I/O bus; the system provides an estimated aggregate I/O capacity of up to 5.5M bytes per second. I/O slots for attachment of up to seven card features are provided inside the processor unit.

The two 9375 processor models have four I/O buses each. Each system provides an estimated aggregate I/O capacity of up to 22M bytes per second. Up to 17 card features can be configured in the available I/O slots in the processor unit.

The 9377 processor accommodates from two to six buses; depending on the configuration chosen, the number of available I/O card slots ranges from 10 to 54. The 9377 processor offers an estimated aggregate I/O capacity of up to 39M bytes per second.

All integrated I/O is compatible with the System/370 I/O structure of channel and control unit. To attach channel control units and their devices, a System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel is available. This channel supports devices with data rates of up to 1.5M bytes per second on all models, and up to 1.9M bytes and 3.0M bytes per second on the 9375 and 9377 processors.

The 9370 processors have an integrated I/O controller structure, consisting of the I/O processor (IOP) and I/O adapter (IOA). The IOP communicates with the CPU over the internal I/O bus; the IOA communicates with devices over the appropriate external I/O interface. The IOP and IOA may be combined on a single card, or they may exist on multiple cards. In multiple-card configurations, the IOP is one card and the IOAs are on one or more additional cards.

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TABLE 3. INPUT/OUTPUT UNITS

Magnetic Tape Units	Number of Tracks	Recording Density, Bits/Inch	Encoding	Tape Speed, Inches/Sec.	Transfer Rate, Bytes/Sec.
9347	9	1600	PE	25 or 100	40,000-160,000
1589	9 9	1600 6250	PE GCR	75 75	120,000 468,000
3420: Model 3	7 9	556/800 800 1600	NRZI NRZI	75 75 75	41,700/60,000 60,000
Model 5	9 9 7 9	556/800 800 1600	PE NRZI NRZI PE	75 125 125 125	120,000 69,500/100,000 100,000 200,000
Model 7	9 9 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	556/800 800 1600	NRZI NRZI PE	200 200 200	111,200/160,000 160,000 320,000
Model 4	9	1600 6250	PE GCR	75 75	120,000 470,000
Model 6 Model 8	9 9 9	1600 6250 1600	PE GCR PE	125 125 200	200,000 780,000 320,000
	9	6250	GCR	200	1,250,000
3422	9	1600 6250	PE GCR	125 125	200,000 780,000
3430	9 9	1600 6250	PE GCR	50 50	80,000 312,500
3480	18	38,000 bytes/inch	_	79	3,000,000
Printers	Printing Speed	Print Positions	Horizontal Spacing, Chars./Inch	Vertical Spacing, Lines/Inch	Form Size, Inches
3262: Model 3	650 lpm	132	10	6 or 8	3.5 to 16 wide,
Model 13	325 lpm	132	10	6 or 8	6 to 14 long 3.5 to 16 wide, 6 to 14 long
3268 Models 2 & 2C	340 cps	132	10 or 16.7	3, 4, 6, or 8	16 wide, continuous
3287: Models 1 & 1C Models 2 & 2C	80 cps 120 cps	132 132	10 10	6 or 8 6 or 8	3 to 14 ⁷ / ₈ wide 3 to 14 ⁷ / ₈ wide
3812	12 ppm	_	Variable	Variable	7 to 8.5 wide, 10.1 to 14 long
3820	22 ppm		Variable	Variable	Up to 8.5 wide, up to 14 long
4224	50 to 400 cps	_	10, 12, 15	6 or 8	3 to 15 wide
4234 Model 1	120 to 410 lpm	_	10, 15	3, 4, 6, or 8	Up to 16 wide, up to 14 long
4245: Models 12 & D12	1,200 lpm	132	10	6 or 8	3.5 to 22 wide,
Models 20 & D20	2,000 lpm	132	10	6 or 8	3 to 24 long 3.5 to 22 wide, 3 to 24 long
4248 Model 2	2,200 to 4,000 lpm	132 std.; 168 opt.	Variable	Variable	3.5 to 22 wide
4250	1.5 to 2.5 ppm average	-	Variable	Variable	Up to 12.99 wide
5210: Model G1	40 cps	_	10, 12,	3.4 to 8	Up to 15.4 wide
Model G2	60 cps	1	15 10, 12,	3.4 to 8	Up to 15.4 wide

MODEL 3161/3164 3151 3178 3179 Model G 3191 DISPLAY PARAMETERS Max. chars./screen 1,920 to 3,300 1,920 1,920 2,560 1,920 or 2,560 Screen size (lines x chars.) 24 x 80 or 24 x 132 24 x 80 24 x 80 32 x 80 24 x 80 or 32 x 80 Symbol formation 9 x 14 or 9 x 15 dot 8 x 16 dot matrix 7 x 14 dot matrix 720 x 384 pixels, 7 x 14 dot matrix APA matrix Character phosphor Green or amber Green or ambei Green Color Green or ambei (3161); color (3164) Total colors/no. simult. displayed 8 (3164 only) Not applicable Not applicable 8 Not applicable **KEYBOARD PARAMETERS** Typewriter, data Style Typewriter Typewriter Typewriter, APL Typewriter, data entry entry 94 EBCDIC Character/code set 128 ASCII ASCII 94 EBCDIC EBCDIC/APL Detachable Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 10 or 24 Program function keys 12 standard 24 standard 24 standard 24 standard OTHER FEATURES 1,920 char. (3161); Buffer capacity 7,680 char. (3164) Tilt/swivel Optional Standard Standard Standard Standard Graphics capability Line drawing set Line drawing set Standard No No TERMINAL INTERFACE ASCII Subsystem Work Station Sub-ASCII Subsystem Work Station Sub-Work Station Sub-Controller; Telecom-Controller system Controller; system Controller; system Controller; munications Subsys-3274 Control Unit 3274 Control Unit 3174 or 3274 Contem Controller; 3174 trol Unit Control Unit

TABLE 4. TERMINALS

IBM 9370 Information System

➤ Group 11 in 1988) all function within the same performance range. Although the 9370 offers a better price/performance ratio than the 4381 Model Group 11 and outperforms the 4381 Model Group 21 in engineering/scientific computing and commercial processing, users will select the entry-level 4381s if they anticipate the need to expand use beyond the performance and functionality levels given by the 9377 Model 90. The entry-level 4381 models provide customers with entry points into IBM's high-performance computing realm. With the entry-level 4381s, customers are provided with a cost-effective migration path to higher performance systems within and beyond the 4381 family.

Furthermore, even though the 9370 Model 90 offers better price/performance than the entry-level 4381s, it does not provide a cost-effective migration path to higher performance computing. The move from a 9370 Model 90 to a 4381 requires a processor box swap, a more costly move than an upgrade for an entry-level 4381.

ADVANTAGES AND RESTRICTIONS

One of the most significant advantages of the 9370 is its communications and networking scheme. The 9370 delivers a much-improved communications architecture when compared to other IBM departmental systems, such as the S/36 and S/38. Ethernet, Token-Ring Network, and SNA deliver the openness required in departmental processing. The Ethernet and the Token-Ring LANs provide the connectivity solutions that permit IBM and non-IBM systems and workstations to communicate and share resources with one another.

Of particular importance within the 9370's communications scheme is its Ethernet connectivity. Ethernet LANs are one of the most popular schemes for interconnecting information systems and workstations, especially at the department level; cases in point are Digital Equipment

- **The 9370 employs four principal types of I/O controllers:**
 - DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller.
 - Work Station Subsystem Controller.
 - System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel.
 - Communications Subsystem Controller.

(The various types of Communications Subsystem Controllers are discussed in detail in the "Communications" subsection of this report. Information about the number of devices configurable on each controller is contained in the "Configuration Rules" subsection.)

The DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller attaches IBM's 9332 and 9335 Direct Access Storage Device (DASD) disk products and 9347 magnetic tape units to the 9370 processor. The controller employs the IBM Intelligent Peripheral Interface (IPI) Level 3 standard interface, which conforms to the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standard for IPI Level 3.

The DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller combines the IOP and IOA functions on a single card. It is supported by the VM/SP, VSE/SP, and IX/370 operating environments.

The Work Station Subsystem Controller allows attachment of IBM 3270-type devices (such as PCs, display stations, and printers) and OEM devices for special-purpose applications, such as factory or laboratory automation, data acquisition, process control, and communications. Attachable 3270-type devices include the 3178, 3191, 3192, and 3278 Display Stations; 3179 and 3279 Color Display Stations; 5170 and 5371 3270-PCs; and 4224, 4234, 4245, and 4250 printers. Both the 3270-type and the OEM devices attach either directly or through 3299 Terminal Multiplexers.

OEM devices must be attached to the Work Station Subsystem Controller through an appropriate, customer-supplied OEM adapter; the adapter must perform control functions and protocol conversion between the Work Station Subsystem Controller and the appropriate industry standard. IBM's Serial OEM Interface (SOEMI), which supports Multibus and other devices, is an example of such an adapter.

IBM 9370	Information	System
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MODEL	3192	3193	3194	3270 PC/G & PC/GX	3278	3290
DISPLAY PARAMETERS						
Max. chars./screen	1,920 to 3,564	3,840	1,920	3,920 or 4,000	960 to 3,564	9,920
Screen size (lines x chars.)	24 x 80 to 27 x 132	48 x 80	24 x 80	Up to 50 x 80	12 x 80 to 27 x 132	62 x 160
Symbol formation	_	11 x 24 dot matrix (total char- acter box)	_	720 x 512 or 1024 x 1024 pixels, APA	7 x 9 or 7 x 8 dot matrix	5 x 8 dot matrix
Character phosphor	Green or color on black	White on black	Monochrome or color on dark	White, color	White	Amber gas plasma
Total colors/no. simult. displayed KEYBOARD PARAMETERS	7 or 8	Not applicable	8	8 or 16	Not applicable	Not applicable
Style	Typewriter, type- writer/APL 2	Typewriter	Typewriter	Typewriter, APL	Typewriter, data entry	Typewriter, data entry
Character/code set	94	EBCDIC	94 EBCDIC	l —	94 EBCDIC	EBCDIC
Detachable	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Program function keys OTHER FEATURES	24 standard	24 standard	24 or 12	—	12 standard	24 standard
Buffer capacity			30K bytes	3,270 char.		24K bytes
Tilt/swivel	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard	No	Tilt standard
Graphics capability	Yes (Model G)	Images	No	Standard	No	No
TERMINAL INTERFACE	Work Station	Work Station	Work Station	Work Station	Work Station	Work Station
	Subsystem Con-	Subsystem Con-	Subsystem Con-	Subsystem Con-	Subsystem Con-	Subsystem Con-
	troller; 3174,	troller; 3174 or	troller; 3174 or	troller; 3174	troller; 3274	troller; 3274
	3274, or 3276 Control Unit	3274 Control Unit	3274 Control Unit	Control Unit	Control Unit	Control Unit

TABLE 4. TERMINALS (Continued)

Corporation's Ethernet facilities for VAX minicomputers, MicroVAX, and VAX workstations and Data General's Ethernet facilities for Eclipse MV minicomputers.

