# Hewlett-Packard HP 9000 Multiuser Systems

# **Product Enhancement**

#### In this report:

Analysis	453
System Features	-453
Base Configuration	-454

Hewlett-Packard has entered the fault-tolerant computer market with the introduction of the UNIX-based HP 9000 Model 1240, the first in a 1200 Series of fault-tolerant systems. HP also announced peripheral support for the Model 1240, including disk and tape drives, terminals, and printers.

This is the latest in a series of enhancements to the HP 9000 Series which so far this year has included the addition of five new Series 800 systems plus price reductions on previous models.

The new Model 1240 is the result of an original equipment manufacturer (OEM) agreement between HP and Sequoia Computer Systems. HP has repackaged the Sequoia Series 300 fault-tolerant system. In return, Sequoia received a sizable equity investment, access to HP's RISC technology for future product development, and HP's marketing of the product in the telecommunications industry.

#### **Product Definition**

The Model 1240's fault tolerance is built into the tightly coupled hardware design; the central processor, memory, and input/output (I/O) are duplicated, and a dual, segmented

system bus provides communications among these components. The Model 1240 is also load balanced, allowing all processors to share the work load.

The Model 1240 supports an open architecture and can be integrated into current user operations. All HP peripherals, service, and support carry over to the new fault-tolerant line.

Model 1240 runs the UNIX-based HP-FX operating system as well as the Sequoia-developed STORM file management system. Major relational database management system (RDBMS) packages are also supported.

Communications software includes support for standard protocols such as X.25 and Ethernet, IBM-compatible standards such as 3270 SNA, and UNIX-standard software including uucp and remote logon.

On-line maintenance software continually monitors the system, and if a component failure is detected, the system automatically notifies an HP service center.

**Table 1. System Comparison** 

Model	832S	845S/845SE	870S/100, 870S/200
System Characteristics			
Date of Introduction	January 1990	January 1990	January 1990
Date of First Delivery	March 1990	1Q90	4Q90
Operating System	HP-UX	HP-UX	HP-UX
Úpgradable from	Not applicable	825S, 835S, 835SE	850S,855S; 870/100
Upgradable to	Not applicable	Not applicable	870/200; Not applicable
MIPS	15	23	50/95
Relative Performance (based on a rating of the 825S at 1.0)	_	_	
Memory Minimum Consoits (butse)	16M	1614/2014	OCAA/100AA
Minimum Capacity (bytes)	10M 64M	16M/32M 128M	96M/128M
Maximum Capacity (bytes)	128K		768M
Cache Memory (bytes)	120N	256K	1,024K
input/Output Control Number of Channels		2 to 8	2 to 12
	 8G	21.4G	85.76G
Maximum Disk Storage (bytes) Number of Workstations	64	56/100	256/304
Communications Protocols	IEEE 802 Ether-	IEEE 802 Ether-	IEEE 802 Ether-
Communications Protocols	net, NS/9000	net, NS/9000	net, NS/9000
	(NFT), TCP/IP,	(NFT), TCP/IP,	(NFT), TCP/IP,
	ARPA/Berkeley,	ARPA/Berkelev.	ARPA/Berkeley,
	NFS, uucp,	NFS, uucp.	NFS, uucp,
	SNA/3770,	SNA/3770,	SNA/3770,
	SNA/3270,	SNA/3270,	SNA/3270,
	NS/DEC	NS/DEC	NS/DEC
	VAX/VMS	VAX/VMS	VAX/VMS
Purchase Price (basic) (\$)	51,200	59,500 for 845S;	419,000 for
Pulcilase File (basic) (4)	01,200	130.000 for	870/100:
		845SE	689,000 for
		0-100L	870/200

A dash (-) in a column indicates that the information is unavailable from the vendor.

Hewlett-Packard now has the largest offering of UNIX computers in the industry. The HP 9000 Family includes the Series 300 workstations, the Series 600 servers, the Series 800 midrange systems, and the Series 1200 fault-tolerant computer.

The current HP 9000 Series 800 line comprises Models 808S, 815S, 825S, 832S, 835S, 835SE, 845S, 845SE, 850S, 855S, 870S/100, and 870S/200. HP announcements earlier this year added five new models to this Series:

- Model 832S enhances the entry level; it is more powerful than Model 815S and Model 825S, offering 15 MIPS, 16M bytes of main memory, and support for up to 64 users.
- Models 845S and 845SE similarly extend the midrange; both models offer performance of 23 MIPS. Board upgrades are available from Models 835S and 835SE to the Model 845S or 845SE.

At the high end, HP expanded performance with the use of new chip technology in Models 870S/100 and 870S/200. These models offer up to four times the performance of the previous high-end model and six times the main memory. A board swap upgrade is available from the Model 850S or 855S to the new models.

A comparison of HP 9000 Series 800 Models 832S, 845S, 845SE, 870S/100, and 870S/200 appears in Table 1.