> The SNA networking facilities running on the 9370 permit the 9370 to serve as either a host or remote system within the SNA network. Permitting distributed IBM and non-IBM systems to gain access to MVS and VM resources is essential within the departmental and distributed processing environment, where such systems are frequently called upon to access applications, files, and data residing on MVS- and VM-based hosts.

> A significant component within SNA is the LU6.2 and PU2.1 support facility for peer-to-peer communications. This facility reduces the complexities and performance degradations experienced when interconnecting systems, when sharing resources, when uploading and downloading files, and when passing data between programs. It also reduces the application development effort for writing distributed processing applications.

By employing this communications facility, distributed VM, VSE, and MVS systems can establish communications with each other without experiencing the complexities caused by host intervention. Furthermore, applications in VM, VSE, and MVS environments can establish communications with those LU6.2-based applications on IBM minicomputers, special-purpose processors, and microcomputers without incurring major interfacing difficulties.

Another advantage of the 9370 is its configurability. The 9370 delivers a flexible operating environment for commercial, office, engineering/scientific, and industrial computing. End users select the operating system that best suits application needs and task handling requirements. The VM/IS and VM/SP products are best suited for interactive The Work Station Subsystem Controller is supported by the VM/SP and VSE/SP operating environments. The SOEMI is supported by VM/SP and VSE/SP through the IBM/ SOEMI Access Method software facility.

The Work Station Subsystem Controller comprises two cards; one contains the Work Station Processor, and the other the Work Station Adapter.

The System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel (BMPX) allows attachment of one to eight control units for both IBM and non-IBM DASD, tapes, displays, printers, and other devices. Attachable controllers include the 3880 Storage Control Unit (for IBM's 3370, 3375, and 3380 DASD), the 3990 Storage Control Unit (for the 3380 DASD), the 3430 Model A1 Magnetic Tape Subsystems, the 3800 Printing Subsystem, and the 5080 Graphic System.

The single-card BMPX allows several I/O devices to operate concurrently at high speeds. Devices attached to the BMPX that cannot employ block multiplexing (such as IBM's 3420 magnetic tape unit) act as if they were attached to a selector channel. The BMPX operates in datastreaming mode for attaching high-speed DASD like the 3380. Datastreaming permits a data rate of up to 3M bytes per second and cable lengths of up to 400 feet (122 meters) between the 9370 and the last control unit.

The System/370 BMPX allows the 9373 to attach devices with transfer rates of up to 1.5M bytes per second; the 9375 and 9377 can attach 1.5M-, 1.9M-, and 3M-byte-per-second devices.

The BMPX is supported by the VM/SP, VSE/SP, IX/370, and MVS/SP operating environments.

The 3044 Fiber Optic Extender Link permits low- and medium-speed peripheral subsystem control units, switching units, and Channel-to-Channel Adapters to be positioned further "down the line" to reduce central processing complex floor space requirements and reduce peripheral connectivity costs. With this link extender, I/O equipment such as terminals and printers can be placed further away from the host system without employing the costly communications equipment needed for connectivity to the host. Employing fiber optic cable for peripheral subsystem con-

➤ processing in departmental and workgroup environments. IX/370, based on the UNIX System V operating system developed and licensed by AT&T, is employed where UNIX System V functionality is required. VSE/SP is designed primarily for intensive batch and on-line transaction processing in either a centralized or distributed environment. MVS/SP handles the system control programming functions in a large user community.

Although the 9370 supports MVS/SP, there is no interface between MVS and the 9370's integrated adapters. Furthermore, the 9370 does not support MVS/XA, the MVS-based operating system designed for larger S/370-type systems; therefore, application portability between the 9370 and the large-scale S/370-based systems is limited.

Even though MVS/SP and MVS/XA are compatible, applications cannot be ported directly from one environment to another because of the differences between MVS/SP and MVS/XA. Applications being moved between the MVS/SP and MVS/XA environments must be modified to run in the designated environment, requiring additional application development expenditures.

When required, more than one operating system can run on the 9370. VM/SP contains the system programming controls that permit it to run IX/370, VSE/SP, MVS/SP, and VM/SP itself. Moreover, VM/SP also accommodates SVS/ VSE and OS/VS1, the primary operating systems of the old 4361, thus providing 4361 installations with a migration path to the 9370. VM/SP runs the guest operating systems concurrently, so that users under each operating environment have continual access to applications and services within that domain.

The multiple operating system structure simplifies application system migration, preserves the life of existing applications, widens the application base, and increases operational capabilities. For example, an installation can run IX/370 as a guest under VM/SP to gain access to UNIX application development tools and applications; run VSE/ SP under VM/SP to meet transaction processing requirements; and, at the same time, run VM/SP itself to gain access to business professional productivity tools and office automation facilities. As another example, an installation can run OS/VS1 from the 4361 system under VM/SP until the OS/VS1 applications have been converted to the formats needed for running under VM/SP.

IBM has reduced the level of data processing expertise needed to run a 9370 installation. VM and VSE are bundled into packages that simplify operating environment software installation. The VM/IS version of VM/SP, for instance, includes all the functions of VM/SP, but reportedly does not require anywhere near the 44 hours of system programmer time that VM/SP requires in its nonintegrated version.

Additionally, VM/IS and VSE/SP incorporate tools that simplify system operation and maintenance. Facilities are available for reducing the amount of time required to perform problem diagnosis and service routines. nectivity increases data throughput and improves communications channel reliability, availability, and integrity as compared to traditional peripheral subsystem connectivity cables and buses.

The 3044 Fiber Optic Extender Link consists of two units that are connected by up to 1.2 miles (2 km.) of fiber optic cable. The 3044 Model C01 attaches the processor channel to one end of the fiber optic cable. The 3044 Model D01 connects the other end of the cable to the remote I/O control unit.

The 3088 Multisystems Channel Communications Unit provides high-speed communications with 4300, 3080, and 3090 processors and other 9370 processors. The 3088, a standalone I/O controller, provides the capabilities for interconnecting up to eight processor channels. The 9370 can be up to 800 feet from the 3088. The interprocessor cable attaches to the System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel and the interface on the 3088. The 3088 is compatible with channelto-channel adapters.

MASS STORAGE

Disk drives supported on the 9370 systems are listed in Table 2.

INPUT/OUTPUT UNITS

For magnetic tape drives and printers available for the 9370 systems, please refer to Table 3.

To aid in the management of complex peripheral configurations, IBM provides the 3814 Switching Management System. With the 3814, the 9370 can share channel-attached devices with other System/370-type processors. The peripheral device-sharing capabilities minimize the number of I/O devices required for peak demand and critical device backup, reduce the impact from device failures, and minimize the complexities of data processing operation control by providing greater security of configurations. For more details on the 3814, please refer to Report 70D9-503MK-101 in Volume 2 of this service.

TERMINALS

Terminals supported on the 9370 systems are summarized in Table 4.

COMMUNICATIONS

The 9370 employs four principal Communications Subsystems Controllers: Telecommunications Subsystem Controller, ASCII Subsystem Controller, IBM Token-Ring Subsystem Controller, and IEEE 802.3 Local Area Network Subsystem Controller. All four subsystems are based on the same communications processor card, plus one or more communications adapter cards and the appropriate microcode for the specific subsystem. As previously mentioned, the 9373 supports up to 2 of these controllers, the 9375 supports up to 4, and the 9377 accommodates up to 12.

The *Telecommunications Subsystem Controller* allows attachment of local communications lines to the 9370 or allows the 9370 to be attached to public networks. The controller permits attachment of two types of adapters: the Multi-Protocol Two-Line Adapter and the Asynchronous Four-Line Adapter. The adapter configuration options for this controller are as follows:

- One to three Four-Line Adapters.
- One to three Two-Line Adapters.
- A combination of up to three Two-Line and Four-Line Adapters.

Furthermore, VSE/SP and VM/IS packages offer system interfaces that simplify system administrator, system operator, and end-user interaction with the system. These interfaces feature consistent access to system functions, menuand prompt-driven dialogs, system-guided operations, and on-line help and referencing facilities, all of which reduce the learning times and skill levels required to manage and use the system.

As an option, customers can off-load system control programming to a remote site, thus eliminating system operations concerns. The remote system programming site performs system and application start-ups and shutdowns, system operations, performance monitoring, problem diagnosis, and corrective fixes.

The IBM-supplied customer/product support services also reduce system management complexities. For a fee, IBM performs remote system programming for the VM/IS system; provides telephone consulting; provides remote online problem diagnosis and off-line analysis; applies microcode changes to the system from the remote site; and conducts preinstallation planning, installations, and postinstallation support.

All these ease-of-use facilities and centralized system management features are particularly important in the departmental processing environment, where lower overhead is a necessity.

Another 9370 advantage is its compatibility with System/ 370-based superminicomputers and mainframes. The 9370's hardware and software compatibility with the 4381, 3080, and 3090 systems makes it valuable as a departmental or distributed system. Because of the software compatibility between the 9370 and higher performance S/370class machines, VM, MVS, VSE, and IX/370 applications can be moved to or down from the same environments on S/370-based systems.

Furthermore, the 9370 maintains hardware compatibility with the System/370-based systems. The System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel-attached peripheral storage subsystems, workstations, printers, and specialized I/O systems; the 3270-type terminals and printers; and 37XX communications processors employed on the 9370 models can be moved over to higher performance S/370-based models, thus preserving investments in peripheral subsystems and devices.

Although the 9370 is compatible with IBM's more powerful 4381 and 30XX systems, it still lacks full compatibility with the S/36 and S/38—very significant players in the mid-range system marketplace. There is no direct software compatibility between the 9370 and S/3X systems. The problem of top-to-bottom compatibility will not be solved until at least 1988, when IBM starts delivering products conforming to the company's Systems Application Architecture (SAA), which will permit applications conforming to a specific set of standards to run on any IBM system. It could take several years before fully functional, SAA-com-

- The Telecommunications Subsystem Controller supports the following types of line interfaces:
 - EIA RS-232-C/CCITT V.24/V.28, supporting async, BSC, and SDLC protocols at line speeds from 75 bits per second (bps) to 19.2K bps.
 - EIA RS-422-A/CCITT V.11, supporting async, BSC, BSC/SDLC, and SDLC protocols at line speeds from 75 bps to 64K bps.
 - EIA RS-366/CCITT V.25, supporting async, BSC, and SDLC protocols at line speeds from 75 bps to 19.2K bps.
 - CCITT V.35, supporting BSC and SDLC protocols at line speeds from 2.4K bps to 64K bps.
 - CCITT X.21, supporting SDLC and HDLC/X.25 protocols at line speeds from 600 bps to 64K bps.

The maximum number of lines supported by one Telecommunications Subsystem Controller depends on the combination of protocols and line speeds selected and the number of I/O slots available. The controller is supported by the VM/ SP and VSE/SP operating environments.

The ASCII Subsystem Controller supports up to 16 ASCII devices operating at 50 bps to 19.2K bps in full-duplex mode either on local lines without modems or on switched and leased communications lines with modems. The controller comprises a Communications Processor and up to four Asynchronous Four-Line Adapter cards. Terminals supported include the IBM 3151, 3161, and 3164, as well as ASCII terminals from Rolm, Digital Equipment, TeleVideo, and Tektronix.

Three modes of operation—ASCII support, ASCII/3270 conversion, and ASCII/3270 transparent mode—are available. In ASCII mode, all attached ASCII devices appear to software as native devices; this mode is supported by the Unix-based IX/370 operating system. In addition to IX/370, the ASCII Subsystem Controller is supported by the VM/ SP and VSE/SP environments.

The ASCII Subsystem Controller's asynchronous adapter can be connected to a Rolm Computer Branch Exchange (CBX) through a Rolm DataCom Module (DCM) or Data Terminal Interface (DTI).

The IBM Token-Ring Subsystem Controller provides access to a 4M bps baseband IBM Token-Ring Network compatible with the IEEE 802.5 standard for interconnecting information processing equipment. The network uses the IBM cabling system, including Type 3 (telephone twisted pair) specified media, for physical interconnection; it employs a token-ring access protocol for network traffic control. The two-card Token-Ring Subsystem Controller comprises a Communications Processor and a Token-Ring Adapter. The adapter provides both a physical link and access control to the IBM Token-Ring Network; programming support must be equivalent to the International Standards Organization's (ISO's) Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) Layer 3 and above.

The IBM Token-Ring Subsystem Controller is supported by VM/SP and by the Transport Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP).

The IEEE 802.3 Local Area Network (LAN) Subsystem Controller—comprising a Communications Processor card and an IEEE 802.3 LAN Adapter card—is used for communicating with other 9370 Information Systems, other vendors' systems, and workstations using the IEEE 802.3 standard or the Ethernet LAN; it provides both a physical link

patible facilities become generally available, and even then, these overlay products will only help to bloat IBM's already heavy operating environments.

Even though the 9370 and S/3X operating environments are incompatible, the 9370 does provide more of a bridge between the S/3X machines and the S/370-class systems than did the 4361. S/3X users who want to move up to a S/370-class machine can now bring some of their peripherals with them, rather than having to start over with new storage devices and workstations in addition to new processors. For example, the 9332 and 9335 DASD devices and the 3178 display stations employed on the S/36 Model 5362 or 5360 can be carried over to the 9370 during a system migration. \Box

► and access control. This controller supports a network with a transmission speed of 10M bps using Carrier Sense Multiple Access with Collision Detection (CSMA/CD). Programming support for the LAN adapter must be equivalent to OSI Layer 3 and above. The LAN Subsystem Controller is supported by VM/SP and TCP/IP.

The 3737 Remote Channel-to-Channel Unit is a standalone control unit that allows System/370-type hosts to communicate over unlimited distances with each other via public or private T1 facilities at speeds up to 1.5M bits per second (bps). Communications between host systems is supported by the VTAM channel-to-channel program. The 3737 is transparent to the host, requiring no host modifications and allowing the hosts to communicate with each other as though they were channel-to-channel connected. The MVS, VSE, and VM operating systems view the 3737 as a (local) channel-to-channel adapter. The 3737 attaches to the 9370 and another System/370-type processor via a System/370-type block multiplexer channel.

The System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel permits attachment of a range of other IBM communications devices, including the 3174 Subsystem Control Unit and the 3274 Control Unit, both for terminal control; the 3299 Terminal Multiplexer; and the 3720 and 3725 Communications Controllers.

SOFTWARE

OPERATING SYSTEM: All 9370 systems run under IBM's VM/SP, VSE/SP, and IX/370 operating systems. The IX/370 is supported only under control of VM/SP. The MVS/SP operating system is supported only on the 9375 Model 60 and the 9377 Model 90; this support enables users to develop applications on a host system and transport them, without changes, to distributed workgroup locations.

VM/Integrated System (VM/IS) is IBM's preferred delivery vehicle for the interactive VM/SP operating environment in departments and end-user workgroups.

VM/IS comprises the following components:

• VM/SP, which manages the real system resources of processor time, real storage, and I/O devices, making them available to all VM users at the same time. It provides an interactive computing environment for general problem solving and program development. An editor and an interpretive language are also included.

VM/SP accommodates IBM guest operating systems, including VSE/SP, MVS/SP, VM/SP itself, and the IX/ 370, for purposes such as application testing and execution of applications restricted to specific environments.

- VM Batch Subsystem, which controls background execution of user processes.
- VM Directory Maintenance, which provides interactive facilities that enable the system administrator to manage the VM system directory.
- VM Interactive Productivity Facility (IPF), which provides a simplified interface to the VM system. This facility also includes an interface that allows the addition of userwritten or IBM programs to the system.
- VM/IS Productivity Facility (VM/IS PF), which provides end-user menus containing task-oriented, introductory, and navigational dialogs leading to the functions of other programs in VM/IS. VM/IS PF uses the functions of underlying products like IPF without duplicating or changing them.
- Interactive System Productivity Facility (ISPF), a dialog manager that controls the flow of the end-user interface provided by VM/IS. Programmers can use ISPF to produce interactive applications with menu-driven dialogs and dialog functions.
- VM File Storage Facility, which allows users to share data files with other VM users, store and retrieve files, send them to other users, and perform other file management functions.
- VM Real-Time Monitor (RTM), which provides performance monitoring and statistical analysis presented in realtime on any VM/IS-supported monitor.
- VM Performance Monitor Analysis Program (VM MAP), which provides reports and graphics on the performance and use of a running VM system. VM MAP requires the general support routines contained in another integral product, PL/1 Transient Library.
- Document Composition Facility/Foreground Environment Feature (DCF/FEF), a facility for production of text documents. A document formatted by DCF can be printed, displayed, or used as input to other text documents.
- Graphical Data Display Manager (GDDM), a host system program for creating, showing, and storing pictures, including graphics, images, and numerics. GDDM drives displays, printers, plotters, and scanners. Another GDDM product included in VM/IS is GDDM/Graphics Presentation Function (GDDM/GPF), which provides methods for producing business and other charts.

Eight optional applications packages are available for VM/ IS, providing 33 licensed programs. The packages are the following:

- Text Office Support (TXTO), a package that includes IBM's Professional Office System (PROFS), which provides facilities for mail handling; appointment scheduling; and document, memo, graphics, business forms, and report preparation. IBM's DisplayWrite/370 document processing facility is also included.
- Engineering/Scientific Problem Development Support (E/SPDS), which, among other facilities, includes VS Fortran language, debug, and utilities; High Accuracy Arithmetic Subroutine Library (ACRITH); and Elementary Math Library (EML).
- APL Language Support (ALS), which allows use of the APL2 language for the development of mathematical and statistical applications.

- Problem-Solving Languages (PSL), which provides Basic and Pascal/VS for development of applications addressing business problems.
 - Data Base Query (DBQ), for the creation and management of relational data bases. This packages includes IBM's Structured Query Language/Data System (SQL/DS) and Database Edit Facility (DBEDIT).
 - Intelligent Workstation Support (IWS), which provides support for IBM's PC. This product allows PC users to take advantage of VM/SP facilities and to transfer files between the PC and the VM host. This product requires that the user obtain additional PC programs, such as PC/ VM Bond, for the individual PCs.
 - Networking Support (NTWK), which permits information to be sent between sites and allows logging on to remote systems. This package includes the VM Pass-Through Facility (PVM).
 - Communication Controller Support (COM), including the Advanced Communications Function/System Support Program (ACF/SSP) and IBM 3725 Emulation Package (EP3725) for support of the IBM 3725 Communications Controller (and of the older 3705).

VM/SP System Offering is a VM package structured for installation and customization on larger 9370 systems. It consists of VM/SP and a set of optional feature program products. With only a few exceptions, all products supported by VM/IS are supported by VM/SP System Offering. However, VM/SP System Offering requires a higher level of data processing expertise than VM/IS.