#### Characteristics

System characteristics of the Model 1240 are highlighted in the following table.

Use regular system comparison tables for more than one model, otherwise, use this speciallycreated table that can be placed on the front page:

Characteristics	Model 1240
Date of Introduction	4/90
Operating System	HP-FX
Upgradable to/from	NA
MIPS	4.0
Memory	
Min. capacity (bytes)	16M
Max. capacity (bytes)	2G
Cache Memory (bytes)	256K
Disk Storage	
Min. capacity (bytes)	760M
Max. capacity (bytes)	19.5G
Number of Processors	2-64
Number of Workstations	100-3,000
Central Processor	
Computer Type	32 bit
Processor Model	68030
FP Co-Processor	68882
Proc. Clock Speed	20MHz
Purchase Price (basic configuration)	\$450,000
Memory/Storage Included (bytes)	64M/4.6G

NA-Not applicable.

#### **Analysis**

Hewlett-Packard's Model 1240 is essentially the Sequoia Systems Inc. Series 300. As a result of an agreement between the two vendors made in December of 1989, HP will market its new fault-tolerant system to the telecommunications industry, and Sequoia will incorporate HP's Precision Architecture (HP-PA) reduced instruction set computing (RISC) technology in future products.

Following on the heels of Digital's and IBM's fault-tolerant computer announcements, Hewlett-Packard's entry into fault-tolerant computing is not a breakthrough in technology. As with Digital and IBM, the fault-tolerant system merely rounds out the product line. The market for pure fault-tolerant machines is not a large one; HP hopes to capitalize on the growing telecommunications industry in such areas as telephone network management, on-line telephone service changes, and customer billing. The new fault-tolerant product will probably not take much business away from the current products; Hewlett-Packard already offers several models which provide a certain degree of continual operation/fault tolerance.

HP plans continued enhancements of the operating system, networking, hardware, and software tools for the new Series 1200. HP intends to eventually offer common user and application-developer environments for the entire HP 9000 product line.

HP nearly doubled the Series 800 product family with its introductions earlier this year. Customers now have the option of a more powerful entry-level system with Model 832S, and the growth capability has been enhanced with Models 845S and 845SE. By filling gaps in the price/performance range, Hewlett-Packard has significantly improved the upgrade options within the Series 800 family and has extended the life expectancies of its midrange models.

The new high-end Models 870S/100 and 870S/200 offer mainframe performance levels thanks to HP's new CMOS chip technology. Performance levels up to 95 MIPS are available, providing customers with extensive growth capabilities in this superminicomputer family.

#### **System Features**

The HP 9000 Series 1200 Model 1240 achieves its performance through a design that features:

- Tightly coupled architecture, with duplicated CPU, memory, and I/O.
- Multiprocessing capabilities from up to 64 CPUs.
- High-speed memory cache for CPU data and instructions.
- A floating-point co-processor.

The HP 9000 Series 800 models feature:

- HP Precision Architecture.
- NMOS CPU chip (CMOS CPU on Models 870S/100 and 870S/200).
- High-speed memory cache for CPU data and instructions.
- A floating-point co-processor.

# **System Configurations**

The HP 9000 Model 1240 comes with an SPU containing:

- Two central processors with 256K bytes of cache memory and a floating-point co-processor
- Two 16M-byte memory modules
- 32 asynchronous I/O ports

Hewlett-Packard HP 9000 Multiuser Systems Datapro Reports on Minicomputers

The Series 800 Model 832S comes with an SPU containing:

- One central processor with 128K bytes of cache memory and a floating-point co-processor
- 16M bytes of main storage
- High-capacity backup with 1.3G-byte digital audiotape
- One asynchronous six-channel multiplexer
- · One HP-IB interface

The Series 800 Models 845S and 845SE configure as follows:

- One central processor with 256K bytes of cache memory and a floating-point co-processor
- 16M bytes (32M bytes on Model 845SE) of main storage
- Battery backup system (optional on Model 845S)
- One asynchronous six-channel multiplexer
- · One HP-IB interface

The Series 800 Models 870S/100 and 870S/200 configure as follows:

- CMOS CPU chip (two chips on Model 870/200)
- 96M bytes (128M bytes on Model 870/200) of main storage
- One HP-IB interface

# Availability

The HP 9000 Model 1240 is available immediately. All HP 9000 Series 800 models are available now, except for Models 870S/100 and 870S/200, which will be available in the fourth quarter of 1990.

# **Base Configuration Pricing**

Model 1240: \$684,900 (2 CPUs, 128 users).

Model 832S: \$51,200. Model 845S: \$59,500. Model 845SE: \$130,000. Model 870S/100: \$419,000. Model 870S/200: \$689,000.

#### **Price Reductions**

The cost of a Series 800 Model 835S was reduced 18 percent to \$37,000. The cost of Model 835SE was reduced 21 percent to \$80,000. ■