Additional products available through VM/SP System Offering include the following:

- Application development systems such as Application Prototype Environment (APE), Cross System Product/ Application Development (CSP/AD), CSP/Application Execution (CSP/AE), CSP/Query (CSP/Q), Interactive Instructional Presentation System (IIPS), and Development Management System/Conversational Monitor System (DMS/CMS).
- OS PL/1 and VS Cobol II compilers, debuggers, and libraries.
- GDDM-Interactive Map Definition (GDDM-IMD), a tool for graphics processing.
- VM Backup Management System (VMBACKUP-MS) and VM Tape Management System (VMTAPE-MS) system control support packages.
- Contextual File Search/370 (CFSearch/370) data/file management tool.
- Printer support packages including the Font Library Service Facility (FLSF), Overlay Generation Language (OGL), Page Printer Formatting Aids/VM (PPFA/VM), Printer Services Access Facility (PSAF), and Printer Services Facility.
- Info Center/1 (IC/1) information management system.
- Document Composition Facility, a text processing package.

VSE/SP is a pregenerated, load-and-go operating system most desirable for departments and end-user workgroups with intensive batch and transaction processing requirements. It is IBM's primary production system for intermediate systems and the operating system base for distributed processing nodes. It replaces IBM's Small Systems Executive/VSE (SSX/VSE) as the VSE entry system for data centers and distributed environments.

VSE/SP includes task-oriented menus, including those to identify and correct on-line transaction failures; intelligent workstation support for IBM PCs and 3270 PCs; virtual address extension, providing up to three virtual address spaces for up to 40M bytes of virtual storage; and system start-up and remote operation control, allowing unattended operation of departmental systems.

The VSE/SP product incorporates the following components:

- VSE/Advanced Functions (VSE/AF), for basic system control.
- ACF/VTAM and Basic Telecommunications Access Method-Extended Support (BTAM-ES), for workstation and network control. They support attachment of local and remote workstations and processors; VTAM also supports channel-to-channel attachment.
- VSE/Interactive Computing Control Facility (VSE/ ICCF) and Customer Information Control System (CICS/ DOS/VS) for interactive system control and transaction processing, respectively.
- VSE/Priority Output Writers, Execution Processors, and Input Readers (VSE/Power) for spooling, networking, and remote job entry control.
- VSE/VSAM and VSE/VSAM Space Management Feature, for data management; they control data storage and access to DASD and also manage DASD space.
- Three utilities: VSE/VSAM Backup and Restore Feature, VSE/Fastcopy, and Data Interfile Transfer, Testing, and Operations Utility (Ditto).

Optional products for VSE/SP are available in the following areas:

- Business professional applications, including Distributed Office Support System (DISOSS), DisplayWrite/370 (DW/370), Personal Services/370 (PS/370), and Decision Support/VSE (DS/VSE).
- Application development, including DOS/VS Cobol, DOS PL/1, DOS/VS RPG II, and Cross System Product/ Application Development (CSP/AD).
- Data base management and query, including the hierarchical DBMS product Data Language/One DOS/VS (DL/1 DOS/VS), the relational SQL/DS, Query Management Facility/VSE (QMF/VSE), and DOS/VS Sort/ Merge II.
- Systems networking and distributed data processing, including Distributed Systems Executive (DSX), ACF/ NCP, and Network Communications Control Facility (NCCF).

IX/370 is IBM's implementation of AT&T's Unix System V. It is a multiuser, multitasking system that runs as a guest under VM/SP. IX/370 includes the Bourne Shell command language and provides virtual addressing, a hierarchical file system, and extended file and logical record locking. The block size of IX/370 files is 4096 bytes.

Another feature is multiple IX/370 system support, which allows several IX/370 subsystems to coreside on the same processor. The subsystems operate independently of one another. IX/370 provides the full set of UNIX programmer-productivity tools, such as the Source Code Control System (SCCS) and symbolic debugger. A full set of UNIX text processing tools is also provided. For message and file transfer, the mail and UNIX-to-UNIX copy (uucp) facilities are provided. Interactive Systems Corporation's INmail and INnet programs are provided as electronic mail facilities for communications among computers in a network.

The local/remote file transfer support facilities of IX/370 allow users to send files to and receive files from other users in a Remote Spooling Communications Subsystem (RSCS) network. In particular, these facilities allow IX/370 users to receive files sent by an IBM Conversational Monitor System (CMS) user, an MVS/Time Sharing Option (MVS/ TSO) user, or any other IX/370 user. Similarly, an IX/370 user can send files to any other user accessible through the RSCS network.

MVS/SP is used only on the 9375 Model 60 and the 9377 Model 90, primarily where operating system compatibility with a central computer is required for transporting program packages between the host and distributed systems. MVS/ SP does not support fixed-block architecture DASD, such as the 9332 and 9335 nor does it support any of the 9370's integrated I/O controllers. All I/O devices must be attached through standard System/370 Block Multiplexer Channels and control units.

PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES: Languages available for the VM, VSE, and MVS operating environments include VS Fortran, PL/1, Cobol, and RPG II. Available for the VM and MVS environments only are APL2, Pascal/VS, and Basic. Lisp/VM is available for VM only.

DATA BASE MANAGEMENT: Structured Query Language/Data System (SQL/DS), designed for use with VM/ SP and VSE systems, is a relational DBMS with integrated query and report writing facilities. It is broadly compatible with IBM's DB2 product in MVS environments. In the VM environment, SQL/DS provides remote relational access support, allowing users on one CPU to access an SQL/DS data base on another locally or remotely connected CPU. For VSE, SQL/DS provides an extract facility that enables users of IBM's DL/1 DOS VS to select portions of DL/1 DOS/VS data and copy them into SQL/DS tables.

Data Language/1 (DL/1) (also called DL/1 DOS/VS) is intended for the VSE environment, for applications with complex processing requirements and highly structured, fixed data relationships; it complements the relational SQL/DS product. An adjunct product, Query. DL/1, provides a simplified facility for making queries against DL/1data bases.

Database 2 (DB2), for the MVS/SP environment, is intended for applications with dynamic requirements and data structures. Multiple users can concurrently access and change data within the same DB2 table; data remains consistent not only within the data base, but also as it is perceived by each user. This product uses SQL for programming in either high-level language or interactive mode; the same syntax is used to define and control the system.

Information Management System/VS Data Base Facility (IMS/VS-DB) is a full-function data base management system used to create an environment for complex applications like transaction processing; it runs under MVS operating systems. It is most often combined with either IMS/ VS-DC or CICS/VS (see the "Data Communications" subsection below) to achieve a complete data base/data communications system. IMS/VS-DB executes as an application and interfaces between user application programs and data bases. DATA COMMUNICATIONS: IBM offers a wide range of communications products for the VM, VSE, and MVS environments. Key products are described in the following paragraphs; those provided as integral or optional facilities for specific operating systems are mentioned in the "Operating System" subsection above.

The 9370 participates in IBM's *Systems Network Architecture (SNA)*. The base for major communications subsystems in the VM, VSE, and MVS environments is ACF/VTAM. Together with ACF/Network Control Program (ACF/ NCP), when applicable, it provides an operating system for the network. The functions of the network operating system are analogous to those of a host operating system for resource sharing and logical handling of user requests.

ACF/VTAM supports concurrent execution of multiple telecommunications applications and controls the sharing of telecommunications resources among the programs in one or more systems. It supports logically direct transmission of data between application programs and terminals in session and supports data transfer between two application programs residing in the same system or in distributed systems.

ACF/VTAM, working in conjunction with ACF/NCP, supports peer-to-peer communications among SNA nodes; that is, programs residing on distributed systems can communicate with one another without host application assistance.

Advanced Program-to-Program Communications (APPC) is provided by the VTAM Application Program Interface (API). The API allows S/370-type applications using LU6.2 sessions to communicate over an SNA network with APPC applications running on the following: S/370-architecture mainframes and intermediate-sized processors; IBM System/36, System/38, and Series/1 minicomputers; IBM System/88 fault-tolerant/on-line transaction processors; the IBM RT PC workstation; the IBM PC and PS/2 microcomputers; and other manufacturers' systems which support LU6.2 communications.

ACF/NCP resides in the IBM 372X Communication Controller and provides physical management of the communications network. It controls attached lines and terminals, performs error recovery, and routes data through the network. It communicates with the host through ACF/VTAM or, in the case of a remote 372X, through another ACF/ NCP.

The Non-SNA Interconnection network program allows the connection of BSC-oriented remote job entry (RJE) work-stations to be connected to a 37XX communications processor. The Network Terminal Option allows non-SNA terminals to access ACF/VTAM-based applications.

The X.25 NCP Packet Switching Interface (X.25 NPSI) allows ACF/NCP users to communicate over packet switched data networks that have interfaces complying with CCITT Recommendation X.25 (1980 and 1984.) This product allows SNA host processors to communicate with either SNA or non-SNA equipment over such networks.

The Distributed Systems Executive (DSX), a network program for VSE- and MVS-based host systems, helps the central site plan, schedule, and track the distribution of data and software among the nodes in an SNA network. It provides centralized support and control for resource distribution between the host and selected SNA nodes, maintains control over the maintenance of software at the remote site, allows the scheduled distribution of node software, distributes data between the host and nodes, initiates processing at the nodes and host, and provides wider security coverage.

The VSE/Distributed Systems Node Executive (DSNX), a network program for VSE-based systems, provides support

for the central site management of a network of distributed systems. VSE/DSNX is installed at the remote site to receive and to implement software and data objects received from the VSE- or MVS-based host which is running DSX.

Like VSE/DSNX, VM/DSNX provides support for the central site management of a network of distributed systems. VM/DSNX is installed at the remote site to receive and to implement software and data objects. It also provides limited function for distributing objects from the VM-based central site to distributed VM-based systems.

NetView, a product for VM, MVS, and VSE environments, is a network management program that provides a cohesive set of SNA host network management services. Fully compatible with IBM's SNA network management architecture, NetView performs the network management functions of NCCP, Network Logical Data Manager (NLDM), and Network Problem Determination Application (NPDA) and performs functions of VTAM Node Control Application (VNCA) and Network Management Productivity Facility (NMPF).

NetView contains the following components:

- Command facility. This component provides command, messaging, and other capabilities for executing network management functions. The facility supports single-domain, multiple-domain, or interconnected SNA networks that allow system operations to be centralized at a single location or distributed at different points.
- Session monitor. This component gathers information on session activities for performance evaluation, system tuning, and system accounting.
- Hardware monitor. This component collects and displays alerts, events, and statistical data to assist in identifying failing resources in the network, determine probable cause, and recommend action for specific problems related to alerts and events.
- Status monitor. This component allows the operator to view the status of all domain resources.
- On-line help facility. This component provides operator information without requiring the use of the operation reference library.
- Help Desk Facility. This component is an on-line guide that provides problem diagnosis and network operation techniques.
- Network Log and Data Set Browse. This facility stores network messages and permits the operator to review the messages. Through user specification, messages being flagged by an "important message indicator" may be color coded or highlighted to designate severity, type, or source.

The NCCF, which operates as an application program under ACF/VTAM, provides the network operator with functions for controlling a communications network. It also provides services for IBM or user-written network management programs.

The *NLDM* and the *NPDA* are NCCF applications which collect session-related information that is useful for identifying and isolating network problems.

The Network Performance Monitor (NPM) aids network support personnel in managing the performance and growth of VTAM-based networks. The Network Design and Analysis (NETDA) is an interactive program product designed to assist customers in the definition, performance analysis, and optimization of SNA networks. The Routing Table Generator (RTG) assists users in defining networks and routing tables. The NetView Network Definer, a NetView application, assists users in building and maintaining definition tables for VM-based SNA networks. The Teleprocessing Network Simulator (TPNS) tests on-line application programs, communications access methods, control programs, subsystems, and networks.

VM/Conversational Monitor System (VM/CMS), in conjunction with the VM operating system, provides an interactive computing system; it can also be used as a base for interactive applications. It provides full time sharing in either a distributed system or a centralized environment with a dedicated processor, or in conjunction with other operating systems.

The Customer Information Control System (CICS) is a general-purpose data communications monitor for terminaloriented transaction processing applications in VSE and MVS environments. It interfaces among user-written application programs, transaction processing access methods (such as ACF/VTAM), and data base managers (such as DB2 in MVS). The user can generate a CICS/VS system configuration applicable to specific needs and define the environment in which the system is to execute.

IMS/VS-Data Communications (IMS/VS-DC) is a data communications management system that supports multiple terminal-oriented applications using a common data base in the MVS environment. Among other features, it provides support for SNA and SDLC terminals and allows simplified migration to SNA. IMS/VS-DC is generally used in conjunction with IMS/VS-DB (see the "Data Base Management System" subsection above).

UTILITIES: Utility and special functions for the 9370 systems are handled both through intrinsic operating system capabilities and through specialized software products supplied with the operating systems. Those adjunct facilities are listed in the "Operating System" subsection above.

OTHER SOFTWARE: Professional Office System (PROFS), for the VM/SP environment, provides distribution services, such as document transfer; library services, such as storage and retrieval of notes, documents, and statistics; personal services, such as calendaring and appointment scheduling; final-form and revisable-form document interchange with DISOSS users; and an integrated interface to DisplayWrite/370 as an additional document preparation facility.

Distributed Office Support System (DISOSS) runs under MVS or VSE in IBM's CICS environment. It allows users to exchange text, data, and images through electronic mail and central filing. A DISOSS-PROFS bridge supports the exchange of both final-form and revisable-form documents with VM-based systems. DISOSS provides distribution and library services, personal services, and an Application Program Interface (API) that interfaces DISOSS and userwritten CICS applications. Together with DISOSS, Personal Services/370 (PS/370) provides office system functions on a 3270, 3270-PC, 3270-PC AT, or 3270-PC AT/G or /GX display termninal. Operating as a CICS/ VS application, PS/370 supports DisplayWrite/370.

DisplayWrite/370, operating in the MVS and VSE environments, provides a full-screen text editor/formatter supporting the 3270 Information Display System and the 3270-PC display terminal.

A range of proprietary commercial, engineering/scientific, and technical applications is available for the VSE, VM, and MVS operating environments. The 9370 supports any System/370 applications program, provided that it is not time dependent; does not require the presence of system

facilities (such as storage capacity, I/O equipment, or optional features) when the facilities are not included in the configuration; and does not require the absence of system facilities when the facilities are included in the configuration. (For example, the program must not depend on interruptions caused by invalid operation codes.)

With the announcement of the 9370, IBM began selling the *SolutionPac* series of software offerings. SolutionPacs are predefined software packages comprising predetermined combinations of the following elements:

- Integrated, pregenerated system and application software.
- Snap-on application software for standard operating environments.
- Customized or fixed pricing for the following services:

Application integration and customization services.

Design, installation, and education services.

Maintenance services, including a single point of contact for the total offering.

- Application competency center support.
- Customer support telephone service.

PRICING AND SUPPORT

POLICY: The 9370 systems are available for sale or monthly rental. During the first six months following installation, 50 percent of the monthly rental charges may be applied as a credit toward the purchase of the machine, not to exceed 50 percent of the purchase price applicable at the time of purchase. Volume purchasing is available under the Volume Procurement Amendment (VPA) to Agreement for Purchase of IBM Machines. Term leases and installment payment plans are available through IBM Credit Corporation.

Discounts are available for purchasers aggregating required quantities of System/36, System/38, 9370, and 4300 processors.

A 25 percent educational allowance is available to qualifying institutions in accordance with IBM's Educational Allowance Amendment. The educational allowance may not be added to any other discount or allowance.

VM, VSE, and cross-system licensed software products are subject either to a monthly license charge or to a onetime charge. The onetime charge varies according to the processor group to which the target machine belongs. IBM has defined four processor groups—10, 20, 30, and 40—for 370based machines; 9373 Model 20 and 9375 Model 40 belong to Processor Group 10, while 9375 Model 60 and 9377 Model 90 belong to Processor Group 20. Graduated groupto-group and version-to-version upgrade charges also apply. Volume discounts are available for onetime-charge products, starting with a quantity of three.

SUPPORT: The 9370 systems are covered by a one-year warranty and are eligible for IBM On-Site Repair. Service is provided by IBM's National Service Division.

The 9370 processors are designated customer setup (CSU) equipment. Processors and rack-mountable devices or features ordered with the IBM 9309 Rack Enclosure are installed in the rack enclosure at the factory. The customer is responsible for determining system configuration requirements, unpacking the processor or the rack assembly, positioning the processor or the rack enclosure in the prescribed location, setting up stabilizing hardware, routing power and signal cables, and performing a device operational checkout.

Step-by-step instructions lead the customer through setup of the processor console and rack-mounted units, as well as through connection to external units and communications facilities. Some system elements, such as System/370 channel-attached I/O devices, require installation by IBM service personnel.

IBM 9370 systems are in IBM's maintenance plan group D. The minimum period of maintenance service is nine consecutive hours between 7 a.m. and 6 p.m., Monday through Friday. Charges for maintenance coverage outside this period are based upon percentages of the minimum monthly maintenance charge (MMC) added to the MMC.

IBM also has a Corporate Service Amendment to the IBM Maintenance Agreement providing discounts on service for qualifying systems and network customers.

For users without a maintenance contract or requiring maintenance beyond contracted hours, the 9370 comes under IBM Hourly Service Rate Classification 2. The per-call charge during regular hours is \$158 per hour; outside regular hours, the charge is \$180 per hour.

IBM's Customer Assistance Group can be contacted to help determine and resolve system problems. This group provides step-by-step guidance through a problem determination activity requiring trained personnel to interpret results.

The SDLC communications adapter in the 9370 processor console allows attachment of an external modem to provide data link communications with a remote IBM service system. Remote IBM service personnel can perform on-line diagnosis of the system; logout data stored on the processor console can be transferred and saved at the remote IBM support site for later off-line analysis. IBM support personnel can also apply microcode corrections to the system from the remote site.

EDUCATION: IBM offers a range of technically and conceptually oriented training programs covering a variety of subjects, from large-system operating environments to information systems use and management. Educational methods include classroom instruction, self-study, program offerings (computer-based training products running on the 9370 and other systems), and technical update videotapes. Courses are usually given at IBM Education Centers nationwide; some are held at IBM branch offices and, by special arrangement, at user sites.

IBM offers a range of systems, applications, and operations courses for the VSE/SP, MVS, and VM environments; courses on communications systems, data base management systems, and distributed processing, among other subjects, are also offered.

TYPICAL CONFIGURATONS: The following are small, medium, and large 9370 system configurations. More detailed pricing of hardware components and available software is included in the price list that follows.

9373 Model 20:

9373 Model 20 CPU with 4MB of main	\$ 31,000
memory	
4MB of additional memory	10,000
9309 Rack Model 2	3,000
Two DASD/Tape Subsystem Controllers	6,000
9335 A1 Device Function Controller	8,500
9335 B1 824MB DASD fixed disk drive	21,250
9347 1600 bpi streaming tape drive	7,900

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Work Station Subsystem Controller	4,200	VM/IS Base Release 5	28,200
Three 3299 terminal multiplexers	2,385		
Eight 3179 Model G color display stations	22,360	TOTAL PURCHASE PRICE:	\$415,760
16 3191 Model A10 monochrome display stations	20,720	9377 Model 90:	
4234 Model 1 410-lpm dot band printer	8,800		•
VM/IS Base Release 5	28,200	9377 Model 90 CPU with 8MB of main memory	\$ 190,000
TOTAL PURCHASE PRICE:	\$174,315	8MB of additional memory	20,000
TOTAL TORCHASE TRICE.	ψ17 -1 ,010	Two 9309 Rack Model 2s	6,000
		I/O card unit adapter (#5000)	4,200
9375 Model 40:		Two card units (#5010)	15,400
		System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel	6,000
9375 Model 40 CPU with 8MB of main	\$ 65,000	3880 Model 3 storage controller	60,270
memory	,	3380 Model AE4 5.04GB DASD fixed disk	122,480
8MB of additional memory	20,000	drive	,
Two 9309 Rack Model 2s	6,000	3480 Model A22 tape control unit	65,430
Two DASD/Tape Subsystem Controllers	6,000	3480 Model B22 cartridge tape drive	43,120
9335 A1 Device Function Controller	8,500	Four Work Station Subsystem Controllers	16,800
Three 9335 B1 824MB DASD fixed disk	63,750	16 3299 terminal multiplexers	12,720
drives	,	48 3179 Model G color display stations	134,160
9347 1600 bpi streaming tape drive	7,900	48 3191 Model A10 monochrome display	62,160
Two Work Station Subsystem Controllers	8,400	stations	0_,100
Six 3299 terminal multiplexers	4,770	32 3270 PC Model 5371	193,600
16 3179 Model G color display stations	44,720	3820 20-ppm laser printer	28,350
16 3191 Model A10 monochrome display	20,720	4248 Model 1 3,600-lpm band printer	75,000
stations	20,720	VM/IS Base Release 5	28,200
16 3270 PC Model 5371	96,800	THIN DUST REPORT J	20,200
4245 Model D20 2,000-lpm band printer	35,000	TOTAL PURCHASE PRICE:	\$1,083,890

EQUIPMENT PRICES

PROCESS	ORS	Purchase Price (\$)	Monthly Maint. (\$)	Monthly Rental Charge* (\$)	Monthly 2-Year Lease Charge* (\$)
9373-020 9375-040 9375-060 9377-090	Processor with 4MB of main memory Processor with 8MB of main memory Processor with 8MB of main memory Processor with 8MB of main memory	31,000 65,000 93,000 190,000	225.00 280.00 350.00 550.00	3,100 6,500 9,300 19,000	NA NA NA
PROCESS	OR OPTIONS				
9309 4000	Rack Enclosure: Model 1; 1.0 Meter Model 2; 1.6 Meter 120-V Power Supply for Model 1 Automated Power Controls	2,500 3,000 NC 800	4.00 4.00 NC NA	250 300 NC 80	NA NA NC NA
5000 5010 5020 6010 6001 6003 6020	I/O Card Unit Adapter I/O Card Unit I/O Card Unit DASD/Tape Subsystem Controller Channel Power Control System/370 Block Multiplexer Channel Work Station Subsystem Controller	4,200 7,700 11,300 3,000 1,600 6,000 4,200	NA NA NA NA NA	420 770 1,130 300 160 600 420	NA NA NA NA NA
MEMORY					
4002 4008 4108	4MB Memory Addition for 9373 Processor 8MB Memory Addition for 9373 or 9375 Processor 8MB Memory Addition for 9377 Processor	10,000 20,000 20,000	NA NA NA	1,000 2,000 2,000	NA NA NA

*Rental/lease prices include equipment maintenance. **Annual maintenance fee. ***Four-year lease. NA---Not applicable. NC---No charge.

IBM 9370 Information System

		Purchase Price (\$)	Monthly Maint. (\$)	Monthly Rental Charge* (\$)	Monthly 2-Year Lease Charge* (\$)
сомми	INICATIONS EQUIPMENT			<u> </u>	
6030	Communications Processor	2,400	NA	240	NA
6031 6032	Multi-Protocol Adapter Asynchronous Adapter	1,200 825	NA NA	120 83	NA NA
6032 6034	IBM Token-Ring Adapter	1,950	NA	195	NA
6035	IEEE 802.3 Adapter	2,700	NA	270	NA
3299	Terminal Multiplexer	795	NĂ	NA	NA
3720	Communications Controller:		475.00	0.005	
	Model 1; Local Base Model 2; Remote Base	36,500 26,000	175.00 142.00	2,865 2,040	NA NA
	Model 11; Local Base and TR	42,500	178.00	3,335	NA
	Model 12	33,000	146.00	2,510	NA
3721	Expansion Unit				
	Model 1; One Scanner	16,000	NA	1,255	NA
3275	Model 2; Two Scanners Communication Controller:	22,500	NA	1,765	NA
0270	Model 1	75,000	232.00	4,420	NA
	Model 2	60,500	208.00	3,330	NA
3726	Communication Control Console	32,000	43.00	1,880	—
3227 3737	Operator Console Remote Channel-to-Channel Unit	2,390 72,000	28.00 635.00	215 NA	NA
3044	Fiber-Optic Channel Extender Link	8,500	27.00	NA	NA
	TORAGE				
3370	Direct Access Storage: Model A2; 729.8MB; contains logic and power for up to three Model B2 units	35,480	134.00	2,190	NA
	Model A2, 723.000, contains logic and power for up to three woder b2 units Model B2; connects to a 3370 Model A2	26,600	101.00	1,640	ŇĂ
	8150 String Switch for 3370 A1 and A2	3,830	1.50	199	169
3375	Direct Access Storage; 819.7MB per drive:				
	Model A1; contains logic and power for up to three Model B1 units	24,730	144.00	1,851	1,575
	Model B1; connects to a 3375 Model A1	18,700	109.00	1,486	1,265
	Model D1; provides dual controller function in a 3375 string; requires one Model A1 and two Model B1s	23,590	133.00	1,763	1,500
	4951—Model D1 Attachment for Model A1	2,590	6.00	112	95
	4952—Model D1 Attachment for Model B1	NC	NC	NC	ŇČ
	8150—String Switch Feature for 3375 A1	3,795	1.50	181	154
3380	Direct Access Storage: Model AD4; 2.52GB drive; attaches to 3880-3, 3880-23, or 3990 storage	82,000	295.00	5,105	NA
	directors Model AE4; 5.04GB Extended Capability drive; attaches to 3880-3, 3880-23, or	113,000	295.00	7,590	NA
	3990 storage directors		200.00	,,	
	Model BD4; 2.52GB drive; can be attached to AD4, AE4, BE4, or another BD4 Model BE4; 5.04GB Extended Capability drive; can be attached to AD4, AE4, BD4, or another BE4	59,000 90,000	215.00 215.00	3,715 6,190	NA NA
	Model AJ4; 2,52GB Enhanced Subsystem drive; can be attached to 3990 storage director	82,000	225.00	4,325	NA
	Model AK4; 7.56GB Enhanced Subsystem drive; can be attached to 3990 storage director	128,000	225.00	6,625	NA
	Model BJ4; 2.52GB Enhanced Subsystem drive; can be attached to AJ4 or AK4 drive	59,000	165.00	3,115	NA
	Model BK4; 7.56GB Enhanced Subsystem drive; can be attached to AJ4 or AK4 drive	105,000	165.00	5,415	NA
	Model CJ2; 1.26GB Channel-Attached drive	70,000	230.00	3,730	NA
3880	Storage Control; includes two storage directors: Model 1; each storage director can attach up to four 3370 A1/A2 or 3375 A1	51,000	176.00	4,124	3,510
	or D1 in any combination Model 3; provides two storage directors for 3380 storage Model 4: provides one storage director which are storage	51,000	176.00	1,370	1,165 NA
	Model 4; provides one storage director which can attach up to four 3370 or 3375 Model A1s	30,000	82.50	2,370	NA
	Model D23; includes two cache storage directors for 3380; 8 megabytes Model E23; same as D23, but with 16 megabytes	110,000 146,000	575.00 600.00	2,940 3,900	NA NA
	Model 623, same as D23, but with 32 megabytes	218,000	650.00	5,825	NA
	Model H23; same as D23, but with 48 megabytes	290,000	700.00	7,750	NA
	Model J23; same as D23, but with 64 megabytes	362,000	750.00	9,675	NA

*Rental/lease prices include equipment maintenance. **Annual maintenance fee. ***Four-year lease. NA-Not applicable. NC-No charge.



IBM 9370 Information System

		Purchase Price (\$)	Monthly Maint. (\$)	Monthly Rental Charge* (\$)	Monthly 2-Year Lease Charge* (\$)
MASS S	TORAGE (Continued)				
	3005—3380 AJ4/AK4 support for 3880 Model 3 3010—3380 AK4 support for 3880 Model 23 6140—4.5MB/sec support for 3880 Model 23 6148—Remote Switch Attachment 6149—Remote Switch Attachment, additional 6150—Remote Switch Attachment for Eight-Channel Switch 6550—Speed Matching Buffer for 3380 6560—Speed Matching Buffer 8160—Two-Channel Switch 8170—Two-Channel Switch Pair	5,000 5,000 3,000 NC 8,250 9,710 3,850 5,290	NA NA NC NC 40.00 5.00 11.00	NA NA 80 NC NC 220 260 241 140	NA NA NC NC 187 221 NA 119
	8171—Two-Channel Switch Pair, additional 8172—Eight-Channel Switch	14,120 19,420	38.50 53.50	380 520	323 443
3990	Storage Control: Model 1; one storage cluster with two storage directors Model 2; two storage clusters with four storage directors Model G3; two storage clusters with four storage directors and 32MB cache Model J3; same as Model G3, but with 64MB cache Model L3; same as Model G3, but with 128MB cache Model Q3; same as Model G3, but with 256MB cache		185.00 370.00 800.00 875.00 1,025.00 1,325.00	3,185 5,870 10,800 16,475 27,825 50,525	NA NA NA NA NA
	8172—Four-Channel Switch, Additional 6149—Remote Switch Attachment 6150—Remote Switch Attachment, Additional 7149—Local Remote Switch Attachment 7150—Local Remote Switch Attachment, Additional	18,000 NC NC NC NC	40.00 NC NC NC NC	940 NC NC NC NC	NA NC NC NC
9332 9335	400MB Rack Mounted DASD DASD	14,000 21,250	27.00 50.00	1,400 2,125	NA NA
		, ,		_,	
1589	Magnetic Tape Units:				
	Model C1; Tape Control and one Tape Unit; fits in 1.0-m rack enclosure Model D1; single Tape Unit Model C2; Tape Control and one Tape Unit; fits in 1.6-m rack enclosure Model E2; Tape Control and two Tape Units	26,500 20,200 27,000 44,000	NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA NA
3420	Magnetic Tape Units: Model 3; 120,000 bytes/sec at 1600 bpi; 75 ips Model 4; 470,000 bytes/sec at 6250 bpi; 75 ips Model 5; 200,000 bytes/sec at 1600 bpi; 125 ips Model 6; 780,000 bytes/sec at 6250 bpi; 125 ips Model 7; 320,000 bytes/sec at 1600 bpi; 200 ips Model 8; 1250 bytes/sec at 6250 bpi; 200 ips	13,120 16,870 17,600 19,710 19,710 21,860	248.00 248.00 272.00 272.00 326.00 401.00	768 1,075 1,035 1,235 1,225 1,465	645 903 869 1,037 1,029 1,231
	6420—6250 bpi Density Feature (for 3420 Models 4, 6, and 8) 6425—6250/1600 bpi Density Feature (for 3420 Models 4, 6, and 8) 6631—Single Density Feature (for Models 3, 5, and 7) 3550—Dual Density Feature (for Models 3, 5, and 7) 6407—7-Track Feature (for Models 3, 5, and 7)	1,760 2,425 3,155 4,075 3,155	74.00 99.00 74.00 124.00 107.00	103 151 177 231 177	87 127 149 194 149
3422	Magnetic Tape Unit: A1 Drive and Control Unit B1 Magnetic Tape Unit	40,480 19,690	440.00 181.00	2,460 1,165	NA NA
	3020—Data Streaming Feature 3005—Two-Channel Switch 3010—Two Control Unit Switch (Communicator), primary 3015—Same as 3010, but secondary	1,730 3,575 8,085 5,775	35.00 4.00 20.00 20.00	122 183 425 310	NA NA NA
3430	Magnetic Tape Subsystem: Model A1; Tape Unit and Control Model B1; Tape Unit only	33,400 16,900	251.00 176.00	2,575 1,365	NA NA
	4991—Multiple Drive Attachment	600	5.00	46	NA
3480	Magnetic Tape Subsystem: Model A22 Control Unit Model B22 Magnetic Tape Unit	65,430 43,120	423.00 264.00	4,605 3,015	NA NA

*Rental/lease prices include equipment maintenance. **Annual maintenance fee. ***Four-year lease.

NA—Not applicable. NC—No charge.

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MAGNETIC	C TAPE EQUIPMENT (Continued)	Purchase Price (\$)	Monthly Maint. (\$)	Monthly Rental Charge* (\$)	Monthly 2-Year Lease Charge* _(\$)
	1511—First Channel Attachment 1512—Second Channel Attachment 1513—Third Channel Attachment	5,785 5,785 5,785	21.00 21.00 21.00	357 357 357	NA NA NA
3803	Tape Controller: Model 1; for 3420 Models 3, 5, 7 Model 2; for 3420 Models 3 through 8 drives	22,740 30,300	158.00 218.00	1,335 1,945	1,121 1,634
	5310—9-Track NRZI Feature (permits connection of 800 bpi drives to 3803-2) 6320—7-Track NRZI Feature (permits connection of 800 bpi drives to 3803-2; 5310 is prerequisite)	3,385 1,665	2.00 2.00	186 92	156 77
	Multiple Tape Control Switches (for switching up to sixteen 3420 tape drives among up to four 3803 control units): 1792—For 2 Tape Controls 1793—For 3 Tape Controls	6,740 8,600	15.00 25.00	388 504	326 423
	1794—For 4 Tape Controls 6148—Remote Switch Attachment	10,110 1,000	25.00 NA	590 55	496 46
9347	8100—Two-Channel Switch Magnetic Tape Unit	5,060 7,900	6.50 78.00	288 790	242 NA
-	6010—DASD/Tape Controller	3,000	NA	300	NA
PRINTERS					
3262	Line Printer: Model 1; 650 lpm Model 3; 650 lpm (3274) Model 11; 325 lpm Model 13; 325 lpm (3274)	15,040 15,040 12,620 12,620	202.50 202.50 148.00 148.00	806 806 592 592	686 686 504 504
3268	Model 2 Model 2C	7,500 8,990	76.00 102.00	498 677	424 NA
3287	Serial Printer: Model 1; 80 cps Model 2; 120 cps Model 1C; 4 colors; 80 cps Model 2C; 4 colors; 120 cps	4,830 5,150 5,210 5,530	41.00 52.00 46.00 57.00	348 426 431 506	296 362 367 431
	1120—APL/Text 3610—Extended Character Set Adapter 3880—Extended Print Buffer 4110—Friction Feed Paper Handling 8330—3271/3272 Attachment for Models 1 and 2 8331—3274/3276 Attachment for Models 1 and 2 8700—Variable-Width Forms Tractor	165 429 198 151 860 165 151	0.50 3.00 0.50 0.50 2.50 0.50 0.50	6 25 7 6 60 6 6	5 22 6 5 51 5 5
3812	Nonimpact Page Printer, Model 1 3060—Bisync Communication Feature for VM attachment	8,235 250	126.00 NA	NA NA	NA NA
3820	Laser Page Printer: Model 1 3005—Pattern Storage Memory; 256KB 3010—Pattern Storage Memory; 512KB 3020—Pattern Storage Memory; 1024KB 3025—Pattern Storage Memory; 2048KB 3030—Pattern Storage Memory; 3072KB 3035—Control Storage Memory; 128KB 3055—System/370 Channel Interface Attachment	28,350 1,050 1,700 3,000 6,000 9,000 750 2,600	310.00 10.00 20.00 40.00 80.00 120.00 10.00 40.00	1,845 67 112 202 404 607 50 180	NA NA NA NA NA NA
4224	Printer: Model 1C2 Model 1E2 Model 101 Model 102 2C2—400 cps Max. Expanded Storage and Color	6,700 6,500 4,200 6,000 6,700	50.00 45.00 30.00 40.00 50.00	NA NA NA NA	NA NA NA NA

*Rental/lease prices include equipment maintenance. **Annual maintenance fee. ***Four-year lease. NA---Not applicable. NC---No charge.

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		Purchase Price (\$)	Monthly Maint. (\$)	Monthly Rental Charge*	Month 2-Yea Lease Charge
PRINTER	S (Continued)	(æ)	(a)	(\$)	(\$)
	2E2—400 cps Max. Expanded Storage	6,500	45.00	NA	NA
	201—200 cps Maximum 202—400 cps Maximum	4,200 6,000	30.00 40.00	NA NA	NA NA
	3C2—400 cps Color Printer	6,700	50.00	NA	NA
	301—200 cps Printer	4,200	30.00	NA	NA
	302400 cps Printer	6,000	40.00	NA	NA
4234	Dot Band Printer: Model 1	8,800	85.00	NA	NA
4245	Band Printer:				
	Model 12; 1,200 lpm	31,000	250.00	2,050	NA
	Model D12; 1,200 lpm Model 20; 2,000 lpm	31,000 35,000	250.00 400.00	2,050 2,340	NA NA
	Model D20; 2,000 lpm	35,000	400.00	2,340	NA
4248	Printer, Model 2; 2,200/3,200/4,000 lpm; 132 print positions	75,000	800.00	6,205	NA
	3751—Additional 36 Print Positions (plant installation)	10,000	110.00	615	NA
	3753—Additional 36 Print Positions (field installation)	15,000	110.00	615	NA
4250	Nonimpact Printer, Model 1; 600 by 600 dots per square inch	21,000	190.00	1,520	NA
5210	Printer: Model G1	5,420	65.00	NA	NA
	Model G2	5,420	71.00	NA	NA
WORKS	TATIONS/TERMINALS				
3151	ASCII Monochrome Display Station:				
	Model 160; 84-key keyboard, green display	399	**27.00	NA	NA
	Model 360; 102-key keyboard, green display Model 460; 102-key keyboard, amber-gold display	525 525	**27.00 **27.00	NA NA	NA NA
3161	Monochrome Display Station:				
0.01	Model 11; includes keyboard and RS-232-C interface	695	**45.00	NA	NA
	Model 12; includes keyboard and RS-232-C/RS-422-A interface	774	**40.00	NA	NA
	Model 21; includes keyboard and RS-232-C interface Model 22; includes keyboard and RS-232-C/RS-422-A interface	695 774	**45.00 **40.00	NA NA	NA NA
		//4	40.00	NA	NA
3164	Color Display Station: Model 11; includes RS-232-C interface	1,295	**85.00	NA	NA
	Model 12; includes RS-232-C/RS-422-A interface	1,374	**85.00	NA	NA
3178	Monochrome Display Station:				
	Model C10; 75-key keyboard Model C20, C30, and C40; 87-key keyboard	1,040 1,095	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
- ·		1,000			100
3179	Color Display Station: Model 1; 122-key typewriter keyboard	2,095	**92.00	NA	NA
	Model G1; graphics terminal; 122-key typewriter keyboard	2,795	NA	NA	NA
	Model G2; graphics terminal; 122-key typewriter/APL keyboard	2,795	NA	NA	NA
3191	Monochrome Display Station: Model A; 102- or 122-key keyboard, green display	1,295	40.00	NA	NA
	Model B; 102- or 122-key keyboard, green display Model B; 102-, 104-, or 122-key keyboard, amber-gold display	1,295	40.00	NA	NA
	Model D; 102-, 104-, or 122-key keyboard, green display	1,425	**55.00	NA	NA
	Model E; 102-, 104-, or 122-key keyboard, amber-gold display Model L; 102-, 104-, or -122-key keyboard, green display, selector light pen	1,425 1,795	**55.00 **145.00	NA NA	NA NA
3192	Color Display Station:	·			-
5132	Model C; 102-, 104-, or 122-key keyboard	1,895	85.00	NA	NA
	Model D; 102-, 104-, or 122-key keyboard	1,795	60.00	NA	NA
	Model G; 102-, 104-, or 122-key typewriter or typewriter/APL keyboard Model F; 102-, 104-, or 122-key keyboard	2,795 2,095	110.00 **85.00	NA NA	NA NA
	Model F; 102-, 104-, or 122-key keyboard Model L; 102-, 104-, or 122-key keyboard, selector light pen	2,095	**175.00	NA	NA
3193	Monochrome Display Station:				
	Model 10; 122-key keyboard	2,495	75.00	NA	NA
	Model 20; 102-key keyboard	2,495	75.00	NA	NA

Annual maintenance fee. *Four-year lease. NA—Not applicable. NC—No charge.

IBM 9370 Information System

WORKS	STATIONS/TERMINALS (Continued)	Purchas Price (\$)	se Monthly Maint. (\$)	Monthly Rental Charge* (\$)	Lease
3194	Display Station:				
	Model C; 102-, 104-, or 122-key keyboard, color display	2,495	**125.00	NA	NA
	Model D; 102-, 104-, or 122-key keyboard, monochrome display	2,195	**125.00	NA	NA
	Model H; 102- or 122-key keyboard, color display	2,895	NA	NA	NA
5371	System Unit, 3270-PC:				
	System Unit, Model 12	3,520	NA	N 1.0	
	System Unit, Model 14	3,520	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	System Unit, Model 16	4,430	NA	NA	NA
	1003—64KB Memory Module Kit	100	NA	NA	NA
	1013—Memory Expansion Option, 64/256KB	265	NA	NA	NA
	2500—Fixed Disk, 10MB	1,195	NA	NA	NA
	2501—Fixed Disk Adapter 3810—Dual-sided Diskette Drive	495	NA	NA	NA
	4900—Mono Display and Printer Adapter	425	NA	NA	NA
	5370—Standard Keyboard	250 295	NA	NA	NA
	,	295	NA	NA	NA
3278	Monochrome Display Station:				
	Model 2	1,572	10.00	119	102
	Model 3 Model 4	1,716	10.50	146	124
	Model 5	1,804	11.50	149	127
		2,060	13.00	175	149
3290	Information Panel:				
	Model 220	6,500	**288.00	NA	NA
	Model 230	6,500	**288.00	NA	NA
	Model T30	9,300	**360.00	NA	NA
	3210—Display Panel 4730 — Deta (Turaumitar Kash asal	3,600	NA	202	NA
	4730—Data/Typewriter Keyboard 4731—APL Typewriter Keyboard	440	NA	26	NA
	4830—Numeric Keypad	440	NA	26	NA
	4831—Program Function Keypad	250 250	NA NA	13 13	NA
OVOTER		250	NA	13	NA
STOLEN	/ MANAGEMENT				
3814	Switching Management System:				
	Model A1 Controller (4 x 4)	47,480	159.00	2,630 *	**2,105
	Model A2 Controller (4 x 8)	60,420	207.00		**2,680
	Model A3 Controller (8 x 4)	64,740	203.00		**2,875
	Model A4 Controller (two 4 x 4s)	69,570	223.00		**3,095
	Model B1 Remote Unit (4 x 4) Model B2 Remote Unit (4 x 8)	39,710	107.00		**1,765
	Model B3 Remote Unit (8 x 4)	52,660	157.00		**2,335
	Model B4 Remote Unit (two 4 x 4s)	56,970	151.00		**2,530
	Model C1 Expansion Unit (4 x 4)	61,800 37,980	171.00		**2,745
	Model C2 Expansion Unit (4 x 8)	50,930	104.00 152.00		**1,680
	Model C3 Expansion Unit (8 x 4)	55,240	147.00		**2,255
	Model C4 Expansion Unit (two 4 x 4s)	60,070	168.00		**2,670
*Rental/leas		•			**2,49

*Rental/lease prices include equipment maintenance. **Annual maintenance fee. ***Four-year lease. NA—Not applicable. NC—No charge.

SOFTWARE PRICES

	Initial Basic License Charge (\$)	Monthly Basic License Charge (\$)	Graduated Onetime Charge (\$)	Licensed Program Support Charge (\$)
Onetime charges are based on the processor group to which the syste Model 20 and the 9375 Model 40 belong to Processor Group 10. The 9375 Model 90 belong to Processor Group 20.				<u></u>
5664 167 VM/SP Release 3 through 5 and up				
Group 10	NA	500	7,740	69
Group 20	NA	500	13,540	69
5664 204 NetView Release 2 for VM/SP				
Group 10	NA	940	9,020	90
Group 20	NA	940	15,790	90
NANot applicable.				

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		Initial Basic License Charge (\$)	Monthly Basic License Charge (\$)	Graduated Onetime Charge (\$)	Licensed Program Support Charge (\$)
5664 280	ACF/VTAM Version 3 Release 1.1 for VM/SP	0.505	4.475		
	Group 10 Group 20	3,535 3,535	1,175 1,175	11,235 19,660	247 247
5664 283	VM/IS Productivity Facility		407	055	40
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	107 107	855 1,500	16 16
5664 301	VM/IS Base Release 5				
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	2,381 2,381	28,200 49,365	NA NA
5664 301	VM/IS Real Time Monitor				
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	50 50	400 700	NA NA
5664 301	VM/IS Performance Reporting Feature (VMMAP)		070		
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	270 270	1,600 2,800	NA NA
5664 301	VM/IS General Language Support Routines (PL/1)				NA
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	37 37	440 775	NA NA
5664 301	VM/IS Shared User Files Feature (FSF)				
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	44 44	440 770	NA NA
5664 301	VM/IS Background Execution Feature (Batch)				
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	150 150	1,800 3,150	NA NA
5664 301	VM/IS Graphics Support Feature (GDDM/PGF)				
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	413 413	4,955 8,670	NA NA
5664 301	VM/IS Text Formatting Feature (DCF/FEF)				
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	417 417	4,990 8,735	NA NA
5664 309	PROFS Version 2				
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	995 995	12,800 22,400	NA NA
5664 370	DisplayWrite/370 Version 1 for VM/SP				
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	665 665	5,600 9,800	42 42
5664 385	NetView Network Definer		000		42
	Group 10 Group 20			2,240 3,920	
5666 273	VSE/Power Version 2				
	Group 10 Group 20	498 498	166 166	1,550 2,710	33 33
5666 280	ACF/VTAM Version 2 for VSE				
	Group 10 Group 20	849 849	284 284	3,690 6,455	59 59
5666 316	VSE/SP Version 2 Release 1.6				
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	2,160 2,160	23,110 40,440	433 433
5666 338	DisplayWrite/370 for VSE		•		
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	285 285	2,400 4,200	42 42
5668 805	VS Fortran Library Version 2 Release 2				
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	200 200	2,400 4,200	NA NA
5668 806	VS Fortran Compiler/Library/IAD Version 2 Release 2	N 14			
	Group 10 Group 20	NA NA	750 750	9,000 15,750	NA NA
5668 899	APL2 APL2				
	Group 10 Group 20	4,170 4,170	695 695	5,600 9,800	37 37
5668 903	VS Fortran Interactive Debug (IAD)			·	
	Group 10 Group 20	1,920 1,920	320 320	4,475 7,835	26 26
5668 940	VS Cobol II Library				
	Group 10 Group 20	2,550 2,550	425 425	5,945 10,410	53 53
5668 958	VS Cobol Compiler/Library				
	Group 10 Group 20	6,420 6,420	1,070 1,070	14,975 26,210	53 53
5668 996	Basic for VM/SP				
	Group 10 Group 20	1,125 1,125	375 375	2,800 4,900	38 38
		1,120	0/0	4,000	50
5684 009	VM/DSNX Group 10		240	2,880	

NA—Not applicable.

•		Initial Basic License Charge (\$)	Monthly Basic License Charge (\$)	Graduated Onetime Charge (\$)	Licensed Program Support Charge (\$)
			240	5,040	
5736 LM4	PL/1 Resident Library for VM/SP, VSE				
	Group 10	NA	58	695	7
	Group 20	NA	58	1,215	7
5736 LM5	PL/1 Transient Library for VM/SP, VSE			405	-
	Group 10	NA	34	405	7
5700 DI 4	Group 20	NA	34	710	7
5736 PL1	PL/1 Optimizing Compiler for VM/SP, VSE		054	0.040	
	Group 10	NA	251	3,010	39
5700 DL 0	Group 20	NA	251	5,270	39
5736 PL3	PL/1 Compiler and Library for VM/SP, VSE			4 405	50
	Group 10	NA	344	4,125	53
	Group 20	NA	344	7,220	53
5746 AM2	VSE/VSAM			005	~
	Group 10	NA	82	695	24
	Group 20	NA	82	1,215	24
5746 AM2	VSE/VSAM Backup Restore			475	-
	Group 10	NA	33	175	7
5740 ANO	Group 20	NA	33	305	7
5746 AM2	VSE/VSAM Space Management	81.0	40	205	N 1 A
	Group 10	NA	40	285	NA
F740 4144	Group 20	NA	40	495	NA
5746 AM4	VSE/Fast Copy	N 1.A		000	-
	Group 10	NA	NA	200	5
	Group 20	NA	NA	345	5
5746 RC5	BTAM VSE			505	-
	Group 10	NA	44	525	7
5740 XX0	Group 20	NA	44	920	7
5746 XX3	CICS/DOS/VS for VSE			0.000	1 4 0
	Group 10	NA	686	8,230	149
5740 500	Group 20	NA	686	14,405	149
5748 FO3	VS Fortran Compiler and Library	747	0.40	0.005	10
	Group 10	747	249	3,235	18
5740 1140	Group 20	747	249	5,660	18
5748 LM3	VS Fortran Library	210	70	045	-
	Group 10	219	73	945	7
5740 XXV	Group 20	219	73	1,660	7
5748 XXJ	SQL/DS	NIA	46.4	E ECE	144
	Group 10	NA NA	464 464	5,565 9,740	144
F C C 7 1 0 C	Group 20	NA	404	9,740	144
5667-126	IX/370 4506 For maximum of 16 concurrently signed-on terminal users (CSTU)	NA	NA	10,000	495
	4507 For maximum of 32 CSTU; features are cumulative, so maximum license charge=\$20,000	NA	NA	10,000	495
	4508 For maximum of 64 CSTU; features are cumulative, so maximum license charge=\$40,000	NA	NA	20,000	NA
	4509 For maximum of 65+ CSTU; features are cumulative, so maximum license charge=\$75,000	NA	NA	35,000	NA

NA—Not applicable. 📕